"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Sunday; gentle variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,820 NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

REPAIR SHAMROCK AS WELL AS RIVAL FOR SECOND RACE

Challenger Proves to Have Finished Initial Contest with Bowsprit Slipping.

TIME ALLOWANCE REDUCED

New Measurement of Sloops Cuts 21 Seconds from Concession to American Boat.

EXPECT GREAT DUEL TODAY

Resolute's Speed Shown Before Accident Thursday Fails to Daunt Lipton or Burton.

Gentle, Variable Winds Are Promised for Today's Race

The following special forecast for the yacht race today was received last night from Washington by the local Weather Bureau:

"Gentle, variable winds with fair weather."

All is in readiness for the second race of the America's Cup series between the Resolute and Shamrock IV. today, repairs having been made upon both the defender and the challenger, for the latter, too, it appears, suffered in the first race.

According to William P. Burton, skipper of the challenger, Shamrock might have been forced to withdraw from the race had she carried full canvas on the run home, as would have been necessary had she been in competition.

It seems that the iron band around the bowsprit started to slide inboard. The fact that the band had started to slip was not known for some time after the process commenced, and until the race was over, and only the keen eye of one of the crew who was stationed forward resulted in its becoming known to the after guard.

Mr. Burton said he thought the Shamrock could have finished the race, even with the bowsprit acting badly. Those who saw the strange green sloop go tearing along in the squall after she had finished the race Thursday, had no idea that anything was wrong.

Robert W. Emmons, 2d, manager of the Resolute, when the mishap to the challenger was called to his attention, remarked: "Well, the Shamrock had her troubles also. I wonder if they had had to race home whether they could have gone a mile further after their bowsprit trouble developed."

Shamrock in Perfect Trim.

However, Mr. Burton said all needed repairs had been made upon the Shamrock and she was in perfect trim for the race today. The power that be, after trying an aluminite gaff abroard the Resolute, discarded it in favor of another wooden one which they had aboard the tender, and a new throat halyard was installed. All other lines and halyards were closely inspected. Before the crew turned in last night everything was in readiness for the race to be sailed today, wind and weather permitting.

Mr. Emmons, as spokesman for the Resolute, said that, although the first race was sailed under fluky conditions, he had seen enough of the challenger to satisfy him that the cup had not yet been lifted. In fact, he seemed quite satisfied that the Resolute would be successful in accomplishing what she was built for—to keep the silver trophy in this country.

Both Mr. Nicholson, the designer of the challenger, and Mr. Burton, her skipper, admitted that in the choppy sea which prevailed part of the time, together with the light air, the Resolute's V-bow had an advantage over the blunt, snub bow of the challenger.

"I've seen enough of the Resolute to know that she is hot stuff," was the tribute to the rival craft paid by Mr. Burton.

Reduction in Time Allowance.

According to an official announcement made by H. De B. Parsons, Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club, last night, the time allowance which Shamrock IV. must concede Resolute in the races for the America's Cup has been lessened from 7 minutes 1 second to 6 minutes 40 seconds. This change was the result of the remeasurement of both sloops yesterday by the official measurer of the club, Harold Webb. Under the original measurement Shamrock was rated 94.4 feet. Under the remeasurement the challenger is rated 93.08 feet.

In making the announcement regarding the change in time allowance Mr. Parsons explained that when Shamrock went to the starting line on Thursday for the first of the series of races she carried an extra strip of canvas running from the inboard end of her main boom up the mast to the jaws of her gaff. He said that under the rules her rig should not have been changed without notifying the New York Yacht Club, and for that reason the Regatta Committee notified Sir Thomas Lipton that Shamrock would have to be remeasured.

Mr. Parsons also announced that the yachts would race every day after next Tuesday unless either of the owners should notify the Regatta Committee before 9 p. m. following any race that he desires a postponement of one day.

It was also announced that in the event of the mark boat failing to establ-

Continued on Page Ten.

$1.10—One Dollar and Ten Cents—$1.10 tax included, you can see the greatest show the world has ever known. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. New Amsterdam Theatre.—Advt.

Whitlock Gets Bust of Himself From the Belgian Parliament

BRUSSELS, July 16.— Brand Whitlock, American Ambassador to Belgium, today was presented by the Belgian Parliament with a white Italian marble bust of himself in appreciation of his services to Belgium.

A replica of the bust will be placed in the Belgian Parliament building.

SPEED FREIGHT CARS TO EASE CONGESTION

Executives Fix Thirty Miles as Daily Average, a Rate Never Achieved.

PRIOR HIGH MARK 26 MILES

Association Decides to Overcome Railway Glut by Intensive Use of Facilities.

The executives of nearly all railroads in the country met yesterday afternoon in the Board of Directors' room of the New Haven road, in the Grand Central Terminal, and determined upon a program for better distribution of freight cars that will break all records for railroading in this country. The Association of Railway Executives will undertake, with the co-operation of other common carriers and shippers, to get an average daily minimum movement of freight cars of not less than thirty miles for each car. This will mean a movement of freight cars all over the country that it is predicted will straighten out congestion within a few months.

The greatest saving will be in the time of loading and unloading cars, for 25 per cent. of car service is taken up awaiting either loading or unloading. For several months in 1917 during the stress of the war the railroads increased the minimum movement of freight cars to twenty-six miles a day, which is the record. Under present operation the cars travel 23.9 miles daily.

In the resolution adopted yesterday it was stated that it is apparent that under existing conditions transportation facilities of the railroads, with particular reference to cars and locomotives, are inadequate to handle the unusually large volume of business offered. The officials realize that it will be impossible to overcome immediately this deficiency by increasing the number of cars and locomotives, and so they see as the immediate solution of the problem the most intensive use of existing facilities.

The program of intensive service is:

An average daily minimum movement of freight cars of not less than 30 miles.

An average loading of 30 tons per car.

Reduction of bad-order cars to a maximum of 4 per cent. of total owned.

An early and substantial reduction in the number of locomotives now unfit for service.

To make more effective efforts to bring about the return of cars to the owner roads.

It was also resolved that all railroad companies shall forward to the Advisory Committee or such agency as the latter may designate, reports that will enable a check to be kept currently of performances under the resolution. The Advisory Committee will arrange for comparative compilation of the reports and distribute them to the individual companies.

Thomas De Witt Cuyler was the chairman of the meeting and among the 100 railroad executives present was B. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific.

"After a thorough study of the express situation, the association has decided to recommend to the railroads of the country that the express business should be continued to be handled as it was during the war under Federal control by one express company, the American Railway Express Company," said Mr. Cuyler.

"Inasmuch as certain questions of revenues of the railroads are involved in this contract," he continued, "the General Counsel of the Association, Alfred P. Thom, was directed to submit to the Interstate Commerce Commission the form of contract, for its approval. Upon such approval the association will recommend to the member roads a standard form of contract to be made between the individual companies and the express company."

DISPUTE DELAYS AQUITANIA.

Shall 1 Man Tend 9 or 12 Furnaces the Question.

LIVERPOOL, July 16.—The steamer Aquitania was unable to sail for New York today because of a dispute as to whether one man should tend nine or twelve oil furnaces.

GERMANS ACCEPT COAL PROTOCOL; SPA SESSIONS END

Agreement Signed Pledges Germany to Deliver 6,000,000 Tons Before November.

MENACE OF RUHR SEIZURE

Germans Make Reservations to This Clause, but Allies Hold Them Ineffective.

INDEMNITY IS ALLOTTED

But Methods of Financing It Are Remitted to New Conference at Geneva.

By EDWIN L. JAMES,
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPA, July 16 (By telephone to London, and thence by cable).—The Spa conference ended at 9 o'clock tonight, when the Germans signed the allied coal terms, agreeing to deliver 2,000,000 tons monthly for the next six months.

The question of reparations was referred to a commission composed of two members of each of the chief allied powers and two from Germany, which will meet at Geneva within two or three weeks.

A significant comment on the accomplishments of the Spa conference, called for the purpose of fixing the amount of the German indemnity and the method of payment, is contained in a telegram sent tonight to the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the League of Nations by Premier Delacroix of Belgium, Chairman of the conference. The League committee had asked the members of the Spa conference to report as soon as possible what definite results it had achieved, since the course of the Brussels financial conference, which had been fixed for July 23, would be shaped in accordance with its results. M. Delacroix's telegram advised the postponement of the financial conference until after Sept. 15.

Text of the Terms Agreed Upon.

The English text of the terms is:

"First—The German Government undertake to place at the allied disposal from Aug. 1, 1920, for the ensuing six months, 2,000,000 tons of coal monthly, the figure approved by the Reparation Commission.

"Second—The allied Governments credit the German account with the Reparation Commission with the value of this coal in so far as it is delivered by rail or inland waterway and valued at the German domestic price in accordance with Paragraph 6 of Annex 5, Part 8 of the Treaty of Versailles. In addition, in consideration of the admission of the allied right to have coal of a specific kind and quality, an additional sum of 5 gold marks per ton will be paid in cash, to be utilized for the purchase of food for German miners.

"Third—During the period of six months the stipulations of Paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of the coal control protocol of July 11, 1920, shall be put into force at once in a modified form, as laid down in the annex.

"Fourth—Agreement to be made immediately for the distribution of Upper Silesian coal by a committee on which Germany shall be represented. This committee is to be approved by the Reparations Commission.

"Fifth—A committee is to be made up immediately at Essen to take measures to improve the conditions of food, clothing and housing of German miners.

"Sixth—The Allied Governments declare their readiness to make advances to Germany equal in amount to the difference between the price to be paid according to the treaty and the export price of coal f. o. b. at a German port, or the English export price f. o. b. at an English port, whichever may be the lower, as laid down in Paragraph 6, Annex 5, Part 8 of the Treaty of Versailles. These advances to be made in accordance with Articles 235 and 251 of the Treaty of Versailles. They to enjoy absolute priority over all other allied claims upon Germany. Payment to be made at the end of each month in accordance with the amount delivered and the export price. At the end of the first month advances to be made by the Allies on account, without waiting for the exact figures.

"Seventh—If by Nov. 15, 1920, it is ascertained that the total deliveries for August, September and October are below 6,000,000, the Allies will proceed to occupy a further portion of German territory, either the Ruhr or another."

Advances on Coal Delivered.

It is not quite clear what the amount of the advance to Germany will be, as it will vary according to the value of the mark. The treaty fixes the price of German coal at thirty gold marks

Continued on Page Three.

French Begin War on Feisal in Syria; Columns Moving on Aleppo and Damascus

LONDON, Saturday, July 17.—The French have begun operations in Syria, moving toward Aleppo and Damascus, according to a report printed in The London Times this morning.

Advices have been received in London, says The London Times, that the French on Wednesday sent a twenty-four-hour ultimatum to Feisal, King of Syria, demanding his acquiescence in the French mandate for Syria, and also in the adoption of French as the official language and French currency as the currency of Syria.

On Thursday at the expiration of the twenty-four hours, says The Times, the French opened hostilities in two columns, one directed against Aleppo and the other against Damascus.

According to the latest reports, the Arabs were reported to have offered no resistance. The French were said to be using eighty battalions, including both French and Senegalese troops. The forces are equipped with tanks and airplanes.

FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

Says American Whisky Is Turning Scots "Dry"

TORONTO, July 16.—The suggestion that the "atrocious" quality of American whisky sent to Scotland during the war has "sickened" the Scotch of liquor, was made today by C. J. Bell and the Rev. J. Bailey, two officers of the Dominion Alliance working for prohibition in Scotland.

OFFICIALS ACCUSED IN JERSEY RUM PLOT

Anti-Saloon Head Lays "Open" Traffic to Politicians' Desire for Campaign Gifts.

APPEALS TO PROSECUTOR

Three-Year-Old Boy Lies in Newark Hospital Suffering from Delirium Tremens.

Charging that there is a widespread conspiracy to make New Jersey as "wet as the Atlantic Ocean," and that through a tacit agreement between the local authorities and the saloon and race-track men "intoxicating liquors are being openly sold over bars in all parts of Hudson County," Samuel Wilson, Assistant Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New Jersey, made public yesterday a letter which he had written to Pierre P. Garven, Prosecutor of Hudson County, appealing to him to break up the illicit traffic.

He declared there was no conscientious effort being made to enforce the Volstead act, and this condition, he said, was due to the desire of the politicians to obtain big campaign funds from liquor and gambling interests. He said that the liquor interests owed a debt of gratitude to Governor Edwards for the failure of enforcement, which makes it possible for them to "sell whisky at 50 cents an ounce, and avoid payment of $500 license fees."

Mr. Wilson charges that in addition to Hudson County the law is being openly violated in Essex, Passaic, Union, Atlantic and Camden Counties and adds that "prominent officers of the National, State and local liquor associations are among the most flagrant lawbreakers."

"As you know," he wrote, "I never complain unless 'I have the goods.' I have purchased whisky personally, at a very recent date, over the saloon bars in Jersey City and in other parts of Hudson County, and I have turned over to the Federal authorities a mass of affidavits of such purchases made by my representatives and patriotic citizens of the county.

"It is safe to say that every saloon now open is an illicit liquor joint," he continued. "These are not 'speak-easies' or 'blind-pigs,' because their traffic is as open as when protected by license. Among the illicit dealers against whom I have turned in evidence to the Federal authorities are leading members of the liquor dealers' associations. Apparently these fellows feel sure of official protection, and it is 'up to you,' Mr. Prosecutor, to prove that such protection does not come from the prosecutor's office."

Copies of the letter were sent to Justice Swayze of the Supreme Court, County Judges, the Attorney General and the press.

Seven liquor dealers and bartenders pleaded guilty to violations of the prohibition law before Federal Judge Chatfield in Brooklyn yesterday, and were sentenced to brief terms in jail and fined. Michael Shea, owner of a saloon at 6 Richards Street, Brooklyn, opposite the Hamilton Avenue Police Station, was fined $150 and sentenced to two days in jail; Richard Hanley, who owns a saloon in Rogers Avenue, was fined $300 and sentenced to one day in jail; Herman Schwochi was fined $50, with one day in jail; Louis Schottgen was fined $75 and his bartender, Edward Morris, was fined $25, with three days in jail; Charles W. Weller was fined $75 with one day in jail, and John J. O'Brien paid $50 and must spend one day in jail.

Ralph Taylor, three years old, of 132 Academy Street, Newark, N. J., is in the City Hospital there recovering from an attack of delirium tremens. The child had been unconscious for five hours from alcoholism, requiring two nurses in constant attendance. Hospital authorities say that a relative gave whisky to the child for a cold. It was said that he would recover.

TURKS SEIZE SHIP WITH 7,000,000 RUBLES

Nationalists Control Black Sea Ports—Greeks Halt Operations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15 (Associated Press).—The Turkish Nationalists have begun an attack upon Greek shipping in the Black Sea. The Greek steamer Filia on entering Kerason, west of Trebizond, from Batum on July 14, was seized by Nationalists, who took the vessel's officers prisoner, put Turks in charge and seized 7,000,000 rubles.

The Filia wirelessed Constantinople for help, but the 1,000-ton ship, with valuable cargo, is still held. All Anatolian Black Sea ports are dominated by the Nationalists. Consequently Entente ships are not willing to make calls unless convoyed by warships.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Nationalist leader, has moved his headquarters to Afiun-Karahissar, seventy-five miles south of Eskishehr, where the Nationalist General Staff is developing plans to check further advances by the Greeks.

The Greeks announced today that their operations had temporarily ended with Greek outposts on the line from Brussa to Kermash to fifteen miles east of Alashehr to eight miles east of Nasilly to the Menderes River.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

FOUR EARTHQUAKES JAR LOS ANGELES, INJURING SEVERAL

Severe Shock at 10:10 A. M. Throws City and Suburbs Into Excitement.

TWO MORE IN AFTERNOON

Tremors 2 Minutes Apart Do Minor Damage to Walls and Windows—Shoppers Faint.

PRISONERS ARE TERRIFIED

Scream for Release from Jails—Crowds in Streets Stampeded by Fourth Tremor.

LOS ANGELES, July 16.—Four severe earthquakes here today threw the city and its suburbs into excitement, indirectly caused a number of injuries to men, women and children and slightly damaged several buildings, chiefly old ones, but none to a great extent.

While the shocks seemed to centre in Los Angeles, some of them were felt more than thirty miles away, but as in this city, no material damage was reported.

An unusually warm morning produced from some citizens the remark "Good earthquake weather." It was said in jest and none was more surprised than those who made the remark when the first tremblor came at 10:10 in the morning.

It felt much as does the sudden stopping of a street car, operated by an inexperienced motorman, only that the tremblor, produced the unpleasant sensation multiplied many times.

Business at a Standstill.

Excitement, in many cases hysterical, followed the first shock, and had hardly been calmed when at 1:27 in the afternoon came the second, followed two minutes later by the third, and then a fourth at 6:13. The two in the afternoon were sharper than that of the morning and the agitation of the citizens became prolonged. It was some time afterward before it was a case of "business as usual."

Public places were scenes of near panic, some people running for the open air, some fainting, some stopping to pray. Many gathered at street intersections waiting to see what would happen. Others, who felt they must be on their way, walked down the middle of the streets with watchful eyes on the buildings. Many sought Pershing Square, in the heart of the downtown district, as a sanctuary.

Mortar was jarred from brick walls and plaster from ceilings; cracks appeared in some of the older structures, a water main was broken, a few copings and chimneys fell, part of an embankment collapsed, throwing dirt and brick into the street, and plate glass windows in some of the downtown department stores were broken.

While the excitement was at its height rumors of horror traveled fast, but when it had subsided there was not one report of any extensive damage to any establishment, while the worst injury recorded was a broken leg, sustained by Edward S. Shenkle, 53 years old, caused when a brick fell from the top of a building and struck him.

Prisoners Are Terrified.

Perhaps the greatest clamor came from the prisoners in the County and City Jails. In the former 400 prisoners felt the morning shock with comparative calm, but became violently excited at the first of the two in the afternoon. They yelled, shook the bars of their cells and screamed to be taken out. The turnkeys were trying to quiet them when the third tremor came. The resultant uproar lasted an hour.

Prisoners in the City Jail were less excited, although the building was slightly damaged, old cracks in the walls widening and plaster falling.

For hours the receiving hospital maintained by the city was crowded with women and children, most of them having fainted in the excitement of the tremors. Some, however, suffered more serious accidents. Private and emergency hospitals were overcrowding with hysteria and fainting cases. Adding to the excitement was a fire alarm turned in when a piece of coping fell from a building at Main and Market Streets, breaking a fire alarm box. When the Fire Department responded some of the excited persons brought out the city ambulances by telephoning to the Police Department that a number of persons had been injured.

A quick survey following the first shock showed no damage, but the survey was hampered by apparent demoralization of the telephone service through frightened telephone operators deserting their switchboards.

The shock was more severe than any felt here recently except that of the night of June 21, when considerable damage was done at Inglewood and in the southwestern part of Los Angeles.

Following the second and third shocks more plateglass windows in downtown department stores were reported broken. The people, frightened from their offices, stores and homes, gathered on vacant lots in the residence district, or downtown in the centre of street intersections, or walked down the centre of the streets.

A water main was reported broken in Hill Street, between First and Second Streets, in the heart of the business district, and a part of the retaining wall at the entrance to the Hill Street tunnel, running between First and Temple Streets, and used jointly by the Pacific Electric Railway and by the city, caved in.

No damage has as yet been reported from the fourth tremblor.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The first of the earthquake tremors reported from Los Angeles were recorded by the seismograph at Georgetown University, the instrument indicating a total duration of forty minutes. The initial disturbance was noted at 12:20 P. M. and continued until 1 P. M. The greatest disturbance was between 12:32 and 12:34. Observers at the university computed the movement to have occurred at a distance of at least 2,300 miles from Washington.

The second and third shocks felt at Los Angeles were not recorded at the Georgetown Observatory.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water, quick relief.—Advt.

COX PLEDGES AID TO SWING TENNESSEE; TELLS WOMEN HE WANTS NO VOTES AS PAY; STARTS FOR CAPITAL TO CONSULT WILSON

Capital Democrats Will Have a Parade for Cox; President Keenly Expectant of Sunday Meeting

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The capital is preparing to give Governor Cox a welcome as a Washingtonian when he arrives tomorrow for his conference on Sunday with President Wilson. District Commissioner Louis Brownlow said this afternoon that Governor Cox, who is well known here because of his service in Congress, should be welcomed "in an old-time way as an old-time resident." Local Democrats have hired bands and scheduled a parade to escort the candidate from Union Station to the home of Judge T. T. Ansberry, whose guest he will be during his stay.

If possible, Governor Cox will visit Federal Trade Commission officials for a short time in the afternoon. He communicated this afternoon with Judge Ansberry, asking if any of the Commissioners were here. Victor Murdock, the Chairman, is in Washington and it is likely that Governor Cox will see him. Judge Ansberry said this afternoon that the desire of Governor Cox to communicate with the commission concerned a "dull subject."

Some prominent Democrats are expected to call on the nominee informally in the evening, among them Senators Hitchcock and Sheppard, Representative J. Thomas Heflin, recently elected Senator from Alabama, and Joseph W. Folk, former Governor of Missouri.

Governor Cox's appointment at the White House is Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. It may be brief, for Governor Cox telegraphed Judge Ansberry that he would like to go to church if possible. Assistant Secretary Roosevelt will see the President with Cox. It is expected that Mr. Cox and Mr. Roosevelt will take luncheon on Sunday with President and Mrs. Wilson.

Stories that the President had an idea of "raking Governor Cox over the coals" on the subject of the League were denied today at the White House, where it was said the President was looking forward with much interest to the Governor's visit and taking a deep interest in the coming campaign.

The home of Judge Ansberry, where Governor Cox will be a guest, was visited not long ago by Senator Harding. The house, while near the heart of the residential section, is set in a wooded park, with winding roads. Although Senator and Mrs. Harding live less than a mile away, they walked an hour and a half before they found the dwelling of their fellow-Ohioan.

LA FOLLETTE FACES FIGHT IN WISCONSIN

His Leaning to Third Party Spurs Republican Efforts to Wrest Lead from Him.

LENROOT STRONGLY BACKED

Radical Senator to be Attacked on the Ground of Disloyalty to Party.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Senator La Follette, because of his "flirting" with the Third Party movement in Chicago this week, is in danger of losing control of the Republican Party in his own State of Wisconsin. It is reported here that his relations with the leaders of the Third Party have given his opponents in Wisconsin encouragement in the fight to wrest from him the State leadership.

The issue in Wisconsin is whether Senator Lenroot shall be returned to the Senate next Fall. Senator Lenroot has the support of all the regular Republicans and the sympathy of the Republican National organization. But it is conceded that up to the time La Follette indicated his willingness to leave the Republican Party and lead a movement which threatened its success, if a satisfactory platform could be framed for him, Lenroot faced the fight of his life to win re-election.

La Follette and Lenroot were old associates in Wisconsin politics, Lenroot being originally La Follette's strongest supporter. The two parted company some years ago, Lenroot remaining a progressive Republican and La Follette going far over toward radicalism. They differed upon the war, Lenroot supporting it and La Follette being one of the few members of the Senate to oppose the declaration of war.

In the primary last Spring for the control of the delegation to the Republican National Convention, La Follette, with a platform that was not considered Republican, but was intended to be used as a basis for a third party movement, defeated the Lenroot ticket and controlled the delegation. Since that election it has been generally feared in Republican circles that Lenroot would be unable to win his own renomination to the Senate.

In his fight for renomination, Senator Lenroot will have all the assistance that Republicans from outside the State can give him. The attack upon La Follette will be based upon charges of disloyalty to his party. It is declared that the Third Party convention here has furnished ample evidence of La Follette's activities and of the fact that Gilbert M. Roe of New York, La Follette's former law partner, acted as the Senator's agent in dealings with the Committee of Forty-eight.

Hugo Will Enter Primaries.

Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo announced last night that in spite of the opposition of State Chairman Glynn he would appear in the Republican primaries as a candidate for Governor even if the unofficial convention that opens at Saratoga on July 27 fails to designate him as its choice. The statement, which was authorized by Mr. Hugo, was signed by Arthur C. Somers and Max Arens, who will be in charge of Mr. Hugo's campaign in Brooklyn.

When you thing of writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

HARDING WATCHFUL OF COX-WILSON TALK

His Managers Aim to Show Serious Democratic Split on President's Policies.

ACCEPTANCE NEARLY READY

Senator Making It Concise—Wants Policy "That Thinks of Our Own People First."

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, July 16.—With no political statement forthcoming today from Senator Warren G. Harding, it appears to be the policy of the political strategists attached to his headquarters here to await the outcome of Governor Cox's conference with President Wilson in Washington on Sunday before showing their hand further.

The Harding men are waiting for some definite indication from Governor Cox as to how much of his campaign will be in agreement with the desires of the Administration. Thus far they have been in the position of a general anxious to take the offensive, but unable to do so until he learns more of his opponent's position.

There have been two attempts to feel out Governor Cox's position. The Democratic Presidential nominee's declaration for a "real dirt farmer" as Secretary of Agriculture was countered by Senator Harding's assertions that this had been the policy of three Republican Presidents in retaining "Uncle Jim" Wilson of Iowa in that office. The next Harding move was to accept the Democratic challenge to make the League of Nations the campaign's dominant issue. Senator Harding's advisors took the ground that it would be undesirable to continue in this direction until after Governor Cox's interview with the President.

The present indications here are that the Harding managers will attempt to make as much political capital as possible out of Democratic Congressional opposition to the President's policies. They will be gratified if Governor Cox aligns himself with President Wilson, for this will give them an opportunity, it is asserted, to make a drive on disgruntled Democrats. On the other hand, should the Democratic Presidential nominee show a disposition to go his own way, having as little as possible to do with the White House, Senator Harding's supporters say that their task will be harder.

Welcoming Progressives' Aid.

Going on the assumption that there is at present a divided Democracy, the Harding campaign workers are making every effort to bring back progressives into the Republican Party. Senator Harding's conferences with Raymond Robins, Walter Brown of Toledo, and Alexander Moore of Pittsburgh, are regarded as having accomplished much in this direction.

One of the letters which the Senator received today was from Paul A. Ewert of Joplin, Mo., who in 1912 was the head of the Progressive movement in the Southwestern part of his State.

"I am heart and soul for the ticket as nominated," he wrote. "I was inclined to be a Johnson man, but under the circumstances I think the party did well in going outside of the field of prejudice and nominating Harding and Coolidge. They shall have my full support."

A telegram was received from Frank

Continued on Page Two.

NOMINEE SEES MILITANTS

Does Not Like Talk of Supporting Him If He Helps Them.

SEES PRINCIPLES AT STAKE

Let Women Judge, He Says, Which Party Is Most Forward-Looking and Then Vote.

WELCOMES THEIR IDEALISM

Leaves for Washington for His Sunday Conference with the President.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 16.—The amendment to the Federal Constitution granting suffrage to women will be ratified in time to permit women to participate in the Presidential election if Governor Cox, the Democratic nominee for President, is able to bring about that result.

Such was the message which the Governor gave to a delegation from the National Woman's Party, headed by Miss Alice Paul, which called on him at the State House this afternoon. Apparently they were satisfied that the Governor's influence would swing into line Tennessee, whose ratification would mean the end of the long fight, and a cheer was started.

One of the women, more outspoken than the rest, told Governor Cox that the success of his efforts to obtain favorable action by the Tennessee Legislature would assure him the votes of all women who could be influenced by the Woman's Party, but the Governor was quick to reject such a pledge.

"I should not be deserving of the confidence of the women of the country," he said, "if they thought I did this simply to obtain their votes. I urge upon you as a part of the great electorate, which will in my judgment help to determine the future policy of the nation, to forget about Tennessee.

"Instead, ask yourselves in the very candor of conscience whether you should lead your followers backward or forward. Ask the women to judge where the destiny of the country lies, whether in the twilight of yesterday or the dawn of tomorrow."

Governor Cox was outspoken in his promise to lend his aid "without reservations whatsoever" to obtain favorable action by the Tennessee Legislature, and Miss Paul and her associates said later that with such a pledge in their pockets they were satisfied that at last the end of the trail had been reached and victory was in sight. They had no doubt, they said, that the Tennessee Legislature would come to their aid, and they left the State House in a happy frame of mind.

"We are glad," said Miss Paul, "that Governor Cox appreciates the responsibility of carrying out his party platform. His statement this afternoon indicates that he realizes the unprecedented opportunity offered the Democratic Party to enfranchise the 17,000,000 women of the nation by giving the thirty-sixth suffrage State. We shall look for immediate action by Governor Cox."

There was much talk among the women about political expediency, of the gain that one party or another could make by bringing about ratification by the necessary number of States. They have not received the aid which they had hoped from the Republican Party or Senator Harding, and some of the more belligerent were frankly and openly ready today to tell Governor Cox that they would work against him if he refused to lend aid, and would only work for him if he brought about the desired result.

For Suffrage on Principle.

Governor Cox listened quietly to such statements and then, so far as it was possible for him to do so by word, told the women just as openly and frankly that he was not seeking support at such a price. He was convinced as a matter of principle, he said, that woman should receive the ballot and had no fear as to the consequences to the nation.

But the Governor also told the women, in both his brief address and in informal conversation, that his appeal to the women of the country would always be upon the merits of the principles involved in the struggle. It was his opinion that the platform and candidates of the Republican Party meant reaction and a return to conditions that would be injurious to the country, while the Democratic program pointed to progress and national betterment. The women of the country must judge him and his party on that basis, he said, and determine where the best interests of the country lay.

To talk that a political conspiracy was involved in today's appeal and Governor Cox's reply the women who came here made denial and said that their course had been devoted solely to the end that, in obtaining their desire, no opportunity should be overlooked, whether dealing with Democrat or Republican.

Governor Cox tried to make as direct a statement as possible. To the group of women gathered about his desk at

the State House, hanging on each word he said:

"I am very much obliged to the women of this organization who have honored our State by their presence here. I am wondering, however, whether you do not overestimate the power and influence which I possess, but that is for the future to determine.

"I have been very deeply impressed with several things this afternoon:

"First—Your whole-hearted interest in this cause.

"Second—The unselfish attitude of those who live in States where the women vote, and yet will be content only when the same privilege is granted elsewhere.

"Third—You have learned something many of us men have not, and that is to stop talking when you have nothing more worth while to say.

"Fourth—The gracious, temperate spirit which you have manifested here in the face of circumstances throughout the year that have tried your patience.

"It is unnecessary, as Mrs. Rector of Ohio has told you, for me to give any assurance as to what I think about the suffrage cause. That is known. I find nothing in Holy Writ or anywhere else which shows that the Almighty ever gave man the right to say that he should vote and that woman should not. Unless we continue to believe in the sovereignty of God we might just as well take down the flag of civilization.

"I have heard it said by those who oppose suffrage that it will not help the affairs of the nation, for the reason that it will introduce too much of the element of emotionalism. Reduce this to its essence and you have the belief on the part of the objectors that with women the heart assumes control over the mind in serious matters.

"During the war, if we had lost sight of the idealism that guided us we would have failed. We held to it because our emotions were aroused; the brain alone could not have saved us. Having helped to save the democracy of the world, women are entitled to become a thinking and active part of it.

"In Ohio we passed through the experience of discarding the old order and adopting the new. We would have been unable so to do except for the public opinion which the women gave to us at that critical time. They were helpful because they understood what we meant when we discussed changing the fabric of government and weaving into it the threads of humanity.

"They knew what mothers' pensions were; they had an understanding of the guarantee which was given to every man and woman who went to factory, mill or mine, through the adoption of the workman's compensation law. They caught a glimpse very quickly of the importance of turning away from reaction and toward progress.

Not Seeking Women's Vote for Action.

"You have heard all this before—why suffrage should be granted. You are more interested, I am sure, in our discussing the means of bringing it about. I give to you without any reservation the assurance that my time, my strength and my influence will be dedicated to your cause as our combined councils might suggest, with a view to procuring a favorable result in Tennessee.

"After that, assuming that action is favorable, then I ask you not to preach the gospel that I should receive the votes of women because I helped to give them suffrage.

"I was never more serious in my life than I am now in making this statement. There are things more vital than rewarding a man for a service which he has rendered in behalf of suffrage. What I am about to do will be done conscientiously, and if I do my simple duty it will be no more than I should have done. Therefore you should forget the circumstances attendant upon the happy day which you seem to think will dawn when Tennessee acts favorably.

"On the other hand, I ask you women to turn your minds to more important things. Ask yourselves, in the very candor of your conscience, whether you should carry your followers backward or forward. Then act accordingly. Vote for Governor Cox because he helped us; search the policies of the political parties and support that party which you believe will mean the most good for the common welfare."

Urgent Pleas Made by Women.

The women's delegation, received by Governor Cox, comprised about two score of women. Miss Paul introduced the speakers, of whom Miss Sue White of Nashville was the first. The way had been cleared for a vote in Tennessee, she said, as Governor Roberts had stated that he would call a special session on Aug. 9. She felt that it remained only for Governor Cox as the nominee of the Democratic Party to impress on Democratic members of the Legislature the importance of adherence to the party program. Mrs. Isaac Reese of Memphis and Mrs. Lucy C. Rosier French of Knoxville, members of the Advisory Council of the Woman's Party, also spoke for Tennessee.

Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles of Wilmington was another speaker, as was Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer of New York City. Mrs. Havemeyer said that women were tired of being used as fodder for political machine guns, and that the time had come for definite action. She had fought the suffrage fight as a heritage from her grandmother, she said, and did not want to hand it down to another generation.

Mrs. Bertha C. Moller of Minneapolis struck a defiant note.

"We are waiting to see what the Democratic Party will do," she declared. "Our only way to show appreciation is to vote for the candidate who helps us. Our way to show disappointment is to help defeat the candidate who disappoints us."

There was a ripple of laughter among the women in which, however, Governor Cox did not join. Instead he shook his head.

Mrs. Margaret Graham Jones of Seattle went Mrs. Moller one better.

"We are going to vote for the candidate who gives the vote to women," she said with a defiant toss of her head. "Our eyes have been on Delaware, where we were disappointed. Now they are on Tennessee."

Again there was the ripple of laughter, almost a cheer, on the part of some of the women.

Mrs. James M. Rector of Columbus, Ohio, Chairman of the Woman's Party, was the last speaker. Then Miss Paul said:

"We have laid before you the hopes of the women. There is one way, we know, to obtain your answer, and that is to wait and see what happens. But we would like to hear from you now."

After Governor Cox had replied, Mrs. Jones said that she was confident that strong support would be given Governor Cox by the women of the country. She expressed the belief that the Woman's Party might indorse Governor Cox if he swung Tennessee in line, saying this despite his request that no decision of that kind be taken unless the great principles at stake were their guide.

Mrs. Jones added that the suffragist leaders had been greatly disappointed in their treatment by Senator Harding; that he had been reluctant about granting an interview, and had not shown great sympathy for their aims.

Governor Cox left tonight for Washington, where he will confer Sunday with President Wilson. He will arrive in the capital soon after 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

WAGE CONTRACT EXTENDED.

Marine Engineers to Take Referendum on Their Future Attitude.

The present wage scale and working conditions of the marine engineers for the Atlantic and Gulf coasts were extended for ninety days at a conference yesterday of representatives of the Shipping Board, the American Steamship Owners' Association and the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association. Meantime officials of the marine engineers will conduct a referendum to determine the attitude of their membership, the steamship interests having refused to increase wages. The conference continued two days.

It was explained by the American Steamship Owners' Association that the time extension was necessitated by the insistence of the Shipping Board and the owners that "in view of the impending keen competition with foreign ships no increase in wages or in overtime rates was possible at this time."

NAVY YARD WORKERS WELCOME ROOSEVELT

Give Him a Gavel, but He May Call for a Hammer to Speed Up Senate.

EXPECTS TO RESIGN AUG. 10

Will Go to Canadian Island After Attending National Committee Meeting at Columbus.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt arrived in Washington today from Hyde Park, N. Y., without any demonstration in his honor at the Union Station. One had been arranged but he asked that it be abandoned. In company with Commander McIntire, his traveling companion, he went with Rear Admiral C. J. Peoples, who met him, to breakfast at his home. A short time later, he was at work at the Navy Department.

This afternoon a great demonstration was held for Mr. Roosevelt by the workers in the gun factory at the Washington navy yard.

Representatives of the Metal Trades Council, accompanied by music, marched from the Navy Yard three miles to the Navy Department to applaud the nominee for Vice President and present to him a gavel made from the handrail of the Presidents yacht Mayflower.

The gun factory, and the hundreds of workers in it, have been under Mr. Roosevelt's personal supervision for the last seven years. The attachment of the men to him and the hold he has gained on them by his just and frank dealing was reflected in the cordiality and sincerity of their greeting. Paul R. Donnelly, President of the Metal Trades Council, in presenting the gavel, said:

"You have been very close to us in mind and in heart. The workmen at the Washington Navy Yard hold you in very high esteem for the generosity with which you have received their committees. They could always find the latchstring on the outside of your door."

Mr. Roosevelt made a brief address in which he pledged continuation of his friendship for the laboring man.

When Mr. Donnelly in presenting the gavel said, "if in the course of events you go to the high office to which you have nominated, I hope you will use this tool to keep your colleagues in the Senate in good order." The Assistant Secretary replied:

"I hope to use it for the first time on the 4th of March next. It may be necessary for me to go to one of my friends at the navy yard and borrow one of those instruments known to workmen as a heavy hammer, and if I am compelled to do so I promise that by that means, if by no other, we will get some quick action out of the United States Senate.

"I hope you feel that whatever happens I am still with the navy," he added. "If things go all right on Nov. 2 I am certain of one thing—that is that the Capitol will be a great deal closer to the navy after March 4 than ever before."

The allusion to the "heavy hammer" tickled the fancy of the navy yard workers, and their roars were drowned only by the bands which crashed into action as Mr. Roosevelt bowed, jumped from the table and went into his office.

Prior to the formal welcome at the Navy Department Mr. Roosevelt met the ranking officers of the Navy Department and the Marine Corps, including Admiral Coontz, Chief of Naval Operations, and Major General Le Jeune, Commandant of the Marine Corps, together with the heads of the various bureaus, in his office. He also received there the congratulations of several hundred women employes of the department.

Mrs. Roosevelt will accompany Governor Cox at the White House conference Sunday and will return to Ohio Sunday afternoon with the Governor to take part in the meeting with the Democratic National Committee there Monday or Tuesday. He will return to Washington on Wednesday and remain here the remainder of the week until he leaves for Campobello Island, and Campobello Island half a mile across the Canadian line.

"When I get to Campobello Island I'm just going to pull the boat out of the water and stay there," said Mr. Roosevelt.

The "front porch" style of campaign does not appeal to the Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency.

"I think a candidate owes it to the voters to let the voters have a look at him if the voters want to," he said.

"How about getting the Republican enemy off the 'front porch?'" some one asked.

"Oh, that will come as a natural corollary to our campaign," he replied.

It is assumed that the Secretary will use the greater part of his vacation in writing his speech of acceptance. He will resign from the Navy Department about Aug. 10, and expects to be notified at his home in Hyde Park about Aug. 7.

Mr. Roosevelt said he and Governor Cox would split their territory, except on special occasions, when they would appear together. The campaign would begin immediately after the notifications on account of the territory to be covered. Automobiles will be used often in lieu of trains.

WON'T MAKE DECKER MARTYR

Navy Not Likely to Act on Criticism, Says Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, acting Secretary of the Navy, indicated today that no departmental action would be taken in the case of Rear Admiral Benton C. Decker, who recently wrote a personal criticism of Secretary Daniels which was printed in the Army and Navy Register. While Secretary Daniels and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt were attending the San Francisco Convention Admiral Coontz, as Acting Secretary of the Navy, referred the case to Mr Daniels.

Mr. Roosevelt said today that Rear Admirals Washington and Coontz had recommended that Admiral Decker be detached from command.

"No positive good," he added, "could be obtained by permitting Admiral Decker to take the position of a martyr as a result of action against him. While nothing has been decided, there will undoubtedly be nothing done. Admiral Decker's criticisms are not worth bothering about."

WANTS HOOKER GOVERNOR.

Mrs. William H. Blauvelt Thinks Republicans Should Name Him.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, July 16.—Mrs. William Hutton Blauvelt, Suffragist and women's club leader of statewide influence, announced that she favors the nomination of Elon H. Hooker for Governor.

"As an independent woman voter, I should like to see Mr. Hooker of Rochester nominated for Governor by the Republican Party," said Mrs. Blauvelt, who is State Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the National Women's Party.

"It would be with a sense of duty well done that I would cast my vote for Mr. Hooker," Mrs. Blauvelt asserted. "He is a business man with years of integrity and fair dealing for a record. We women think it is time that a business man took up the reins of government at Albany. Retrenchment had been promised the taxpayers every two years, but we have yet to see the promise fulfilled.

"The Republicans must put up the best man they can find for Governor if they expect to carry the State. I believe Hooker would be such a strong candidate."

M'ADOO DECLARES DUTY BARRED HIS CANDIDACY

Will Support Democratic Ticket by Deed and Word, He Tells Mrs. Fairbanks.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—William G. McAdoo says he felt it was his "duty to keep out of public life at this time," in a letter received by Mrs. Kellogg Fairbanks, on her return from California today. Mr. McAdoo, after thanking her for her activities in his behalf at the Democratic National Convention, wrote: "I hope no friend of mine will feel that any one is to blame for the result but myself. It was I who put the discouragements in the way which made it difficult to win success. If I had not felt it was my duty to keep out of public life at this time we would have had a different result.

"I did it conscientiously and from the highest motives, as I conceived them.

"Now we must all turn in and elect the ticket because the very destiny of America and the world is imperilled by the forces of reaction."

He added that he intended to support the ticket both by deed and word, and hoped that Mrs. Fairbanks would do so also "just as keenly as if I had received the nomination."

Mrs. Fairbanks expressed her disappointment at Mr. McAdoo's failure to head the ticket, but she is convinced, she says, that Cox will make an admirable President and will unite all elements in the Democratic Party.

"While I have not met Mr. Cox personally," she said, "I know Franklin D. Roosevelt well and admire him very much. I feel that he is greatly superior to the average Vice Presidential candidate, and that the team will be a difficult one to beat.

"Governor Cox has made a remarkable record in Ohio, and will make a splendid appeal to the country. He should easily carry Ohio in November and I am sure Roosevelt will carry New York. These States, together with the solid South, ought to assure a Democratic victory."

TOMPKINS FOR GOVERNOR.

Justice Prefers the Bench, but Would Not Decline Republican Call.

Replying yesterday to the solicitation of friends that he permit the use of his name as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of the Supreme Court said that if the call came to him from a united party he would not feel at liberty to decline it, but that he would prefer to remain in his present place. Justice Tompkins sits in the Ninth Judicial District, which takes in the Counties of Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, Rockland and Westchester. His home is in Nyack. His present term on the bench expires at the end of the current year, but he has been indorsed by both parties for re-election, so that he is assured of a second term unless he withdraws in order to run for Governor.

Two weeks ago Justice Tompkins said that he would not be a candidate for Governor under any circumstances, but later modified the statement to the extent of saying that he would at least demand the united support of the Republican organization in New York County and a designation by the unofficial convention which meets in Saratoga on July 27. Last night Justice Tompkins admitted that he had been in touch with Republican leaders representing various sections, and then he made this statement:

"My personal preference for Governor is Otis H. Cutler of Suffern, and I have suggested his name to several of the State leaders as a suitable candidate. I have no ambition to be Governor and am content with my present office as Justice of the Supreme Court and expect to be re-elected at the coming election.

"I have never been a candidate for Governor and am not now. I have been pressed so hard and earnestly that I have agreed that if the Republican leaders and organization of this judicial district insist upon my being a candidate I should feel it my duty to acquiesce in their judgment and run in the primaries, provided, however, that the Saratoga convention should designate me for the office.

"In no other event will I allow my name to be used in the primaries."

Justice Tompkins is noted for his love of horses and for his ability to drive them. Last year at the Orange County Fair in Goshen he drove his trotter, Louise Guy, winning two heats in 2:15 and 2:13.

He has been a volunteer member of the Fire Department of his home town for thirty-eight years and is a trustee of the State Firemen's Home at Hudson, N. Y.

MEANS'S LETTERS IN COURT

Wife and Brother Told of Secret Moves in King Will Case.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Existence of a secret understanding among Gaston B. Means, his wife and his brother, W. Afton Means, the particulars of which were carefully guarded from communication to Mrs. Maude A. King and her mother, as well as her sister, Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, was brought out at the hearing of the King will contest before Circuit Judge Baldwin today.

A. F. Reichmann, representing the Northern Trust Company, who contends that the "second will" of James C. King, sponsored by Mrs. Melvin and Means, is a forgery, produced letters written by members of the Means family and read them in court for the purpose of discrediting the motives of Means in the suit over an estate estimated at from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000.

The letters were dated in 1917, about the time when Means, it was said, entered into a contract with Mrs. King, whereby he was to receive nearly $1,000,000 if he succeeded in establishing the validity of the "second will."

In one of the letters Means wrote from the Chicago Beach Hotel to his brother in New York asking that any telegrams or letters for Mrs. King, Mrs. Melvin or Mrs. Robinson be mailed to him direct or repeated by wire to him instead of to them. He then was acting as business agent for Mrs. King.

To his wife Means wrote: "You will understand from the wording of the telegrams, even when signed by Afton, that they are sent by myself." A postscript to one letter said: "I am convinced that I had better dictate my letters to you in order that I can have a carbon copy so I know exactly what I have said, in case Maude should fly the track and I would have to wire you to refer to any letters."

John R. Rathom, publisher of The Providence Journal, whose testimony is expected to verify the genuineness of the disputed will, will not be able to attend the hearing in this city. A telegram to this effect was received from him today and shown by Attorney Roy D. Keehn to Judge Baldwin. It was said that a deposition of Rathom's testimony will be taken soon in Providence, R. I., as an alternative. It is believed that Rathom will testify to having seen the second will in 1915.

WATERS GETS POST AT LIMA

Will Be Trade Commissioner, Succeeding Carlton Jackson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Secretary of Commerce Alexander has announced the appointment of Daniel Waters, as Trade Commissioner at Lima, Peru, succeeding Carlton Jackson, now stationed in that city.

Mr. Waters has been connected with the European division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce for several months, and has had ten years of foreign service. He was financial aid to the Shuster Mission in Persia, and later American Consul at Quebec, Panama, Bahia, Berlin and Dresden. He left Berlin when negotiations were broken off, later becoming an officer in the Royal Air Force.

It is expected that Mr. Waters will sail for his new post the latter part of next month, and in the meantime he will make an industrial survey of New England and the Middle West.

TAMMANY MEN BACK FROM CONVENTION

Delegation of 125 Returns from San Francisco Confident of Victory in November.

TRAVELED THROUGH CANADA

Customs Men Inspected Train, but Found No Contraband Liquor—Cuvillier Got Grape Juice.

Having covered about 10,000 miles in their trip from the Wigwam to the Democratic National Convention and back, the Tammany delegation, about 125 strong, got into the Grand Central Terminal at midnight last night, tired but brimming with confidence over the result of next Fall. Thirty-five women who made the long trip came back enthusiastic because of what Democracy had done toward furthering woman's suffrage.

The delegates spent Thursday night in Quebec, touring the quaint city and visiting the famous shrine of St. Anne de Beaupré. Early yesterday morning they took the boat trip to Montreal, leaving there before noon. They came back into the United States, after their all-Canadian route from Frisco, at Constable, N. Y., and when the line was crossed they broke out American flags from every window of the train.

Canada hasn't an Eighteenth Amendment. Of course, this gave rise to all sorts of reports about the increasing weight of Tammany luggage, but two customs men boarded the train at Constable and they didn't find anything, so apparently the Braves did not take advantage of the display of Scotch, rye and so forth that dotted the Canadian landscape.

The train was supposed to be in charge of Charles W. Culkin, who succeeded Representative Thomas F. Smith, when the latter branched off at San Francisco for a trip to Honolulu. Mr. Culkin, however, left the train at Albany for his home at Lake George to rest.

"Everybody is glad to get back," he said before he left. "It was a splendid trip, and everybody is coming back to get to work at once for the campaign. With Cox and Roosevelt and 'Al' Smith in the local field I am certain that we will carry New York City by a tremendous vote and carry New York State, too."

There were many amusing incidents on the trip home. For instance, Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier, finding the train lingering a bit at Moosejaw, Sask., hopped off and dashed to a grocery store near the station. A blast of the whistle and Cuvillier dashed out with a bundle which he confidently supposed contained twelve bottles of portwine. It was twelve bottles all right and port wine all right, but the label read "unfermented."

Major Percy Nagle and Assemblyman Samuel Marx, leaving the train at the 125th Street station, got big receptions from their constituents who paraded the platform with bands.

KASUGA'S CAPTAIN IS HOST.

Japanese Officials and American Naval Officers Entertained Aboard.

American naval officers, members of the Japanese Embassy and the Consulate in New York and a number of State and city officials were guests yesterday of Captain Hiego Teraoka on the Japanese liner Kasuga, which is anchored off Ninety-sixth Street, North River. During the reception held in the afternoon, at which 100 Japanese merchants were also present, the crew gave an exhibition of fencing, jiu-jitsu and bayonet drills.

The quarterdeck, where the Captain received the Japanese Ambassador Shidehaka and Consul General Kumasaki, was decorated with 1,000 lanterns of various colors. The ship's band played the Japanese national anthem and then those of the United States and the Allies. After these ceremonies a salute of thirteen guns was fired as Rear Admiral J. B. Glennon, Commandant of the Third Naval District, went on board to pay the official call made by Captain Teraoka.

The Kasuga will be open today from 1 to 6 P. M. for Japanese residents. In the evening the officers will be the guests of the Japanese Welcome Committee at the Winter Garden. Tomorrow the Kasuga will be open for public inspection from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and 2 P. M. to 6 P. M. Boats will leave the naval landing at the foot of Ninety-sixth Street.

In the evening Captain Teraoka and his officers will be dinner guests of Consul General K. Kumasaki at his residence, Ninety-third Street and Central Park West. The Kasuga will be illuminated at 9 P. M.

HARDING WATCHFUL OF COX-WILSON TALK

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

T. Ellison of Rochester, N. Y., which read:

"At a meeting of a representative body of former Progressives it was resolved that the best interests of the United States demand the whole-hearted support of the Republican Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates."

Senator Harding replied to the Ellison telegram, saying:

"I desire to send my grateful appreciation of your assuring message, which is but additional evidence that the Republican Party this year is united in a great purpose of rescuing this country from its present deplorable condition, insuring the return to a stable peace basis and the establishment of a thoroughly American policy that thinks of our own people first. My cordial good wishes to each of your members."

Another telegram received was from Allen B. Jayres and Albert M. James, Republican National Committeeman and Republican State Chairman, respectively, of Arizona. It read:

"Arizona Republicans in Statewide conference here today pledged you their undivided and enthusiastic support."

In reply Senator Harding asked that they accept his grateful thanks for their telegram and added: "It will be a great satisfaction to me next November to see your State in the Republican column. A united party and united effort should insure this result."

Regrets He Can't Speak For Legion.

A dispatch to a Columbus paper this morning reported that the Memorial Committee of the American Legion at St. Louis would send a telegram to Senator Harding notifying him that the invitation for him to speak at the dedication of a war memorial there July 25 had been withdrawn. The dispatch said further that the Senator had been denounced at a meeting of a legion committee for having declined to speak after he had accepted the invitation and preparation had been made for the event.

Inquiry at the Harding headquarters today resulted in the reply that Senator Harding had accepted "tentatively" the legion's invitation and then had sent a telegram regretting formally his inability to go to St. Louis so soon after his notification ceremonies. It was recalled that when the Senator stopped in Wheeling, W. Va., on his automobile trip from Washington to Marion, he had told a local delegation from the American Legion that he had received an invitation from St. Louis that "appealed" to him and that he hoped to be able to accept.

It was said today that the Senator had received no telegram from St. Louis withdrawing the invitation, but that a message had come from Dr. L. I. Renfrow, Chairman of the Memorial Committee, saying that, despite Senator Harding's inability to go to St. Louis on that date, the memorial services would be held as planned. This telegram was not made public, but Senator Harding's reply to Dr. Renfrow was:

"I am genuinely pleased that disappointment attending my necessary course will in no way alter or hinder your plans. I am not only genuinely sorry that I cannot have the great satisfaction of joining in your tribute, but I wish you a successful program which will meet the highest aspirations of all the American Legion and give full expression of St. Louis's affection and regard for America's defenders."

Since his nomination, Senator Harding has received word that a number of babies in various parts of the country have been named for him. Today he heard that Ivan Harding, born to a son, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Edwards of Knox City, Texas. Apparently without thought of New Jersey's Democratic Governor, they have named him Harding Coolidge Edwards.

Acceptance Speech Nearly Done.

MARION, Ohio, July 16 (Associated Press).—Another full workday, beginning at 8 o'clock and stretching into the evening, was given by Senator Harding today to his speech accepting the Republican nomination. Tonight the text was nearing completion, but the final touches remained to be added before the manuscript could be given to the printer.

Working almost without interruption, the candidate put in one of the most arduous days in the two weeks since he returned to Marion. He turned aside from the speech only once or twice to dispose of urgent correspondence, and he abbreviated his lunch period and hurried through the brief daily conferences with his local managers.

Senator Harding received several callers who had come from a distance to pay their respects. Among them was a group of English clergymen who are touring this country. They were received first by Mrs. Harding, now an active participant in the entertainment features of the front porch campaign. Later the Senator went across from his workroom next door and chatted with them for a few minutes.

Aims at Real Keynote.

The acceptance speech, which is to be delivered at the notification ceremonies on July 22, is expected to be shorter than most addresses of that character, occupying less than four printed columns. The Senator hopes to have it ready by tomorrow night for distribution in confidence to the newspapers and then after a Sunday rest he will turn his attention for a few days to other features of his campaign. He has applied himself with particular diligence to the speech because he wants it to be a real and comprehensive keynote deliverance and yet to be concise enough for the average voter.

Marion began to dress up today for the notification, to which most of the people here are looking forward as the greatest event in the city's history. Foundations were laid for a long court of honor made of decorated wooden pillars and arches to stretch along Mount Vernon Avenue, on which the Hardings live. At Garfield Park, where the notification ceremonies will be held, painters and carpenters are making over the County Fair Auditorium for the occasion. Entertainment officials estimate that the number of visitors will exceed 50,000.

BRYAN URGES DRY CONGRESS

Wants It to be Able to Impeach Non-Enforcement President.

Special to The New York Times.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 16.—The current issue of William J. Bryan's Commoner is made up largely of Mr. Bryan's speeches at the San Francisco Convention. Six short signed editorials read as follows:

"Remember that no President, however wet, can weaken the Volstead enforcement law without the aid of a wet Congress. Remember, also, that a dry Congress can by a two-thirds vote impeach any wet President who by failure to enforce the Volstead law violated his oath of office. It is therefore vitally important to elect a dry Senate and House. Vote only for dry candidates. If in any State or district both candidates are wet, dry candidates should be nominated by petition. Put only drys on guard.

"Cox's position has been that Congress can permit an increase in the alcoholic content of beverage liquors and weaken the enforcement provision, and his supporters say it should be done. The thing to do is to elect a Senate and a House that will not pass such a bill. And then remember that a Congress dry by a two to one majority can impeach a President if he fails to enforce the law. There is very little that he can do if Congress does its duty.

"Mr. McAdoo signalizes his defeat by saying that the Presidential primaries should be abolished and the old convention restored. The distinguished ex-Secretary is walking backwards. The San Francisco convention furnishes a good illustration of what the bosses can do. We need a nation-wide Presidential primary and need it badly.

"Candidate Cox in his first interview added a plank to the platform. He declares himself in favor of the repeal of the excess profits tax. The platform was silent on the subject. If he will help shake off the profiteers there will be no excess profits. Why remove the tax before we remove profiteering?

"I shall not discuss the Democratic ticket in this issue. To paraphrase the words of Marc Antony, my heart is in the grave with the dry plank and I must pause until it comes back to me.

"In the great baseball game at San Francisco the brewers' nine beat the dry brigade nine in spite of the fact that the President insisted on being umpire."

FOR BRYAN AND SUNDAY.

W. G. Calder-Wood Thinks They Should Head Prohibition Ticket.

Special to The New York Times.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 16.—W. G. Calder-Wood of Minneapolis, Chairman of the Prohibition National Committee, arrived today. He said he would be satisfied only with the ticket headed by William J. Bryan and William A. ("Billy") Sunday.

He says the fighting ground is the West.

"This will be the greatest campaign in the history of the party," said Mr. Calder-Wood, who believes the prohibitionists will nominate a national ticket and conduct a vigorous campaign.

AIR RIDE VOIDS INSURANCE.

New Jersey Judge Holds That Passenger 'Participates' in Aeronautics.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 16.—Judge Ralph Donges of the Circuit Court handed down today an opinion holding that Mrs. Marie J. Bew is not entitled to recover on an accident policy of $3,000 for the death of her husband, James W. Bew, who was killed with an aviator named Kendricks when their seaplane fell on May 24, 1919.

The policy contained a clause declaring that in the event the insured "participated" in aeronautics the policy became void if the insured died as the result of injuries sustained in an airplane accident. The Judge decided that the definition of the phrase "participating in aeronautics" means riding in an airplane, whether sharing in the management of the machine or not.

The case will be appealed to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

FARE INCREASE MOVE LOST.

Application of Van Brunt Street and Erie Basin Road Refused.

The Van Brunt Street and Erie Basin Railroad Company, which operates a trolley line about a mile long in Brooklyn, asked the Public Service Commission some time ago for permission to increase the fare from three cents to four. Commissioner Nixon refused the application yesterday in spite of the offer of the company to sell eight tickets for twenty-five cents, sixteen for fifty cents and thirty-two for one dollar. Commissioner Nixon said the company made more money at a three-cent fare during the first quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, and during the nine months of the year previous, than when the rate was higher.

The quarterly report of the company for the period ended March 31 last shows that the net corporate income was $8,375.25, which was $415.82 more than the net income for the nine preceding months.

FORM LIBERAL PARTY IN 48ERS' NEW BOLT

Group Headed by Wray and McCurdy Opposes Nominating La Follette-Bryan Ticket.

BARLOW REBUKES "NUTS"

Hayes, Vice Presidential Nominee of Farmer-Labor Party, Predicts Sharp Campaign.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Another political movement, the Liberal Party, was launched today by former members of the Committee of Forty-eight, who bolted from that organization.

Judge Arthur G. Wray, Mayor of York, Neb., and Alan McCurdy, keynote speaker at the Forty-eight convention, head the new party.

The convention was confined to those persons, fifty to sixty in number, who signed its call, and all other Forty-eighters were excluded from the hall.

Lester Barlow, leader of the World War Veterans, attempted to make an address, but was invited to leave. He threatened to call still another convention. "I have never seen so many nuts collected in Chicago as during the past few days," Barlow declared as he marched out.

A. W. Ricker, Chairman of the Chicago Committee of Forty-eight, also was asked to leave when it was discovered he had not signed the call.

McCurdy announced that the principal purpose of the gathering was to oppose any attempt to nominate Senator Robert M. La Follette for President and William Jennings Bryan for Vice President. It is probable that no Presidential ticket will be named by the Liberals.

The conference marked the third bolt of the week in the Committee of Forty-eight, Non-Partisan League delegates to the committee from South Dakota first abandoning it for the Labor Party convention, members of the committee later quitting the Farmer-Labor Party, and today's group finding itself out of accord with the last action of the Forty-eighters.

CLEVELAND, July 15.—Public ownership and democratic management as the chief remedies for the high cost of living will be the main demands in the campaign of Max S. Hayes, Vice Presidential candidate of the new Farmer-Labor Party, who returned here from the Chicago convention today.

Hayes said that the new party was arranging to conduct an "aggressive, fighting campaign."

"The time is ripe for the organization of a great third party in this country," he said. "We have a platform that appeals to labor and agriculturists as well as to the business and professional men. It is a party of hand and brain workers.

"I shall make one of the paramount issues of my campaign the punishment of profiteers."

FORTY-EIGHTERS GRIEVED.

State Committee Tells Disappointment at Convention Results.

The New York State Committee of Forty-eight expressed disappointment yesterday over the formation of the Farmer-Labor Party in a statement which said:

"We are disappointed with the outcome of the joint convention in Chicago. We had hoped for a liberal platform and a strong national ticket which the mass of progressive Americans everywhere could indorse. New York Forty-eighters are not at all interested in trade union intrigues and communistic programs.

"We are more determined than ever to go on with the work of constructing a political party through which progressive citizens can express themselves at the polls. At the present time there is nothing offered but the two extremes, the Democrat-Republican reactionaries and the radicals."

Amos Pinchot expressed similar sentiments. He said that a great opportunity had been lost. "Union discipline was strong at Chicago," he said. "Class consciousness was strong, too, and the excitement of the convention swept sober thought away."

HARDING BARS ADVISING HOLCOMB ON SUFFRAGE

Replies to Connecticut Inquiry—Anti-Suffragists Show Letter Reiterating His Stand.

HARTFORD, July 16.—Senator Warren G. Harding does not intend to ask or advise Governor Holcomb to call a special session of the Connecticut Legislature to ratify the Federal suffrage amendment. A query on these points sent to Mr. Harding by The Hartford Times brought the reply today:

"I answer no."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Anti-suffragists made public today a letter in which George B. Christian, secretary to Senator Harding, declared that the Republican Presidential nominee had not receded from his refusal to "wield a club" upon Republican Governors in order to secure ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment.

This is the second letter from the Harding camp which the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage has produced since Senator Harding's earnest advocacy of suffrage in the newspapers yesterday morning. The letter, made public today, reads:

United States Senate,
Washington, D. C., July 6, 1920.

Mrs. Henry B. Thompson, President
Delaware Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, Wilmington, Del.:

My Dear Mrs. Thompson: Your telegram of the 2d inst. to Senator Harding expressing the opinion of your association in the matter of the ratification of the proposed nineteenth amendment, has been received. In answer thereto I beg to direct your attention to the position stated by Senator Harding recently when a delegation favoring the amendment called upon him in Washington. He has not receded from that position in any respect. Whatever is done finally to secure the adoption of the amendment will be the voluntary act of the State furnishing the necessary ratification. Very sincerely yours,

GEORGE B. CHRISTIAN, Secretary.

The reference in Mr. Christian's letter to the visit of a suffrage delegation to Senator Harding in Washington is to the call made June 22 by twenty-five members of the National Woman's Party, led by Miss Alice Paul, their Chairman. At that time Senator Harding told the militants that he would not interfere with the executive functions of the Governors.

Although it was not known until yesterday, a letter had been written to Senator Harding by Mrs. Horace Brock of the anti-suffragists asking him to keep hands off in the suffrage situation.

In announcing today that the anti-suffragists would send a committee to Marion to see Senator Harding, the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage said that it would ask him to maintain his position of non-interference with Legislatures in the event of his election as well as during his candidacy. The Democratic section of the antis, who were unable to obtain a hearing at San Francisco, still have hopes of different treatment from Governor Cox.

Both suffragists and anti-suffragists were much interested today in the dispatch from Hartford, which quoted Senator Harding as declining to ask or advise Governor Holcomb to call a special session of the Legislature in order to ratify the amendment. "Antis" said that in reply to a recent letter from an anti-suffragist congratulating him on his courage in resisting suffrage demands for a special session, Governor Holcomb remarked: "It is not so much a matter of courage as of endurance."

HARDING'S RIVALS INVITED.

All Contenders for Nomination Asked to Marion Notification.

All Republicans whose names were placed in nomination for the Presidency at the Chicago convention have been invited to attend the Harding notification ceremonies at Marion next week as guests of honor, it was announced here yesterday at Republican national headquarters.

These contenders for the nomination are Herbert Hoover, Senators Johnson, Poindexter, Sutherland, La Follette and Lenroot, Governor Sproul, Judge J. C. Pritchard, Nicholas Murray Butler, Governor Allen, Samuel Adams and Henry W. Anderson.

Invitations have also been telegraphed to the six former National Chairmen, who will form a committee to assist in receiving distinguished visitors. Acceptances have been received from Frank H. Hitchcock, William R. Willcox, Charles B. Hilles and George B. Cortelyou of New York and Senator New of Indiana.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The press of engagements here and the length of the trip necessitated will make impossible the attendance of Senator Johnson at the Harding notification ceremonies, according to a statement issued tonight by the Senator, who expressed regret, adding: "I should like to hear Senator Harding's speech, as it will be an all-important one."

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., July 16.—It is stated from good sources that Senator La Follette will not attend the Harding notification ceremonies. It is said that recuperation from his operation is not complete.

SUMMER TRAVEL GROWING.

Railroad Stations Thronged as Never Before—Types of Travelers.

The New York Central and Pennsylvania lines report that passenger traffic is unusually heavy this Summer. The big railroad stations are crowded daily with armies of vacationists and travelers bound for mountain or seashore. The majority of these travelers are prosperous and are well supplied with money. They are quite willing to pay for the best accommodations that may be had, and Pullman coaches are in demand.

At the offices of the New York Central it was said that during the last Fourth of July holidays the floors and approaches of the big station were crowded with armies of travelers which broke all records and taxed the capacity of the great building to its utmost. The concourses with their approaches will hold 30,000 persons, but it is estimated that many more than that number crowded the station. The throngs were so dense that it was difficult to keep them moving and make room for them at the ticket windows.

To accommodate this overflow of travelers during one of the holidays twenty-four extra trains were made up in the terminal yards. It not infrequently happens that travelers reach the station uncertain where they are going. On their arrival they ask questions about this and that place at the information booths, and then select a town or city that appeals to their imagination.

An attendant at the Grand Central Station noticed an elderly man who appeared to be quite helpless in the maze of outgoing and incoming travelers. He inquired if he could be of any assistance to him. The traveler replied that he would like to take a trip to some city—he had no particular city in mind—where he might spend a pleasant vacation. The attendant remarked that he had heard many vacationists speak well of San Francisco. The elderly man was interested. When told that it was quite a long distance from New York he was not in the least discouraged, and a few minutes later he was on his way there.

His experience, it was said, was typical of others, and suffices to show the restlessness for travel and the desire to go somewhere that is now abroad. At present travel to the Berkshires, Adirondacks, Catskills, Boston and Niagara Falls is unusually heavy. There has come a remarkable revival of interest in the Falls, and many vacationists are journeying there. Travel to Long Island points also is heavy.

Old railroad men who have watched Summ

BOLSHEVIKI STILL PRESS POLES BACK

Moscow Reports Success in Operations on the Northern Sector.

AMERICAN "Y" MAN KILLED

Alexander Uczlwek Shot by Bolshevik Near Minsk—Captain Cooper, Aviator, Missing.

LONDON, July 16.—Continued success by the Bolsheviki in their operations against the Poles along the northern sector of the front is announced in Thursday's official statement from Moscow, received by wireless today. The Communiqué says:

"South of the River Vilia (in the Vilna region), we defeated the resisting enemy along the entire front. Our advance is continuing energetically."

[A special dispatch from Kovno received in London Thursday night reported the occupation of Vilna by the Bolsheviki. This has not been officially confirmed, but Warsaw advices today say the Poles have agreed with the Lithuanians for occupation of Vilna by Lithuanian troops. The signing of a peace treaty between Lithuania and Soviet Russia was reported on July 15.]

"West of Molodechno (on the railway line between Minsk and Vilna) we are successfully continuing our advance and driving back the enemy.

"Southwest of Minsk we occupied the village of Uzda and a number of other villages. During the fighting along the railway from Bobruisk to Minsk we captured eight guns, several thousand shells, six locomotives and 142 wagons loaded with building materials and tools.

"In the Slutak and Zerin region our advance continues energetically.

"In the Sarny and Kovel districts our advance is developing successfully."

WARSAW, July 16 (Associated Press).—The Bolsheviki have occupied Smorgon, southeast of Vilna, and are advancing south and west to occupy Osmiana, says a communiqué issued by Army Headquarters today. The battle is still continuing along the Osmiana River, the communiqué says.

"The enemy attack has been repulsed at several points," the communiqué adds. "The chief attacks are being delivered incessantly south of Dubno."

Polish Governmental authorities have agreed with the Lithuanians for the occupation of Vilna by Lithuanian troops, and this step will soon be taken, according to information received in military quarters.

The surrender of Vilna to the Lithuanians was conceded by the Soviet Government of Russia some time ago in negotiations between the two countries.

BERNE, July 15.—The Russian Bolshevist offensive in the Ukraine has come to a standstill, according to advices from Bucharest, which declare that the counter-offensive of the Ukrainian forces is making progress. The Ukrainian armies are being backed up by growing forces of volunteers forming in the rear of the Bolsheviki, and aided by extensive uprisings of peasants.

THINKS REDS WANT PEACE.

But Washington Has Little Faith That They Would Keep It Long.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—With official confirmation of Moscow's acceptance still lacking, it is regarded as more than probable in well-informed quarters in Washington that the Soviet Government will consent to the Lloyd George proposal for an armistice with Poland.

The purpose of the Soviet's agreement to a cessation of hostilities, it is believed, will be to gain another breathing spell for the reorganization of the Red army, and of Bolshevist internal control, rather than any definite change in Soviet Russia's foreign policy. Even though, as is believed in some quarters, the acceptance of an armistice by the Bolsheviki may indicate that the more moderate in the Lenin faction dominates the Moscow Government, it is pointed out that the factional differences between the Lenin and Trotsky elements are chiefly over matters of tactics for the accomplishment of the same ultimate object, in the establishment of proletarian dictatorship in all countries.

So far there is no information here as to whether the armistice proposals with General Wrangel have received favorable consideration from either of the parties directly concerned. The opinion here is that Wrangel will object to the provision that his troops be withdrawn within the Crimea proper, being thus forced to abandon regions to the north which he recently occupied to make the territory under his authority self-supporting. It is also regarded as certain that Wrangel will propose that the Don and Kuban Cossack provinces be included in the region directly under his control, whatever action may result from the armistice proposals and the plans for a conference at London of Soviet Russia, border States and Wrangel representatives.

It is not felt here that the proposed London conference will be in a position to do more than clarify the general Russian situation and take steps towards a final settlement of questions involved through recognition of the de facto situation. Loyal Russians insist that no definite action shall be taken towards acknowledging the independence of any States which have arisen in former Russian territory, except Poland and Finland, until a legitimate and representative national Russian Government shall have been placed in control of affairs.

Since it is considered certain that any de jure recognition of existing Russian establishments would be repudiated by the future Russia, the London conference, it is declared, must act within the limitations thus imposed. Although the position of the United States with reference to the peace settlement precludes definite participation by this Government in the London meeting, it is recalled that the American Russian policy has consistently opposed any dismemberment of established Russian territory during the continuance of despotic minority rule in Russia.

It is declared to be apparent that the Soviet system cannot maintain itself under peace conditions, and that an extraordinary situation is required to give it sustaining energy. It is also declared that the problem of keeping the Red army employed during a lull in military activity has not been solved by the Soviets. Unemployed, the Red army is a constant danger, while demobilization of the Red army would deprive the Bolsheviki of the primary support of their control in addition to flooding the country with idle men for whom employment could not be obtained under present conditions of Russian industry.

It is recalled that Trotsky endeavored to find a solution for this problem in the creation of labor armies for peace purposes under military control and discipline, which plan, according to reports received here, was for the most part a failure. It is, therefore, believed that a cessation of hostilities, if accepted, will be agreed to by the Soviets as a temporary expedient, and not from a desire on their part to establish peace. In many well-informed quarters here peace is looked upon as the greatest menace to the Soviets.

SPA, July 16.—Up to this evening no reply had been received from the Soviet Government at Moscow with regard to the British proposal for an armistice between Poland and Soviet Russia.

KILLS AMERICAN NEAR MINSK.

Bolshevik Shoots Uczlwek, "Y" Worker—Capt. Cooper Missing.

WARSAW, July 15 (Associated Press).—One American has been killed and another is missing in the battle between the Poles and Russian Bolsheviki in the region of Minsk, according to reports from the front. Alexander Uczlwek of Chicago, an American Y. M. C. A. worker with the Polish army, was shot and killed by a Bolshevik attired in a Polish uniform, while Captain Merion Cooper of Jacksonville, Fla., has been missing for four days since starting an airplane reconnaissance.

Uczlwek went to France as a Y. M. C. A. worker and later was sent to Poland with General Haller's forces. He was loading American supplies to be taken to the rear when he was killed.

Captain Cooper, a member of the Kosciusko Squadron, was recently mentioned as the successor of Major Cedric Fauntleroy as commander of that famous body of aviators. Members of the squadron believe Captain Cooper is safe, as his flights over the southern Polish front have been above open country, for the most part, and Captain Cooper may have been forced to land within the Polish lines.

Miss Alphea Patterson of Cincinnati is with women soldiers in the region of Vilna, having charge of the distribution of Y. M. C. A. supplies. She came to Poland last Fall with her brother, driving an automobile across Germany from France.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Alexander Uczlwek, who is reported to have been killed in fighting between Poles and Russian Bolsheviki in the Minsk region, lived with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hipolyte Uczlwek, in this city, where the elder Uczlwek conducts a bakery and confectionery.

The young man was 27 years old. In 1918 he enlisted here for service in the Polish Legion of the French Army. He fought in France against the Germans, received a commision as Lieutenant in the Polish Army and then went to Poland and participated in the campaigns against the Bolsheviki.

Because of his knowledge of Polish and his general education, Uczlwek was selected by Arthur Taylor of the Y. M. C. A. as an aid. He was still a soldier in the Polish Army, but had been detached for Y. M. C. A. duty when he was killed.

Uczlwek's service with the Y. M. C. A. was to have expired on July 31, and the family had been looking forward to his early return to Chicago. On Thursday a sister, Louise, received a letter from him, dated at Warsaw June 23, in which he said that he had just come to Warsaw from the Biato-Ruski front, where he had a canteen for the soldiers on the firing line, which was destroyed by the Bolshevist artillery fire on June 19.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 16.—Merion Cooper joined the Georgia National Guard when the Mexican situation became acute in 1916, and with that organization served on the border until the troops were recalled. When, in 1917, war was declared on Germany, he was sent by his regimental officers to the officers' training camp at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta. He was in an infantry company, but after about a month he effected his transfer to the aviation corps and later went to France as a First Lieutenant.

There he saw much active service on the western front, and finally in combat with a German flier he was brought down, landing behind the German lines. He was taken prisoner and did not obtain his release until after the armistice.

He afterward served with the Hoover Food Commission in Austria-Hungary, and then returned to France and joined the Kosciusko Squadron.

Captain Cooper, who is 29 years old, is a son of John C. Cooper, a well-to-do Florida lawyer and land owner.

PERSIA MAKES OVERTURES.

Orders Its Minister at Rome to Negotiate with Soviet Russia.

LONDON, July 16.—A dispatch to The London Times from Teheran says the Peruvian Government has instructed its Minister in Rome to open direct negotiations with the Soviet Government.

BRITISH DEPORT NUORTEVA.

Send Lieutenant of Martens, Soviet "Ambassador," Back to Russia.

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LONDON, July 16.—Santeri Nuorteva, chief lieutenant of Ludwig Martens, Soviet "Ambassador" to Washington, was deported from England to Russia today. Nuorteva arrived in England ten days ago with a passport issued by Martens, which he described as diplomatic.

This document was stamped by an inexperienced officer at Liverpool, but as soon as the officials of the special branch of Scotland Yard (political) heard of it, they sent for Nuorteva and ordered him to leave England immediately. They met his wishes as far as allowing him to go to Russia, instead of sending him back to New York, as they strictly are supposed to do under the law.

Nuorteva tried to delay his departure, and yesterday he was arrested and today shipped abroad.

The Russian Soviet Bureau here yesterday notified Boyer, Sloan & Co. of Montreal that contracts for $6,000,000 worth of supplies for Soviet Russia would be cancelled if England had deported, or should deport, Santeri Nuorteva, Secretary to Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, unrecognized Soviet Ambassador to the United States.

Officials of the Soviet Bureau said that they did not credit accounts of Nuorteva's deportation, but that they had notified the Canadian firm of their intention to cancel the orders in case Nuorteva had been ejected from England simply as a precautionary measure. Such action would be necessary, they said, because it was part of Nuorteva's mission in London to make arrangements for financing the Canadian purchases.

TELLS OF PYRE FOR ROYALTY

Dolrovitz Says Russian Empress and Children Were Burned Alive.

PARIS, July 16.—The Russian Empress and her children were burned alive after the execution of Emperor Nicholas at Ekaterinburg, it is alleged in statements attributed to Alexis Dolrovitz, formerly courier to the Empress, published here today. Dolrovitz said he made vain attempts to save them.

The Empress and the children, Dolrovitz declared, were taken to a wood near Ekaterinburg. Brushwood was gathered and a huge fire made, he said, into which the royal victims were forced. Every time they sought to get out of the flames, he asserted, they were driven back at the point of the bayonet.

Tatiana, the Empress's second daughter, fled from the pyre three times, according to the courier's account, and eventually fell pierced through by a bayonet. The Empress and Alexis, heir to the throne, clasped in close embrace, walked almost automatically into the flames, he says, and disappeared in a whirl of smoke.

DUCHESS OF OPORTO COMING

Sails from Lisbon to Spend a Month in the United States.

LISBON, July 16.—The Duchess of Oporto (formerly Mrs. Van Volkenburg) sailed for New York today on board the steamer Brittania. She will spend a month in the United States, returning thence to Naples. Her visit to Italy will be for the purpose of arranging for bringing the body of the late Duke, who died in Naples early this year, to the Panthoon of Portuguese Kings in Lisbon next Autumn.

The Duke was a brother of the late King Carlos of Portugal.

German Farmers Sail for Brazil.

HAMBURG, July 16.—Aboard the steamship Cuyaba, which sailed from this port today for Brazil, were several Westphalian farmers of independent means who are emigrating to that country. They propose to settle in the Thagy Valley, in the State of Sao Paulo. The Brazilian Consul-General in this city has announced that no more free passages will be granted to emigrants until further notice.

SALUTE TO TRICOLOR A BERLIN HOLIDAY

Crowds Turn Apology to French Embassy Into a Noisy Patriotic Demonstration.

JEERING TURNED TO CHEERS

200 Soldiers Present Arms as Flag Is Hoisted, but Soon Burst Into "Deutschland Ueber Alles."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 16.—At 1 o'clock today the salute to the French Embassy flag took place as arranged. Immense masses had gathered in Unter den Linden, Wilhelmstrasse and the Tiergarten side of the Brandenburg gate which set up a terrible howl and jeering when punctually at 1 o'clock a company of infantry marched up. When the soldiers, dressed in ordinary uniform and wearing caps, led by a Captain on horseback entered the Pariserplatz which the military police had previously cleared, the noisy public suddenly, as if by command, became absolutely silent and nothing but the tramp of the soldiers was heard. In front of the French Embassy Building the Captain commanded a halt and the soldiers lined up. That moment General Nollet and staff, as well as the French Ambassador and suite, appeared on the balcony and the French flag was hoisted on the roof of the building.

At a short command the 200 German soldiers presented arms in honor of the French tricolor, which was waited leisurely in the hot atmosphere. At the same time General Nollet's and his officers' hands went up to their caps. In two minutes all was over. Another command by the Captain and the German soldiers formed into line and started to march back.

None of the Frenchmen on the balcony, who wore full dress uniforms, had yet moved, when suddenly, as by command, the German soldiers broke into "Deutschland über Alles." Immediately the crowds all around the Pariserplatz took up the sonorous tones and many thousands joined in a grand chorus. When the soldiers reached Wilhelmstrasse the crowds waiting there brought them a great ovation and shook the Captain and his men by the hands. The whole neighborhood re-echoed from the thundering "hochs" and hurrahs.

The officers and men had carefully removed all the military decorations received during the war from their uniforms, while the French on the balcony displayed many medals and crosses on their breasts.

BERLIN, July 16.—Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, with Herr Moll, counselor of the Government, representing the Prefect of Police, paid a personal visit to the French Embassy this afternoon to express official regret over the removal on Wednesday of a French flag hoisted over the French Embassy in honor of Bastile Day. Herr Moll announced the arrest of the guilty person.

Later a company of Reichswehr, with an officer at the head, filed past the embassy portico, which was filled with French officers. The soldiers turned and stood at attention while the Tricolor was hoisted. They then marched away singing "Deutschland über Alles." The crowd and the police guards joined in the singing.

In the forenoon the police cleared the Kaiserplatz Square, where the French Embassy is situated, and barred the entire space between the Brandenburg Gate and Unter den Linden as far as Wilhelmstrasse to civilians. Pending the arrival of Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen and Herr Moll, the crowds outside the cordon had learned of the proposed salute of the French flag by the German troops, and there were cries of "Shame!" as the saluting company approached the embassy.

Two French sailors hoisted the Tricolor over the building. It had been recovered when the youth who removed it was arrested this morning at the home of his parents in Steglitz. The youth, whose name is Paul Karzeminski, is a locksmith's apprentice.

The Reichswehr saluting force had not actually left the embassy precincts when men broke hustling into "Deutschland über Alles." The French officers, who apparently had been pleased with the military precision and the correctness with which the apology had been carried out up to that moment, seemed dumfounded. They lingered for a moment on the roof and portico, engaged in excited conversation, and then disappeared into the embassy building.

When the crowds in Unter den Linden heard the troops singing there were vociferous "Bravos!" for the people, who then took up the melody, which swelled into a mighty chorus.

The secrecy with which the German Government arranged the ceremony of saluting the French flag at the French Embassy to atone for the pulling down of the French flag on Bastille Day is believed to have saved Berlin from what might inevitably have developed into a serious popular outbreak. No one knew beforehand that the military salute was to take place, and the newspapers learned of it only just before going to press. But in their abbreviated reports they presaged an outburst of editorial indignation. This afternoon and evening the Pariserplatz continued to be dotted with small groups of wildly agitated civilians.

The French flag at sundown was still floating from the French Embassy, which was protected by a special party of Security Police.

The Foreign Office tonight declined to say whether the French Government was satisfied with the apology, the military salute which accompanied it and the dismissal of two officials supposed to have been guilty of neglecting French property.

GERMANS ACCEPT COAL PROTOCOL

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

per ton, to which will be added five for food. As the paper mark is now worth about one-seventh of the gold price, this represents around 200 marks per ton. The German export price today is 410 paper marks per ton, making a difference of 150 paper marks. On 12,000,000 tons the loan would thus total about $50,000,000; but if, as expected, the mark rises in consequence of this arrangement it might easily total $75,000,000.

The Germans were to have given their reply at noon today, but instead sent word that they wouldn't be ready until 4 o'clock. The Allies met at 4, but the Germans did not arrive until 5 o'clock. M. Delacroix asked what reply they had to make to the allied terms of last night.

Dr. Simons made a long speech asking for various changes. He objected especially to the threat to occupy the Ruhr Valley if Germany should not live up to her agreement. He said it was not in harmony with the spirit of the Spa meeting, that the German Government could not accept that clause of the agreement, and that he had no power to accept it.

Suddenly after about an hour of this, Millerand banged his fist on the table and said: "I've had enough. I'm through."

Simons stopped and Lloyd George and Millerand withdrew to a corner and talked heatedly. Then Lloyd George said to Fehrenbach: "I'm leaving Spa tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. So is M. Millerand. Next to this room there is a little antechamber where we have had tea with you during the conference. Go in there, shut the door and don't come out until you've decided one way or the other—Yes or no."

It was then about 6 o'clock. Fehrenbach asked leave to have the rest of the German delegation take part in the discussion. They were summoned, entered the antechamber and shut the door. Loud, angry voices were heard from the antechamber. At 8 o'clock some one among the waiting allied delegates suggested dinner.

"No," said Millerand, "we'll settle this thing here and now. This is the last meeting of the Spa conference."

Such was the French sentiment. Millerand had told Lloyd George quite plainly that the French would insist on immediate occupation of the Ruhr in event of a German refusal and that if the British would not agree the French would do it independently.

The allied representatives waited three hours; then the Germans came out and said that they would sign, but wanted a reservation on the Ruhr occupation clause.

Millerand said:

"You may make a reservation if you wish, but that doesn't affect the clause. The occupation of the Ruhr depends upon the Allies, and if you do not deliver the coal the Ruhr will be occupied."

He added that the Allies had done the best they could to meet the German difficulties, but were not going to throw the treaty into the waste paper basket.

Mr. Lloyd George said that he looked at in the same way as M. Millerand, and that if the Germans did not live up to their agreement the Ruhr would be occupied. It was entirely possible, he went on, for the Germans to fulfill the terms, and if they did not do so it meant that there were forces in Germany which were daring the Allies to occupy the Ruhr.

Dr. Simons then said, "I will sign," and the signing took place.

M. Delacroix concluded the proceedings by saying on behalf of the Allies that they had reached the conclusion that no decision on the reparation question could be made at Spa, and therefore there would be a meeting at Geneva in two or three weeks.

The delegates then shook hands and said good-bye.

Proportion of Reparations.

There was made public tonight the agreement reached between the Allies at Spa. It contains thirteen provisions.

The first treats of the distribution of the German indemnity among the Allies. England is to get 22 per cent., France 52, Italy 10, Belgium 8, and Japan and Portugal each three-quarters of 1 per cent. The remaining 6½ per cent. is to be divided among Greece, Rumania and Jugoslavia.

It is thus evident that the arrangement is not yet complete.

The second provides that half of the amount of the reparations to be received from Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria shall be divided among the above countries in the above proportion. Of the other half Italy is to get 40 per cent. and the remainder is to be divided among Rumania, Greece and Jugoslavia.

According to No. 3 the allied Governments are to take appropriate measures to facilitate the issue by Germany of loans to meet her domestic requirements.

No. 4 provides for the keeping of accounts by the Reparation Commission.

No. 5 assures to Belgium priority for 2,500,000,000 francs gold to be paid by Germany.

No. 6 provides for the allocation of the hire of German ships surrendered under the treaty.

No. 7 provides for the distribution of the light cruisers and maritime material surrendered by Germany in compensation for the Scapa Flow sinkings.

No. 8 provides for the division of money from the sale of German naval material, &c., surrendered by the Germans.

No. 9 gives Italy the right to retain the property of former enemy subjects in Italy, to pay for her army of occupation.

No. 10 determines the rights of Poland under the Treaty of Versailles.

No. 11 reserves the right of those Allies who lent money to Belgium prior to Nov. 11, 1918, to receive payment immediately on Germany's making payment to her of 2,500,000,000 francs gold.

No. 12 provides that the question of fixing the costs of the armies of occupation at a uniform figure shall be immediately taken up with the United States.

SPA, July 16 (Associated Press).—The agreement submitted by the Germans today were for the most part technical and were rejected, except an amendment to Article 1, by which the Allies accepted an additional provision that the deliveries of coal should be averaged in order to take into account floods in the Rhine region. Section 2 was also aremned to allow a premium of 5 marks per ton on all deliveries by land or sea.

Chancellor Fehrenbach will leave Spa for Berlin Saturday morning. The British, French, Italian and Japanese delegations will also depart Saturday morning.

BRITISH ARREST BURDICK.

Ex-Banker of Gouverneur Detained on an Extradition Warrant.

LONDON, July 16.—An American, giving his name as Leslie White Burdick, formerly connected with a bank and condensed milk concern at Gouverneur, N. Y., was arrested here today on an extradition warrant granted in the United States, charging embezzlement and fraud. At a hearing in the Bow Street Police Court the defendant was remanded to Brixton Prison until Wednesday. The details of the charge were not stated.

The Scotland Yard detective who arrested Burdick at his office in Great Russell Street yesterday said that when the warrant was read the prisoner said: "I thought that matter was finished with."

Recently Burdick had been conducting a small export brokerage business and had a provisional agency for a California canning company. He had been here eighteen months. The alleged offense is said to have been committed about 1909. Burdick, who formerly was employed in a New York bank, is an alumnus of Lafayette College.

WATERTOWN, July 16.—Leslie White Burdick, formerly of Gouverneur, N. Y., arrested in London, was formerly President of the First National Bank of Gouverneur and Secretary and Treasurer of the Aurora Milk Company of Canton, N. Y. The Aurora company went into bankruptcy about three years ago, and Mr. Burdick left Gouverneur about one year later.

It is understood that five indictments have been found against him, four charging embezzlement in connection with the Aurora company's failure and one for some transaction in New Jersey. All are Federal Court indictments.

ADRIANOPLE CUT OFF.

Turkish Commandant Supposed to be Responsible—Greeks Delay.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15 (Associated Press).—Adrianople is still unoccupied by the Greeks, who are reported to have delayed their westward movement for a week.

Telegraphic, telephonic and mail communication between Adrianople and Constantinople has ceased, Colonel Jafar Tayar, Turkish Commandant at Adrianople, presumably having cut the lines. Train service also is being hindered.

HUNGARIAN MILITARISTS PLANNED A POGROM

Expected Charles to Appear After Its Execution—Bela Kun Sent to Russia.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, July 16.—According to documents published today in the Swiss press, the Hungarian Military Party in co-operation with the German General von Lüttwitz, recently planned a military pogrom throughout Hungary for any day after July 4 that might prove suitable. The plot, which had been very carefully arranged, was discovered by the Allied missions in Budapest, and it was owing to this discovery that the Hungarian Government resigned.

The arrangement was that ex-King Charles, who still lives at Prangins, near Geneva, should arrive after the military coup had succeeded. Many Hungarian politicians and officers have been visiting Charles lately, but he denies all knowledge of the Hungarian Militarists' plans.

VIENNA, July 16 (Associated Press).—Bela Kun, former dictator of Hungary, and all the Communists whose extradition has been demanded by Hungary, left Vienna last night for Russia, by way of Germany, in a prisoners' convoy.

A Vienna dispatch of March 31 reported that the Russian Soviet Government, through Vietor Kopp, its representative in Berlin, had formally offered Bela Kun and other interned Communists safe conduct through Germany to Russia. Shelter was promised to Communists when they reached Russia, the dispatch added.

BURN COURT HOUSES TO STOP IRISH TRIAL

Sinn Fein Sympathizers in Donegal Prevent Hearing of O'Doherty Case.

TWO SHOOTING AFFRAYS

Police and Civilians Exchange Shots Resulting in Death of Policeman and Wounding of Civilian.

BELFAST, July 16.—The Buncrana Court House, County Donegal, where the case of Joseph O'Doherty, Sinn Fein Member of Parliament, on the charge of soliciting subscriptions for the Irish Republican Parliament was to be heard, was burned this morning. The court house at Burnfoot, which was originally selected for the proceedings, also was burned in the morning hours.

The authorities are now reported in a quandary as to where the trial shall be held, as no Donegal court house seems safe.

The District Council of Moira, in the Ulster County of Down, today rejected the appeal of the Larkin Release Committee that it join in efforts to obtain the release of James Larkin, head of the Transport Workers' Union, who recently was convicted in the United States of criminal anarchy and sentenced to from five to ten years' imprisonment.

The Council passed a resolution declaring that Larkin's conviction was just and righteous and the sentence no more severe than his conduct earned him. A copy of the resolution will be sent to the United States Government.

DUBLIN, July 16.—A number of police and military making arrests at Ballylanders, Limerick, today were fired on by a party of men, some of whom were concealed in houses. The fire was returned and one civilian was wounded. Seven men were arrested and a large quantity of arms and ammunition was seized.

A police patrol was ambushed near Lanesborough on Wednesday, one officer being killed instantly by the first volley. His companion, who was wounded, returned the fire of his assailants until his ammunition was exhausted, using the body of his dead comrade as a breastwork.

The Westmeath County Council has ordered all court houses in the county closed and Government officials evicted. It has directed the Irish Republican Army to prevent Magistrates and other Government officers entering these buildings in future, asserting that the Sinn Fein courts have superseded these functionaries.

DE VALERA FOR NEW PARTY.

Sinn Fein Leader Pleased with Platform Declaration on Ireland.

The newly formed third party is the one that has the aspirations of all Sinn Feiners at heart, according to Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," who got back to the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, after having failed to persuade the Republican and Democratic conventions to do what the third party did—put in a strong plank for a free Ireland.

"I do not know," said Mr. de Valera, "that any comment of mine is necessary. The people know the purpose which took me to the conventions, they know exactly what I sought there and they know what the results have been."

It was suggested that he had hardly got what he had been after, and he replied, "That is so." He was asked whether he was satisfied with the action of the third party.

"Perfectly. The third party has unambiguously adopted recognition of the elected Government of the Republic of Ireland by the Government of the United States as the official policy of the party. More, they have pledged themselves to put an embargo on munitions intended to be used against the people of Ireland in their rightful struggle for freedom."

The "President" remarked that "it is not for me to suggest how they should vote," in comment called forth by a question whether those of Irish blood should not vote the third party ticket.

Find Huge Petrified Fish in Utah.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 15.—A petrified fish, about fifty feet long, has been discovered incased in the rocks in Garfield County, Utah, about seventy miles east of Panguitch, by Sheriff James Goulding of Garfield County and T. W. Smith of Salt Lake, who have been prospecting in that section. Four years ago near the same spot the fossil remains of a giant lizard were found. Goulding and Smith have offered their find to the University of Utah.

HEART SEIZURES AGAIN MENACE EX-KAISERIN

Physicians Fear Death at Any Hour After Series of Attacks.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—According to a reliable report which has just reached me from the former Kaiser's immediate entourage, the former Kaiserin again is seriously ill, having had several bad heart seizures in the last few days.

Her physicians are seriously alarmed and fear the end at any hour. The former Kaiserin's chronic heart trouble is such that a sudden attack may cause her death, especially since her health is otherwise seriously impaired. As on other occasions, the report will probably be denied if the patient recovers.

GERMAN Y. M. C. A. MISSING.

Americans and British Express Regret for Absence at Geneva.

Special to The New York Times.

GENEVA, July 16.—The World Y. M. C. A. Congress held in Geneva this week is just concluded. All countries affiliated with the Y. M. C. A. were represented except Germany. The Germans were invited on the same footing as the other nations, but declined the invitation, remarking that they thought the time not ripe for their attending such gatherings.

J. C. Mariling, Chairman of the New York Chamber of Commerce, who with Dr. J. R. Mott represented the United States, regretted Germany's absence, and Lord Askwith, one of the British delegates, agreed with Mr. Mariling. Possibly the extremely low value of German money in Switzerland may have helped deter Germany from sending delegates, for Germans must now spend fully 300 marks daily to live in Switzerland.

An American offered to pay the German delegates' expenses, but this offer also was declined on the ground that to accept it would be undignified.

"WORSE THAN YONKERS."

Soldier's Parting Shot—In Will—Is Reserved for San Antonio.

In his will, dated in August of 1918, and offered, in the form of a letter, for probate here yesterday, Leo B. Hickey, a soldier in the camp at San Antonio at the time, expressed this view of the Texan border town:

"This is sure some burg; it is worse than Philadelphia or Yonkers ever was. There are about 190,000 people here and 200,000 soldiers. Every time a storekeeper sees a soldier coming into his store he doubles his price, and if you are not a Southerner you are not recognized by these long horners, as the Northern boys call them."

After referring to personal matters the letter says that if anything happens to him it is his desire that his $10,000 army insurance be paid to his sister Anna, who lives with her uncle at 501 West 135th Street.

ASSAIL SWISS LOAN TERMS.

Socialists Demand Parliament Call to Discuss Borrowing Here.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, July 16.—The loan just raised by Switzerland in the United States to meet part of the enormous Swiss deficit, including the cost of mobilization, which at the end of 1919 amounted to 1,359,600,000 francs, is causing a political controversy, chiefly because many persons consider the rate of interest and other conditions onerous. The Socialist Party is demanding a special meeting of Parliament to discuss the loan.

The Finance Minister defends the loan on the ground of the country's urgent need of money, and says that Switzerland could not have raised a loan elsewhere on easier terms. Moreover, the United States will lend only a certain amount, it is pointed out, and Switzerland is by no means the only applicant for a loan from the country. If Switzerland had waited longer, it is declared, she would have been embarrassed.

BOY SCOUTS REACH ENGLAND

American Contingent Met by Cheers and Music at Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., July 16.—American Boy Scouts to the number of 350, all of them in a happy mood, landed from the American transport Pocahontas this afternoon to attend the first international conference of Scout executives, to be held in London, July 25-30.

The American Scouts were met by a detachment of British Boy Scouts with cheering and music. The Americans responded in kind. After their greeting the boys started for London on a special train.

Brazilian Dreadnought Coming Here

RIO JANEIRO, July 15.—The Brazilian dreadnought Minas Geraes sailed today for the United States. The warship will undergo extensive repairs at the New York Navy Yard.

DUTCH ANXIOUS ABOUT COAL.

Fear That Spa Agreement May Affect Their Supply from Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—The Dutch Government is beginning to be anxious lest, in view of her engagements to the Allies, Germany may be unable to fulfill the contract for the monthly delivery of coal in exchange for foodstuffs concluded in the course of the recent credit negotiations between Holland and Germany. The negotiations for a Dutch credit of 200,000,000 guilders, which were begun ten months ago and often broken off or suspended, were resumed a few weeks ago and then rushed to a conclusion. Sanction was given by Parliament the week before the Spa Conference assembled.

In Governmental circles here the opinion was freely expressed that it would be better to postpone action until after the Spa Conference. The Foreign Minister stated at the time, however, that the agreement had been reached only after consultation with the Reparation Commission in Paris. The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant's correspondent at Spa now remarks on the amazement caused abroad by the hasty conclusion of the negotiations. The Dutch press, however, maintains that Germany can certainly deliver coal as long as she holds Silesia and declares that Germany would have no right to break the contract even if she no longer needed Holland's help in the matter of foodstuffs. It is asserted that the 80,000 tons of coal promised for monthly delivery to Holland is not more in quantity than the difference in production between three good and the same number of unproductive days in the Ruhr district.

Except for the small output of coal in Dutch Limburg and occasional American shipments, Holland is entirely dependent upon Germany for coal.

BOLIVIA MUST WAIT FOR RECOGNITION

State Department First Seeks to Learn Aims of the New Government.

MATERIALS FOR WAR THERE

Chile Known to be Strong on Land and Sea and It Is Not Expected Neighbors Will Try Attack.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The question of recognition of the new Government which has just come into control in Bolivia as the result of a bloodless revolution is one on which the State Department has not yet formed an opinion.

It was indicated by officials today that no action would be taken by this Government until it had complete information as to the motives and causes of the revolution and the intentions of the new Government. Up to the present time the State Department has nothing more than the bare facts revealing that the revolution is an accomplished fact, that the former President and other prominent officials had been permitted to leave the country, and that a "junta gobierno," consisting of Bautista Savedra, Dr. José M. Escalier and José M. Ramirez, is in control.

It is believed that Mr. Maginnis, this country's Minister to Bolivia, will remain at his post pending decision as to recognition of the revolutionary Government.

In regard to the calling out of reserves in the northern provinces of Chile, it was asserted by officials at the Chilean Embassy here today, following the receipt of advices from the Foreign Office, that this was nothing more than a precautionary move on the part of Chile, made necessary because Chile was not cognizant of the meaning and intention of the revolutionary movement in Bolivia. It was added, however, that Chile did not consider the situation as serious. On the contrary, it was said, everything was peaceful, there was no excitement in Chile, and it is the belief of the Chilean Government that the whole affair will be settled entirely by peaceful means.

The resignation of the Bolivian Minister here, Señor Ignacio Calderon, which did not become known generally in diplomatic and official circles here until today, caused great surprise and was the subject of much comment.

While it is not generally believed in well-informed circles that there will be war in South America in which Chile, Peru and Bolivia would be the active participants, with some other countries possibly drawn in as sympathizers, still it was admitted today that the material is there which might break out into fire if the spark were thrown in. It is not believed that either of her neighbors will attempt to draw Chile into war, because they realize that she is well prepared to meet any hostile advances.

Chile has a strong navy, which has recently been strengthened by the addition of several battleships, destroyers and submarines. Besides, Chile has a well-trained army and every citizen of military age has seen service. All these facts are well known by Bolivia, so that it is not believed that in her effort to obtain a seaport on the Pacific through Chilean territory, which is the fundamental cause of the revolution which has just taken place in Bolivia, the latter country will take any steps to force Chile actually to resort to arms.

SANTIAGO, July 16.—The Foreign Office today sent a circular to its legations abroad stating that in view of the Bolivian revolution the Government considered it necessary to adopt measures of security and to guard its frontiers with Peru and Polivia. The circular adds that it is the desire of Chile to maintain peace and to procure a solution of difficulties under strict observance of treaties, without foreign pressure.

Advices from Arica today say that former President Gutierez Guerria of Bolivia and those reported with him received an ovation on their arrival at Arica. A great crowd escorted the former President to the home of a prominent Bolivian, where he spoke from a balcony, thanking his "brother people for their hospitality in moments of adversity for overthrown functionaries."

The Chilean Government decree calling the reserves into training was modified today to include the classes of 1913 and 1914 in the northern provinces specified in the original call to the colors. It was announced that the Government would recall officers discharging military missions abroad.

LIMA, Peru, July 15.—The Santiago dispatches reporting the concentration of four Chilean regiments on the northern frontier of Chile have occasioned no excitement here. The Chilean action is characterized by the newspaper Comercio as "an internal political manoeuvre designed mainly to calm the passions aroused by the Chilean Presidential controversy and disguise the complete breakdown of the Chilean diplomatic schemes in the north."

Private advices from La Paz today declare that the situation there has become completely normal. The banks and business houses reopened on Wednesday.

BUENOS AIRES, July 16.—Reports concerning the revolution in Bolivia, sifting through from the Bolivian border, say that in fighting between revolutionists and Bolivian troops at Sucre eight persons were killed. The revolutionists were the victors, the reports state.

BRANDEIS REFUSES OFFICE.

Declines to Serve on Executive Committee of Zionist Conference.

LONDON, July 15.—The work of the Zionist World Conference here has been virtually suspended because of the difficulty the leaders are experiencing in creating a new executive committee. The situation is considerably aggravated by the refusal of Associate Justice Louis D. Brandeis, head of the American Zionist delegation, to accept any office.

Sir Alfred Mond, whose services on the committee were desired, also finds himself unable to accept office because the British Premier will not release him from his duties with the British Cabinet.

The Zionist conference will not meet again in regular session until next Monday.

STOLE NEWSPAPERS; GETS 13 TO 36 MONTHS

Michael Lime, 24, Is Sentenced—Imprisonment to be Penalty for All Similar Offenses.

Michael Lime, 24 years old, of 3 Chatham Square, was sentenced by Justices Murphy, Herrman and Salmon in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday to the New York City Penitentiary for thirteen months to three years, following his conviction of the theft of three dollars' worth of newspapers from in front of the store of Jacob Finkelstein, 102 East 103d Street. The Justices remarked that they would send to prison all defendants convicted of stealing newspapers.

On the morning of July 1, Patrolman William Ford, of the West 100th Street Station, was at Ninety-ninth Street and Columbus Avenue when he noticed Lime with a bundle of papers under his arm. Lime acted in a suspicious manner. The patrolman is acquainted with all the newsdealers on his beat, but he could not recall having seen Lime before. He questioned Lime, who, according to the policeman, finally admitted taking the papers from in front of Finkelstein's store.

The Justices were informed by Probation Officer Swann, who investigated the case, that the publishers of newspapers were interested in cases of this k

A snowy Breakfast-table—a bowl of fruit—Knickerbocker Iced

A good way to start any summer day: Set the table on the porch or close to the window—where the flower boxes are a-bloom. Line your prettiest bowl with green leaves. Put in cracked Knickerbocker Ice, then oranges and bananas, interspersed with crystal-clear Knickerbocker Ice—top with cherries.

Knickerbocker Ice is made from fourtimes filtered water and is as pure as the fruits in their protecting skins.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

AMBERT EST. 1896 "BETTER ADVICE TO MEN"

CLEARANCE SALE

EXTREME REDUCTIONS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Clothing, Shoes, Haberdashery.

Stores Open Saturdays Until 3 P. M.

AMBERT

254 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts
39 CORTLANDT Bet. 6th & 9th Avs. 'L' and New Haven. Conn.
124 NASSAU ST.

At Ease

Lounging and loafing, dreaming or doing, SUPERIORS adapt themselves to every tilt and twist of the body. There's no straining at the shoulders; no bunching or gathering at the seat; no "parting at the ways" or seams with

Superior THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

That's because Superior destruction is prevented by Superior construction. Superior fabrics, superior sewing, superior workmanship throughout.

He's a "better" dealer if he sells SUPERIORS.

Ask any Bookseller for LEE WILSON DODD'S Book of Susan and make sure of a week-end of real joy

Price, $2.00.

Quality First Boston Garter Velvet Grip

Chicks 12 cents each and up. Rocks Leghorns, Reds, and broilers. Money back for dead ones. Pamphlet free. VALLEY VIEW POULTRY FARM McAlisterville, Pa

BURGLARS SO NOISY NO ONE COULD SLEEP

Tenants Next to Silversmiths Thought Emergency Repairs Were Being Made.

TWO FIRMS LOST $7,000

Details of Three Robberies More Than a Week Ago Withheld by the Police.

Thieves who robbed two safes in the offices of Fred Van Ness and G. A. Bernheimer & Co., at 240 West Twenty-seventh Street a week ago yesterday morning made so much noise that people in an adjoining tenement thought emergency repairs were being made. One woman said hammering continued so long that she was tempted to telephone the police to order the "workmen" to stop until daylight. Details of the robberies, withheld by the police, became known yesterday in the arraignment of a suspect before Magistrate Marsh in the Jefferson Market Court. The man was discharged for lack of evidence.

Van Ness, who makes gold and silver filigree for canes and umbrellas lost $4,000 in cash and about $1,000 worth of gold and silver leaf. The Bernheimer Company, engaged in a similar business, reported the theft of $2,000 in Liberty bonds. In both offices, which are on the second floor of the building, the thieves left three pairs of gloves.

Van Ness's office faces the street. The safe is visible from the sidewalk. The Bernheimer Company occupies rooms in the rear.

"The robbery was discovered by one of my employes who came to work a few minutes ahead of me," Mr. Van Ness said. "The trio of thieves, for the presence of the gloves indicated to me that there were three men, used the 'can-opener' method. One man evidently worked from the top, as several books and ledgers had been removed to a table, while his companions busied themselves in front of and below the door. They must have used a great deal of muscle in prying loose the outer plate, which was held fast by rivets an inch apart.

"Maybe if some of my own tools had not been lying around the burglars would have had much more trouble in opening the door. They 'borrowed' such as they needed and left them with their own tools when they departed."

G. A. Bernheimer told a similar story. He said a complete set of burglar tools was left. Although the police were notified immediately no arrests were made.

It is believed the same band were responsible for the theft of $2,200 in cash from a safe in the office of Samuel E. Zeientz, at 116 East Sixteenth Street, which was opened the same night. Mr. Zeients also found two pairs of gloves and a set of burglar tools. The robbers removed the safe to the rear of the building before they commenced operations.

Charged with complicity in robberies in which more than $50,000 worth of silks and clothing were stolen during two weeks, Arthur Dellabovi, 32 years old, a chauffeur, and his wife, Jennie, living at 42 Kenmare Street, and James Delli, 29, of 132 Mulberry Street, were held yesterday by Magistrate Marsh in the Jefferson Market Court to await the action of the Grand Jury. Dellabovi and Delli were held in $7,500 bail each and Mrs. Dellabovi in $5,000 bail.

The specific complaint was made by David Hirshon and Louis Marcus, whose loft at 44 West Thirtieth Street was robbed of goods valued at $6,000 last Wednesday.

Detectives Fiachetti, Capani and Tregza raided a three-room apartment at 42 Kenmare Street Thursday night and found, they said, more than $20,000 worth of goods. The Dellabovis and Delli were present, according to the detectives. Firms which had reported thefts appeared yesterday to identify their property. Abraham Seidman, with offices at 121 First Avenue and 177 Spring Street, S. Gold and Sons, 90 Fifth Avenue, and the Bond Trouser Company of 84-90 Fifth Avenue claimed part of the seized goods.

PERJURY HEARING DEFERRED

Magistrate Corrigan Determines to Conduct Detectives' Quiz Himself.

Asserting that he alone would hear the cases of the two detectives and a patrolman whose arrest he directed on charges of perjury on Monday, Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in West Side Court yesterday set July 27 as the date of a hearing into the cases of Detectives Harry McArdle, his partner, James Mohan, attached to Inspector Boettler's staff, and Policeman Mortimer Sullivan of the West Forty-seventh Street station.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Joseph Reihill appeared in behalf of the policemen, and sought an adjournment until Monday, when Magistrate Corrigan starts his vacation. The Magistrate, however, declared he was determined to hear the case himself, as he had made up his mind to send the defendants' cases to the Grand Jury.

The bail of the three policemen was continued. The charges against them were made by Magistrate Corrigan during a hearing in the case of Edward Cassidy, manager of the Globe Taxicab Company, arrested by the detectives last Sunday on a charge of disorderly conduct following a row in a saloon in West Fifty-third Street.

FOR SPANISH HOSPITAL HERE

Mrs. de Navarro Leaves Bulk of Estate to Aid Needy People.

The will of Mrs. Luisa de Navarro of 251 West Forty-fourth Street, who died July 8 at Melrose, Mass., and was the widow of Juan N. de Navarro, who left her a fortune, gives the bulk of her estate to establish a hospital here for needy Spanish-speaking peoples. She divided her residuary estate into 100 shares, and left 78 of the shares to William X. Leon in trust for this purpose, and suggests that five trustees be named to co-operate with Mr. Leon.

Mrs. de Navarro left one share each for the work for blind and the work for deaf and dumb in Mexico City. Three shares were left to Los Madres de San José de la Montana and the remainder to friends. She gave $5,000 each to sons and daughters and $10,000 each to her nephew, Henry Alden Tileston, and his wife. Margaret McKenna, a maid, gets $3,000, and Alice Rogers, for faithful services, receives $5,000 and a share of the residue. The Church of the Holy Cross, in West Forty-second Street, gets $4,000.

WIFE SUES CHURCH LEADER.

Mrs. M. C. Allaben Asks Divorce from Presbyterian School Head.

Marshall Chamion Allaben, Superintendent of schools of the Women's Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Nancy Clarke Allaben for a divorce on the ground of misconduct in Milton, N. J., Allentown, Pa., and elsewhere. The couple were married in 1901 at the Little Church Around the Corner and have a son, Marshall C. Allaben, Jr., who is flitching at Andover.

By agreement between the parties Supreme Court Justice Mullan signed an order directing Allaben to pay his wife $200 a month and to pay off loans for which he has deposited, as collateral, securities owned by his wife. He is also directed to pay the premiums on $25,000 insurance of which his wife is beneficiary. Allaben gets $5,000 a year salary. They lived at the Colborne in Washington Place.

MEMPHIS GETS FIREMEN FROM OTHER CITIES

Borrows Experienced Men to Aid Volunteers—Striking Firemen Arrested.

MEMPHIS Tenn., July 16.—Two former city firemen were arrested today on a charge of having attacked a volunteer fireman who had been on duty since yesterday, when the city's regular fire department as members of the Fire Fighters' Union resigned. Charged with turning in a false alarm, another former fireman, with two companions, also was taken into custody.

No fires of importance occurred today. Citizens who volunteered for duty were stationed at engine houses throughout the city. Seven members of the Nashville Fire Department, under the direction of their chief, arrived today for temporary duty here. Others from Nashville, as well as experienced fire fighters from Knoxville and Cincinnati, city officials said, would be here soon to offer their services.

More than seventy-five experienced men living in Memphis, according to city authorities, have applied for places in the fire department, which is being reorganized. City officials today declared that all men who resigned would be barred from the reorganized department.

Louis Gati, proprietor of a small store, was bound over to the Grand Jury today on a charge of arson. Police charge that oil soaked excelsior was found by volunteer firemen during a fire at the Gati store.

7 HURT IN CITY BUS CRASH.

Hits Telegraph Pole Going Down a Hill on Staten Island.

A municipal bus, operating between Port Richmond and Concord, Staten Island, left the roadway yesterday while descending a grade on Grove Road to Hooker Street, Concord, and crashed into a telegraph pole. Seven passengers were taken to the Staten Island Hospital at New Brighton, but all except a man named Barnum went home after receiving treatment.

The bus was owned and driven by Abraham Fay, 25 years old, of 262 East Second Street, Manhattan. The steering gear was said to have become unmanageable as the car was descending the grade and, before the macnine could be stopped, it had crashed into the pole.

THINKS A REPUBLIC IS FOOD.

Italian Candidate for Naturalization Rejected by Justice Giegerich.

When an Italian candidate for naturalization appeared before Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court yesterday to take the oath the court asked him what a republic is. When he replied that he didn't know Justice Giegerich said,

"Is it something to eat?"

"Yes," replied the candidate.

"Step aside," said the court. "I hardly think you will do as a citizen of this great Republic."

WEEK COMPANY CLAIMS LOSS

Defense Heard of Buffalo Clothiers at Profiteering Trials.

Special to The New York Times.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., July 16.—Evidence to support the contention of the C. A. Week Company, Buffalo clothiers, on trial for violation of the Lever Act, that it lost money on about half the sales mentioned in the twenty-one counts against it, was admitted today.

In computing this loss the company claimed the right to include prevailing market values at the time of sale and an overhead expense charge of fifty-eight per cent. It contended that profits should be figured on total sales for the year and that, while some items might show large profits, others were sold at little or no profit.

FAITH IN THE GAS METER.

900,000 in Manhattan and Bronx, and Only 190 Complaints in June.

Many things are taken by the average citizen on faith, but to few things is accorded so full a measure of faith as the gas meter. This is shown by the fact that though there are more than 900,000 gas meters in use in Manhattan and the Bronx, in the month of June only 190 meters were the subject of complaint to the Public Service Commission. Of that number, 142 were found to be registering correctly and in consequence the consumer had to pay for the testing.

Before a meter is put in its correctness is established by the manufacturer, then by the gas company and finally tested and sealed by the Public Service Commission. It is claimed for the meter that it is more accurate than a watch and its mechanism is simpler.

HE NEEDED A FAT MAN.

Hospital Superintendent Finds Cause of Vague Criticisms.

A discerning hospital superintendent has discovered that he needs fat men at the information desk and switchboard to help make things run smoothly in the institution over which he holds sway, according to The Modern Hospital.

"I am looking for a fat man," said he, "and I am having trouble to find him. I want him for the information desk and I want him quickly."

The superintendent then went on to explain that some time ago he determined to find the cause for the rather constant criticism of his institution, criticism that seemed wholly unwarranted. He was certain, he said, that the medical work was of high grade, that his nurses were well trained, and that the food and service were satisfactory. In spite of this, there seemed to be a tendency among the public for uncomplimentary observation. This tendency, or as the superintendent put it, the habit of finding fault was difficult to analyze. It was all the more difficult because the criticisms were vague; they evaded analysis.

A painstaking process of elimination, and a follow-up, or rather a follow-down, of the comments revealed the source of the trouble. It was at the very entrance of the hospital, at the information desk.

"The quick, nervous types," said the superintendent, "that I had at the switchboard and the entrance I had thought very efficient. I supposed I thought so because they were quick, but I was wrong. They didn't stand the strain well, they did not lend themselves to the other man's point of view. To them a visitor was an intruder. And now I'm going to have a big good-natured man, two if necessary, men who will wear well, who can smile, and who will make people good-natured in spite of themselves. It takes a fat man to do that."

"If the superintendent is right," adds the writer, "we need fat men. The information clerk of any hospital is the first place and the last place for good nature. To this desk come the anxious friends and the worried relatives.

"To the switchboard come the inquiries and the urgent messages in endless number. Through the door come policemen, reporters, business men, and laborers, the rich and the poor, those that speak English and those who do not. All these people receive a lasting impression of the hospital at its very doors. Many of these receive their last impression there. The information desk has much to do with the reputation of any hospital. Good nature is an overlooked asset in many hospitals—at least at the important entrance corridors."

ITALIAN'S ENEMY HELD AS SLAYER

Police Say "Jerry the Wolf" Had Sworn Vengeance Against Graziano.

ACCOMPLICES ARE SOUGHT

Only Clues Are Two Shotguns Found in Guitar Case Near Scene of Murder.

Jerry Ruberto, alias Jerry the Wolf, was arrested last night in connection with the murder of Alfredo Gaziano, a twenty-two-year-old Italian and ex-convict, sometimes known as Mike McCarthy, who was shot and killed in front of a restaurant at 87 Kenmare Street early yesterday morning, five bullets from a shotgun entering his body.

According to Detective-Sergeant Michael Fiaschetti of the Italian Squad, Ruberto and Graziano had been bitter enemies since a row in the Kenmare Street restaurant two weeks ago. On that occasion Graziano, a smaller man, bested Ruberto by smashing a bottle over his head. Ruberto threatened to get even, the detective said.

Ruberto was arrested on June 28 for firing a pistol at an unknown man from a taxicab in Surf Avenue, Coney Island, and was released on $1,000 bail, the police say.

Following an examination of witnesses at the District Attorney's office yesterday afternoon, Pasquale de Frima, of 227 West Seventeenth Street, was held as a material witness, together with Giuseppe Alfano of 257 Elizabeth Street, proprietor of the restaurant.

Assistant District Attorney John F. Joyce, who conducted the investigation, said last night that Graziano had been arrested several times on different charges and had served a prison term. Detectives were unable to learn what occupation, if any, the man had.

Graziano's slayer left two shotguns, which had been carried to the scene in a guitar case. Two barrels of one gun had been emptied; the other gun was found loaded in a basement near the restaurant.

Graziano, with Miss Kitty Flynn, a cabaret singer of 156 West Ninety-fourth Street, and De Frima were seated in the restaurant early yesterday morning when a waiter told the young Italian some one outside wished to speak to him. Graziano went out and presently, Miss Flynn told the police, she heard a shot. She found Graziano dying on the sidewalk. Assisted by De Frima, she placed him in a limousine and drove to Bellevue Hospital, where physicians pronounced him dead.

A woman known as "Buster" left the restaurant before Graziano went out to his death, Miss Flynn said, and at the inquiry yesterday it developed that four men who had been seated near Graziano left the place just before he met his death.

WINS NAME AFTER 36 YEARS.

Illinois Man Goes to Court to Establish Parents' Identity.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—For thirty-six years "Robert Edwards" had been deprived of his family name and suffered in silence "for fear of creating a scandal," but several days ago, when members of his family upraided him for attending the funeral of his father, he decided to act. Today he appeared in the Superior Court and asked permission to assume his rightful name.

He entered the court as "Robert Edwards" and emerged as Robert Edward Ridgely, one of the Ridgelys of Springfield, Ill.

He told the court how in 1883 Edward Ridgely, brother of William Barrett Ridgely, Controller of the Currency under Roosevelt, eloped to Little Rock with Miss Fannie Clark. When a child was born in 1884 nothing was said about it, nor was any mention of a child made four months after the birth, when the family learned of the elopement and insisted upon another marriage, which took place in Springfield.

As young Ridgely grew up he was sent to schools in the East by his father, who explained that the boy was the son of "Edwards," an old friend, so the boy graduated from Cornell as "Robert Edwards."

The secret of his birth came out, so far as the family was concerned, in the contest over the $5,000,000 estate left by Charles Ridgely. Recently Edward Ridgeley died and "Edwards" attended the funeral. He was upbraided by an aunt who had never accepted him and then he determined to get his own name. He is a salesman for an implement manufacturing firm of Escanaba, Mich.

KANSAS AS HEALTH RESORT.

Deaths from Typhoid, Heart Isease and Tuberculosis Far Below Average

Kansas can lay claim to the title "health resort," according to health figures made public for 1919. Dr. S. J. Crumbine, Secretary of the State Board of Health, took the health figures for last year and made some interesting comparisons with the records of the Government's registration area, covering thos States where the death reports are regarded as absolutely accurate.

Improved sanitary conditions, anti-typhoid vaccination, says The Modern Hospital, and the vigorous preaching of common sense health rules to young mothers through the Child Hygiene Bureau are given credit for the slumps in the typhoid and enteritis death rates.

The Kansas death rate from tuberculosis, heart disease Bright's disease and even cancer is below that of the registration area by a considerable margin and has been for several years. The rate is figured on deaths to every hundred thousand of the population, and Kansas reports 112.4 for organic heart disease while the area reported 153.4. On tuberculosis Kansas showed a rate of 58.6, while the registration area reported 146.4.

For years Kansas was lagging behind the other States in the fight on typhoid fever. In 1917 the Kansas death rate was 19.2, while the registration area was 13.4. But last year the Kansas rate dropped to 7.7.

"Army training, typhoid vaccination, and a better general understanding of the necessity of sanitary conditions were the big factors in cutting down the typhoid," said Dr. Crumbine. "For years the typhoid death rate in Kansas was really somewhat of a disgrace. It seemed as if we just couldn't cut it down.

"The enteritis deaths, among infants less than two years old, always had been high, but that condition prevailed over the entire country. Kansas was no exception. The number of deaths of infants from this cause has been almost cut in two in the last two years."

Eight Taken in Opium Raid.

Eight Chinese were arrested and two opium pipes and about $30 worth of opium were seized in a raid early this morning on a chop suey restaurant in Fifty-fourth Street near Third Avenue by Detectives William Turk and Ferdinand Popinka of Headquarters Division. In the rear of the restaurant two Chinese were found lying on bunks smoking opium pipes. Six other Chinese were standing around. They were all taken to the West Fifty-first Street Station.

HELD IN GIRL MURDER CASE.

Dunton Man's Arrest Revives 18-Month-Old Mystery.

Following the arrest early yesterday morning of Cornelius O'Brien, 38 years old of 962 Chichester Avenue, Dunton, the Richmond Hill police have renewed their attempts to solve the murder of Marie Riddell, 18 years old, in a vacant lot near her home on Briggs Avenue, Glen Morris, on the evening of Jan. 15, 1919. The body was not discovered until the following morning, although the murder was committed only 150 feet from the girl's home.

O'Brien, with his clothing in tatters and his person unkempt, was found wandering in a vacant lot not far from the one in which Miss Riddell's body was discovered. Mounted Patrolman Otto Siedentopf, who took the man to a police booth to question him, said his prisoner attacked him and was subdued only after a hard battle.

The prisoner could not explain what he was doing in Glen Morris at 1:30 yesterday morning, say the police. Patrolman Siedentopf says he resembles a man he saw about a week ago walking past the lot in which Miss Riddell's body was found, at about the hour she was murdered. Magistrate Doyle in the Jamaica Police Court held O'Brien without bail until Monday on a charge of disorderly conduct.

WOULD TRY AUTO SLAYERS.

Jersey Prosecutor to Urge Early Transfer of New York Convicts.

Walter L. Hetfield, Prosecutor of Union County, N. J., announced yesterday that he expected to confer next Wednesday with Governor Smith on the Prosecutor's petition to have Charles Pershand, now in Sing Sing Prison, and Howard V. Lamble, a convict in Auburn Prison, released from the jurisdiction of this State so they can be taken to Union County to face a charge of murdering Arthur L. Kupfer and his sweetheart, Miss Edith L. Janny, on Aug. 22, 1918, while they were riding with the young couple in Kupfer's automobile.

The petition, Mr. Hetfield said, contained a résumé of the evidence in the case, including fingerprints of the convicts and fingerprints obtained from the auto on the night of the murders.

"There isn't the slightest doubt that the men committed the murders," said Mr. Hetfield, "Pershand having signed a confession to that effect and Lamble having admitted participation in the crime in statements to Chief Detective Galatian and in a letter which he sent to Pershand.

"I am anxious to place these men on trial as soon as possible, because the murder of the young couple was cold-blooded and absolutely uncalled for."

THINKS GEISSLER BIGAMIST.

Woman Believes Murderer-Suicide Deserted Her Five Years Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 16.—Bernard Geissler, the chauffeur who killed Mrs. Florence De Cordova, wife of his employer, and then committed suicide on Monday, may have been a bigamist, according to a letter to the police here.

Mrs. Henry Geisler of 99 Gerry Street, Brooklyn, wrote that she believed the chauffeur to be the man who deserted her five and a half years ago. She said her husband sometimes went by the name of Bernard, although she married him under the name of Henry Geisler, spelling it with one "s." She has a five-year-old son, to whom they gave the name of Bernard.

She gave a description of the man who deserted her, which tallied perfectly with that of the murderer and suicide. She adde that he was "a fancier of women."

Mrs. Geisler was not at her home at 99 Gerry Street, Brooklyn, last night.

TO SHIP JEWELS BY AIR.

Geneva, Paris and London Firms Adopt Speedy Delivery Service.

GENEVA, Switzerland, June 30.—Watches and jewelery are to be transported to Paris by a newly established aerial service, and from Paris to London by the present commercial air line, to avoid the troublesome delays of the present rail service.

A syndicate of the principal manufacturers has been formed at Chaux de Fonds, the seat of the industry, to handle the air shipments. It is expected that ten days will be saved by this method and the cost will be slight in proportion to the value of the freight.

Air shipments were decided upon largely because of American buyers' insistence upon prompt delivery.

CHAIRS FOR FACTORY HANDS.

Manufacturers Making Easier Work of Women Operators.

The use of chairs for factory workers, particularly women employes, is being urged by the Merchants' Association, which recently received a letter from the Bureau of Women in Industry of the New York Department of Labor requesting information concerning establishments in New York City that are providing seats for their employes.

One factory in the State has in use two arrangements designed to prevent fatigue and to increase production. One is a seat on a sliding track, used by workers operating froning machines; the other is a chair with a footrest, used in connection with a table having a false top, so that the work can be done standing or sitting.

Another factory has a chair for punch-press operators. The chair has an adjustable back and is attached to the machine. When not in use it swings under the machine out of the cleaner's way.

Many other firms have installed special seating arrangements for such operations as pressing, assembling and sorting, &c.

GLASS EYES WHILE YOU WAIT

Artists Make Them So the Pupils Dilate and Contract.

"Glass eyes while you wait" can now be obtained in London, says The London Daily Mail. Today ex-soldiers can sit for a perfectly copied eye, as a man sits for his portrait—and they can have eyes whose pupils dilate in the evening as a human eye does. The patient can sit beside an artist—for he is nothing else—who in less than an hour, with glass tubes and blowlamp, molds the complete eye—faithfully copying from the human model the exact color of the white, the small red veins and the delicate blends of color in the iris.

"There are thousands of men in London, particularly ex-soldiers," says the principal of one of the large studios in London, "who are wearing ill-matched and often very uncomfortable glass eyes simply because they do not know they can be made to order. I have made an eye in twenty minutes, but the average time is something under an hour."

Policeman Badly Injured by Auto.

Policeman Raymond Aches of the East 126th Street Station is in Harlem Hospital in a critical condition, suffering from a fractured left arm, contusions of the body and internal injuries, received early this morning when he was run down at Lexington Avenue and 125th Street by an automobile operated by Gabriel Guiglone, 18 years old, of 409 East 104th Street. Guiglone was locked up on a charge of felonious assault.

GIRL SUES MARRIED MAN.

Frieda Weber Asks $50,000 Damages from Generoso Pope.

Generoso Pope, secretary and treasurer of the Colonial Sand & Stone Company, who lives in New Jersey, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday by Frieda Weber for $50,000 damages. Miss Weber alleges that Mr. Pope, who has a wife and children, proposed marriage to her prior to May 19 last and told her that he would give her an engagement ring on May 20 and arrange the wedding several days later.

Miss Weber charges that Pope took her out on automobile rides on Long Island, pointed out a large plant as his property, and showed her an elaborate country place and agreed to buy one like it for her. She says that her mother discovered that Pope had been attentive to her and upon investigation found he was married. She says Pope replied that he was awaiting a divorce, which was false. She states that he has been trying to induce her to settle her claim against him for a small sum.

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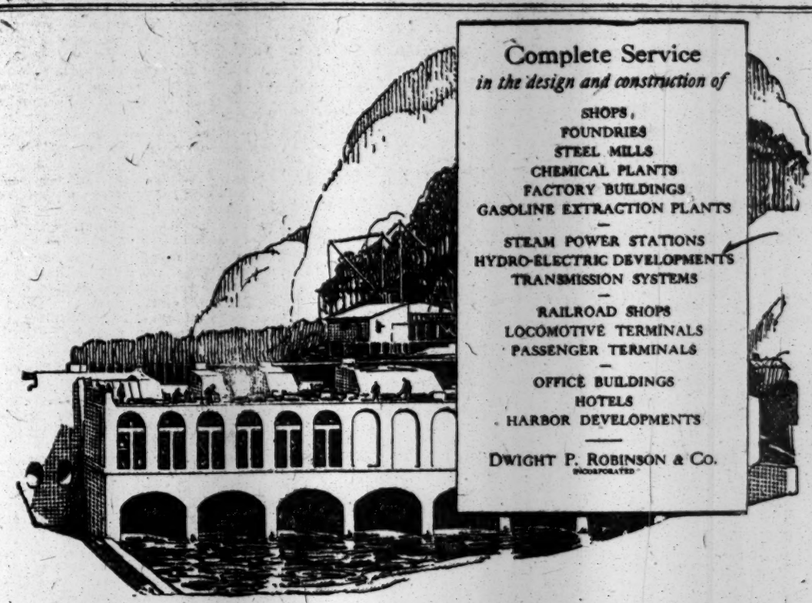

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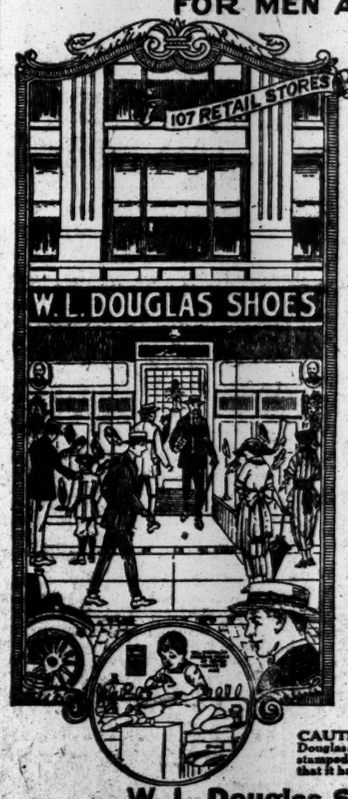

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W. L. Douglas $9.00 and $10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

W. L. Douglas shoes are for sale by over 9000 shoe dealers besides our own stores. If your local dealer cannot supply you, take no other make. Order direct from the factory. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes by mail, postage free.

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. The name and price is plainly stamped on the sole. Be careful to see that it has not been changed or mutilated.

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★3770 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts
347 Eighth Avenue.
★ 250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN.
★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
★ 478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
★ 859 Manhattan Avenue.
★ 429 Fulton Street.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
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★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women

Victoria Cross Wearers Honored.

The three hundred wearers of the Victoria Cross, representing all the recent British wars and the largest company of recipients of the most prized of all British military decoration, will be shown tomorrow (Sunday) in a reproduced photograph in The New York Times Roto-gravure Picture Section, entering the gates of Buckingham Palace for a garden party given in their honor by the British King and Queen.—Advt.

GONZALEZ TO FACE MILITARY COURT

President Says He Will Not Intervene for Leader Accused of Revolt.

HARSHER POLICY COMING IN

Alleged Draft of Revolutionary Plan Calls for a Clean Sweep of Obregon Officials.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 16.—The fate of General Pablo Gonzales, charged with rebellion, rests in the hands of the War Department. President de la Huerta will not interfere. Minister of War Calles will proceed according to war regulations.

President de la Huerta stated this afternoon that Cabinet Ministers had been picked because they were able men capable of handling an office with full liberty and full responsibility. He said he would not interfere in any cases of military officers arrested charged with rebellion, as General Calles was capable of handling the military situation.

The attack on Nuevo Laredo yesterday is believed to be due to a desire to provoke difficulties with the United States. The Government does not consider the situation there abnormal, as few rebels are in the field, not over five hundred, and can quickly be suppressed. It was thought better to have the revolt now than later so that the Government would know its supporters and enemies. Rumors of other small movements are unconfirmed. President de la Huerta and Minister of War Calles are both very confident and do not fear serious trouble.

Gonzalez is confined to jail at Monterey and watched by an armed guard day and night. The general opinion here is that Gonzalez will be executed until the President disapproves the finding of the military courts.

The leaders of the movement in the States of Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas are Carlos Osuna, Jesus Guajardo and Ricardo Gonzalez, all ex-Generals under command of Gonzalez when chief of the Carranza army.

General Hernandez, who revolted in Zacatecas, burning bridges on the Mexican Railway upon the approach of Federal troops, took to the hills. The garrison at San Andres Tuxtla, under the command of minor officials, revolted on Friday.

My impression is that the Government will show an iron hand in the next few days, as the present policy has had no effect. The officials are beginning to believe that only strong measures will dominate a number of officers who for years have been accustomed to act on their own free will. Possibly executions of rebels may be tried to calm the revolting fever.

MEXICO CITY, July 15 (Associated Press).—General Pablo Gonzalez, former candidate for the Presidency, and alleged leader of the abortive revolution in the State of Nuevo Leon, whose capture was reported today, will be placed on trial immediately, according to official announcement. The Government has appointed Generals Francisco Coss, of Saltillo, Enrique Estrada of Zacatecas and Joaquin Amaro of Torreon as members of the court, according to the newspaper Excelsior.

General Gonzalez's whereabouts were discovered last night, but he resisted arrest, claiming those who sought to apprehend him did not carry warrants for their action. The house where he was lodging was watched all night, officials in the meantime securing a warrant to take him into custody. One version of the incident states he was found hiding in the cellar of the house this morning.

A draft of a plan of revolution providing for the ousting of all governmental departments functioning at present was found in the pocket of General Carlos Garcia, chief of staff to General Pablo Gonzalez, according to a message from General M. Perez Treviño, chief of operations in Nuevo Leon, to General P. Elias Calles, Secretary of War, says the Heraldo. The project calls for the appointment of a new Provisional President by Congress when three-fourths of the States and Mexico City are controlled by the new régime. Frequent reference is made to the "Supreme Chief of the Revolution," but no name was mentioned in the draft it is said.

After declaring there could be no recognition of present Federal, State and municipal Governments, the alleged plan, says the Supreme Chief, will provisionally name Governors of the various States occupied by "the Liberal Revolutionary army," and that these Governors will name judicial officers and City Councils pending legal elections.

General Trevino is said to believe this plan was to be followed by all leaders opposing the present Government. He is also quoted as saying that he believes General José Santos, who has been reported arrested with General Pablo Gonzalez, is guiltless of rebellion, but is a victim of personal spite on the part of enemies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The Mexican Embassy gave out a statement today saying General Pablo Gonzales had been arrested at Monterey yesterday, together with General Carlos Garcia, who was General Gonzales's Chief of Staff. The Embassy did not make public the nature of the charges on which Gonzales and Garcia were arrested, but it is known that the offense charged involves disloyalty to the present Mexican Government.

Other Mexican Generals who are suspected of being implicated in movements directed against the De la Huerta Government will shortly be taken into custody, according to the officials of the Mexican Embassy. Included among those marked for early arrest are several prominent revolutionary leaders. Their names have not been disclosed, but it is believed that Ricardo Gonzales, a nephew of Pablo Gonzales, is one of them. Ricardo Gonzalez directed yesterday's unsuccessful attack on the border city of Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas. The garrison at Nuevo Laredo has been re-enforced by the arrival overland of a force of 150 men under Colonel Benavides, and the attacking force has retired for the present, the State Department was advised today by the American Consul at Nuevo Laredo.

Advices from the American Consul at Piedras Negras, Coahuila, stated that the Mexican authorities were moving southward the troops who were stationed at the border under the Carranza régime and were replacing them by Yaqui Indian forces. Two hundred Yaqui Indian troops have replaced General Morales and his forces at Piedras Negras. Morales and his command left on Wednesday night for Saltillo. Monclova and the coal fields there have been occupied by 1,200 Yaqui Indian troops under the command of GGeneral Martinez, with headquarters at Monterey.

A number of former Carranza officers are reported to have been arrested by the Mexican Federal authorities in the neighborhood of Eagle Pass and Del Rio, Texas, on the Mexican side of the border.

The Embassy reported improved conditions along the line of the Mexican National Railway between Nuevo Laredo and Mexico City, and late this afternoon announced that traffic over the lines had been resumed.

MILITARY CONTROL IN TAMPICO

Oil Companies Complain of Activities of Bolsheviki.

MEXICO CITY, July 15.—Managers of petroleum companies at Tampico have appealed to General Manuel Pelaez, Military Governor of the State of Tamaulipas, to prevent alleged Bolsheviki from forcibly hindering laborers from working. General Pelaez has placed the streets of Tampico under military control, according to Excelsior.

Golberto Valenzuela, Under Secretary of the Interior, is quoted by the same newspaper as saying Government officials knew of the arrival of three Bolsheviki in Mexico about a month ago, the men having entered the country by way of Nuevo Laredo. They went to Tampico and, it is said, are being watched by Government agents.

A train of petroleum tank cars has been blown up, presumably by rebels commanded by General Manuel C. Larraga, between Ebano and Chijol, in the State of Vera Cruz.

A petroleum steamer belonging to the Cortes Oil Corporation was destroyed at Tampico today. A sailor, whose name is given as Waster, was badly burned and threw himself overboard, according to a dispatch to Excelsior.

CABRERA IN NEW YORK.

Former Minister Said to be Directing Anti-Obregon Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—From a diplomatic source, THE TIMES is informed that Luis Cabrera, the former Carranza Finance Minister, is now in New York. Cabrera, it was stated, escaped from Mexico disguised as a laborer and crossed the border near Brownsville, Texas. He is said to have gone to New York on an oil tank steamship and is understood to have conferred today with General Norberto C. Olvera, who was the last military commander of the Federal district of Mexico City under the Carranza régime.

Unless it succeeds in consolidating the various revolutionary groups, Olvera said that in his opinion the De la Huerta Government would not survive very long. He intimated that the opposition to the new Government is much stronger than is generally believed to be the case in this country.

Cabrera is said to have taken the leadership of the Carrancista movement at the present time being directed from the United States.

PROPERTY IS RESTORED.

Nearly All Confiscated Has Been Returned, Mexican Treasury Says.

MEXICO CITY, July 16.—The return of confiscated property will end Sept. 1, according to an announcement by the Treasury Department today. Almost all such property has already been returned to its private owners.

After Sept. 1 the remainder of the property will pass to the Treasury for definite appropriation by the nation or pending presentation of claims by the private owners.

The Treasury Department also announced that sugar exportation would again be permitted, subject, however, to a duty of 20 centavos (10 cents) a kilogram.

TROOPS LEAVE FOR ISTHMUS.

Three Trains Leave Vera Cruz for Reasons Not Given.

VERA CRUZ, July 16.—Speculation was aroused here today by the departure of three trains carrying troops in the direction of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

No information as to the reason for the troop movement has been received here.

STRIKE ON MEXICAN ROAD.

Men of Vera Cruz-Mexico City Line Demand 100 Per Cent. Rise.

VERA CRUZ, July 16.—A strike was declared last midnight by all the personnel on the lines and in the shops of the Mexican Railway, which runs from Vera Cruz to Mexico City. The men are demanding a 100 per cent. increase in wages and recognition of their union.

A boycott against the railway has been decided upon until the demands of the strikers have been granted.

All the dock workers also have gone on strike against the terminal company.

NEW FIELD FOR CURTISS.

Aeroplane and Motor Corporation Buys Hazelhurst, L. I.

The Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation has purchased Hazelhurst Field, near Mineola, L. I., it was announced yesterday. The purchase price was not divulged by the Hempstead Plains Company, the present holder. The Government formerly had a lease on the field, and during the war used it as a training ground for aviators.

Hazelhurst Field, which aviators agree is one of the finest in the country, comprises 135 acres. The purchase, it was said, included the hangars and buildings now standing on it. The Curtiss interests, which are headed by John H. Willys, will use the field temporarily for experimental and manufacturing purposes. Later Hazelhurst will be made the headquarters of the company, according to present plans. It was said that the Buffalo plant of the company would soon be abandoned.

SET DATE FOR NEW SERVICE.

French Line Freighter Starts from Baltimore Aug. 15.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 16.—Official announcement was made today that the date of the beginning by the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique of freight service from Baltimore to France would be Aug. 15, when the steamer Ontario is to sail with a general cargo for Bordeaux and Havre.

According to the announcement, it is not intended to operate passenger ships here. Other freight steamers will be put in service early in September, it is expected. Wilbur F. Spice & Co. will represent the French Line here.

There are already four lines here, two being purely local. W. A. Blake & Co. and the Terminal Shipping Company operate Shipping Board steamers to Havre, the latter having three ships scheduled to sail in the next month. The Acme Operating Corporatoin and the Green Star Line operate a steamer a month to Bordeaux and Havre. All have started since the war.

BRONX GAS RISE HALTED.

Company's Advance to $1.75 Rejected as Illegal.

New schedules filed with the Public Service Commission by the Bronx Gas and Electric Company raising the price of gas from $1 to $1.75 a thousand cubic feet, were yesterday returned to the company with the explanation that the increase would not be permitted because the present rate was fixed by the Legislature.

E. H. Rosenquest, President of the company, said that the increase was made necessary by the increased costs of making and distributing gas which made the present rate unremunerative.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Charm School," Robert Milton and Alice Duer Miller's new comedy, will open at the Bijou Aug. 2.

By arrangement with George M. Cohan, Marion Coakley has been loaned to Edgar MacGregor to create the leading role in Myron C. Fagan's "Self Defense," which will open at the Apollo Theatre, Atlantic City, next Monday, and is scheduled for New York in August.

Nora Bayes will be her own manager again in the Fall. She will appear in "a fantastic play with music" called "Her Family Tree." Al Weeks, dramatic editor of The Detroit News, is responsible for the book and lyrics and Seymour Simons has written the music.

The transcontinental tour of "Florodora" will not begin until the first week in September, which probably means that the revival will continue at the Century until Fall.

"The Greenwich Village Follies of 1920" has gone into rehearsal and will open in August.

La Gane, the Honolulu girl, a dancer, will make her New York debut on Monday night at the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic.

Maurice F. Raymond, well known as a conjurer, has arrived from England to acquire sketches to take back to London when he sails on the Olympic Aug. 4.

CROKER WILL TRY TO FORGIVE CHILDREN

Calls Fresh Charges Against His Wife a "Rehash" of the Original Attack.

THEY STILL WANT GUARDIAN

Tammany Chieftain, Off for Ireland Today, Calls His Children Ingratee.

Howard Croker, son of Richard Croker, Sr., former leader of Tammany Hall, on behalf of himself, his sister, Mrs. Ethel White, and his brother, Richard, Jr., issued a statement yesterday in which he declared that his father was in need of "the protection and advice of a capable guardian appointed by the court," and that his father "hasn't a single thing that he can call his own, notwithstanding that he has acquired Palm Beach real estate approximating $2,000,000 in value."

The statement was made public at the office of Richard Croker, Jr., 321 Madison Avenue, and began with the admission that the three children of the old Tammany chieftain were disappointed when they learned of Judge Donnell's decision in the Palm Beach court denying their request for the appointment of a guardian of their father's estate.

Young Croker also declared in his statement that from the time of the filing of the first suit against his father, about a year ago, both he and his brother had "refused to be drawn into a newspaper controversy with my father," and that the purpose of the statement issued by him yesterday was to make clear the attitude of himself, his brother and Mrs. White toward the father.

He then declared that at the time of his father's marriage to his stepmother she gave her age as 23, but at the proceeding before Judge Donnell in Florida she said she was 31.

"Indian Princess" Story Revived.

"She told my father and every one of his friends with whom she came in contact that she was a genuine 'Indian Princess,'" continued the statement, "and in order that there would be no mistake she wrote her Indian name on a piece of paper which my father carried around so that in talking about her to his friends and members of his family he would not forget she was of royal descent.

"My father's present wife has influenced him to such an extent that the affection and confidence which he formerly felt her his children have been turned to hate and distrust. If trouble comes, as it often does between husband and wife, this woman could leave my father high and dry, picked clean as a bone. It was to save him from such a predicament that his children felt justified in taking legal action."

Howard Croker concluded the statement with the declaration that he, his brother and Mrs. White were not the only ones to employ detectives in the litigation instituted against Mr. Croker, Sr. He declared their stepmother also employed detectives to protect herself.

Richard Croker, Sr., and his wife were entertaining friends in the dining room of the Hotel Savoy last night when a reporter for THE TIMES read his son Howard's statement to him.

"Well, well," he said. "I see the children are at it again. That isn't Howard's work; that's 'Richy's' doing. Howard is only a messenger boy for 'Richy.' Now isn't it a pity that they can't make life pleasant for their old father in the declining years of his life, instead of making it miserable for him? Here I've been trying to get back to Ireland for the last three months, and these children have kept me here, not caring whether it affected my life or not.

Father Calls Charges "Rehash."

"That's a rehash of the charges they made in the Florida court. They say I'm crazy, because I won't give them all my money. All day long men and women friends of mine have been trooping into this hotel to see me today, before my departure for Ireland tomorrow. Isn't it strange that all of them associate with me if I am crazy? Look right into my eyes, young man, and tell me whether deep down in your heart you believe there is the slightest thing the matter with me mentally. Don't you think I am possessed of normal faculties and that I know what I am about? There's Mrs. Croker over there. Does she look like the woman my children are trying to paint her?

Mrs. Croker never denied her age to anybody. She is now 36, and the records of the Indian office, where she filed her claim, will prove that she never pretended to be younger than she was at any time in her life. My children seem to take great delight in referring to Mrs. Croker as an 'Indian Princess.' She never made any such claim, and they know that.

"There is no such thing as an Indian princess. When Mrs. Croker was a very young girl her girlhood companions gave her the nickname of 'Princess.' They simply meant by that that she was a princess among them in their estimation, just like men occasionally say a certain man is a prince among men. That's all there is to that.

"The attack on Mrs. Croker and myself reveals my children as ingrates. 'Richy' had to admit on the witness stand that I gave him $150,000 and put him in business. That doesn't look much like what they would like to paint me. I also gave all the children an annuity of $4,000 a year each for life. Pretty mean, wasn't I? I'm going to Ireland tomorrow to try to forgive them."

It was learned last night that prominent Democrats in this city had arranged to give Mr. Croker a dinner last night at the Democratic Club on the eve of his departure for Ireland, but that the dinner was called off because most of those who were to attend were delayed on a train returning from the Democratic convention at San Francisco.

STOWAWAY DROWNS IN BAY.

Leaps Overboard to Escape Arrest on Arrival of British Freighter.

Francesco Andretta, a stowaway, jumped overboard and was drowned in the harbor yesterday from the British freighter Tarantia, inbound from Naples, as she was coming through the Narrows. He had been on board for seventeen days when he was discovered by the bo'sun and was about to be locked up for safekeeping when he tried to escape.

The Quarantine tug and the Coast Guard cutter tried to rescue the man, but he sank before they could reach him.

TO GET MORE TEACHERS.

School Budget Conference Approves Estimate of Frederick L. Mills.

Frederick L. Mills, who has charge of appointments in the elementary public schools, made his statement yesterday at the conference on the school budget for 1921 at the Board of Education Hall.

He said that, in addition to the principals, teachers and others employed on March 31, 1920, two principals were needed to fill vacancies in Public Schools 98 and 165, Manhattan, and five assistants to principals in Public Schools 4 and 147, Manhattan, 15 and 17 the Bronx, and 17 and 100, Brooklyn. There were also needed sixty regular teachers in excess in the 1A to 6B grades; 316 teachers in ungraded, crippled, tuberculosis, anaemic, blind and sight conservation classes; 31 teachers of physical training; 24 teachers of vocational classes for boys, five for girls; two kindergartners to fill vacancies, and seven to fill vacancies on half day service, and 105 teacher clerks.

It would be necessary, he said, to provide in the 1921 budget an amount sufficient to pay the salaries of these teachers. As an offset 60 women teachers would be available.

Two assistants to principals in new Public Schools 29 and 67, Brooklyn, and three teacher clerks in Nos. 29, 80 and 97, Brooklyn, would be needed. It would be necessary to pay also 4 men and 8 women assistants to principals and 12 women teacher clerks, 265 regular teachers, 12 kindergartners, 18 women teachers for mental defectives, and 3 men and 3 women principals.

Mr. Mills said that the school register for Dec. 31, 1920, would be about 771,221, an increase of 9,000 over the register for last year. He estimated there would be a register of 767,221 in 1921.

The conference approved the figures presented by Mr. Mills.

The appointment of additional high school teachers was approved.

$300,000 FIRE IN EDGEWATER

Several Firemen Overcome by Fumes from Linseed Warehouse Blaze.

Fire, officially attributed to spontaneous combustion, destroyed a warehouse of the Midland Linseed Products Company in Edgewater, N. J., last night, causing damage estimated at from $250,000 to $300,000. Smoke from the leaping flames that fed upon hundreds of barrels and bags of linseed cake, the residue left after the oil-extracting process has been completed, at times smothered the fire fighters, who included regular firemen and volunteers from Edgewater, Cliffside and West New York and landing parties from the destroyers Goldsborough and N-292, anchored near by in the North River.

Those lost in the smoke blew whistles and shouted to guide rescuers to them. A half dozen firemen were reported as having been hauled out of the suffocating fumes. One fireman, whose name could not be learned, suffered a broken leg as the result of a fall from a ladder.

The building that burned was about 250 feet long, 50 feet wide and 30 feet high. It was surrounded by empty barrels piled high and other inflammable factory buildings and workers' cottages. Thousands of spectators watched the firemen's successful efforts to prevent the spread of the blaze, which was discovered at 7:45 P. M. and was announced to be under control at 9 P. M.

CARROLL FACES SUIT NO. 4.

Stockholders Ask Receiver for New Jersey Indemnity Company.

Alleging that Edward M. Carroll of Bloomfield, N. J., President of the New Jersey Indemnity Company, the Public Service Omnibus Company and seven other associated companies, used funds of the first-named to buy food and clothing for his personal use, William D. Dalton and Philip Tumulty of Jersey City yesterday filed a bill in Chancery Court at Newark asking that a receiver be appointed for the indemnity company. Argument will be heard in Jersey City on Monday.

Dalton and Tumulty are large stockholders in the indemnity company, which insures automobiles. Tumulty is a brother of Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson.

Carroll was arrested seven weeks ago on a thirteen-year-old indictment found in Washington, D. C., alleging that as Secretary of the Bank Depositors' Insurance Company he misused the mails in sending out a false statement of the company's directorate and assets. Last Monday he was arrested on a charge of bigamy, and on Wednesday he was served with papers in a suit by the New Jersey Commissioner of Insurance alleging that his companies were operating in violation of the insurance laws. Carroll at the time of his arrest for bigamy said he was the victim of a frame-up.

8,000 Hear Stadium Concert.

Open-air concerts, emerging from a recent deluge, took an upward look last night, when 8,000 persons in the City College Stadium heard the National Symphony Orchestra in a Tschaikovsky-Wagner program. Mr. Rothwell conducted the Russian composer's fifth symphony and excerpts from "Tristan," "Master Singers" and "The Valkyrie." Schubert's "Unfinished Symphony" and "Marche Militaire" headed a program by Goldman's Band on the Columbia University campus, with the Schubert "Serenade" as a cornet solo by Ernest Williams.

Steamship Italia Floated.

The steamship Italia, owned by the Transmarine Corporation of Newark, which has been aground on a reef off Bergen Point since Tuesday, was floated yesterday after discharging a part of her cargo and will proceed on her voyage to Havana after it has been loaded on board again.

MUSIC NOTES.

Henry Lefkowits has arranged a traditional air of "Yom Kippur zu Mincho," to be sung at the Stadium tonight by Cantor Kanewsky. Walter Rothwell will conduct works of Berlioz, Tschaikowsky, Massenet, Strauss and Grainger.

Because of the success of a Columbia "university extension" concert at the Montefiore Home and Hospital, where 800 patients heard Goldman's Band, it has been decided to give another at that institution in August and also one at Bellevue Hospital.

"The Mikado" will be sung next week at Olympic Park, Newark, by Forrest Hurt. Maude Wray, Eva Quintard and others of the Aborn company, conducted by Louis Kroll.

Cecil Burleigh, composer and violinist, is to direct on July 23 the first of three musicales at the Hotel Warren, Spring Lake, N. J.

Josef Stransky has sailed for Europe, whence he expects to return before October with new music for the Philharmonic players and new instruments, including a set of Wagnerian tubas.

Cox's Chances of Winning the Presidency

While Senator Capper's Topeka *Capital* (Rep.) considers Republican victory at the polls not even in question, declaring that "after November the Democrats will know that a political party cannot carry a Presidential election in this country by sprinkling a little booze on its clothes," other Republican papers agree with the New York *Tribune* that it "would be most foolish if they [Senator Harding's supporters] did not frankly recognize the formidableness of the Cox and Roosevelt ticket." The Chicago *Tribune* (Rep.) says that the bosses nominated Governor Cox because they thought he was "the best vote-getter and the best goat-getter Democracy had."

If you would obtain a practical idea of Governor Cox's chances of winning the election, as pointed out by newspaper editors of all shades of political opinion, you will do well to read THE LITERARY DIGEST for this week—July 17th. The leading article is a careful summary of American newspaper opinion of the Democratic nominee and the advantages and disadvantages that will be his during the campaign.

Other articles of almost equal interest in this fine number are:

The Prospects For a Third Party

The Elements of Discontent with the Present Political Situation and How They May Be Welded Into a Third Party at the Polls in November

The Fighting Creed of the Democrats
Our Decreasing Population Increase
The Greek War on Turkey
Britain Too Pro-American to Suit Japan
Hustling Bulgaria
Another Soviet Confession of Failure
Anti-Japanism in California
Science as a Curse to Mankind
Paper Shoes
American Artificial Silk
When "Picking Flowers" is a Crime
The Universe in Miniature
Our Debt To Negro Sculpture
New Record By a New German-Designed Monoplane
British-American War Over Language
The Menace of the "Dope Doctor"
Religious Harmony in Jugo-Slavia
The Golden Rule *vs.* The Rule of Gold
Foreign Trade of the U. S. in 1920
Geo. W. Perkins, "A New-Fashioned American"
Tom-Cat Vibrators, "Hamlets," and Ordinary "Reds"
Mexican Invaders Relieving Our Farm-Labor Shortage
Commencement Addresses By Some Recent Graduates in "Americanization"
Hamburg Now a Tributary of the Allies
Constantinople's Kaleidoscopic Conglomeration
The Whole World Loves a Presidential Nominee
Motor-Mad America, As Seen By a Supercilious Briton

Many Interesting Illustrations, Including Humorous Cartoons

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WINTER GARDEN 50th St. & B'way. Evenings at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Cinderella on Broadway. "Good Taste Reigns Supreme"—Eve. Post. To-morrow Night Concert—Stars from Cinderella on Broadway, Century Roof & Sizzle Around.

A TOP CENTURY THEATRE 62d St. & C. P. W. Phone Col. 8300. CENTURY PROMENADE REVUE AT 9. MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS AT 11:30. 2 DISTINCT MUSICAL PRODUCTIONS. Open Air Dining & Dancing 6:30 On. $4.15 ADMISSION TO PROMENADE INCLUDES STANDING ROOM IN THEATRE. To-m'w Night 2 Star Concerts NOW

BROADHURST Thea., W. 44th St. Phone Bryant 64. Beginning MONDAY, JULY 19. GEORGE BROADHURST Presents the Black Face Comedy Novelty. COME SEVEN! By OCTAVUS ROY COHEN (Founded on Mr. Cohen's Stories Of Negro Life Published in the SATURDAY EVENING POST.) Staged by MRS. LILLIAN TRIMBLE BRADLEY. SEATS NOW

CASINO WILL MORRISSEY'S Broadway & 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. BUZZIN' AROUND. Comique in a Burlesque with ELIZABETH BRICE.

BOOTH Thea., 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. The Charming Triumph! "NOT SO LONG AGO"

CENTURY 62d. Cent. Pk. West Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:15. FLORODORA

NORA BAYES 44th St. Off Roof Evs. W. of B'way 8:30. Coolest Theatre in Town. Mats. T. & W. 2:30. SEASON'S BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT! "LASSIE"

GARRICK Thea., 35th, Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. Theatre Guild's LAST 2 Greatest WEEKS Success. "JANE CLEGG" By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson."

LITTLE THEATRE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. T'd'y & W'd. 2:30. EMILY STEVENS NORMAN TREVOR O. P. HEGGIE in "FOOT-LOOSE" By ZOE AKINS, Author of "DECLASSEE."

48TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. 84th Time. THE STORM. With HELEN MacKELLAR

PLAYHOUSE 48th E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. 317 LAUGHS IN 48 HOURS. SEEING THINGS

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TODAY. Best Seats $2.50. ED. WYNN CARNIVAL. with ED. WYNN, "The Perfect Fool."

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. T'd'y & Wed. THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT. IRENE

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE MAT. TODAY 50c to $2.50 NO HIGHER. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. AT 10:30—ON THE COOL ROOF. ART HICKMAN ORCHESTRA. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC with EDDIE CANTOR AND GIRLS. UNEXCELLED RESTAURANT

GEO. M. COHAN Theatre, B'way & 43d St. First Mat. TODAY, 2:30. WILLIAM ROCK'S MUSICAL REVUE "SILKS AND SATINS"

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:15. There's A New Kind of Girl in Town! VICTOR HERBERT'S THE GIRL IN THE SPOTLIGHT

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE. In "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.

GLOBE B'WAY & 46th ST. MAT. TODAY $2.50. BEST SEATS. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1920 with ANN PENNINGTON

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 43. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. THE MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION. HONEY GIRL

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN'

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:15. JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. HENRY MILLER. BLANCHE BATES. in "The Famous Mrs. Fair." By JAMES FORBES

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MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'WAY AT 49TH ST. "The Prince Chap" with Thomas Meighan. Charlie Chaplin Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO TIMES SQ. "The City of Masks" Mack Sennett Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

CRITERION B'way at 44th St. "HUMORESQUE" Emanuel List & Chorus. "Eli-Eli"; Sennett Comedy

CAPITOL B'way at 51 Street. H. B. WARNER IN "One Hour Before Dawn." Harold Lloyd in "High and Dizzy"; Gems from "Faust." Capitol Grand Orch. BEGINNING TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) "GOING SOME," Rex Beach's Rollicking Comedy; JOHN CUMBERLAND in "The Unconventional Maids Greenwood"; Excerpts from "H. M. S. PINAFORE"; Scenes from International Yacht Race; "Lakes of Fire," "Pizzicato" Ballet.

ASTOR THEATRE. Matinees 25 and 50c. B'way at 45 St. Evs. 50c, 75c, $1.00. CONTINUOUS DAILY 1 TO 11 P. M. "SHIPWRECKED AMONG CANNIBALS"

MOSS' B. S. BROADWAY at 41 St. J. STUART BLACKTON'S "Man & His Woman." 3d Week—CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "CARMEN"

STRAND B'way, 47th St. MARK MILDRED HARRIS CHAPLIN in "The Inferior Sex." STRAND ORCHESTRA

PLAZA Madison Av. at 59th St. Marjorie Rambeau in "The Fortune Teller." Also 1st Episode of "Hidden Dangers," with Joe Ryan and Jean Paige.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
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REPUBLICAN PRODIGALS.

At the Harding cottage in Marion all kinds of returning prodigals are getting rings and robes: they could hardly expect the fatted calf at present prices. Among them is the ingenuous gentleman from Texas who, in the enthusiasm of his welcome, predicts that the Republicans will carry his State. Then there is RAYMOND ROBINS, renouncing his first political love—and several subsequent ones—in order to offer his services on a Harding committee. He is a living witness that any Progressive may return home and no questions asked. To many such converts the Republican correspondents are pointing with much complacency. But they have singularly overlooked the most notable convert. We mean Colonel GEORGE HARVEY. In the last number of his Weekly he makes a long and conscientious and judicial review of parties and candidates, leaving the anxious reader in doubt till the very end of the article, where he announces that he has decided to support HARDING and COOLIDGE. Somehow, this doesn't give quite the shock of surprise that the Colonel seems to have intended. The public had guessed his secret. And if there is not so much joy in Marion over this distinguished convert as might have been expected, this may be because Senator HARDING, ever since Chicago, has had a sneaking idea that Colonel HARVEY was the one righteous man who needed no repentance.

NO "CLASS" PARTY.

Rude persons in Chicago are making vapid remarks about what happened to the Forty-Eighters. The Chicago Tribune calls them a set of "pinks" who went out to offer the right hand of fellowship to the "Reds." But the Reds didn't consider them of a fast color, and speedily showed the drawing-room Bolsheviki that "it is but a step from the parlor to the abattoir." This is deplorably unfeeling. Far better is it, as the surviving Forty-Eighters are doing, to chew the bitter cud of philosophy in respect to their adventuring too near the Chicago slaughter houses. Some of them are drawing conclusions well worth attention. One, in particular, is suggestive. It is the inference drawn from his rather sorrowful experience by one of the delegates to the effect that the fiasco of the Third-Party movement shows that there is no room in this country for a "class" party.

This seems to be true at present. We need not flatter ourselves that it will always be. The English Labor Party is today pretty nearly a class party, and one may arise in the United States some day. It is not an outcome which Americans would desire. They prefer to think of politics moving on in the old way, with all sorts and conditions of men found in both of the main parties. If political changes are to be sought, or reforms achieved, the American way has been to work for them within one or both of the old parties, instead of going off to start a new one. Our theory has been, if not always our practice, that classes should interpenetrate and co-operate in our political life. We have wanted to keep the door open for the workingman's son to become Governor or President, just as he may become a captain of industry. More important than that, we have insisted upon the value to a party itself of having in it representatives of all orders in society, so that the hopes and demands of one may have due influence upon the views and the actions of the others.

We have called this the American theory of parties, but it has also been the English—at least that of the English Liberals. When LLOYD GEORGE recently gave this view up and declared that there was nothing for it but for the moderate men of the country to unite to oppose the radicals, a strong protest was made by Mr. ASQUITH and other Liberals. They insisted that the Liberal Party should be so conducted that laboring men would feel that their interests could be better secured in it and by it than by a separate Labor Party. Recent events in English politics have seemed to show that, for the time being, LLOYD GEORGE was nearer right on this point than Mr. ASQUITH. But that would not be true in this country. With us the idea of any class or faction aiming selfishly to get control of the Government is still generally repulsive. This fact was pretty conclusively demonstrated by this week's proceedings at Chicago. The interests which it was there attempted to fuse were too narrow as well as too mutually repellent. A Farmer-Labor party is almost a contradiction in terms. The people have already made up their minds that it will make hardly a ripple on the surface of our politics. What may come no man can foretell, but the present temper of Americans is dead against a "class" party. Few will deny that this is a cheering sign of the times.

COOLIDGE AMONG OLD FRIENDS.

"Coolidge Day" in Plymouth, Vermont, was a halcyon and a vociferous occasion. Some three thousand Vermonters took the trouble to go to the birthplace of the Lieutenant Governor that has been, the Governor that is, and the Vice President that hopes to be. One sees the house, the "modest farmhouse", with its "little porch." Old farmhouses in which the greatness of the future was cradled were always modest. All porches whereon one's old friends and neighbors congratulate the eminent, illustrious emigrant are necessarily small. They are so chosen. So they contrast with the spacious vistas and lordly arcades of political distinction. "Vermont is my birthright," said the Governor, with entire felicity.

"Here," Mr. COOLIDGE said, with that fine poetry which is innate or imported among all virtuous Green Mountaineers, "one gets close to nature in the mountains, in the brooks, the waters of which hurry to the sea; in the lakes, shining like silver in their green setting; fields tilled, not by machinery but by the brain and hand of man." One sees the charming country in one of the most delightful of July days. The old folks, the old friends, may not have known Mr. COOLIDGE too intimately in the past. Now he is famous, deservedly so, and they all like to put the good old honest Vermont hands, hard with the steering wheel, into his. "He was a steady boy," says his father, "not given to drinking and carousing like some folks." It is possible that even the unsteadiest of Vermonters are pretty fairly steady now, not drinking nor carousing to excess or by habit. But Governor COOLIDGE is the kind of character that is forcible and respected everywhere. Vermont raises a lot of people with the salient characteristics and mental and moral protuberances that are his.

A curious race to our assimilative and imitative New Yorkers, Vermonters have their own thoughts, live their own lives; on the whole, don't care a rap for the rest of us. It seems that they are a golden, an Elysian youth of the world, still. For Mr. COOLIDGE emits these purple joys:

> My folks are happy and contented. They belong to themselves, live within their income and fear no man.

The old happy age of the world. Still by the wild vine sucks the bee where Amaryllis lives in state, whether in Vermont or in Trinacria. Some of us may be happy enough to fear no man, contenting ourselves with merely fearing the right woman. Some of us may belong to ourselves. All of us ought to be happy and contented. The golden lads and lasses and all the people that are able to live within their income in these austere times must be a wonder and a joy. Few of us on this tightened and suffering island can appreciate the inimitable happiness of Governor COOLIDGE's Vermonters. They can live within their income. If Mr. COOLIDGE can communicate to the rest of us the secret of that art, he will be elected Vice President and President and everything else as good.

NEW YORK AS SPOTLESS TOWN.

New York is little accustomed to such praise as the Health Commissioner, Dr. COPELAND, gives on his return from Europe. For decades it has figured in popular fiction and movie melodrama as the very villain of American cities, its policemen all Tenderloin grafters, its business men buccaneers and its leaders in society wastrels, while disease and dirt were rampant. Now comes Dr. COPELAND, back from an official tour of investigation, and tells us that "physically and morally" New York is "cleaner than any European city."

In the case of one so systematically maligned a little praise will probably not be harmful, even though it tends to exaggeration. Dr. COPELAND can scarcely have forgotten the slush of last Winter or the dust and litter of this and every Summer, yet it may be true that our street cleaning shines by foreign comparison in these hard years after the war. Our methods of dealing with vice leave much to be desired, yet it is not unlikely that they are on the whole more effective than those of Continental cities and even of London. But what about our recent record as to crime and its detection?

As regards health supervision, infant welfare, school inspection and protection of the public against disease Dr. COPELAND declares that "Europe is a full generation behind New York." In London he found the milk supply universally contaminated with germs of dysentery, and fully 10 per cent. of the samples contained germs of tuberculosis. He marvels that any child lives past his fifth year. Yet it is obvious that many children do, for London is a fairly populous city and has a death rate that is in general slightly less than our own. It may be true that our system of milk control is "the envy of every informed person over there"; yet is it not a subject for marvel for us that, though without our perfection of control, Europeans manage to live along about as we do? Somewhere and somehow they must have a virtue. There was a time when Americans boasted the splendor of their fire engines and the efficiency of their firemen. And then we came to realize that Europe with its toy engines had far fewer conflagrations, and we began to ponder upon the merit of sound and substantial building.

When Dr. COPELAND turns aside from his mood of panegyric there is less pleasure but more profit in listening to him. Our system of disposing of garbage and rubbish is "barbaric" and in Europe "would not be tolerated." Grave and well worth heeding are his warnings against the unusual peril of admitting infection through our ports.

COSTS OTHER THAN WAGES.

The object-lesson in the relation between railway rates and wages must now be nearly complete. Meanwhile there is growing need of a demonstration of the similar relation between other costs of public utilities and their income and solvency. The regulators seem to have the idea that it is only necessary to order money to be spent, and that it is no concern of theirs where the money is to come from. Thus the Public Service Commission has made an order that the Long Island Railroad provide 100 additional cars. The reason assigned is that the commission thinks that the railway's business will increase and that the cars will be needed. That is right, and the company agrees. What is omitted is the fact that there already is an order outstanding for new cars on which no deliveries have been made, or are likely soon to be made, considering the state of the iron trade and the railway blockade. Moreover, the railway's financial condition has been impaired by the orders for the increase of wages. If rates are to be raised to care for the higher wages, why not to care for the order to buy equipment?

The same commission directs the New York and Queens County Railway to improve its service in rush hours. It certainly needs improvement. Another order is that the Kings County Lighting Company shall spend $2,500,000 in enlarging its facilities for the performance of its duties under its franchise as a public utility. Doubtless it should do so. In these and similar cases the public is not served as it ought to be, and it is right that pressure should be put on the holders of franchises to fulfill the conditions on which they were given. But the public utilities are sufferers as well as the public, and their expectations also have been disappointed grievously. When regulators deal with such situations by an order which does not consider the whole case, they fail in their duty as protectors of the utilities by as much as they show excess of zeal in the service of the public. It is not in the real interest of the public that its utilities should be driven into weakness or bankruptcy. It is good policy to keep alive the public utilities we have, even by some relaxation of regulation which might be justified by counsels of perfection, for it will be difficult to replace them.

THE DISHWASHING STANCE.

Certain problems of "the new poor" are discussed in the current Labor Review, and with a sympathy which has hitherto been confined to the manual worker—but which is now, in his case, becoming rapidly superfluous. Do housewives who once enjoyed the services of a cook find domestic labor difficult? They have only to apply the principles which they have long practiced in outdoor sport and the problem is solved. "With the same form and spirit we can find as much health and exercise in housework as in a game of tennis or golf. Can't we?"

In dishwashing, as in golf, a matter of primary importance is the stance. Stand easily but solidly upon both feet. "When will women stop wearing their old high-heeled pumps for housework?" The clothing also should be "loose and sensible," so that, in dishwashing as in golf, it will come natural to play each stroke through. It is very important to "use the back properly." It doubt arises as to just how to use the back, the newly poor housewife is informed that the University of Cornell "has a whole bulletin on this important subject." Above all, put the same "rhythm and spirit" into dishwashing that so signally triumphs upon the links. Don't get downhearted. A dishwasher may be down, but she is never out. Presumably, those who feel that way may be permitted to address the dish. This, however, is a detail in which the newly poor housewife is already proficient. And first and last, keep your eye upon the dish, also upon the knife and spoon, and especially upon the fork! No woman can develop her full game as a dishwasher without remembering to keep her eye upon the fork.

In brief, the Labor Review, published at the Government Printing Office by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics, has fallen into the vein of the country life periodical. On the whole we are inclined to believe that its counsel is far more conducive to health and peace of mind. The genus homo has been described, with profoundly scientific insight, as "the tool-using animal." When a man becomes a brainworker his native manual instinct has to have an outlet, a "psychic escapement"—and that is the sole and simple explanation of the vogue of golf. In some subsequent issue the Labor Review may well explain the technique of golf as applied to plumbing and picture hanging, furnace and woodpile. The present theme is woman. No sooner had primitive man devised the first tool for killing game than she prevailed upon him to fashion dishes upon which to serve it. The fact is imbedded in the language, as travelers in our West recount. If you ask how many children Bill has, the answer is that Bill has five, two boys and three dishwashers—and a happy man is Bill in the feminine preponderance. Thanks to the guidance, philosophy and friendship of the Labor Review, the new poor have only themselves to blame if they do not find the uses of adversity sweet.

There is only one fly in this wealth of amber. Even with all aid from the technique of golf, housework "becomes difficult in the case of a "mother with two or more children." If such a one wishes to avoid drudgery and heartbreak, she will have to practice an efficiency vastly heightened and intensified. And at that her case is dubious. The technique of motherhood is beyond even the high example of golf. And so it appears that those who, thanks to exceptional energy and ability, have risen from the handworking into the brainworking stratum are doomed by the most cheerful philosophy which the Department of Labor commands to an ultimate futility. They have few or no children. And the same fate awaits those who, in coming generations, rise into this sphere. It is a curious phenomenon, that the class which throughout history has served the nations most notably should be thus predestined to extinction—that the individuals in that class who aspire to do their full duty by the future should be inexorably penalized. Now that the Labor Review has admitted the brainworker to the scope of its inquiries, we may hope to hear more of this basic problem.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Would Close All Schools Not Public.

Out in Michigan an effort is making—by how many people is not clear from the reports, but the number seems to be large—to bring about the submission to the voters at the coming election of an amendment to the State Constitution that would, if passed, close and keep closed forever every private and parochial school in the State.

There are, naturally, many opponents, not only of the amendment, which is natural, but also of its presentation for popular judgment, which is not so easily explicable on any other theory than that the antagonists of the amendment think that it would secure a sufficient majority of votes to effect this remarkable change in the State's educational law.

As the case now stands, the advocates of the change are planning to get, if they can, a mandamus from the State Supreme Court compelling the Secretary of State to put the amendment on the ballots to be used in November, something which he has refused as yet to do, basing his refusal on an opinion by the Attorney General to the effect that it would be in violation of the Federal Constitution. Whether or not that point is well taken will be for the Supreme Court to decide, though evidently its decision either way would not be final.

The controversy has caused much strong feeling all through Michigan, as such controversies always do, and it recalls the like excitement of feeling that was caused in that State by another development of similar antagonisms that occurred back in the early '90s.

Experience Lightens Apprehension.

Theoretically it is desirable in a democracy, and it can be declared with some plausibility essential to the preservation of democracy, that all education, or at least all education of the sort called primary, should be conducted by the State—in the public schools, that is. Among the arguments in support of that contention perhaps the strongest is the one that separation of the children between State and non-State or private schools always tends strongly to make the former schools for the poor alone and to decrease toward, if not to, the vanishing point the interest taken in the public schools by the parents with larger financial resources—the rich, in short.

That, undeniably, is something to be regretted, and it would be something seriously to be feared if experience continuing over the many years during which schools of both sorts have existed side by side had not proved that democracy can survive the rivalry fairly well.

That private schools do develop in some of their pupils a snobbish scorn of children who attend public schools is true, and that is a deplorable trait, but probably those children would be snobbish even in a public school, and probably, also, their attitude is a product more of home than of school influences.

In villages and small towns it used to be the custom for all children to attend the public schools; it is still the custom in many such places. In the big cities with their heterogeneous populations reluctance to send all children to the same school is understandable and not without justification; at any rate it is real and strong, and nothing in a State Constitution, or in the Federal one either, could remove or conquer it.

If the friends of the proposed Michigan amendment secured its adoption, to effect their purpose they still would have to get another forbidding parents to send their children to schools outside the State, and that is an idea hardly to be considered.

More Than the Law Is Involved.

Before the managers of the Ward Line decided to sell intoxicants to the excursionists who went on the steamer Orizaba to see Thursday's yacht race, no doubt some consideration was given by them to the question of the legality of this course. Apparently they were advised—if they took advice—that outside the three-mile limit the traffic would be safe, and either that or their own judgment was enough for them. When the Orizaba was beyond the real or supposed jurisdiction of our laws the bars were opened, and, according to report, they did a big trade until just before the boat crossed the prohibitive line on her way home.

But Mr. SHEVLIN, the Federal censor of New York's thirsts and the quenching thereof, viewed with displeasure the doings on the Orizaba, and he declares that for one or the other or both of two reasons they were illegal and punishable. He has been told that corks were drawn and glasses filled and emptied within the three-mile limit, and he knows on his own account that American vessels must clear for a foreign port to gain the privilege of selling intoxicating beverages anywhere on the sea.

If he can prove the first point, of course he is in duty bound to prosecute the Ward Line and its managers; if he can maintain the second—and it does seem to be supported by the accepted interpretation of the law as applied to coasting vessels and as hitherto acquiesced in by their owners—he is equally bound to proceed against them.

Even if the niceties of the law be ignored, reason exists for some wonderment that the managers of the Ward Line chose to increase the profits of their ship's little voyage in this particular way. Money so earned always was tainted, and now it—well, this not being England, the right word cannot be used, but everybody knows what the right word is.

Using the Streets as Parks.

With the Mayor's desire that the children in parts of the city remote from parks and other open spaces should have opportunity for safer play than in streets used for ordinary traffic there will be general and deserved sympathy. Acquiescence will not be so willing in his proposal to set aside many more streets during certain hours for exclusive use as playgrounds. It will be recognized, however, that there is no other way immediately to solve the problem and meet the need, and therefore it will be commended.

But the solving and the meeting are only after a fashion, and after a poor fashion. Even with vehicular traffic barred, the streets are not good playgrounds for the children, and their diversion to this purpose is not only an infringement of rights inherent in the nature of streets, but it will subject residents of those streets to annoyances of which they justly can complain if they choose to do so.

The real remedy is an increase in the number of small parks and real playgrounds, but that will have to wait till New York is richer.

Attention for Sherman Statue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the editorial page of today's TIMES you publish a letter signed E. Andrews Lloyd, asking "Is there not some way in which pressure could be brought to bear on the City Administration to put the statue of General Sherman and its surrounding plot in respectable condition?"

Through your paper I would like to inform the writer that the city authorities have not, nor are they now, neglecting this improvement, and examination of The City Record of July 3, and subsequent issues, shows that the City of New York, through the Department of Parks, is now advertising for bids for this improvement, such bids to be filed not later than Thursday, July 15. The plan of improvement is similar to the Pulitzer Fountain, to the south of the Sherman statue.

This matter has been receiving the attention of this association for some time past and will continue to receive its every attention and support, in conjunction with the city authorities.

WM. J. PEDRICK, JR.,
General Manager, the Fifth Avenue Association.
New York, July 13, 1920.

America as Keeper of the Peace.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The following letter by Sir Joseph Dalton Hooker, written to W. E. Darwin Nov. 9, 1893, may interest you and your readers. The letter may be found on Page 326, Volume II., "Life and Letters of Joseph Dalton Hooker," by Leonard Huxley, D. Appleton & Co. Hooker was the celebrated botanist and contemporary of Charles Darwin.

"I am dreamer enough to look for a time when America will forbid a European war! What a splendid role this would be for a nation to undertake—to send us all to our tents and tell us that we may snarl at one another in the length and breadth of Europe as much as we please, but nothing more, and that if we go further she will intervene."

WILLIAM DE B MACNIDER.
Chapel Hill, N. C., July 13, 1920.

IN FLOWER TIME.

Some day, perchance, I'll paint a Southern sky
Warm with the gleaming blue that rims the flame,
Deep with the vivid hue no brush can name,
Knowing full well that country dweller's dream
Even under frozen skies has reached to touch
Pure sapphire.
He will not fade my sky
To that pale turquoise city workers know.
Some day, perchance, I'll sing of Southern suns
That throw long shafts of soft, sweet, mellow gold
Adown the lanes—soft, shimmering, misty waves
Of yellow light.
He will not chill it down
To match that harder brilliance of the town—
Not he whose face is lifted to the dawns,
Not he who knows the dew-touched daffodils.
Some day, perchance, I'll crush into a song
The thousand perfumes of a Southern June,
The drowsy hum of bees, the far, faint whir
Of hummingbirds.
And he whose eyes can turn
Toward fountains fringed with irises, who hears
The tinkling panic of the tulip bells
Kissed by the breeze that seeks their flaming heart—
Who breathes the breath of hyacinths and finds
Sweet comfort in the sturdy forest greens—
Will he not mix it all with my poor song?
Surely the world can feel and touch and smell
My far-off jasmine better for his rose!

ELEANOR COCHRAN REED.

BUSINESS LABORATORY.

Purpose of the New Undertaking at Harvard University.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the last year there has been initiated at Harvard University a laboratory that promises to be of the very greatest importance to business men of the country. If it is successful—and it can only be successful if it receives the support to which it is entitled from the mere fact that it is the first serious academic effort of its kind—it will put the manufacturer and the merchant in a position to anticipate with some degree of precision the results of tendencies which in the past he has been able to reason out only by rule of thumb or intuition. In other words, there will be for him a carefully planned prognosis reasoned from the analogy of similar conditions of past periods.

Entirely apart from the fact that a study of this character will add a new dignity to commercial pursuit, and tend to raise it to the level of the professions, it also gives promise of being a source of profit to the careful student.

The Harvard University Committee on Economic Research is, of course, not seeking a financial return from its enterprise. Since the committee is working without an endowment it is obliged to make its statistical service self-sustaining. Any profits that may accrue will be used in extending the scope of the work which, as planned, admits of extension in a number of directions which would increase its value to business men.

HARVARD, '93.
New York, July 16, 1920.

Simplified Grammar.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I say just a word anent the much mooted "simplified grammar"?

Anything that simplifies education in this busy age is a Godsend, but first let us make sure that the proposed change really simplifies. The test is an easy one. The one essential of expression in any language is clearness, exactness. This cannot be dispensed with, it is ever to be insisted upon. Therefore, any change which would injure clarity of expression must result not in simplification, but in complication.

Now, in English, clearness of expression is attained partly by vocal stress, partly by a judicious arrangement of words. The first comes naturally to every one; the second must be taught. In many other languages ancient and modern, the order of the words is far more important for clearness than in English. To this extent, grammar is a science, elemental in nature and all-inclusive in scope—not Latin, English, French or any other particular kind of grammar, but grammar per se. Like any other science, it has its nomenclature, which can no more be dispensed with than can that of chemistry or anatomy. Furthermore, the various rules which constitute good grammatical usage in the various languages are likewise necessary to clearness, but of them this can be said: they are merely the application of common sense after the nomenclature of grammar is definitely understood; there is no mystery about them. But the nomenclature, and a clear understanding of it, are indispensable if one is to teach grammar—and one rarely learns it adequately unless he is taught it.

"There's no royal road to knowledge" is still sound doctrine and worthy of all acceptation.

PAUL BENRIMO.
Oak Bluffs, Mass., July 18, 1920.

A Decorative Elevated.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not obvious that Manhattan is still very primitive? Here are three glaring proofs:

The unseemly, naked elevated station and structure at Thirty-third Street and Broadway; the homely, hideous station at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue; and the monstrously indecorous crossing at Fifty-third Street and Broadway.

In spite of the fact that four different groups—the public, the city officials, the Interborough and the nearby property owners—are all injured by these eyesores and all responsible for their perpetuation, not a soul proposes that it would be a good plan to beautify them.

The elevated railroad is here to stay and is an absolute necessity, no matter how many additional tunnels are constructed. Then, why not make a virtue of necessity, and change the repelling look of rusty iron and dilapidated wood by adding certain other structural materials known even to the ancients: stone, cement, paint, &c. Since an ounce of art, however, is worth a ton of building supplies, I suggest that adjacent property owners who have certainly suffered immense loss—at least so far as two of the above spots are concerned—start suitable organizations for the purpose of arraying the indecent and noisome "el" with a coat of such classical artistry that pedestrians and sightseers can look thereon without the use of eyeglasses. These civic improvements would be worth far more—even in dollars and cents—than the few thousands needed to inclose the pillars in blocks of colored stone and top them with minarets. Eventually the scheme could be carried out in consonance throughout the city.

FRANKLIN HOPKINS.
New York, June 17, 1920.

Governor Holcomb's Refusal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Judge Simeon Eben Baldwin, constitutional lawyer and recognized authority on Connecticut law, seems to utterly disregard the consequences of exciting the displeasure of the suffragettes by vigorously upholding Governor Holcomb in his refusal to convene the Legislature in special session for the consideration of the suffrage question, on the simple ground that it is contrary to a correct interpretation of the law.

Their insistence in trying to develop reasons why he should at least act in the interests of friendship reminds some of us of the similarity of Campbell's famous appeal to Grover Cleveland. They even go as far as to say that they are at the gates of liberty, and Holcomb emulating the French with "They shall not pass."

History should have taught these fair petitioners that Connecticut is subject neither to hysteria nor unrestrained joy; all she demands is the facts, and these must harmonize with the law; nothing more or less is considered.

FREDERICK F. BUDD.
New Haven, July 15, 1920.

In the Land of Karl Marx.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With what relish the Socialists in this country must read (if they can find time to read reliable newspapers) the article on page 17 of today's issue of THE TIMES, wherein Mr. Renwick so ably depicts Stinnes as the "master of them all"! To think that the land of Karl Marx could be so completely dominated by a single human! It might be easier for the American Socialists to attain their evanescent ends by moving themselves, bag and baggage, over to Germany and helping the German Socialists to wrest this immense power away from Stinnes, than to attempt to down the monopolists in this country, whose exploits are, as Mr. Renwick states, "almost child's play when compared with his."

IRVING ALBERT.
Brooklyn, N. Y., July 16, 1920.

A Sight to See.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A campaign suggestion: Mr. Harding to announce the names of men he proposes to select for Cabinet offices and appointees for high and important departments. These prominent men to tour the country, expounding the platform and principles upon which they propose to carry out the duties of the high offices intrusted to them and the business of their departments.

M. V. DONNELL.
New York, July 15, 1920.

NAMES 7 MAJOR GENERALS.

President Also Appoints 22 Brigadiers Under Reorganization Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Wilson today appointed seven new Major Generals and twenty-two new Brigadier Generals for the regular army, the appointments being authorized under the Army Reorganization bill passed by the last Congress. With two or three exceptions the new Generals won distinction in France and Belgium during the war. The senior is Adelbert Cronkhite, for many years artillery officer at Governors Island and who during the war commanded the 79th Division. He is a native of New York City.

The others in the order of seniority are William G. Haan, Charles T. Menoher, Charles H. Muir, William H. Wright, Omar Bundy and George W. Read. General Haan was formerly in command at Fort Totten and in the war led the National Guard troops from Michigan and Wisconsin, while Menoher was the first battle commander of the Rainbow Division. General Muir commanded the Pennsylvania Guard division and General Read commanded the corps that fought with the British in Flanders. General Wright was also a corps commander.

Among the new Brigadiers is George B. Duncan, one of the commanders of the 77th Division; Robert L. Howze, who commanded the American Army of Occupation in Germany; Harry H. Bandholtz, first Chief of Staff of the 27th Division, and Fox Conner, General Pershing's present Chief of Staff.

The other Brigadiers are Jesse McI. Carter, William Lassiter, William B. Smith, Grote Hutchison, Ernest Hinds, Dwight E. Aultman, Johnson Hagood, Hanson E. Ely, Walter H. Gordon, Mark L. Hersey, Ulysses G. McAlexander, Fred W. Sladen, Dennis E. Nolan, W. D. Connor, Robert C. Davis, Malin Craig, Hugh A. Drum and George Van H. Moseley.

President Wilson also named the following new service chiefs:

Chief of Cavalry, Colonel Willard A. Holbrook, with rank of Major General; Chief of Field Artillery, Colonel William A. Snow, with rank of Major General; Chief of Infantry, Colonel Charles S. Farnsworth, with rank of Major General; Chief of Coast Artillery, Major Gen. Frank W. Coe, continued; Chief of Air Service, Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher; Chief of Finance, Brigadier Gen. Herbert M. Lord; Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, Colonel A. A. Fries.

Assistants were appointed as follows: To Chief of Ordnance, Colonel George W. Burr and Colonel William S. Pelrce; to Quartermaster General, Colonel John M. Carson; to Adjutant General, Colonel James T. Kerr; to Chief of Air Service, Colonel William Mitchell, and to Chief of Engineers, Colonel Harry Taylor.

TO VIEW HAVANA PORT JAM.

Ernest L. Bogart Heads Special Committee of Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Ernest L. Bogart, Assistant Foreign Trade Adviser of the State Department, has been named Chairman of the special committee which will visit Havana, Cuba, in an effort to straighten out the acute port congestion there.

Other members of the committee named today are: Commander A. B. Clement, assistant to the Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, Washington; S. C. Cooper, assistant manager of Atlantic Steamship lines, representing Southern Pacific Company, Pier 49, North River, New York; E. T. Ford, W. R. Grace & Co., San Francisco, representing Rice Association of California; A. P. Gifford, President Jacksonville Shipping Corporation, Jacksonville, Fla.; Alan W. Graves, manager Havana Line, Merchants and Miners Transportation Company, Baltimore, Md.; Monroe Green, representing Rice Association of California; W. V. Harloe, freight traffic manager, United Fruit Company, 17 Battery Place, New York City; Joseph Hodgson, Vice President New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co., Piers 13 and 14, East River, New York; C. B. Kellogg, freight traffic manager, Munson Steamship Line, 82 Beaver Street, New York; F. W. Kirtland, assistant to Vice President, Florida East Coast Car Ferry Company, St. Augustine, Fla.; J. J. Logan, American Shipping Corporation, 666 East Bay Street, Jacksonville, Fla.; R. S. MacElwee, Director of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, Washington; T. L. McClellan, foreign traffic manager, Southern Railway System, Louisville, Ky.; W. H. Mahoney, manager foreign trade bureau, Merchants Association of New York; J. P. Stevens, assistant general manager South Atlantic Maritime Corporation, 7 East Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.; Thomas R. Taylor, Chief of Latin-American Division, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, Washington.

GERMAN WARSHIPS COMING.

Five Allocated to America Are Due Here Aug. 3.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The five German surface warships allocated to the United States sailed from Brest July 13 and are due to arrive at New York Aug. 3, it was announced today at the Navy Department.

The 22,000-ton dreadnought Ostfriesland is proceeding under her own power, but the armored cruiser Frankfort and three destroyers are under tow by the transport Hancock and three American mine sweepers. These four ships were incapable of self-propulsion, the Frankfurt's machinery having been irreparably damaged, while the destroyers were among the German vessels submerged at Scapa Flow.

It is planned to open the vessels for inspection, it was said, shortly after their arrival at New York. After remaining there two weeks the destroyers will be towed to Norfolk. Whether the vessels will be sent to other ports for inspection had not been determined. The Ostfriesland may be, as she is able to proceed under her own power.

Navy officials said today that while the vessels should be carefully examined by experts it was doubtful that much important information would be gleaned. UUnder a clause of the peace treaty, the German craft must be destroyed within a year after their arrival in this country.

COLBY CORDIAL TO GONDRA.

Farewell Message Urges Closer Ties Under New Paraguay Chief.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Secretary Colby today sent a farewell message to President-elect Gondra of Paraguay, who is leaving New York for his country after a short visit to Washington.

"It is a source of deep regret to me that I did not return from San Francisco in time to see you prior to your departure from Washington," the message read. "Let me take this opportunity to wish you the fullest measure of success in the distinguished position to which you have been called by your country. I am certain that your administration will greatly contribute to the development of closer relations between Paraguay and the United States, which you have done so much to promote, and which is so earnestly desired."

RECEPTION TO FAHEY PARTY

American Industrial Mission Leaves Genoa for Piedmont.

GENOA, July 15.—The American industrial mission headed by John H. Fahey of Boston, which is touring Italy, today ended its visit to Genoa. A reception to the delegates was held at the City Hall, at which many prominent persons were present. Later they visited various industrial establishments in the Italian Riviera.

The Americans left Genoa today for Piedmont, where they will inspect wine-producing industries. Later they will visit the motor car factories of Turin. The mission is expected to reach Paris Saturday and will visit London later.

DISAVOWS POLITICS IN TILDSLEY VOTE

George J. Ryan Asserts He Favored Dr. Shimer Because He Comes from Queens.

DICTATION CHARGE DENIED

Ousted Superintendent Is Named Temporarily to Bushwick High School.

Politics had nothing to do with the ousting of Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools in charge of high schools, and with the selection of Dr. Edgar D. Shimer in his place, said George J. Ryan, a member of the Board of Education, yesterday. By inference Mr. Ryan denied the assertion of Dr. Tildsley that Mayor Hylan probably had something to do with dictating the action of the majority of the board members.

"So far as politics in the Board of Education is concerned I know of no politician or city official who even hinted what our action should be," he said. "The charge that the Board of Education is becoming Tammanyized or that politicians are gaining control over the school system in this city is ridiculous. It may be interesting to note that Dr. Shimer is a Republican. I did not know his politics until after his election.

"In voting for Dr. Shimer for this position I felt that it was high time that Queens, which is increasing in importance as a part of the city, should be represented on the Board of City Superintendents, which in a large measure is the executive staff of the city schools. Heretofore Brooklyn and Manhattan have always controlled this board. These boroughs have been in this position too long and I think that it is fortunate that we could have Dr. Shimer to accept this position.

"I resent the imputation that the Board of Education would not be patriotic if it did not re-elect Dr. Tildsley. He is not the only patriotic man we could put in that position. I know that my record for Americanism needs no bolstering up. I do not feel that I have been disloyal because I did not vote for Dr. Tildsley in spite of his efforts in weeding out radical teachings."

Dr. Tildsley has been made temporary Principal of the Bushwick High School, Brooklyn, by City Superintendent Ettinger, who claims the right, in a case like Dr. Tildsley's, to select a "Principal in excess." The school is now without a Principal, owing to the recent death of Dr. Robbins. A successor has been appointed by the Board of Education, but he will not assume his duties until next September. Dr. Tildsley will continue as Principal of the Bushwick School until September. This means that his defeat for the Associate Superintendency does not leave him without a job, but that he will receive the high school Principal's pay during the Summer vacation, to which, it is claimed, he is entitled. The pay is $6,500 a year.

The Board of Superintendents will meet today and will nominate him to succeed Arthur M. Wolfson, the Principal of the High School of Commerce, on September 8 next. It is not thought that the Board of Education will refuse to appoint him to this position, which will be vacant on Sept. 8, the date of Dr. Wolfson's resignation.

FIRST SERVICE IN ENGLISH.

New Departure for the Russian Church in East 17th Street.

For the first time in the 1,894 years of the Eastern Orthodox Church, the Litany of St. Chrysostom will be said tomorrow morning in the English language. This will be at the American Orthodox-Catholic Church of the Transfiguration, which will holds its first services in the chapel of St. Vladimir's Home, 233 East Seventeenth Street.

The English service will be a

IT'LL BE A DRY RACE FOR ORIZABA TODAY

Ward Line Orders Officers to Clamp Lid on Bars During Yacht Contest.

SHEVLIN IN A QUANDARY

Neither He Nor His Counsel Know Whether Law Was Violated on Excursion Steamer.

From the time the steamship Orizaba of the Ward Line leaves her dock at the foot of Wall Street, this morning, with excursionists for the yacht race, until she returns in the evening, there will be no liquor sold on board, nor will the Government seals on the storeroom in which the vessel's supply of "hootch" is kept be broken at any time during the day.

Notice to that effect was served yesterday on the officers of the vessel by Louis Cabund, Secretary of the company, after a conference with August Hasenflug, special counsel for James Shevlin, Supervising Prohibition Enforcement Agent for this district. Mr. Hasenflug called at the steamship offices in the morning to see Alfred G. Smith, President of the company. Mr. Smith was out of the city. So Mr. Cabund was questioned about the opening of the five bars on the Orizaba Thursday, when that yacht-race-excursion steamer crossed the three-mile limit off the New Jersey coast. Neither Mr. Shevlin nor his attorney were certain that they had any authority in the matter when they decided to call on the Ward Line official for an explanation of the open sales of liquor on the Orizaba. But they wanted information to lay before prohibition enforcement officials in Washington with a view to learning whether the Volstead act had been violated.

Says Sale Violated Orders.

According to Mr. Hasenflug, Secretary Cabaud admitted the sale of liquors to many of the excursionists, but declared the opening of the bars was in violation of specific orders he had issued to the officers of the vessel.

"Mr. Cabaud said he was investigating the matter," said Mr. Hasenflug. "He said that when the Orizaba starts for the race tomorrow she will be in command of Captain Mokes, Commodore of the Ward Line fleet, who has been instructed to see that not a drop of liquor is sold to anybody on board. Mr. Cabaud assured me that if any employe on the vessel was discovered selling liquor he would be dismissed from the service. We don't expect any liquor will be sold, though we shall have some of our agents on board to observe conditions, particularly before the vessel reaches the three-mile limit and after she returns to it on her homeward journey."

Soon after his conference with the secretary of the Ward Line, Mr. Hasenflug called on customs officials to learn whether an inspector had authorized the opening of the bars on the Orizaba Thursday.

"I was told that an inspector was on duty aboard the vessel, but that he denied ordering the seals on the liquor room broken," continued Mr. Hasenflug.

He admitted, however, that he saw the seals broken, but that was not done until the Orizaba was within the jurisdiction of the customs authorities.

"The inspector reported that he saw at least, thirty bottles of liquor sold at the bars, and a considerable amount of beer; but he insisted that all the liquor was returned to the storeroom before the vessel reached the three-mile limit on the return journey, after which he again sealed the room."

Shevlin in a Quandary.

Mr. Shevlin said the matter had been called to the attention of Francis G. Caffey, United States Attorney for this district. He admitted he was in a quandary regarding his powers in the matter, because Government legal authorities whom he had consulted could not give him a definite opinion as to whether the Volstead act was violated as charged.

"It is clear enough," he said, "that we have no authority beyond the three-mile limit, but I am anxious to learn whether the officers of the vessel were within the law when they sold liquors to the passengers.

"I understand Ben Matthews, Assistant United States Attorney, has been placed in charge of the matter by Mr. Caffey, and I expect an opinion from him on the question tomorrow morning. Of course, I don't expect the opinion to reach me before the Orizaba starts for the yacht race, but I shall place some of my men on board the vessel to detect any violations that may take place within the three-mile limit. I have instructed those men to arrest the offenders when the vessel returns to her berth."

Mr. Hasenflug expressed the opinion that the Volstead act did not cover the sale of liquor on a vessel beyond the three-mile limit, even though the vessel was not destined for a foreign port. The Orizaba obtained the liquor at Havana, Cuba, and he assumed that the Government had no jurisdiction in the matter.

Rumors of Floating Saloons.

"The liquors are listed in the manifest of the vessel as 'sea stores,'" he said, "and are immune from the Volstead act as long as they are kept in the storeroom under Government seal while the vessel is in port. I learned today that the Orizaba obtained an excursion permit from the local United States Steamboat Inspection Department to make the trip to the yacht race, and perhaps that may play an important part in the decision as to her right to sell liquor during the trip."

Mr. Shevlin said he had been told on several occasions that groups of men engaged in the liquor business contemplated chartering large vessels and selling liquors at sea, but investigation had failed to prove the accuracy of the reports.

"A decision on the Orizaba matter," he declared, "is important in view of such reports, because we might be able to prevent such a scheme."

The Orizaba, with Captain O'Keefe in command, made a record trip from Cuba when she arrived at her pier last Monday. She made the trip of 1,100 miles in 60 hours, and it is understood her speed was increased to permit her to be ready for the trip to the yacht race Thursday. Her trip to the Fore today will be the last, as she will be returned to the Cuban service early next week.

FAMILY IN TRIPLE WEDDING.

Mrs. Lillian Zane and Her Two Daughters in Ceremony.

VALPARAISO, Ind., July 16.—A triple wedding, in which a mother and her twin daughters took part, was solemnized here last night. Mrs. Lillian Zane was married to John Hively, while her children, Cora and Nora, became brides of William Baker and Harry Myers, respectively. All will make their homes in Valparaiso, it was said.

Thurston-Burkamp Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Thurston of Montclair, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Charlotte Howe Thurston, to Arthur Burkamp, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Burkamp of San Antonio, Texas. The wedding will take place late in September.

Lens Mines Yield Their First Coal.

LENS, France, June 20.—For the first time since the occupation of Lens by the Germans, coal has been brought up to the surface from one of the mines. Many of the mines are still flooded but the pumping out continues. Engineers in charge of the work express the opinion that the exploitation of the upper workings of the mines will be completed about the middle of 1921.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Alfred C. Bossom of 21 East Eighty-second Street sailed for England on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren E. Dennis of 950 Park Avenue are in Pasadena, Cal., for the Summer, where they have rented a place.

Thomas Powers of 950 Park Avenue is leaving today for Easthampton, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Polk are at Manchester-by-the-Sea for the Summer.

Mrs. Cromwell Brooks, who was here for the Locke-Gibson wedding, has gone to York Harbor, Me., with her children to spend the rest of the season.

Mrs. Henry C. Frick, who is at Pride's Crossing, Mass., plans to sail July 24 for Europe to join her daughter, Miss Helen C. Frick, who is engaged in reconstruction work in devastated France.

Mrs. Albert J. Milbank is leaving today for the Adirondacks, where she has taken a cottage.

Miss Gretchen Elaine Damrosch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch, will be married to Thomas K. Finletter of Philadelphia in Paris today.

Mrs. Henry R. Mallory opened her place at Bryam Shore, Greenwich, Conn., yesterday, for a children's frolic, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the establishment of a day nursery at East Portchester.

Washington.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Baker assisted in receiving the large company attending the opening of the Welfare House in Georgetown last evening. Major Gen. H. C. Black, Chief of Ordnance, acted as host, this particular centre being in the interest of the ordnance branch of the army. Earlier in the evening Mrs. Baker was the guest of General and Mrs. William D. Conner, who entertained at Camp Humphreys for Colonel and Mrs. Park.

Mrs. Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, has abandoned the old-fashioned open carriage and pair which she and her children have used ever since Mr. Daniels's entrance into the Cabinet, and has purchased an automobile. Mrs. Daniels and her mother made a tour of the Speedway this afternoon in their car, which is painted a real battleship gray.

Mr. Lefevre, the Chargé d'Affaires of Panama, entertained a large breakfast company yesterday in compliment to the newly appointed solicitor of the State Department, F. N. Neilson.

Colonel and Mrs. William A. McCain entertained a large dinner company last evening in compliment to Major Gen. and Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, who are here on a short visit from Louisville. The company danced later at Waruman Park Inn.

Miss Daviette Fickien entertained a large supper party at Waruman Park Inn last evening for Miss Abigail Harvey and Captain Eugene Villaret, U. S. A., who are to be married this afternoon. Miss Margaret Blaine Crosson entertained Miss Harvey and her bridesmaids at luncheon yesterday.

Dr. Policarpo Bonilla, who is here on a special mission from Honduras, has established his family at Ocean City, N. J., for the Summer, and will divide his time between that resort and Washington.

Mrs. Delos Blodgett, with her daughters, the Misses Blodgett, and her sister, Mrs. Charles Gray Matthews, will sail from New York on Saturday for Europe, where they will remain until late in the Autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. James Wirt Russell Robinson of New York are the guests of Mrs. Robinson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richardson Gibson, for the week-end.

Lieut. Colonel A. F. A. N. Thorne, Assistant Military Attaché of the British Embassy, has taken a rettage at Hot Springs, Va., where the Honorable Mrs. Thorne and children will remain through the Summer.

Newport.

The naval torpedo station was the social centre for the members of the army and navy colonies and many of their friends from the Summer colony at a dance last night by Captain and Mrs. Martin E. French and the other officers to christen a new boat house. The dance was preceded by a number of dinner parties.

Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice gave a luncheon at Mirimar yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. William P. Douglas was a dinner hostess for a small party of guests at Stone Villa last evening.

Mrs. Arnold Hague, Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, Mrs. Howard Gill, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden H. Hammond, Ivins Tuter, John G. Walker, E. B. Harris and G. F. Elliott registered at the Casino yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Calvin of Philadelphia and Mr. and Mrs. H. Mosher of New York are at the New Cliffs.

The Tennis Committee of the Casino, of which Governor Beekman is Chairman and Mrs. Barger Wallach Vice Chairman, have prepared a schedule of eleven tennis events for the Summer that will carry the season up to the middle of September.

Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte is in semi-mourning on account of the death of former Empress Eugénie, who was a cousin of Mr. Bonaparte.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Fitz Simons left by auto yesterday for their estate in New Hampshire to remain over the week-end.

Prince Casimir Lubomirski, Polish Minister, left for Washington yesterday. He will return the first of the week.

Lenox.

One hundred of the younger set with week-end visitors at the villas and hotels had the second informal dance of the season at the Lenox Club last night. The Aspinall Hotel orchestra played and supper was served at small tables at midnight on the verandas.

Mr. and Mrs. George Higginson, Jr., and Mrs. William D. Sloan were among those who gave dinners before the dance.

Mrs. W. Rosoes Bonsal entertained at luncheon at the Lenox Club yesterday for Mrs. John McHenry of Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. John Henry Hammond gave a picnic at Cozy Cot in the woods of Elm Court, the estate of her mother, Mrs. William D. Sloane, yesterday afternoon for forty children, some of whose mothers were in Mrs. Hammond's former Sunday school class at Lee. Mrs. Sloane presented each guest with a gift.

Mrs. Raymond T. Baker and her two sons, George W. and Alfred G. Vanderbilt, are to be at the Lenox Club for a while upon their return from California next Wednesday.

Miss Mary Harkness Flagler of Millbrook is staying with Mrs. James B. Jesup at the Curtis. Judge Francis K. Pendleton joined Mrs. Pendleton there yesterday.

Arriving yesterday were Commander and Mrs. Ely and Arthur Hodges of New York, Captain Philip Hodges of London, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Pierson of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Nancy Pierson of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Henry Whitney Munroe of Tuxedo Park is with her mother, Adele Kneeland, at Fair Lawn in Lenox.

Mrs. Robert Winthrop has her daughter, Mrs. Hamilton Fish Kean, as her guest at Ethelwynd.

Mrs. James Roberts McKee of New York is staying with her daughter, Mrs. Curt H. Reisinger, at the Aspinwall cottage.

Bretton Woods, N. H.

Owing to the preference of most golfers at Bretton Woods to play two-ball matches and foursomes, the tournament this week was called off and the colony is enjoying the baseball games instead. Mount Washington will meet Mount Pleasant in its series today.

Louis A. Hamilton will soon arrive from New York to play golf at Bretton Woods. He was the first to join the Bretton Woods Golf Club at its inauguration.

Mrs. Shepherd Brooks of Boston, who went from Mountain View at Whitefield to join her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Simmons, to see the yacht races in New York, and Mrs. Herman Dierks and Miss Rachael Dierks, who went from the Mount Washington at Bretton Woods for the event, will return to the White Mountains on Sunday.

Cheryl G. Morse of Philadelphia is staying with Charles S. Cassatt of Detroit at his Summer home in Whitefield.

FLIERS TO ALASKA LEAVE ERIE TODAY

Three Army Airplanes Delayed by Damage to Commander's Craft in Forced Landing.

FIGHTS STORM FOR 2 HOURS

Elmhurst Crowds Watch While Wind Forces Capt. Street Down —Axle of Wheels Breaks.

ERIE, Pa., July 16.—The three army airplanes which arrived here last night in their flight from Mineola to Nome, Alaska, will not leave Erie until tomorrow morning, it was announced by the fliers here this afternoon.

The fliers said they had received a telegram from their commander, Captain Street, who was forced to land at Scranton, Pa., yesterday, not to proceed on their journey until he arrived in Erie. The men announced that the four planes would more than likely leave here tomorrow for Grand Rapids, Mich.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 16.—The airplane carrying Captain St. Claire Street, commander of the American air fleet flying from New York to Alaska, will resume its flight Saturday, it was announced tonight by Street at Elmhurst, eight miles east of this city. Damage which the machine suffered when a forced landing was made late Wednesday afternoon on the estate of Benjamin H. Throop at Elmhurst was not repaired until this evening, and Captain Street decided it was too late to attempt a flight today to Erie, Pa., where he will join the other fliers.

Captain Street and his observer, Sergeant Edmond Henriques, were in the air two hours after leaving Mineola Field. Their airplane ran into a severe electrical storm an hour after their take off. They ascended above the storm clouds, but there they ran into heavy winds and treacherous air currents.

Time after time Captain Street brought his airplane down into the storm to escape the wind that threatened him. But the storm was too much for the craft and he kept ascending and descending, trying to avoid making a landing, but he was compelled to bring his airplane down.

The machine landed in Elmhurst while the storm was at its height, and while lightening flashed and deafening peals of thunder roared over the countryside hundreds of persons summering in the Peconos saw the craft battling in the storm.

As the machine came to earth the axle on the wheels used in landing and starting broke off and the airplane tipped over on its side and snapped off a wire on one of the wings. Other than that there was no damage. The occupants of the machine were badly shaken up but not hurt.

NEW MOTOR FUEL SOUGHT.

English Experiment with Benzol-Alcohol Mixture.

The importance of finding a substitute motor fuel as an alternative or substitute for gasoline, intensified by the high prices and increasing demand, is receiving increasing attention in England, where scientific investigation under governmental impetus has given additional interest to the matter. Recent tests carried out by the London General Omnibus Company appear to have resulted in interesting conclusions of utilitarian character, while the British Government is conducting researches to discover a liquid fuel that will combine satisfactory features from both a scientific and a practical viewpoint.

The experiments carried on by the London Omnibus Company with a mixture of benzol and alcohol in equal proportions resulted in an efficiency as compared with gasoline of 12.5 to 15. The experiments in the workshop of the company are said to have dealt successfully with compression, carburetor setting and heating of induction pipes. An analysis of the exhaust gases showed no unconsumed carbon monoxide. On the road tests it is reported that stoppages took place owing to congestion of the carburetor jets and valves in the induction pipes. Various mixtures of the two fuels were used, but the 50 per cent. mixture proved the most satisfactory, although it impaired the engine to some extent.

"The chief engineer of the company," says a report to the Bureau of Commerce, "states with regard to comparative costs that the number of British thermal units produced per penny (2 cents) by gasoline are 6,000 and by 50 per cent. mixture 5,000; the cost per mile showed a difference in favor of the former of one-fifth of a penny. Further investigation of benzol-alcohol in equal proportions gave 6.05 miles to the gallon for the mixture and 7.19 with gasoline. The advocates of the benzol alcohol claim that the results have proved the efficiency of liquid fuels based on alcohol and further tests are to be made with a mixture of alcohol and ether."

The conclusions arrived at as a result of these experiments are thus summed up:

"The salient points arising from the investigations that are now complete are that the possible thermal efficiency increases with the increased proportion of alcohol in the fuel for the same compression; that a high proportion of alcohol means also that the compression can be raised, with a consequent rise in the thermal efficiency; and that, so far as the engine is concerned, the bad effects on valve pockets are more marked at small throttle openings with high than with low compression.

"The successful tests were carried out on omnibuses fitted with special engines, having pistons that gave a compression of about 123 pounds per square inch, while the induction pipes were heated and the carburetors were fed with hot air. Another consideration has been to overcome the effect of the acid from the mixture on the pistons, and satisfactory use in this direction has been made of an addition to the mixture of ammonium nitrate."

THEIR ENGAGEMENT BROKEN

Miss Evangeline Johnson and D. E. Craik of London Not to Wed.

Announcement has been made of the breaking of the engagement of Miss Evangeline Brewster Johnson and Douglas Elliott Craik of London, which was announced in June. Miss Johnson, who resides at 870 Park Avenue, is a daughter of the late Robert Wood Johnson of this city and New Brunswick, N. J. Her mother, who married John W. Dennis of London, died last September. Miss Johnson is now abroad.

Mr. Craik is a son of John Craik of London, and served as an officer in the Royal Garrison Artillery during the war.

Nephew vs. Aunt in Will Contest.

Charging his aunt, Mrs. Clara Morgenthau, with exerting undue influences on her brother, William Henry, in the execution of his will, Frederick Fuld, a nephew, of 490 West 160th St., filed notice of contest yesterday. Henry died on May 21 last. His will made minor legacies to various nephews and nieces in this city and to one Clara Bernheim, of 68 Rue Nicola, Paris, but no mention whatever was made of the nephew. According to the contesting papers, the estate consists of stocks, bonds and mortgages of the value of $500,000, now in the custody of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and $25,000 in real estate. The bulk, including his house at 20 West 96th Street, was bequeathed to Mrs. Morgenthau.

JULIA STIMSON MADE ARMY NURSE CORPS HEAD

New York Woman Was Chief Nurse of Red Cross in France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Secretary Baker announced today the appointment of Miss Julia C. Stimson of New York City as Superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps, with the relative rank of Major. She sailed in May, 1917, with the St. Louis unit, of which she was chief nurse.

On April 10, 1918, she was appointed chief nurse of the American Red Cross in France. She became director of the Army Nurse Corps, A. E. F., in November, 1918. Returning to the United States in June, 1919, she was appointed Acting Superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps. Miss Stimson received the D. S. M. and the British R. R. C.

In addition to her nursing duties, Miss Stimson served as a delegate from the United States to the International Red Cross Conference at Cannes. She is a graduate of Vassar and of the New York Hospital Training School for Nurses. Her father is the Rev. Henry A. Stimson, for nearly twenty-one years pastor of the Manhattan Congregational Church. A year ago General Pershing awarded honors to Miss Stimson for "exceptionally meritorious and conspicuous service."

THE SPIRIT OF ICELAND.

Mystic Island, Long an Aristocratic Republic, Has Full Sovereignty.

Denmark recently accorded full sovereignty to Iceland by which the island enters the Danish Federation on equal terms with Denmark. Geographically and geologically Iceland is a part of a continuation of the British Isles, states an article by the National Geographical Society, for it is situated on the same submarine ridge, stretching from southeast to northwest across the North Atlantic, Iceland is not a bleak, arctic region, imbedded in thick-ribbed ice, though its northernmost peninsula, Ritstangi, projects a mile north of the Arctic Circle.

No country on earth of equal size contains such varied and wonderful phenomena. The glaciers of Switzerland, the fjords, salmon rivers and midnight sun of Norway, the volcanoes, grottoes and solfataras of Italy, on a grander scale, the mineral springs of Germany, the geysers of New Zealand, one of the largest waterfalls in the world—all are here. Nowhere has nature been so spendthrift in giving a geological lesson to man. If there be sermons in stones, volumes lie unread here. Here we see her titanic forces at work building up a country. Nowhere is it possible to study as well the geological conditions prevailing toward the close of the glacial epoch in Europe.

Iceland has another and greater claim to one's interest. It is, as William Morris said, the Greece of the North. It produced in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries a literature unparalleled after Rome, before the golden age of England and France, in character drawing, in passionate dramatic power, in sevenfold noble simplicity, in grim humor. All the masters of the Sagas live and move today. Every hill and headland and valley in the island is full of their presence. The Icelander of today knows them by heart. It is as if every Englishman, from pauper to king, knew Shakespeare's historical plays and could retell them more or less in his or her own words. It has kept the national spirit alive through evil times. It has preserved the language almost untouched by time and foreign intercourse.

Yet this literary people still live in a pastoral and Homeric civilization, which is a modern lesson of the healthfulness of human life lived in close contact with pure free, wild life of nature, such as would have delighted the heart of Rousseau or Thoreau.

For four hundred years Iceland was an aristocratic republic, ruled by the great families of the early settlers, among whose leaders Njorar Queen of Dublin. A fourteen days open-air parliament of all Iceland met annually in June at Thingvellir, and the speaker of the law (log-seaguman) used to recite from memory the whole of the unwritten laws of the country to the assembly. In 1262-64 Iceland was united to Norway, and in 1380 with Norway to Denmark.

DENIES FIGURES ON ARMENIA

Armenian Union Official Takes Issue with Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Miran Sevasly, Chairman of the Armenian National Union, tonight issued a statement challenging Senator Harding's latest statement relative to what the acceptance of a mandate over Armenia would cost America.

Mr. Sevasly's statement says:

"With reference to Senator Harding's statement published in today's papers that the acceptance of a mandate for Armenia would require us to employ a great army and pour out money by hundreds of millions; this is not corroborated by any substantial evidence.

"Admiral Bristol, who represents the United States in Constantinople, has been greatly influenced by Kemal's agents, who have very adroitly made him and General Harbord believe that Kemal disposes of a large army, to confront which huge forces would be required.

"The success of the heroic Greek expedition against Kemal within the last fortnight has amply demonstrated the hollowness of these allegations, intended to throw dust into the eyes of Europe and of America for the purpose of modifying the Turkish treaty in favor of the Turks, while in Cilicia the Armenian Volunteer Corps have been holding their own triumphantly against Kemal's marauders and bandits.

"Both the French and Italians have very cleverly exploited this fiction and evidently Senator Harding, in good faith, has also been led astray. America can still accept the mandate without having to send a single American soldier to the front, as she can utilize, if need be, the Armenian local forces and the Armenian volunteers that will join the forces from this country."

SEASICK IN AIRPLANE.

Italian Airman's Craft Pitched Like Boat in Crossing Korea.

TOKIO, June 21.—Lieutenant Ferrarin, one of the two Italian airmen who flew from Rome to Tokio, encountered such rough air conditions while crossing the length of Korea that they made him seasick. The tempest met in the Hakone mountains was unparelleled.

"In my entire flying experience," he said, "I had never before met with such conditions. The air was so disturbed over Korea that the machine pitched like a small boat in a heavy swell, and for the first time in my life I knew what it was to be seasick. As soon as I reached the straits, where an escort of Japanese destroyers was waiting for me, the air conditions improved and the rest of my flight to Tokio, except for the storm in the Hakone, was made in ideal weather."

TO CHINA ON HONEYMOON.

Miss Harriet G. Abbe Wed Frederick R. Lack in Windham, Conn.

The marriage is announced of Miss Harriet Colgate Abbe, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Abbe, and Frederick Reginald Lack, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lack of Jersey City, which took place on Wednesday in St. Paul's Church, Windham, Conn. The bride is a niece of Dr. Robert Abbe of 11 West Fiftieth Street.

Mr. Lack was a First Lieutenant in the Signal Corps overseas and Mrs. Lack served two years with the Y. M. C. A. in France, also at Coblenz. They will go to China and Japan on their wedding trip.

HYLAN AIDS OPPOSE NEW HOUSING PLAN

Hilly, Mayer and Hirshfield Against Calling Legislature to Empower City to Build.

TAKE LANDLORDS TO COURT

Thirty of Their Tenants Applaud When Complaint of Unlawful Entry Is Issued.

Arthur J. W. Hilly, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, declared yesterday that he was opposed to an extra session of the Legislature to enact new housing legislation. Leo Kenneth Mayer, counsel to the committee, and Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield concurred in this view.

The reason assigned by the committee members for their opposition to a special session was a fear that the Legislature would be tempted to tamper with the laws as they exist.

At the direction of Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court a charge of unlawful entry was made yesterday against Emanuel Claman, Secretary of the Forty-eighth Street Corporation, 241 West Forty-third Street. The charge was based on the allegation of Miss Ida M. Heaton that Claman broke into her apartment at 250 West Eighty-fifth Street, destroyed several rent receipts and court records and took a diamond ring valued at $150 and a suit of clothes worth $75, the property of a roomer. The court records alleged to have been destroyed pertained to a verdict Miss Heaton and other tenants are said to have been granted in the Fourth District Court recently after the hearing of a grievance against their landlord.

About thirty of Claman's tenants, who were in court, applauded when the Magistrate ordered the complaint drawn. A wordy argument between Mrs. Margaret Hoepner, a tenant, and Claman followed the decision, and Mrs. Hoepner was pulled back by officers when she made a lunge at Claman.

An attempt to bar a Municipal Court Justice from taking action in an eviction case on the theory that it was known what action he intended to take, was made in the Brooklyn Supreme Court before Justice Van Siclen.

The case was that of Edward Dimin, his wife and infant son, who were ordered evicted on June 7 by Municipal Court Justice James A. Dunn, from their home at 1,292 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, a house owned by Nathan and Israel Halperin. The Halperins asked Justice Van Siclen for a writ of prohibition to prevent Justice Jacob Strahl from attempting to modify the eviction order. Justice Van Siclen reserved decision.

Edward A. Richards, former Municipal Court Justice, appearing for the landlords, said they had learned from the clerk in Justice Strahl's Court that the latter intended taking action in the Dimin case.

"I argued with Justice Strahl and told him he had no legal right to amend the judgment of another Justice," said Mr. Richards. At one point in his argument Mr. Richards said Justice Strahl was "peddling his power to gain popular approval to such an extent that he is becoming a menace to the community."

Boy Dies After Boxing Bouts.

Edward Gunther, 12 years old, of 969 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, died yesterday of heart failure after boxing several companions of his own age. He had been suffering from heart trouble for a long time, the police said, and had been under the care of a physician.

H. N. Brown Dies in Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—Harris N. Brown, a jeweler of Washington, D. C., died here today of smallpox.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Harris N. Brown was for twenty-five years engaged in the jewelry business in this city. He left here April 15 for Constantinople and other European cities on a business trip. Mr. Brown made his home with Donald Woodward, an intimate friend, at 1,736 R Street, Northwest.

Mr. Brown was about 40 years old. He came from Culpeper, Va., in 1895.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. MICHAEL HENRY MALLOY, for twenty years connected with the Society of the Fathers of Mercy, in Brooklyn, and senior assistant pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Francis de Chantal, died in Mount Calvary Hospital, the Bronx, on Wednesday. He was born in Newark, N. J., sixty-four years ago and was ordained a priest in the Sacred Heart College, at Vineland, N. J., in 1887.

EDWARD SCHENCK, a civil war veteran and long in the United States Customs Service in the office of the Board of General Appraisers in Manhattan, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Thursday in his seventy-eighth year. His wife, Mrs. Barbara R. Schenck, is in the same institution. Mr. Schenck was a member of U. S. Grant Post, No. 327, G. A. R., and was a deacon of the Church of the Pilgrims, in Brooklyn. His home was at 50 Pineapple Street, Brooklyn.

NATHANIEL OVERTON SWEEZEY, a Trustee of the Patchogue Bank, died at his home there on Wednesday at the age of 75 years. He was a retired miller. He had served for several terms as Overseer of the Poor and Auditor of the Town of Brookhaven.

JOHN MULREANY, for many years with the Hodgman Rubber Company, died at his home, 883 Second Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday.

Mrs. JANE PAULEY REID, widow of John Reid, a Confederate soldier in the civil war, who was killed in action, died on Thursday at her home, 1 Dumas Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

CHARLES L. HENDRICKSON, Assistant Superintendent of the New York Life Insurance Company's building in Manhattan and of the supply department for twenty-five years, died on Thursday at his home, 63 Bay Thirty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, from heart disease. He was a member of St. Albans Lodge, No. 566, F. and A. M., and of the Bensonhurst Yacht Club.

ANTHONY BLEILEVENS, a tailor at 1,966 Broadway, died Wednesday at his home, in Woodcliff-on-Hudson, aged 64. During his thirty-seven years as a tailor in this city he specialized in riding habits. Charles A. Bleilevens, dealer in securities at 34 Pine Street, is a son.

Sister LEONTIA MARY SMYTHE died Wednesday at St. Mary's Orphanage, 1,045 South Orange Avenue, Newark. She was a sister of the Right Rev. Mgr. Patrick E. Smythe, rector of St. Joseph's Church, in Jersey City.

EUSTACE JAQUES, who was for years prominent in the social life of Lenox, Mass., died in London on Wednesday. He was 58 years old. In 1902 he and his brother, Dr. Henry P. Jaques, bought the home farm property on Richmond Mountain Road, which they sold in 1918 to Mrs. William A. Slater of Washington, D. C. Since then Eustace had been living in Paris and London.

WARREN M. SCOTT, an executive of the Simons Manufacturing Company, died yesterday at his home in Chester, aged 41.

Dr. MATHILDE ANNETTE PELHAM of 45 Riverside Drive, died yesterday of diabetes at the age of 56 at her residence.

PHILIP FERNBACHER, an undertaker in Brooklyn, died yesterday at his residence, 318 Sumner Avenue, aged 65 years.

Mrs. H. H. PORTER, widow of the former President of the Chicago Transfer and Clearing Company, died Thursday at her Summer home at Lake Geneva, Wis., at the age of 78.

FREDERICK F. CUTLER, publisher of The Shoe and Leather Reporter and The Shoe Retailer, died yesterday at his home in Newton Centre, Mass.

Mrs. FRANCES C. RANDALL, widow of Captain Benjamin Randall of Goshen, died yesterday, aged 88, in Lebanon, Conn.

Bishop ALBERT PASCAL of Prince Alberi, Canada, died Thursday in Aix, France. He was 72 years old.

ZELIA MARION, 80 years old, an actress, of 262 West Thirty-eighth Street, died in Bellevue Hospital last night shortly after being taken unconscious from her home suffering from apoplexy.

WILLIAM H. SANDS DEAD.

Member of an Old New York Family Succumbs Suddenly.

William H. Sands, member of an old New York family, his ancestors settling at Sands Point, Long Island, in the seventeenth century, died suddenly yesterday. He was the son of the late Samuel S. and Mary Emily Sands. His residence in this city was at 22 East Forty-seventh Street.

Mr. Sands was long active in the social life of New York and was a member of many clubs, including the Union, Westchester Country, Racquet and Tennis. He was a graduate of Columbia University in the class of 1882. Charles Edward Sands of 32 East Forty-seventh Street is a brother.

Spanish Writers Mourn Cavia.

SARAGOSSA, Spain, July 15.—Great crowds attended the funeral of the late Marino Cavia, the noted Spanish author, here today. More than 100 wreaths, the tribute of Spanish writers and artists, were placed on the coffin.

Born.

WEISS—A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Weiss (nee Cecelia Margulies), on July 14, at Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

NEWMAN—On July 15, 1920, William M., beloved husband of Martha Kauffman Newman and father of Montrose K., Royal H. and William, Jr., in his 84th year. Funeral services will be held at the Universal Funeral Chapel, 307 Lexington Av., at 10 A. M., Sunday, July 18. Interment private. Detroit and Chicago papers please copy.

PALMER—Suddenly, at Ridgewood, N. J., on Friday, July 16, Hester Sharp Ackerman, wife of Charles E. Palmer. Funeral services from her late residence, Murray Av., on Sunday, July 18, at 4 P. M.

PELHAM—M. Annette, M. D., beloved wife of Alphonzo E. and mother of Eugene T. and Alphonzo Pelham, July 16. Services at her late residence, 43 Riverside Drive, on Sunday, July 18, at 8 P. M. Please omit flowers.

PELHAM—M. Annette. Members of the Homeopathic Medical Society of the State of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of our late member, M. Annette Pelham, M. D., at her late residence, 45 Riverside Drive, on Sunday, July 18, at 8 P. M.

Arthur R. Grant M. D., President.

RUTHVEN—Suddenly at Madison, N. J., July 15, 1920, James Ruthven. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 178 Kings Road, Madison, N. J., on Saturday, July 17, at 10 o'clock.

SANDS—Suddenly, William H., son of the late Samuel S. and Mary Emily Sands.

SCULLION—On Wednesday, July 14, James H. J. Scullion, in his 68th year. Funeral from his late residence, 301 West 22d St., on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, thence to St. Columba's, 25th, 8th and 9th Avs. Interment Calvary.

STERNBERGER—Julia Horkheimer, at Canton, Ohio, July 16, after long illness.

VANDERPOEL—At Watch Hill, R. I., on Wednesday, July 14, 1920, Minnie Buckmaster, wife of the late Isaac Vanderpoel of Albany, N. Y. Funeral services private.

VAN LOAN—Henry Fairbank, son of the late Isaac N. and Sarah A. Van Loan, entered into rest at Babylon, L. I., July 14. Funeral from the residence of his brother in Babylon 11 A. M. Saturday. Interment at Woodlawn 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

BECKMANN—In sad and loving memory of our dear wife and mother, who passed away July 17, 1919.
One year today and our hearts are sore;
Every day we miss you more.
Your memory is as dear today
As the day you passed away.
Husband and children.

BRIELMEIER—In sad and loving memory of our son and brother, John D. Brielmeier, who departed this life July 17, 1919.
With broken hearts of sorrow just one year ago today,
We watched one we loved so dearly silently pass away.
No one who knew him need ever be told,
A warmer heart decay never made cold,
Upright and honest in all his ways
None on earth can fill our dear son and brother's place.
Father, Mother and Brothers.

Died.

JUDGE—Michael. Services Campbell Funeral Church Saturday, 2 P. M., auspices Actors' Fund.

KLEIN—Hattie, beloved daughter of Sale and Mandor and dear sister of Leona, Tessie, Olga and Max. Services at her late residence, 1,659 Lexington Av., Sunday, July 18, 1920, 10 A. M.

LEONTIA—Sister M. (Mary Smyth), on July 14, 1920, at St. Mary's Orphanage, 1,045 South Orange Av., Newark, N. J., beloved sister of the Right Rev. Mgr. Patrick E. Smyth, rector of St. Joseph's Church, Jersey City, N. J., and Mrs. Anna Lenihan. Requiem mass at the orphanage chapel, 1,045 South Orange Av., Newark, N. J., on Saturday, July 17, at 10:30 A. M. Interment in Convent Cemetery at Madison, N. J.

LEWIS—Suddenly, July 15, Edwin Miller Lewis, in his 74th year. Funeral from the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Lewis, 304 Central Av., Cranford, N. J., Sunday, July 18, at 4 P. M.

LINK, Josephine. Campbell Funeral Church, Sunday, 2 P. M.

LOHR—Thursday, July 15, Fred W. Lohr. Services at his late home, 448 Riverside Drive, Saturday, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

McKIM—Suddenly, on Thursday, July 15, 1920, at Bedford Springs, Pa., the Rev. Randolph H. McKim, D. D., rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D. C. Funeral service at the Church of the Epiphany on Monday, July 19, at 2 P. M. Interment at Green Mount Cemetery, Baltimore, at 4:30 P. M. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

MAUDUIT—July 14, Louis Mauduit. Funeral Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 224 8th Av., near 23d St., Saturday, 10 A. M.

MOHR—On July 15, 1920, Blanche Barrett, wife of J. Oakley Mohr, Jr., at her residence, 41 Prospect St., White Plains, N. Y. Funeral private. Interment at Peekskill, N. Y.

NOLSTEN—On July 16, 1920, at Monroe, N. Y., Martha Irwin, beloved wife of Charles Holston. Services at Milton L. Reeves's Chapel, 313 Sumner Av., Brooklyn, on Monday afternoon, July 19, 1:30 o'clock.

NONEY—On July 15, 1920, Arthur C. Noney, in his 60th year. Services will be held at his late residence 240 East Tremont Av., Sunday, July 18, at 4 P. M. Interment Northwood Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa.

NOOPER—At Rutherford, N. J., on July 14, 1920, Minnie, wife of the

NEW MARKS MADE IN JUNIOR MEET

Championship Records Set in High Jump, Hop-Step-and-Jump and Discus at Boston.

HONORS FOR NEW YORKERS

Eight Titles Are Captured by Star Athletes from the Metropolitan District.

BOSTON A. A. TEAM WINNER

Scores Total of 32 Points—Army Is Second, with 23, and New York A. C. Third, with 13.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 16.—As a fitting preliminary to the important Olympic tryouts to determine America's track and field men for Antwerp, which will be held here tomorrow, the cream of the nation's junior athletes competing today in their annual struggle for supremacy on Harvard's famous horseshoe shaped athletic field smashed three championship records and produced a succession of track and field tests which have seldom been excelled in junior competition.

Two of the new marks were recorded by New Yorkers. Louis Watson, sprightly high jumper of the Alpha A. C., the Metropolitan A. A. U. champion, annexed the national junior title with the championship record leap of 6 feet 2 inches. This remarkable effort shoved into the discard the old mark of 6 feet 1 inch made by C. L. Seibert of Cnicago in the title meet three years ago.

Kaufman Geist, the rangy Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. athlete, made another of the trio of championship marks when he captured the junior running hop, skip and jump championship. The Y. M. H. A. star hopped, skiped and jumped 46 feet 7½ inches, displacing the old meet mark of 45 feet 9 inches, which was originally made by E. McCarthy of the old Irish-American A. C. in 1913, and was last equalled in 1914 by J. F. McLaughlin of the Boston A. A. William Rosenberg of the Glencoe A. C. also registered a performance in excess of the old record in carrying off second honors. Rosenberg's effort was 46 feet 3¼ inches.

Discus Record Falls.

The third championship record was made in the discus throwing test when three competitors shot the Greek missile out beyond the mark of 129 feet 3 inches made by A. W. Kohler, University of Michigan, in 1913.

William K. Bartlett, University of Oregon, won this title with a heave of 136 feet ½ inch. Second place went to R. G. Walker, New York A. C. with 133 feet 7½ inches, and third place was to beat the old mark was John S. Boyle of Los Angeles with 130 feet 4 inches.

The metropolitan district's skimpy representation played a conspicuous part in the afternoon's activities. While the team did not measure up strongly in quantity it was particularly notable in quality and the result was that before the afternoon's sport ended for the junfors eight titles had been bagged by the lads from Gotham.

Eddie Farrell, formerly of the Todd Shipyards A. A., but now competing unattached, sprinted off with the furlong wreath; W. F. Morton, Jersey Harriers A. A., annexed the quarter-mile title; W. E. Massey, Jr., of Princeton, sporting the silks of the New York A. C., won the 120-yard high hurdles title; Garland S. Courage, another wearer of the Mercury Foot, raced off with the mile title; John Conway, Pastime A. C., took the 56-pound weight crown, and Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., annexed the broad-jump title. The other titles for the metropolitan district went to Watson and Geist.

Boston A. A. Team Leads.

The Boston A. A. led in the race for the team championship trophy with the commanding total of 32 points. This margin was nine in excess of the score accumulated by representatives of the army. The New York A. C., conspicuously weak in its team nomination, finished third with 13 tallies and the Pastime A. C. finished fourth with 12. Representatives of the finalists at Harvard were fifth with 10, the Mohawk A. C. sixth with 8, Alpha A. C. seventh with 7, Jersey Harriers and Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. tied with Hill School and University of Oregon for eighth.

Because several events which have no Olympic games parallel were not included in today's junior championship program, the team championship will not be finally decided until later in the season.

Farrell, in addition to carrying off the 220-yard title, finished runner-up for the 100-yard crest in a driving finish with E. O. Gourdin, the Harvard student who competed unattached. The former Todd Shipyard sprinter just missed taking the Century title in a race that was run in 10 1-5 seconds, but redeemed himself later when he captured the furlong title after a close tussle with Richard Moore of the U. S. Army. The time was 22 3-5 seconds, two-fifths of a second slower than the meet record.

Morton, winner of the quarter-mile title, was also entered for two events, but his victory in the 440-yard race graduated him into the senior class before the second event for which he entered was called. Morton was also entered in the half-mile run.

Courage Wins Mile.

Courage gave a convincing display of superiority in racing off with the mile title. The Mercury Foot runner, going to the front entering the last half mile, carried nine rivals around the final two laps at a dizzy pace, and opened up a gap of forty yards on C. J. Olear, Jr., Boston A. A. Eddie Rank, Paulist A. C., just managed to last long enough to garner third position, despite a spectacular closing burst by John L. Dougherty of the Dorchester Club. The time for the race was 4:33.

Watson's jumping over the crossbar attracted continued applause from a crowd of about 2,000 which looked lost in the famous concrete stand. The negro athlete sought to call it a day after winning the title with 6 feet 2 inches, but the crowd urged him to go on for a crack at the American record. Watson essayed the task, but failed on his next attempt to clear 6 feet 2 inches.

The spectators who remained for the trial heats in five events of the senior program, which were conducted immediately following the completion of the junior events, were rewarded with a particularly brilliant quarter-mile race by Ted Meredith, New York A. C. representative, who holds the Olympic 800-meter title. The once great middle-distancer, striving desperately to convince the Olympic officials that he still retains enough of his ability to score points in the international classic for Uncle Sam, scored a victory in the most spectacular race of the day, when he led a field of rivals in the second heat of the 440-yard trials.

A resurrection of the famous Meredith "jump," which in the past has brought numerous victories to the former Red and Blue veteran, gave Meredith the premier place at the finish by less than a foot on George Bretnell of Cornell College, Iowa.

The summaries of the junior championships follow:

Track Events.

100-Yard Dash—Won by E. O. Goudin, Boston (unattached); E. B. Farrell, New York (unattached), second; Robert M. Williams, Army, third; Richard Moore, Army, fourth. Time—0:10 1-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by E. B. Farrell, New York (unattached); Richard Moore, Army, second; P. F. Macchia, Boston A. A., third; John J. Kehoe, Enterprise Club, Philadelphia, fourth. Time—0:22 3-5.

120-Yard High Hurdles—Won by W. E. Massey, Jr., New York A. A.; J. Moss, University of Texas, second; Lieutenant C. E. Davis, Army, third; E. Ellis, Syracuse University, fourth. Time—0:16 1-5.

440-Yard Hurdles—Won by J. J. Sullivan, Boston A. A.; Leo Lloyd, Paulist A. C., second; Cliff Brundage, Paulist A. C., third. Only three finished. Time—0:59.

440-Yard Run—Won by W. F. Morton, Jersey Harriers; R. A. Robertson, Boston A. A., second; G. D. Melville, Boston A. A., third; E. M. Murphy, Boston A. A., fourth. Time—0:50 4-5.

880-Yard Run—Won by J. J. Caffrey, Boston A. A.; W. W. Shoemaker, Army, second; Walter Powe, Alpha Club, New York, third; Charles E. Snow, Jr., M. I. T., fourth. Time—2:02 2-5.

One-Mile Run—Won by Garland Courage, New York A. C.; C. J. O'Leary, Jr., Boston A. A., second; E. D. Rank, Paulist A. C., third; John L. Doherty, Dorchester Club, fourth. Time—4:33.

Field Events.

Running High Jump—Won by Louis A. Watson, Alpha Club, New York, height 6 feet 2 inches, a new junior championship record former record 6 feet 1 inch, made by C. L. Seibert of Chicago in 1917; A. A. Bromet, Morningside A. C., New York, height 6 feet, second; Herman A. Bigelow, unattached, height 5 feet 8 inches, third; Captain C. D. Maulsby, U. S. A., height 5 feet 6 inches, fourth.

Running Broad Jump—Won by Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., New York, 22 feet 9 inches; Hugo Politzer, Mohawk A. C., New York, 22 feet 3½ inches, second; B. L. Russell, Army, 22 feet 2½ inches, third; Everett L. Bradley, University of Kansas, 21 feet 11½ inches, fourth.

Hop, Step and Jump—Won by Kaufman Geist, Y. M. H. A., New York, 46 feet 7½ inches, a new junior championship record (former mark, 45 feet 9 inches, made by L. McCarthy, Irish-American A. C., New York, in 1912); William Rosenberg, Glencoe A. C., New York, 46 feet 3¼ inches, second; S. Lehrer, Pastime A. C., New York, 45 feet 9 inches, third; H. C. Pierce, Newton, unattached, 42 feet 5 inches, fourth.

Pole Vault—Won by R. W. Harwood, Boston A. A., 11 feet 6 inches; Lieutenant Edward Shrader, Army, 11 feet, second; Alfred H. Fletcher, M. I. T., 11 feet, third; C. E. Huntley, Navy, 10 feet 6 inches, fourth.

Discus Throw—Won by William J. Bartlett, University of Oregon, 136 feet ½ inch, a new junior championship record (former mark, 129 feet 3 inches, made by A. W. Kohler, University of Michigan, in 1913); R. G. Walker, New York A. C., 133 feet 7½ inches, second; John S. Boyle, Los Angeles, 130 feet 4 inches, third; Chris Vretton, New York, unattached, 126 feet 7¾ inches, fourth.

Javelin Throw—Won by Jack Mahan, Texas A. and M. College, 175 feet 7½ inches; Leon Perrine, University of Idaho, 163 feet 10¼ inches, second; M. A. Phillips, St. Stanislaus College, Mississippi, 160 feet, third; Everett L. Bradley, University of Kansas, 155 feet 6¼ inches, fourth.

Hammer Throw—Won by C. G. Dandrow, Boston A. A., 161 feet 3 inches; John Conway, Pastime A. C., New York, 140 feet 10¼ inches, second; Lieutenant E. R. Roberts, Army, 136 feet 10¼ inches, third; B. F. Sherman, New York (unattached), 122 feet 10 inches, fourth.

16-Pound Shot-Put—Won by Ralph G. Hill, Hill School, 44 feet 10 inches; Tom Cooke, Jr., Paulist A. C., New York, 42 feet 9 inches, second; B. E. Precox, Pastime A. C., New York, 42 feet ¼ inch, third; W. F. Wilkie, Boston A. A., 41 feet 5¾ inches, fourth.

56-Pound Weight—Won by John Conway, Pastime A. C., New York, 36 feet 4½ inches; Lieutenant Edward R. Roberts, Army, 28 feet 6¼ inches, second; F. L. Skidmore, University of the South, 26 feet 9 inches, third; Lieutenant R. G. Lerman, Army, 26 feet, fourth.

Point Score.

Team.	Points.	Team.	Points.
Boston A. A.	32	Paulist A. C.	10
Army	23	Mohawk A. C.	8
New York A. C.	13	Alpha A. C.	7
Pastime A. C.	12		

Jersey Harriers, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., Hill School and University of Oregon tied for eighth.

Results in Senior Trials.

The trial heats in the five senior events, held immediately following the junior championships, resulted as follows:

100-Yard Dash—First three in each heat to qualify for semi-finals:

First Heat—Won by Loren Murchison, New York A. C.; H. Williams, Spokane A. C., second; Joe G. Loomis, Chicago A. A., third. Time—0:10 1-5.

Second Heat—Won by M. M. Kirksey, Olympic Club, San Francisco; B. D. Wefers, New York A. C., second; E. O. Gourdin, Boston, unattached, third. Time—0:10 1-5.

Third Heat—Won by J. V. Scholz, University of Missouri; J. V. Drew, Drake University, second; Alfred L. Coney, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia, third. Time—0:10 1-5.

Fourth Heat—Won by Charles W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C.; William D. Hayes, Notre Dame University, second; Allen Woodring, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia, third. Time—0:10.

220-Yard Dash—First two men in each heat to qualify for semi-finals:

First Heat—Won by Loren Murchison, New York A. C.; R. S. Maxam, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia, second. Time—0:22.

Second Heat—Won by M. M. Kirksey, Olympic Club, San Francisco; Leo P. Messengale, University of Missouri, second. Time 0:21 4-5.

Third Heat—Won by Frank Conway, Morningside A. C., New York; Henry Williams, Spokane A. C., second. Time—0:22.

Fourth Heat—Won by C. W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C., second. Time—0:21 4-5.

Fifth Heat—Won by Allen Woodring, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia; J. V. Scholz, University of Missouri, second. Time—0:22.

Sixth Heat—Won by M. Haddock, University of Kansas; L. E. Coney, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia, second. Time—0:22 2-5.

440-Yard Run—First three men in each heat to qualify for finals:

First Heat—Won by Frank J. Shea, Navy; Lawrence Butler, University of Michigan, second; James J. O'Brien, Loughlin Lyceum, New York, third. Time—0:49.

Second Heat—Won by John L. Meredith, New York A. C.; Leo S. Bretnall, Cornell College, Iowa, second; George S. Schiller, Los Angeles A. C., third. Time—0:49 3-5.

Third Heat—Won by J. W. Driscoll, Boston A. A.; Colon Kilby, Los Angeles A. C., second; R. S. Emory, Chicago A. A., third. Time—0:49.

440-Yard Hurdles—First two men in each heat to qualify for semi-finals:

First Heat—Won by F. F. Loomis, Chicago A. A.; John K. Norton, Olympic Club, San Francisco, second. Time—0:55 3-5.

Second Heat—Won by A. G. Desch, New York, unattached; William H. Meanix, Boston A. A., second. Time—0:56 2-5.

Third Heat—Won by William Coughlin, University of the South; Charles D. Dogge, Los Angeles A. C., second. Time—0:56 4-5.

F. Smart, Chicago A. A., and Mead Burke, Illinois A. C., also advanced to the semi-finals as the fastest men to finish third in any of the heats.

440-Yard Hurdles—Semi-finals:

First Heat—Won by F. F. Loomis, Chicago A. A.; Charles D. Dogge, Los Angeles A. C., second. Time—0:55.

Second Heat — Semi-finals — Won by A. G. Desch, New York (unattached); John K. Norton, Olympic Club, San Francisco, second. Time—0:55 2-5.

880-Yard Run—First three men in each heat to qualify for finals:

First Heat—Won by L. M. Brown, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia; Thomas Campbell, Yale University, second; P. M. Spink, Chicago A. A., third. Time—1:55 4-5.

Second Heat—Won by Karl Eby, Chicago A. A.; A. B. Sprott, Los Angeles A. C., second; Homer Baker, Glencoe A. C., New York, third. Time—1:56 4-5.

Third Heat—Won by Allen B. Heitfrich, New York A. C.; Lieut. D. M. Scott, Army, second; Sandy Evans, Salem Crescent A. C., New York, third. Time—1:54 4-5.

YANKEES ARE AGAIN BEATEN BY BROWNS

Bayne, a Young Left-Hander, Puzzles Hugmen and St. Louis Wins, 5 to 2.

FINE CATCH BY JACOBSON.

Ping Bodie Victim of One-Hand Grab—Sisler Gets a Home Run and Two Singles.

The St. Louis Browns, without a word of warning, sprung a little sawed-off left-handed pitcher named Bill Bayne of Tulsa, Okla., on the Yanks at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and Huggins' lads went through the whole afternoon without smashing any kind of record. St. Louis won the game, 5 to 2, which gave them three games out of five for the series.

The Yanks didn't get a hit off Bayne until the seventh inning, when Pratt started a rally which brought New York two runs. But after that Bayne refused to be separated from another run. A large number of expectant fans, about 16,000 of them, gathered to see whether Babe Ruth would make a new home run record by pounding out his thirtieth home run. The crowd was out of luck, because Babe's most dangerous jab yesterday was a single.

In the first inning Bayne fanned Ruth. Bayne just touched Babe's sleeve with the ball in the fourth, and Babe got free passage. Ruth walked in the sixth, and when he came to bat in the eighth for the last time, the populace decided that the time had arrived for the greatest home run of all. It was about 5:09 by the clock when Ruth took his last swing and punched a long single to right field. Babe, up to yesterday, had never heard of Bill Bayne, but Bill had heard of Ruth, and he wasn't a bit scared of the slugger.

Mogridge wasn't especially effective for the Yanks, and his support was of about the same calibre as his pitching. Ruth made an error in the first inning, letting Sisler's single trickle through his feet, and two runs resulted.

Sisler Has Big Day.

Sisler was prolific with his bat and made a home run, two singles and got a pass in five trips to the plate. And as for fielding, well, they don't produce first basemen any better than the Brownie wizard.

The fielding of Baby Doll Jacobson in centre field was sensationally notorious. He made a catch of Ping Bodie's screamer between right and centre in the fourth inning which recalled to Ping's mind the old vaudeville act, "The Great Diamond Robbery." Jake traveled far into right field in the general direction of the fence for Ping's bang and just nipped it with one hand.

Babe Ruth was on first when Ping hit the ball, and as it looked like a certain three-bagger, or maybe a home run, Ruth set out at top speed. When he had almost reached third base he learned that Baby Doll was going to perpetrate a crime against Bodie, so he started back. Babe had to run back faster than he had been going forward. He touched second on the return trip and then had to slide into first base. By the greatest bit of pluck he got back safely. Many a time Babe has traveled fast from first to third, but this is the first time in his baserunning career that he ever had to go at top speed from third to first.

Bluejackets from the battleship Tennessee and from the Portuguese cruiser San Gabriel banked for a time in front of third base. Each had a brass band, but it was hard to distinguish which band was which. At one time there was no question that both bands were playing Portuguese music and going strong. Portuguese music sounds very much like American jazz, only worse. A bass drum solo when Bob Meusel came in as a pinch hitter and drove in two runs was the high point of the musical program.

Browns Score in First.

The Browns got to Mogridge early. After Tobin skied to Pratt in the first inning Gedeon singled to left. Sisler singled to right and the ball went through Ruth's feet and to the fence, Gedeon and Sisler scoring. Peck tossed out Jacobson and Williams walked. Smith fanned and ended the inning.

The Yanks surmised that Bayne would be easy. He gave Peck a base on balls for a starter and the Yanks were positive then that Bayne would be easy. The Oklahoma southpaw fooled them, for after he fanned Ward, Pipp hoisted to Gedeon and the mighty Ruth struck out. After that Bayne commanded much respect from the Yanks. One of the Yanks managed to get on in each of the first five innings, but Bayne tightened up and turned them back. With one out in the second Bodie got to second on Smith's wild throw to first, but Pratt and Ruel both popped out. There were two down in the third when Ward was safe on Gerber's error, but Pipp dispelled all hope by striking out.

Ruth got to first in the fourth when a curve just grazed his sleeve. If it hit him it was the same harmless affairs. After Lewis flied to Jacobson, Bodie crashed a long drive to right centre. Ruth started to hotfoot it for home, but he was suddenly called back after Jacobson made his wonderful catch.

Sisler was the first of the Browns up in the fifth and he drove the ball into the lower tier of the right field stand for a home run. They kept right after Mogridge in the sixth. With one out, Severeid singled and Bayne struck out. Tobin singled to right and Severeid reached third. Tobin went to second on this play and third. Joe Gedeon was on the job at this point and smacked a single to left, which sent Severeid and Tobin home.

Disappoints Camera Men.

There were two out in the sixth when Ruth came to bat. The camera men were all set to catch the Blunderbus red-handed in the act of banging out his record-smashing home run. He fooled them, or rather Billy Bayne fooled them, for Babe walked. No one wants to look at a picture of Babe walking. Lewis walked, and it was up to Bodie. After Ping had uncorked a dangerous foul he was called out on strikes and appeared to be greatly shocked at Umpire Hildebrand's decision.

The Yankee rally in the seventh was good while it lasted, but it didn't last long enough. Pratt opened the promising occasion with a single to left, the first hit off Bayne. Ruel doubled to left and sent Pratt to third. Meusel batted in place of Mogridge and whacked a double to left which sent Pratt and Ruel home.

Peck didn't continue the good work but popped to Sisler. Smith threw out Ward and then Pipp poled a fly over Bayne's head which looked good. Gerber rushed over and got the ball and threw Pipp out at first

Ruth singled in the eighth and the fans still had hope. Lewis hit into a double play which was most distressing for Bodie crashed a double to left. Jacobson ran back toward the fence and made an easy catch of Pratt's long drive. Jake has done some high class fielding during this last visit. The score:

ST. LOUIS (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	5	1	2	1	0
Gedeon,2b	5	1	2	3	5
Sisler,1b	4	2	3	10	1
Jacobson,cf	4	0	1	5	0
Williams,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Smith,3b	5	0	1	0	1
Gerber,ss	5	0	0	1	2
Severeid,c	4	1	2	6	1
Bayne,p	4	0	2	0	1
Total	38	5	13	27	11

NEW YORK (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Peckin'h,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Ward,3b	5	0	0	3	1
Pipp,1b	4	0	0	7	0
Ruth, rf	2	0	1	3	0
Lewis,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Bodie,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Pratt,2b	4	1	1	2	1
Ruel,c	3	1	1	7	0
Mogridge,p	2	0	0	0	2
a Meusel	1	0	1	0	0
McGraw,p	0	0	0	0	1
b Vick	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	6	27	7

a Batted for Mogridge in seventh.
b Batted for McGraw in ninth.

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—2

Two-base hits—Ruel, Meusel, Bodie. Home run—Sisler. Stolen bases—Sisler (2). Sacrifice hits—Williams (2). Double plays—Gerber, Gedeon and Sisler (2). Left on bases—St. Louis 11, New York 9. Bases on balls—Off Mogridge 2, McGraw 1, Bayne 4. Hits—Off Mogridge, 5 in 7 innings; McGraw, 2 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bayne (Ruth). Struck out—By Mogridge 3, McGraw 1, Bayne 5. Wild pitch—Mogridge. Winning pitcher, Bayne; losing pitcher, Mogridge. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

ATHLETICS BEAT INDIANS.

Single with Bases Filled Gives Them 5-to-4 Victory.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Dugan's single with the bases filled in the eighth, gave Philadelphia the final game of the Cleveland series today, 5 to 4. The Athletics, previous to the seventh inning, had a 3 to 1 lead when Naylor with a wild pitch gave Cleveland two runs. It was the first victory of the series for the locals.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Dykes,3b	4	2	1	2	1
Walker,lf	3	2	3	1	0
Welch,cf	1	1	0	2	0
Dugan,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Perkins,c	4	0	1	3	0
Griffin,1b	3	0	0	14	1
Thomas,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Naylor,p	2	0	0	0	2
aStrunk	1	0	0	0	0
Ferry,p	0	0	0	0	2
Total	28	5	6	27	13

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	5	0	0	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	1	1	1	0
Gardner,3b	5	0	0	2	2
Smith,rf	3	0	1	0	0
Johnston,1b	4	1	2	8	1
O'Neill,c	3	0	1	3	1
Uhle,p	4	0	2	0	3
Bagby,p	0	0	0	0	0
Speaker,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Total	36	4	10	24	15

a Batted for Naylor in seventh.

Errors—Thomas, Gardner (2), Johnston.

Philadelphia	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—5	
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	—4

Two-base hits—O'Neill, Walker. Sacrifices—O'Neill, Welch. Double plays—Gardner, Wambsganss and Johnston; Chapman, Wambsganss and Johnston; Dykes and Griffith. Left on bases—Cleveland 10, Philadelphia 4. Bases on balls—Off Uhle 3, Bagby 1, Naylor 4. Hits—Off Naylor 9 in 7 innings, Ferry 1 in 2 innings, Uhle 8 in 7 1-3 innings, Bagby 1 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Uhle 3, Naylor 3. Wild pitch—Naylor. Winning pitcher Ferry, losing pitcher Uhle. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly. Time—one hour fifty-five minutes.

BISONS WIN ANOTHER.

Skeeters Outbat Wiltse's Team, but Are Defeated, 4 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 16.—Buffalo took Jersey City into camp again today, the score being 4 to 1. The Skeeters once more registered more hits than the Bisons, making four of the five twobaggers, but they were unable to follow up their advantage, Kid Thomas being at his best after being found for one of the long drives.

Biemiller pitched a good game for the Jerseymen, but his support did not equal that accorded Buffalo heaver. Errors, a passed ball, a wild pitch and a hit batsman aided the Bisons to collect their tallies, one at a time.

Thomas was hit on his pitching hand in the ninth, after which he was a bit wild, giving the locals two bases on his only offense in nine frames, but a fast double play by the infield nipped the Skeeters' rally.

McCann, Mooers and Zitman led the invaders in hits, the former having two doubles. Pitcher Thomas surprised the natives with a triple in the third, which would have been good for a homer with a faster man. The teams will play a double-header tomorrow.

The score:

BUFFALO (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Millet,1b	3	1	1	10	0
Dowd,2b	3	1	2	2	5
Strait,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Jacobs,lf	3	1	2	2	0
Sargent,3b	2	0	2	4	0
Keating,ss	2	0	0	2	3
Bruggy,c	3	0	0	3	1
Thomas,p	3	1	1	0	2
Total	27	4	8	27	11

JERSEY CITY (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
McCann,2b	4	1	2	3	4
Mooers,3b	4	0	2	1	2
Kane,rf	3	0	1	3	0
Denoville,1b	4	0	1	8	1
Wigleam'h,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Zitman,ss	3	0	2	0	3
Zim'man,cf	3	0	1	0	0
Hyde,c	4	0	0	5	1
Biemiller,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	9	24	11

Errors—Hyde, Biemiller.

Buffalo	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	—4	
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1

Bases on balls—Off Thomas 2, Biemiller 3. Struck out—By Thomas 2, Biemiller 3. Three-base hit—Thomas. Two-base hits—Jacobs, McCann (2), Mooers, Denoville. Sacrifice hits—Miller, Keating, Jacobs, Kane. Stolen bases—Sargent, Miller. Left on bases—Buffalo 6, Jersey City 7. Double plays—McCann, Denoville and Hyde; Dowd and Keating; Dowd, Keating and Miller. Hit by pitcher—By Biemiller (Dowd). Wild pitch—Biemiller. Passed ball—Hyde. Umpires—Messrs. Moran and McGowan. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes.

Lacrosse Teams to Clash.

TORONTO, Ont., July 16.—The St. Simon's senior lacrosse team of the Ontario Lacrosse Association will play the Illinois Athletic Club team in Chicago, August 14, it was announced here today.

Southern Association.

New Orleans 9, Birmingham 3.
(First game).
Birmingham 2, New Orleans 1.
(Second game 7 innings).
Atlanta, 7; Memphis, 1. J. E. Meredith, Umpire.
Memphis 3, Chattanooga 1.
Nashville 3, Little Rock 1.
(11 innings).

Eastern League.

Springfield 3, Bridgeport 2.
Worcester 3, Albany 0.
Waterbury 6, Hartford 0.
Pittsfield 6, New Haven 0.

Curves and Bingles

After yesterday's game about the only thing the fans could think of to say and not be disagreeable was, "Well, they can't win 'em all"

The pitching slump is still on and this has been the principal reason the Browns won three out of five. The Yanks need Bob Shawkey back on the firing line.

Bob McGraw pitched the last two innings and after getting into a hole in the ninth, he flashed some real flinging and came through without any damage. Bob fanned Gerber with two runners aboard for the third out.

The Portuguese sailors didn't know much about what it was all about. That isn't strange for New York fans sometimes feel the same way about it.

Bayne looks as if he would amount to something as a pitcher. For a stranger, he surely knew how to handle the Yank batsmen. He had a lot of speed and well controled curves.

The Yanks have a fine time ahead. They play the Chicago White Sox today and tomorrow and have double-headers with the same club on Monday and Tuesday. Then comes Cleveland. The days are getting much warmer.

Bodie says ball players will never get anywhere while they allow men like Jacobson to hang around, preventing honest men from making a living by robbing them of their bread and butter-baseshits.

A little black dog came onto the diamond in the first inning and the game stopped while Ward chased the doggie away. One of the ball players said it was a sign of bad luck. Some one corrected him and said it was a sign that somebody forgot to feed the pup.

St. Louis First A. L. Team to Win Series at Polo Grounds

When the St. Louis Browns defeated the Yankees at the Polo Grounds yesterday in the odd game of their five-game series that team did something which no other club has been able to accomplish at the Polo Grounds this season—win a series from the Hugmen. Washington and Cleveland have been able to hold the Yankees even at the Polo Grounds this season, but all other teams visiting the home of the Hugmen had to take the short end, even Washington being a victim on its second visit after tieing the first. The Mackmen, Red Sox and Tigers failed twice, the White Sox lost the only series played by Chicago here to date, and the Browns lost on their first visit. Incidentally, the series which ended yesterday was the third lost by the Yankees since early in May. They lost at Cleveland on the Western trip and at Washington ten days ago.

GIANTS HAVE TO GO LONG TRIP TO WIN

Play Sixteen Scoreless Innings and Then Thrash Pirates in Seventeenth, 7 to 0.

BENTON STEADY AS A WALL

Rube Never Lets Up on Opponents, but When Hamilton Gives Way He Caves In Thoroughly.

PITTSBURGH, July 16.—The Giants can be pushed just so far—perhaps a trifle further than Cousin Egbert—but beyond that certain point something is going to drop. What dropped today was nothing but an avalanche, and what it fell on was nothing but the puffing Pirates. The breaking point was the seventeenth inning, at the outset of which the score was no runs whatever for the New Yorkers and the same inconsiderable amount for the local gladiators. When the wreckage was cleared away some minutes later the tally proved to be: Giants, 7; Pirates still 0.

Sixteen runless innings provide plenty of glory and plenty of disgrace. To carry your opponent that far without letting him break through is a considerable defensive achievement. On the other hand, to pound away that long without making a dent in the opposition does not entitle one to laurel wreaths. The answer to both propositions today lies in the strong arm work of two twirlers, Benton and Hamilton. In sixteen innings Rube permitter seven safe drives which entitles him to rank as the Gaspard, the miser, of baseball. His opponent was equally niggardly—for sixteen innings. Then he say the error of his ways. A blush that audibly sizzled overspread his countenance from ear to ear, and it took a good sized blush to do it. He was plainly thinking to himself: "Shame on me for being so mean with these fellows. They're a pretty good bunch of guys. Here's where I loosen up."

He did. He loosened up for fair. When he got tired of loosening the Giants jolted him some more and kept him very loose. They whanged him for seven assorted hits and six runs with only one man out. Thereupon he retreated before the onslaught and his successor, Cooper, allowed one more hit, a roaring triple and one more run.

Pirates Make Futile Effort.

The Pirates tried hard in their half of that turbulent inning to put at least one marker on the score board. With one gone they got together a double and a triple. However, Rube Benton wouldn't have it. He had watched with ghoulish glee the effect of his rival's generosity and was willing to let it run for Sweeney. So he tightened up and the next man thrashed blindly into a double play which ended the festivities.

The battle, unlike some pitching duels, held the attention of the large crowd throughout. There were several occasions when the danger threatened for one nine or the other and these served as plums to make the cake more tasty. As the normal duration of a game was reached and passed without any sign of a break on the part of either of the war horses pawing on the pitching mounds, the interest of the fans became breathless in its intensity. When in the eleventh inning the Giants compiled a double and a brace of singles and yet were the starters in the steadiness of Hamilton and his mates, there was a gust of relieved sighs which was hardly drowned even in the roar of applause. Again in the fourteenth a similar crisis was successfully met by the Pirates and the fans thereupon definitely renounced all intention of getting any dinner until the affair was terminated. Later on most of them were sorry they had let the soup grow cold at home.

Batting Exceedingly Scanty.

In the opening inning Bancroft got a single, in the sixth Burns slashed out a double and in the seventh Snyder beat out an infield poke. That was all the batting chalked up for McGraw's men for ten full innings. It can be seen without a telescope that Hamilton was going along like Man O' War. If anybody then had prophesied a cataclysm for him later on that prophet would have been entirely without honor.

Rube Benton was right there with the Pittsburgh artist, however, the third, eighth and ninth sessions resulted in one Pirate single apiece. He generally considered holding them down in the fifteenth and sixteenth, too, the local array got men on the bags, but without avail.

The explosion in the seventeenth went like this: Doyle beat out a hit to Grimm to begin things. Snyder singled to second on a hit-and-run play, putting Doyle on third. Lefevre ran for Snyder. Benton singled to centre, scoring Doyle for the first run of the game. Lefevre stopping at second, Burns hit to left, scoring Lefevre, Benton stopping at second. Bancroft singled to left and the bases were filled. Spencer forced Benton at the plate, Hamilton to the catcher, Schmidt. Frisch tripled to right field, scoring Burns, Bancroft and Spencer. Kelly tripled to right centre, scoring Frisch. Hamilton retired in favor of Cooper. King tripled to right, scoring Kelly. Doyle popped to Whitted. Lefevre struck out and the landslide came to a halt.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	8	1	2	5	0
Bancroft,ss	7	1	3	1	1
Young,rf	3	0	0	0	0
McCarty	0	0	0	0	0
Spencer,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Frisch,3b	7	1	2	3	5
Kelley,1b	7	1	2	8	1
King,cf	6	0	2	4	1
Doyle,2b	8	1	1	0	9
Snyder,c	7	0	2	4	3
Benton,p	7	0	1	1	3
bLefevre	1	0	0	0	0
Smith,c	0	0	0	1	0
Total	68	7	16	51	33

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,lf	7	0	3	5	1
Carey,cf	7	0	1	3	0

U. S. TENNIS TEAM RENEWS TRIUMPHS

Johnston Defeats Parke and Tilden Beats Kingscote in Davis Cup Matches.

CALIFORNIAN GETS REVENGE

Victory by 3 Sets to 2 Reverses Result of Previous Meeting with British Expert.

ONE MORE POINT NEEDED

America Will Become Challenger by Winning in Doubles or in Another Singles Encounter.

WIMBLEDON, England, July 16 (Associated Press).—William M. Johnston of California won the first match for the American Davis Cup team today in its contest with the British team for the right to challenge Australasia for the trophy. He defeated J. C. Parke in five sets, 6—4, 6—4, 2—6, 3—6, 6—2. William T. Tilden, 2d, of Philadelphia, defeated A. R. F. Kingscote of the British team in the second singles match by scores of 4—6, 6—1, 6—3, 6—1.

Today's matches were played in perfect weather, the sun shining brilliantly. The matches had assumed an even more important aspect than expected, owing to the fact that Holland, the only other country remaining in the contest, had withdrawn from the final round. The British-American match therefore became the final, qualifying the winner to challenge Australasia. One more victory, either in the doubles tomorrow or in one of the two remaining singles matches, will qualify the United States to challenge.

Today's match between Johnston and Parke was anticipated with much interest, as it was virtually a return match following the great encounter in the British tennis championship when Parke defeated the American champion three sets to one. The Tilden-Kingscote match was expected also to provide another sensational struggle, in view of the closeness of the scores when they met in the British championship tournament.

English Hopes High.

In consequence of the previous showings of the British players against their American competitors, the hopes of the English crowd were high when play began in this tournament. The experts, however, were not inclined to undervalue the Americans owing to the magnificent form shown by Johnston and Tilden in the Eastbourne match between the American and French teams last week, which resulted in the Frenchmen's elimination. Nevertheless, the changing of the scene of the matches between the British and the Americans from Scarborough, as originally planned, to Wimbledon, was held unquestionably to have increased the English chances, as it was known that Johnston intensely disliked the conditions at Wimbledon, the court facing the wrong way to suit his style of play, and row upon row of white dresses in the stands forming a background upon which the ball becomes virtually invisible.

The Johnston-Parke match was full of thrills, and despite the fact that the American reversed the result of their previous meeting during the British championship, thus obtaining his revenge, Parke was unquestionably playing a finer game today than when he beat Johnston. Nevertheless, Johnston today gave his American supporters some anxious moments. He played far better in periods than during the British championships, but he did not approach the form he showed at Eastbourne against the French.

It seemed to the expert observers that Parke's service was one that should have been scored from almost consistently. It was a slow, high-bounding delivery, one that a driver usually longs to have served to him. Yet Johnston frequently hit these balls yards out or netted them a foot from the top of the net. At other periods, Johnston volleyed magnificently, but he was so frequently passed at the net by brilliant drives that he finally became shy of moving up for close work.

Parke Lobs Accurately.

Parke's lobbing was one of the features of his game. He had an extraordinary amount of luck, tennis experts declaring that no player in the wide world could deliberately toss actually on to the base line as Parke did. Again and again Johnston left a lob, thinking it was going out of court, only to see it send up a shower of chalk from the baseline. Parke had at least ten such points.

In the first set Parke led, 4—1. Johnston generally beating himself and playing at the back of the court. Then, bestirring himself, Johnston played a splendid net game, getting up after each return. He won three of the five succeeding games from fifteen.

In the second set Parke captured the first game on his own service after Johnston had led 40—15. Parke then annexed Johnston's service game. Then Johnston brought the score to 3—2, taking three games with the loss of only five points. In the sixth game Parke captured Johnston's service and took his own next service game. Johnston then secured the next three games with the loss of only four points, winning his last service to love. In both these periods Johnston was brilliant, for Parke was continually making sensational recoveries and capturing a point with a tremendous drive when he appeared to be hopelessly beaten.

Parke Plays Brilliantly.

From the fourth game in the third set Parke played brilliantly. It was here he had a succession of line ball tosses. He also drove beautifully, sometimes following up to the net, where he occasionally scored off Johnston's hardest returns.

Generally playing a great base line game, Parke continued strong in the fourth set, while Johnston began to appear slightly dejected, for it looked as if Parke could do nothing wrong. Luck apparently went dead against the American in a succession of line balls. Johnston's driving here twas quite erratic.

The fifth and final set began with very aggressive serving by Johnston. He followed up to the net and made fine cross-court volleys. The American took four games in succession, then conceded a love game off his own service, but secured a love game in the next. Again Johnston dropped his service game, but after a fine fight in the eighth game the American hit two hurricane drives, finishing the match with a smash which touched the net. The ball, however, bounced well into his opponent's court.

In the other singles match of the day, between Tilden and Kingscote, Tilden won the toss and elected to serve. In the first set Tilden worked his way from 2—5 to 4—5, but in the last game Kingscote had four shots which struck the net cord and bounded into the American's court and captured the set.

From that stage, however, Tilden applied pressure, putting greater vim into his service and following up to the net, where he volleyed magnificently. He mixed his drives both as regards pace and length and by alternating a lifted drive with a cut shot or by a straight hurricane smash. The American had the rest of the match almost his own way. Kingscote put up a plucky fight, but at no time did he appear to be getting the better of his opponent.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Sisler, St. Louis....	81	328	64	134	.409
Speaker, Cleveland.	81	312	73	127	.407
Jackson, Chicago ..	76	302	52	120	.397
Ruth, New York....	78	261	85	100	.383
Rice, Washington...	76	305	45	111	.364

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis.	82	326	52	119	.365
E. Smith, New York	47	139	10	47	.338
Roush, Cincinnati...	74	277	35	92	.332
Kmetchy, Brooklyn.	69	270	32	89	.330
J. Smith, St. Louis.	53	168	36	55	.327

HAMMETT DEFEATS ROSENBAUM AT NET

Enters Semi-Finals of Woodmere Tourney by Victory in Three Hard-Fought Sets.

Alfred D. Hammett, Fred C. Anderson and Paul Martin became semi-finalists in the open tennis tournament at the Woodmere Club yesterday, with the remaining bracket still in dispute between Willard Botsford and Anton Von Bernuth, the former having won the first set in an unfinished encounter with the ex-Columbian. Three teams advanced to a parallel position in the doubles event yesterday, the New Jersey champions, Fred Anderson and Ben Letson, and the veteran combination, George Groesbeck and Sigmund Spaeth, in the upper half, and the new partnership of James Weber and Harold Taylor below. Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum will fight for the remaining bracket with Alfred Hammett and Embree Henderson, the stars of the University Heights Club.

The feature of yesterday's play was the elimination of last year's winner of the Woodmere Cup, Dr. William Rosenbaum, by Alfred D. Hammett, this meeting resulting in three bitterly fought sets, with the latter coming out ahead at 8—6, 4—6, 7—5.

Hammett had previously disposed of Ben Letson in straight sets, 6—2, 6—2, playing very steadily and driving his opponent into costly errors, and although he was a trifle weary when he took the court against the energetic Rosenbaum, his steadiness and solid court tactics were still with him in good measure.

Hammett's Defense Effective.

Rosenbaum was hitting well all through the first set, but Hammett's accurate placing and stubborn defensive play kept him constantly on the run, and the first leg was eventually scored against him at 8—6. Not discouraged by this initial reverse, the cupholder came back with a fresh burst of speed, and by the most aggressive tactics succeeded in squaring the match at 6—4.

The rubber was a battle to the death, with everything even up to 5—all. Then Hammett showed his fighting spirit by breaking through Rosenbaum's service, and a succession of brilliant placements made it his match, 7—5.

Fred Anderson had a far easier time with Hugh Nehring, finding the West Side man far off his stroke, and playing so well himself that the first set cost him only one game and the second two. The winner made good use of his deceptive drives, always disguising their direction up to the very last moment and having his rival in constant difficulty as a result. Nehring tried valiantly to start an attack of his own, but Anderson kept him so consistently on the defensive that it was a hopeless proposition.

Paul Martin and Manfred Goldman, on the other hand, were in the throes of an exceedingly close match when the latter unfortunately strained a ligament which necessitated a default when the issue was still far from decided.

Comeback by Goldman.

Martin was going great guns in the opener and his speedy drives, close to the side lines, brought him the set at 6—1 with little real argument. Goldman, however, staged a spectacular comeback in the second session and after a great battle of deep court hitting the match was squared at 6—4. It was just at the close of the second set that Goldman met with his accident, and by the time the score had reached 3—1 against him in the rubber he found it impossible to continue.

The doubles event produced several stirring encounters, the most spectacular being that of the second round, in which Ben Letson and Fred Anderson defeated L. W. Knox and Anton von Bernuth, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2. For a time there was every indication of an upset, for the New Jersey champions, after losing the opener, trailed at 4—2 in the second session. They managed to get their killing shots under control, however, and by a brilliant spurt pulled out the set which squared the match, 6—4. In the rubber they hit up their best speed and romped away with the victory by the decisive count of 6—2.

The elder Letson and his partner, J. Fitzpatrick, had a hard day, with more than its share of disappointments. They began with an unfinished match against the Lake Placid pair, F. Pierce Adams and Steven Slesinger, with the opening set already to their credit at 6—4. But after running up an apparently safe lead they were forced to see the second session fade from their grasp, through the indomitable steadiness of their youthful opponents, by a count of 7—5. It was only by the most determined net attack that the veterans eventually vanquished the guardians of the base line in a 6—3 rubber.

Veteran Team Winner.

Facing an equally historic combination of old-timers, George Groesbeck and Sigmund Spaeth, in their next match, Letson and Fitzpatrick got away to a bad start, throwing away the opener on errors by a 6—4 margin. They struck their stride in the second set, however, whipping the ball across the net with baffling low drives that brought little response from their faltering opponents and squaring the match at 6—2. With a lead of 4—2 and 40—0 on Fitzpatrick's service, victory seemed assured for his side. But a sudden reversal of form caused the loss of this game, and although Groesbeck was in the hole 0—30 and 30—40 on his own service, his steady play pulled out this one also, bringing the games to 4—all. A break through Letson's delivery gave the uphill workers the lead, and they won out on Spaeth's slow twisters for a 6—4 decision.

Fred Anderson and Ben Letson, having had one scare in the second round, survived another in reaching the semi-finals, where they play Groesbeck and Spaeth today. Percy L. Kynaston and Donald Lay put up a stubborn fight in two sets, and after being within a point of losing the match at 4—5 in the second, ran the score out to 9—7 before finally succumbing.

The summaries:

Singles—Fourth Round—Alfred D. Hammett defeated Ben Letson, 6—2, 6—2.

Fifth Round—Fred C. Anderson defeated Hugh Nehring, 6—1, 6—2; A. D. Hammett defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum, 8—6, 4—6, 7—5; Paul Martin defeated Manfred Goldman, 6—1, 4—5, default.

Doubles—Second Round—Ben Letson and Fred C. Anderson defeated L. W. Knox and Anton von Bernuth, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2; Fred Letson and H. J. Fitzpatrick defeated F. P. Adams and Steven Slesinger, 6—4, 5—7, 6—3. George Groesbeck and Sigmund Spaeth defeated G. L. Burr and Harold Swain, 6—3, 6—2; Dr. William Rosenbaum and F. B. Alexander defeated Hugh Nehring and Leslie W. Fishel, 6—4, 6—3; A. D. Hammett and E. H. Henderson defeated Katz and McLaughlin, 6—1, 6—2. Third Round—Letson and Anderson defeated P. L. Kynaston and Donald Lay, 6—4, 9—7; James Weber and Harold Taylor defeated F. B. O'Boyle and Augustin Healy, 6—4, 7—5; Groesbeck and Spaeth defeated Ben Letson and Fitzpatrick, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4.

EVANS BEATS JONES 1 UP AT MEMPHIS

Reaches Final in Western Amateur Tourney After Sensational Match with Atlanta Youth.

WILL MEET WOLFF TODAY

St. Louis Player Comes Through by Defeating Wenzler with Strong Rally in Afternoon Round.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 16.—Emerging triumphantly from two bitterly fought golfing duels, Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago, and Clarence Wolff of St. Louis, find themselves in the finals of the Western Amateur Golf Championship, which will be determined over the 36-hole route at the Memphis Country Club tomorrow.

Trailed by the largest gallery that ever witnessed a golf match in the State, Evans downed Bobby Jones, Jr., of Atlanta, by the narrowest possible margin of 1 up, the match ending on the thirty-sixth green.

In the other semi-final match Wolff won over Henry Wenzler, the 17-year-old Tennessee champion, 2 up and 1 to play.

Evans will rule a dominant choice in tomorrow's match with Wolff, and predictions were freely made by many golfers tonight that the former national and open champion will further add to his laurels by winning the Western amateur title for the fifth time since 1909, the year which introduced him to America as a major champion.

Play Strong Golf.

The Evans-Jones match will be long remembered in the history of golf in this section of the country. It was the first time Jones had ever competed for the Western title, and the first time he ever opposed Evans in individual combat. The morning round ended with the match all square. At no stage of the round was either player in the lead by a margin greater than one hole. The lead was seesawed continuously. Both were playing strong golf. The medal cards gave each a 76.

Jones was the first to win a hole in the afternoon, playing the 350-yard second in perfect figures. Evans evened the match with a birdie two on the short fourth, running down a ten-foot putt The next was halved, both being in trouble, and Evans went into the lead by winning the 437-yard sixth. Par threes brought only halves at the next, after which Jones squared matters won the eighth and ninth in succession, getting a birdie three on the latter, his high mashie pitch being two inches from the cup.

Thus, at the turn Evans was enjoying the rather comfortable lead of 3 up and 9 to go. The tenth and eleventh were halved in ordinary figures. At this stage of the battle the youthful Atlanta star began a spurt which threatened to carry the day for Southern golf. His midiron second was dead to the pin and he holed out for a birdie three, while his opponent was taking a five.

Jones Squares Match.

A crescendo of cheers, suggesting a successful rally at a baseball game rather than a golf match, meeted the Southern champion when he won the next four with a par four, cutting another hole off Evans's lead. When Bobby proceeded to win the fourteenth the gallery shrieked its delight, for this squared the match.

This situation obtained through the fifteenth and sixteenth holes. Then came the turning point that gave the Chickasaw his victory. Jones was on with his second shot, but Evans was in a trap to the left. He dug deep into the earth with his niblick and sent the ball spinning on the green some 12 feet away from the cup. Jones's approach putt had apparently left him with a simple stab for a four, and the gallery agreed the best Evans could hope for was a halved hole. But Evans not only sunk the long putt, but won the hole when Jones missed his four, a putt of 4 feet. The home hole was halved in fours and the match went to Evans, who, like Jones, had a medal of 73 for the afternoon round.

The cards follow:

FIRST ROUND.

Evans—										
Out	4	3	6	3	5	4	3	4	4	—36
In	4	4	5	4	4	7	4	4	4	—40—76
Jones—										
Out	4	4	5	3	4	5	4	4	4	—37
In	3	5	4	5	4	6	3	5	4	—39—76

SECOND ROUND.

Evans—										
Out	4	5	5	2	5	4	3	4	3	—35
In	4	5	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	—37—72
Jones—										
Out	4	4	5	3	5	5	3	5	4	—38
In	4	5	3	4	3	4	3	5	4	—35—73

Wolff Is Winner.

The Wenzler-Wolff match was an even affair for twenty-seven holes. At the turn in the afternoon Wolff was leading by one hole. Then he won the eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth in succession, becoming 4 up with but five holes to go. Undismayed, the young Memphis player continued to fight viciously, winning the fourteenth with a par 4, halving the next and winning the sixteenth, dormie 2, playing the seventeenth the best he could get was a half, despite the fact that his approach stopped an inch from the cup. Wolff ran down a tricky putt that ended the contest.

The cards follow:

FIRST ROUND.

Wenzler—										
Out	4	4	5	4	5	4	2	5	4	—38
In	3	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	—37—75
Wolff—										
Out	4	5	5	4	4	5	3	5	3	—38
In	3	5	5	5	4	4	3	5	4	—38—76

SECOND ROUND.

Wenzler—										
Out	5	5	6	4	4	4	3	4	5	—40
In	4	5	6	5	4	4	3	4	5	—
Wolff—										
Out	4	5	5	3	4	5	3	5	4	—38
In	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	—	

In the semi-finals of the flight for the President's Cup C. G. Ridley, Atlanta, defeated W. W. Simmons, Memphis, 7 to 5, and Tom White, Jackson, Tenn., defeated R. S. Rolfe, Chicago, 5 and 4.

In the flight for the Vice President's Cup C. D. Richardson, Memphis, defeated M. F. Dobbins, Memphis, 2 and 1, and Dan Jarvis, Nashville, defeated S. Goodman, Memphis, 9 and 8.

CHESS EXPERTS IN DRAW.

Marshall and Jaffe Adjourn After 70 Moves in Atlantic City Match.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 16.—After playing for seventy moves in their adjourned game from the seventh round of the masters' tournament of the Atlantic City chess congress on the Million-Dollar Pier, J. F. Marshall and Charles Jaffe of New York agreed to a draw, each taking half a point. This result left Marshall on a level with Mlotkowski of Los Angeles. These two, with four and a half games apiece, are tied for the lead, with three rounds left to be contested.

Marshall has yet to meet Jackson, Sharp and Neidich, whereas Mlotkowski in the same rounds will be paired with Sharp, Jaffe and Jackson.

The scores:

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Marshall	4½	2½	Jaffe	4	3
Mlotkowski	4½	2½	Sharp	3	4
Jackson	4	3	Neidich	1	6

O'Brien Sells Baseball Stock.

Secretary Joseph O'Brien of the New York Giants, who has been a stockholder in the Milwaukee club of the American Association, has disposed of his stock and plans to make his future home in this city. O'Brien made his home in Milwaukee up to the time he assumed the position with the Giants. Otto Borchart, President of the club, and other stockholders have taken over the O'Brien interests.

Wildair Assigned Top Weight In Empire City Derby

Some of the best of the three-year-olds that have raced on the local tracks this season will measure strides in the $6,000 Empire City Derby at a mile and a furlong, which will be run at the Yonkers course this afternoon. H. P. Whitney's Wildair has been assigned top weight with 125 pounds, and is required to make appreciable concessions to such good performers as Gladiator, Irish Dream, Donnacona and Sea Mint. The official handicapper has arranged the weights in a manner that promises a very good race.

FOUR SURVIVE IN WYKAGYL TOURNEY

Three Siwanoy Players and H. J. Topping to Meet in Golf Semi-Finals.

Henry J. Topping faces one of these Herculean tasks this morning. Topping is one of Greenwich's best golfers and for that matter one of the leading lights of the Metropolitan balliwick, but in addition to carrying around all this prestige today he is going to shoulder a pack of burdens. Topping, in short, has been elected to pry loose a golf trophy that otherwise is headed straight into the open arms of the Siwanoy Country Club, that Mount Vernon organization which has copped most everything in sight so far this year.

The dope is this. At the close of yesterday's strife for the Victory Cup on the links of the Wykagyl Country Club it was the same monotonous old story. Siwanoy stood out in gigantic incandescence, whereas the representation of all other nearby clubs was hardly discernible in its dimmed candle light. There was only room for four fingers in the golf pie and Siwanoy had three of the places. Of the semi-finalists left to fight it out, Ned Sawyer, last year's cup winner; Jess Sweetser, and John G. Anderson hang their hats at Siwanoy. Topping is the fourth man.

Topping vs. Sweetser.

Now, as a matter of fact, Topping probably never hankered for a golf trophy more than this Victory Cup. A good many friends, jealous of all this noise from Siwanoy, have been whispering words of encouragement into his ears, and everything is set this morning for a rattling semi-final tussle with Sweetser. Normally, Sweetser would be the big favorite, for he looks like New York's best bet for the national amateur championship, but the fact that Topping has been tearing along lately at an unusual clip has made a number of the wiseacres hedge in their prophesies. Topping yesterday defeated Harry Scharff in first round and R. W. Bacon in the second, each by the wide margin of 7 and 6. There are not many able to humble Scharff, this Van Cortlandt Park leader, by such a score, and perhaps there are even fewer who can send Bacon, the San Francisco golfer, scuttling. Topping has his regular caddy, a wise, experienced critic, at every tourney, and yesterday the boy, who knows his game better than anyone else, passed the word around to the gallery to be ready for anything today. Topping was out in 37 yesterday morning against Scharff and in the same figures against Bacon, and when he stopped in the morning he had even fours. That's genuine golf.

Sweetser, who won the medal on Thursday, attracted the spectators and provided a good time for all. Against F. W. Potter of Westchester in the morning, whom he eliminated by 3 and 2, the young Yale freshman had a 4 and a 5 for a 75, the same total which won the medal. After lunch he defeated Reggie Lewis of Greenwich, also by 3 and 2. His victory was apparently a simple matter, although those who don't know Sweetser's easy-going, unassuming style would have though that he was in trouble on the first half.

Lewis Weak in Putting.

The Greenwich headliner stymied Sweetser on the tenth and himself missed a putt, forcing a halve for the hole. Putting was Lewis's decidedly weak suit and for the fourth hole in succession he missed an easy one on the eleventh. This is a 452-yard hole and Lewis was on the green in two, whereas Sweetser needed three, but the latter was able to halve it. Sweetser won the twelfth, going to 2 up, when Lewis flubbed his approach and went to three up by carrying off the honors on the thirteenth. Here this same modest Pasadena Sweetser, who steps up to his ball without fiddling around and wasting his spectators' time, calmly sank a 25-foot putt for the win. They halved the next two, putting Sweetser dormie three, and halved the sixteenth to end the match.

Their cards:

Ned Sawyer, who is defending his leg on the cup as well as demonstrating that he is the best amateur hereabouts, put out R. N. B. Fay of Massachusetts in the morning, 3 and 2, and in the second round trounced C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., of Greenwich by 6 and 5. The champion was three up at the turn, having won the third, fourth, fifth and eighth and losing only the sixth when he drove out of bounds and needed a six. The fifth just about took Van Vleck's breath away. This is a 410 yards long and Sawyer's second shot was about thirty feet short. From this distance he chipped up and saw his pellet roll straight into the cup. Sawyer also got a birdie on the eleventh. He put his spoon to six feet of the hole and putted down and then won the next two to end the match.

Their cards:

Scores of yesterday's matches follow:

For Victory Cup.

FIRST ROUND—C. H. Paul, Gedney Farm, defeated A. C. Gregson, Belleclaire, 7 and 5; J. G. Anderson, Siwanoy, defeated Dr. A. T. Haight, Belleclaire, 6 and 5; D. E. Sawyer, Siwanoy, defeated R. N. B. Fay, Oxford, 3 and 2; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Greenwich, defeated A. E. Ranney, Greenwich, 3 and 2; Jess Sweetser, Siwanoy, defeated F. W. Potter, Westchester, 3 and 2; R. M. Lewis, Greenwich, defeated J. G. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow, 5 and 4; H. J. Topping, Greenwich, defeated Harry Scharff, Scottish-American, 7 and 6; R. W. Bacon, San Francisco, defeated E. E. Sturges, Scarsdale, 2 and 1.

SECOND ROUND—Anderson defeated Paul, 5 and 4; Sawyer defeated Van Vleck, 4 and 5; Sweetser defeated Lewis, 3 and 2; Topping defeated Bacon, 7 and 6.

Second Sixteen.

FIRST ROUND—John Barrien, Upper Montclair, defeated A. W. Haigh, Gedney Farm, 1 up; H. K. Davis, Engineers, defeated James Bertram, Wykagyl, 5 and 4; W. G. Jones, Scarsdale, defeated C. B. Harris, Quaker Ridge, 7 and 6; J. T. Tunis, North Jersey, won from P. D. Kountze, Mt. Kisco, by default; H. K. Kerr, Greenwich, defeated A. W. Webster, Manhattan, 6 and 5; H. Jung, Lake Mahopac, defeated W. F. Taylor, Shackamaxon, 3 and 4; G. E. Folk, Wykagyl, defeated W. S. Wonham, Apawamis, 3 and 2; B. F. Geddes, Scarsdale, defeated H. Hering, Scarsdale, 1 up.

SECOND ROUND—Davis defeated Barrien, 5 and 4; Tunis defeated Jones, 1 up (19 holes); Kerr defeated Jung, 7 and 6; Geddes defeated Folk, 3 and 2.

Third Sixteen.

FIRST ROUND—R. Walsh, Scottish-American, defeated W. H. Buchanan, Fort Chester, 4 and 3; R. J. Morse, Manhattan, defeated J. C. Nagle, Bannockburn, 1 up; George Ferguson, Wykagyl, defeated F. Longere, St. Andrews, 1 up (19 holes); George O. Suddards, Wykagyl, defeated Jason Billings, Morris County, 1 up (19 holes); H. W. Lockett, Wykagyl, defeated S. K. Hollander, Siwanoy, 5 and 3; C. C. Webster, Scarsdale, defeated M. Parrish Watson, Ardsley, 1 up (19 holes); Norton Squire, Apawannis, won from N. D. Tappan, Wee Burn, by default; R. A. Haight, Princeton, defeated Dr. W. G. Fralick, Massapequa, 3 and 1.

SECOND ROUND—Morse defeated Walsh, 3 and 2; Lockett defeated Ferguson, 3 up; Haight defeated Squire, 4 and 3.

CALIFORNIA GIRL IS WINNER ON COURT

Miss Tennant Makes Impressive Eastern Debut in Greenwich Tournament.

The feature of the invitation tennis tournament at the Greenwich Field Club yesterday was the first appearance on Eastern courts of the new California feminine star, Miss Eleanor Tennant, who advanced through two matches against strong opponents in the most impressive style. She first eliminated Miss Bessie Holden without the loss of a game in two sets, and then disposed of the national indoor runner-up, Miss Edith Sigourney, at 6—3, 6—2. The other Californians, Mrs. May Sutton Bundy and Miss Helen Baker, have been delayed in their trip eastward, and it was found necessary to default them, although they may still figure in the women's doubles event.

In the men's singles yesterday the outstanding players were Watson M. Washburn, S. Howard Voshell and Leonard Beekman, all of whom succeeded in reaching the third round. Washburn had a terrific struggle with William Rand, a former Harvard star, requiring three long deuce sets to dispose of his fellow-alumnus. The winner was below form most of the way, but received little help from his opponent in the way of errors, being forced to gain most of his points outright.

Rand Plays Steadily.

Rand played very steadily and at times sensationally throughout the match, and actually had a good chance to win after squaring the count with a 7—5 victory in the second set. Washburn had won the opener by the same score, and he had little confidence in his shots when the rubber began. It was only headwork that saved the more experienced player, for he accomplished by strategy what speed and accuracy could not do for him. An 8—1 decision finally gave him the match, with nothing at all to spare.

Leonard Beekman also ran into something of a surprise in Allen Lowrey, who carried him to a 10—8 score in the first set, and took three more games in the second session before acknowledging defeat. Voshell had a somewhat easier time with T. D. Robinson, the Harvard player, recently runner-up for the intercollegiate championship. He overwhelmed the collegian at 6—1 in the opener, serving, volleying and smashing with irresistible power, and had enough in reserve to pull out the second set at 7—5 after Rubinson had gathered all his resources and made his real bid for recognition.

Harold Throckmorton staged a brilliant exhibition of hard hitting when he took two sets at 6—3 each from Cedric Major in the first round and Walter Merrill Hall asserted his strength with similar emphasis in defeating Ludlow Vandeventer, 6—4, 6—2. Dean Mathey began with an even more decisive victory over the younger of the Rand brothers, allowing his rival only one game in two sets.

Two Reach Semi-Finals.

The greatest advance in the women's event was made by Mrs. Edward V. Lynch, the Eastern New York champion, and Miss Clare Cassel, joint holder with Miss Marie Wagner of the New York state doubles title. They reached the semi-finals of the singles through one-sided victories over Miss Katherine Force and Miss Caroma Winn, respectively. Miss Cassel had previously eliminated her old rival, Miss Phyllis Walsh, in two well-fought sets, scored 6—2, 6—3, while Mrs. Lynch had shown her strength in a three-set victory over Mrs. Frank Welty, losing the opener, 8—6, but taking the next two at 6—3 each.

In addition to Miss Tennant, who played perhaps the most sensational tennis of any of the feminine contingent, the day's winners included Mrs. Robert Leroy, Miss Florence Ballin and Mrs. DeForest Candee. In the women's doubles Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. Leroy won a good match from Mrs. Samuel H. Waring and Miss Caroma Winn at 7—5, 6—2.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—First Round—Watson M. Washburn defeated William Rand, 7—5, 5—7, 8—6; T. D. Robinson won from Charles M. Bull, Jr., by default; Harold Throckmorton defeated Cedric Major, 6—3, 6—3; Walter Merrill Hall defeated Ludlow Vandeventer, 6—4, 6—2; Dean Mathey defeated Robert Rand, 6—1, 6—0.

Second Round—Leonard Beekman defeated Allen Lowrey, 10—8, 6—3; Lyle E. Mahan won from Francis T. Hunter by default; W. M. Washburn defeated Philip Vandeventer, 6—1, 6—4; S. Howard Voshell defeated T. D. Robinson, 6—1, 7—5; Robert Leroy won from Dr. William Rosenbaum by default.

Women's Singles—First Round—Mrs. Robert Leroy defeated Miss Katherine Lauder, 6—0, 6—2; Miss Edith Handy defeated Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, 6—2, 6—4; Miss Eleanor Tennant defeated Miss Bessie Holden, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Edith Sigourney defeated Mrs. Rawson Wood, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. Samuel H. Waring won from Mrs. May Sutton Bundy by default; Miss Florence Ballin defeated Mrs. David Mahl, 6—4, 6—2; Miss Mary Heaton won from Mrs. L. G. Morris by default.

Second Round—Miss Katherine Force won from Miss Eleanor Goss, by default; Mrs. E. V. Lynch defeated Mrs. Frank Welty, 6—8, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. Robert Leroy defeated Miss Edith Handy, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Eleanor Tennant defeated Miss Edith Sigourney, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Florence Ballin defeated Mrs. S. H. Waring, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. DeForest Candee defeated Miss Mary Heaton, 6—4, 6—0; Miss Caroma Winn won from Miss Helen Baker, by default; Miss Clare Cassel defeated Miss Phyllis Walsh, 6—2, 6—3.

Third Round—Mrs. Lynch defeated Miss Force, 6—0, 6—3; Miss Cassel defeated Miss Winn, 6—2, 6—1.

Doubles—First Round—Miss Sigourney and Mrs. Mills defeated Miss Heaton and Miss Lauder, 6—3, 6—3.

Second Round—Miss Handy and Mrs. Leroy defeated Mrs. Waring and Miss Winn, 7—5, 6—2; Mrs. Edward Raymond and Mrs. Welty won from Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Margaret Grove, by default.

COOPERSTOWN FOUR WINS.

Downs Eatontown in Final of Polo Series for Hempstead Cups.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., July 16.—In a furious game of polo today at Meadow Brook between the Cooperstown and Eatontown teams, the Cooperstown four was victorious by a score of 5 to 4. The game was the final in the series for the Hempstead Cups, highly coveted trophies.

Starting with a one goal handicap the Cooperstown combination played a fast game throughout, their mounts outrunning those of their opponents and their goal shots being more accurate. R. Penn Smith, Jr., forward for Cooperstown, scored two of the four earned goals made by his team, while H. M. Winn made two of the four goals gained by Eatontown.

In the last period Eatontown made a spurt but only succeeded in scoring one goal, which was made by Lee just as the game closed.

The lineup:

COOPERSTOWN.	Handicap.	EATONTOWN.
No. 1—R. P. Smith, Jr.	1	No. 1—M. Phillips... 1
No. 2—D. S. Iglebart	2	No. 2—A. Kinney... 3
No. 3—F. A. Clark.	3	No. 3—H. Winn..... 3
Back—R. E. S'bridge	3	Back—C. S. Lee.... 4
Total	9	Total 10

Goals—First period, Winn, Eatontown; second period, Smith, Cooperstown; third period, no goals; fourth period, no goals; fifth period, Winn; sixth period, Smith, Cooperstown; Clarke, Cooperstown; seventh period, Iglebart, Cooperstown; eighth period, Lee, Eatontown. Cooperstown—By earned goals, 4; by handicap, 1. Total score, 5. Eatontown—By earned goals, 4. Referee—C. C. Rumsey.

HERRON IN GOLF FINAL.

Champion to Meet Patten in Tournament of Mohawk Club.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 16.—William W. Patten and S. Davidson Herron, national amateur champion, will meet tomorrow in the 36-hole final round of the Mohawk Golf Club's invitation tournament. Herron today beat George G. Schieffelin 6 and 5, winner of the tournament two years ago, and Gilman P. Tiffany, Mohawk, former Hudson River champion, 4 and 2. Patten's victims were R. B. Beale, Mohawk, 3 and 2, and Sherrill Sherman 3 up.

SQUAIR DEFEATS MURRAY.

Furnishes Upset in Clay Court Tennis by Victory at 0-6, 6-4, 6-4.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Playing the best tennis of his career, Alex Squair, Western champion in 1915, defeated R. Lindley Murray for the right to enter the semi-final round of the National Clay Court championships at the South Side Tennis Club today. The score was 0—6, 6—4, 6—4. Squair has played no tournament tennis since winning the Western six years ago, at which time he defeated George Church, J. J. Armstrong and Peck Griffin on successive days.

It took Squair one set to get started and to solve Murray's style of play and he was able to win but eleven points in the set. Murray was serving and volleying well, while Squair was making errors in returning the service and drives he had to face. At the end of the set, it looked like an easy victory for the Easterner. Things changed, however, with the beginning of the second set. Squair began to get Murray's service back down the side lines and to try a reverse twist service, which bothered Murray a great deal. Murray is left handed and the reverse broke in towards his body, cramping his stroke and causing him to pop up balls, which Squair promptly killed.

Squair ran into a lead of 3—0 before Murray could score. Taking the net at every possible opportunity and sending his service over with all his strength, Murray took the next two games, in which Squair won but 1 point, a beautiful pass as Murray came in. The next four games followed service and the games stood at 5—4 in the second set. Murray fought his hardest in a long deuce game, which Squair finally won. He was within a point of set five times before winning it.

The score and summary follow:

First set, Murray, 26; Squair, 11; second set, Murray, 26; Squair, 30; third set, Murray, 26; Squair, 30. Total, Murray, 78; Squair, 72.

FIRST SET.

Placements	Outs	Nets	D.F.	S.A.
Murray 2	5	2	2	0
Squair 2	10	11	2	0

SECOND SET.

Murray 4	13	8	4	2
Squair 5	8	7	4	0

THIRD SET.

Murray 9	10	9	0	1
Squair 11	9	5	3	0

RECAPITULATION.

Murray	16	28	19	6	3

BIG FLOTILLA WILL TRAIL BOATS TODAY

Second of America's Cup Races to be Viewed by Multitude if Weather Favors.

ORIZABA TO BE DRY SHIP

Company Decides to Disappoint Thirsty Souls Aboard—Air-plane Fleet to be Large.

With Saturday setting yachting enthusiasts free for half a day, a flotilla of small and large craft far exceeding that of Thursday is expected to line the course off Sandy Hook today to watch the second of the marine battles for the America's Cup. Excursion steamers, palatial yachts, motor boats and other craft of every size and description were tuning up yesterday preparing for a busy day and an early start for Sandy Hook. The indications are that, with weather conditions favoring, a floating city in excess of that of Thursday will be present this afternoon.

Companies sending out excursion steamers yesterday reported an increased demand for accommodations. Because of the rigid Government restrictions concerning lifeboats, it does not seem likely that the number of such craft will be increased to any extent, nearly every available steamer already having entered the field. It seems certain, however, that the boats that do go out will be filled to capacity and that there will be little vacant room. Many of the boats on Thursday were not more than half filled.

Half Holiday Will Be Helpful.

The number of private yachts bids fair to be of much larger dimensions, mainly because of the half holiday today and the aroused interest following the victory of Shamrock IV. The greatest increase, however, will be in the smaller craft, those small vessels that hugged the course and rubbed shoulders with the larger and more pretentious craft at the starting line. From the upper part of the Hudson to far down the Jersey coast the fortunate owners of these boats were preparing yesterday for the morrow. Many of them were arranging their own pleasure jaunts, but many more were selling passage in the craft to the first comers.

As on Thursday Sir Thomas Lipton will watch the efforts of his challenger from the decks of the Viking, and the Corsair, J. P. Morgan's floating palace, will have aboard the men whose fortunes are bound up with the trim Resolute. Members of the New York Yacht Club will make the journey on the Highlander, which had a stormy trip on Thursday, labor troubles coming to the fore to interfere with the placid calm of a yacht race. Extra lifeboat hands hired to man the lifeboats and rafts in case of necessity demanded at first $10 and later $20 for their day's work. When the latter request was rejected, the strikers were set down at a convenient pier and a volunteer force composed of guests kept watch alongside the lifeboats. The trouble was adjusted last night, however, and a new force taken on for the remainder of the races.

Orizaba's Bars to be Closed.

The Orizaba will make the trip today, but without its floating bars being opened. An investigation by the Federal authorities in charge of prohibition enforcement was begun during the day but the company's decision was said to be voluntary. At the offices of the company it was said late in the afternoon that tickets were selling fast and that the trip would be made. A capacity crowd was expected by the company officials. After today's race the Orizaba will be withdrawn and sent into regular service next week.

Other steamers who will take passengers out to the Hook will be the Plymouth of the Fall River Line, the Iron Steamboat Company's Tuscania and the Tourist. The Plymouth will leave Pier 15, North River, at 9:15 A. M., the Taurus from Pier New No. 1, North River, at 9 A. M., and the Tourist from Battery Pier at 9 A. M. The Mandalay will also leave Battery Pier at 9:30 and 1:30 with passengers for the vantage points on the Atlantic Highlands, where special arrangements have been made to accommodate a large throng.

And last, but not least, there will be the airplanes to take care of those who are not content with mere yachts. At least a dozen planes are expected to follow the race overhead, and if the weather is fair they will probably be augmented by machines from fields near New York.

Olympic Boxing Entries.

ANTWERP, July 15.—Olympic boxing entries which have been made available show competitors from the United States, France, Holland, Italy, Norway, South Africa and Switzerland. Belgium and Great Britain were not shown on the list, but it is understood they will enter candidates in this event.

Golf Title for Mrs. Pritchard.

DETROIT, July 16.—Mrs. Stuart Pritchard of Battle Creek won the women's State golf championship at the Detroit Country Club today, defeating Mrs. William L. McGiverin, on her home course, 3 up and 2 to play. As Miss Myra Helmer, Mrs. Pritchard won the women's Western title at Chicago in 1913.

If Sir Thomas Won He Would Defend Cup Off Bangor, Ire.

There is a general impression among many that if Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV. were to lift the Cup the races in British waters, in the event of our challenging in an attempt to bring the Cup back, would be held off the Isle of Wight, chief British yachting centre and home of the Royal Yacht Squadron. This is not the case, however. In the event of future races being held in British waters to regain the Cup, they would be held over the courses of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, Bangor, County Down, Ireland, home of bresses, banshees and Bushmills. Bangor, which is on Bangor Lough, is about twelve miles east northeast of Belfast and is a seaport and summer resort of Ireland having a population of 3,800.

LIPTON CONFIDENT HE WILL WIN CUP

Urging of Friends Caused Him to Allow Challenger to Finish Initial Race.

ABOARD STEAM YACHT VICTORIA OFF SANDY HOOK, July 16.—By Wireless to The Associated Press.—"Despite yesterday's showing of Shamrock, I am still confident that I shall win the cup," declared Sir Thomas Lipton today in discussing with his friends aboard the steam yacht Victoria details of yesterday's race.

"If it were a certainty, it would take all the sport from the racing," continued the Irish baronet.

Sir Thomas intimated he was not at all pleased with the way things went yesterday when he won the first race of the 1920 regatta by a fluke. He indicated that he would have preferred to lose the race than to have allowed his challenger to continue to the finish after the accident which forced withdrawal of Resolute. He did so only after urging by his friends, who pointed out that years ago by a similar accident his boat had lost a race to Columbia, which finished.

Sir Thomas spent today in conference with Colonel Duncan Neill, his personal yachting representative and a representative of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club sent to the United States to witness the races. Every detail of yesterday's contest was reviewed carefully and strategy for tomorrow's event mapped out.

Meanwhile the great green challenger and America's dazzling white defender rode at their moorings behind the breakwater of Sandy Hook. Resolute's crew were busily at work repairing the broken halyard which yesterday allowed the mainsail to flop almost to the deck. Shamrock's seamen were engaged in drying the challenger's sails, drenched in yesterday's downpour.

TO CONTINUE RADIO SERVICE

Wireless Bulletins on Today's Race to be Posted by The Times.

The radio service inaugurated by the navy wireless during the first of the international yacht races will be continued this afternoon, when Resolute and Shamrock meet in the second of the marine battles. Beginning shortly before the sloops cross the line at 12 o'clock noon, the bulletins will be sent broadcast through the air every fifteen minutes and will continue until the race is over.

The wireless bulletins sent out by this method will be posted in the windows of the Times Building, on the Broadway side. In addition, special messages about the progress of the race will be sent by a correspondent aboard the yacht Victoria to the wireless station on the roof of the Times Building. Here both the navy messages and the special bulletins will be taken from the air, and bulletins prepared at fifteen-minute intervals. The first bulletin will be posted shortly after noon.

TOLEDO YACHT IS FIRST,

The Yank Takes Honors of Erie Regatta—Mebleh is Defeated.

ERIE, Pa., July 16.—Suffering its first defeat in several years, the Mebleh, the Cleveland Yacht Club's Lipton cup defender, although winning today's heat in the final races for the Class R title at the Interlake Yachting Association regatta here, was given third place in the final standings, first place going to the Yank of the Toledo Yacht Club.

Toledo also captured the honors in Class A, the Spider winning all three heats from a large field. Cricket, of the Detroit Yacht Club, was awarded the honors in the Class Y race.

A feature of the final day's racing was a match race between members of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto and the Erie Yacht Club, using fourteen-foot dingeys. It was won by the Canadians.

ODDS STILL FAVOR DEFENDING YACHT

Initial Victory of Shamrock Ignored in Betting on Today's Race and Series.

The victory of Shamrock IV. over Resolute in the first race for the America's Cup might have been a defeat or no race at all for all its effect on the odds that were being offered last night in betting circles. Instead of the break in the odds that normally would have followed the initial triumph of the challenging yacht there was no deviation from the steady sentiment in favor of Resolute. The trim sloop which made such an impressive showing against the big green yacht of Sir Thomas Lipton was still a favorite yesterday, both as regards today's race and the series as a whole.

The betting, in fact, completely ignored the considerable advantage given to the challenger by the initial success. Not only did it fail to effect the odds on today's race, which is not so surprising, but it also failed to lessen the confidence that Resolute will yet come through with a victory and erase the advantage now held by the Lipton yacht.

Wall Street betting commissioners reported a perceptible increase in the number of wagers on the yacht races, although even with the increase the total sum wagered is more than $200,000 below that for 1903. The odds in the street showed Resolute a 5 to 7 favorite both on today's race and on the series. Shamrock supporters were asking 2 to 1 on the series, a surprising request in view of the results of Thursday's clash. There was plenty of Resolute money in sight and plenty of it to back the American sloop with the same persistency as before the races began.

In Brooklyn the odds in favor of Resolute were slightly lower, as has been the case all this week. Fred Schumm was quoting 5 to 6 on the Resolute and the same odds that Skipper Adams's yacht would retain the coveted cup. On the latter question one of the largest bets of the afternoon was reported—$1,200 to $1,000 that Resolute will win three of the five races. Six hundred dollars was put up against $500 on today's race, with Resolute the favorite, and another interesting wager was $500 to $1,000 that Shamrock will not win the next two races. The possibility of Shamrock capturing another race before the series comes to an end was an even money matter, one bet of $300 a side being laid on this aspect.

The weakness of Shamrock in the betting and the failure to lower the odds in Resolute's favor were explained by the faulty handling of Lipton's sloop in the opening clash, in contrast to the speedy and skillful work of Resolute's skipper and crew. Shamrock's poor start and the failure of Captain Burton to manifest as much skill as did Resolute's amateur skipper were given as factors in the betting situation yesterday.

Even those who backed Resolute before the first race seemed surprised by its speed and the efficient handling of the yacht. That the American defender could lead the British contender by nearly five minutes, which with an allowance gave it more than eleven minutes headway, impressed strongly the supporters of the defender, and should keep the Resolute in the favorite, unless, of course, Shamrock should race to another triumph this afternoon.

BANZAI LEADS 30-FOOTERS.

Shows Way to Adois in Final Day of Atlantic Y. C. Race Week.

The race week that the Atlantic Yacht Club arranged for the yachtsmen who are gathered on Gravesend Bay for the America's Cup series came to an end yesterday with the final regatta for all classes.

The thirty-footers had nothing but a merry-go-round, which took them from the starting line to Bensonhurst, then to Fort Hamilton, then to a mark off Swinburne Island, and then home. For the first time this season, Edmund Lang's Banzai was the winner, defeating Fred L. Richard's Adois out by 12 seconds over a 12-mile course.

The summary:

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 30-FOOTERS.

Start, 4 P. M. Course, 12 Miles.

Yacht and owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
	H.M.S.	H.M.S.
Bangai, E. Lang	5:33:53	1:33:53
Adois, F. L. Richard	5:33:48	1:33:48
Mizpah, D. R. Richardson	5:36:38	1:36:38
Rowdy, Charles Belsky	5:44:49	1:44:49

VICTORY CLASS.

Start, 4:05. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Cantigny, Dr. C. L. Atkinson	5:49:46	1:44:46
Alerte, R. Martin	5:52:30	1:47:30
Mongolia, H. M. Curtis	5:55:32	1:50:32
Bois de Boileau, F. R. Mayer	6:06:15	2:00:15
Nonpareil, L. Brown	6:12:04	2:07:04
Soixante-Quinze, Swan Stewart	6:15:31	2:10:31
Gopher, F. W. Hins	Did not finish.	
Buddy	Did not finish.	

KNOCKABOUTS.

Start, 4:19. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Yamp, J. Johnson	6:29:58	2:19:53
Masque, J. Bjerke	6:32:08	2:42:08

STAR CLASS.

Start, 4:10. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Saturn, G. W. Elder, Jr.	6:24:16	2:04:16
Scud, L. Atkinson	6:34:17	2:14:17

HANDICAP CLASS.

Start, 4:20. Course, 7.3 Miles.

Scud, L. Atkinson	6:34:17	2:14:17
Sea Cob, J. W. Christiansen	6:40:02	2:20:03
Moonshine, J. Lassoe	6:36:58	2:20:58

Corrected time on Sea Cob, 2:02:36; Scud, 2:14:17; Moonshine, 2:21:34.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Phalen, Lt. Col. J. M., and McCornack, Maj. C. C., to Ft. Leavenworth, Gen. Staff Schl., as student Offrs.

Condon, Capt. W. J., and Brown, 1st Lt. J. W., hon. discharged.

Rasmussen, 1st Lt. H. A., to Camp Lewis, relieving Capt. G. A. Rose, who will proceed to Campo, Cal.

Infantry.

Price, Col. H. J.; Lieut. Cols.: Allen, R. H.; Bash, L. H.; Castle, C. W.; Darragh, T. W.; Ely, F. D.; Ham, S. V.; Howland, C. R.; Kinnison, H. L.; McArthur, J. C.; Newell, L.; Paine, C. H.; Preston, J. F.; Simonds, L. B.; Smith, G. C.; Stokes, M. B.; Stritzinger, F. G., Jr.; Weeks, G. McD.; Hughes, J. H., and Miller, C. H., and Majors Burton, F. H.; Cooper, H. L.; Croft, E.; Hanson, J.; Jordan, L. W., Jr.; Taylor, J. D., and Capt. Scott, J., Ft. Leavenworth, Gen. Staff Schl., as student Offrs.

Toffey, Maj. J. J., Jr., to 85th, Camp Funston.

Ayer, Capt. W. F., as Prof. Mil. Sci. and Tact. at Pomona College, California.

Elsey, Capt. G. C., to Springfield, Mass., as Asst. Recg. Offr.

Cooksey, Capt. R. W., to 25th, Nogales, Ariz.

Glover, Capt. G. B., Jr., to 86th, Camp Devens.

Roselle, Capt. G. F., Jr., to 28th, Camp Taylor.

Beller, Capt. J. E., to 24th, Camp Funston.

Bradley, Capt. J. L., to 2d, Camp Sherman.

Fry, Capt. H. G., to 3d, Eagle Pass.

Smith, Capt. A. G., to 11th, Camp Gordon.

Tate, 1st Lt. H. F., to 53d, Camp Grant.

Wells, 1st Lt. C. M., to 47th, Camp Dodge.

Offley, 1st Lt. R. H., to 43d, Camp Lee.

Morton, 1st Lt. E., to Ft. Houston for hon. discharge.

Koster, 1st Lt. H. W., to 41st, Camp Upton.

Williams, Capt. W., Jr., hon. discharged.

Jackson, 1st Lt. E. F., and Jorgensen, 1st Lt. S., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Rhodes, Col. C. D., to Philippine I'ds.

Lieut. Cols. Bell, C. W.; Berkeley, H. D.; Conrad, C. H., Jr.; Crosby, H. B.; Dalam, R. F.; Hyer, S. B.; Nissen, A. C.; Short, W. C., and Majors Arnold, F. T.; Forsyth, W. D.; Monro, J. N., and Roberts, C. A., to Ft. Leavenworth, Gen. Ser. Schls., as student officers.

Roberts, Maj. T. A., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.

Trumbo, Capt. G. A. F., to 16th, Ft. Houston.

Pope, Capt. W. R., to Tenn. Mil. Inst.

Field Artillery.

Merrill, Col. T. E.; Hopkins, Lt. Col. F. B., and Majors Kilbourne, H. S., Jr.; Pratt, R. S.; Rukop, N. B.; Corey, J. B. W.; Jones, W. F., to Ft. Leavenworth, Gen. Svce. Schs. as student offrs.

Burleson, Capt. R. C., to 15th, Camp Travis.

Danielson, Capt. W. A., will assume duty as offr in charge 5th Dist. Off., Construction Svce., at Manila, P. I.

Coast Artillery.

Dwyer, Lt. Col. T. F.; Ward, Lt. Col. P. R.; Majors Hase, W. F.; Powers, E. D.; Reader, S. J.; Seaman, C. M., and Capt. Cooper, A. J.; Miller, H. S.; Pence, W. G.; Taylor, J. B.; Weisel, E. T., to Ft. Leavenworth Gen. Svce. Schls. as student offrs.

Beckham, Maj. D. Y., to service in the Adjt. Gen's. Dept.

Chase, Capt. T. M., to Ft. Constitution.

Quartermaster Corps.

Chamberlain, Lt. Col. F. G., will assume duty as offr. in charge of the 2d Dist. Off., construction svce., San Antonio.

Henwood, Lt. Col. W. L., as offr. in charge 1st Dist Off., construction svce., Washington.

Krutteschnitt, Lt. Col. T. H.; Sullivan, Maj. J. F., and Burns, Capt. C. M., hon. discharged.

Williams, Maj. A. H., will report to the director of finance for duty.

Sterrett, Capt. R., to Camp Gordon.

Engineers.

Brooke, Maj. M., and Moore, Maj. R. C., to Ft. Leavenworth Gen. Svce. Schools as student officers.

Miscellaneous.

Richardson, Capt. C. T., to Chief of Ord. for duty.

Matthews, 1st Lt. C. S., Air Svce, hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Capts Struble, H. S., F.A.; Schwarzkopf, H. N., Cav.; Metzerott, K. A., Inf., and Dick, 1st Lt. J. B., F.A.

Leaves.

Kinnard, Maj. H. W. O., F.A., 15 days.

Collins, Lt. Col. W., C.A.C., 1 mo.

Griffin, Maj. F. W., Q.M.C., 1 mo., 16 days.

Brambila, Maj. R. M., Inf., 1 mo.

Tasker, Maj. A. N., M.C., 2 mos.

McCoach, Capt. W., Gen. Staff, 20 days.

Thomas, Capt. H. S., Sig. Corps, 10 days' ext.

Whelen, Capt. T., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

Booth, Capt. A. J., Inf., 1 mo.

Lynch, 1st Lt. H. J., to Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

McGarraugh, 1st Lt. R. E., C.A.C., 10 days.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Weather forecast:

Fla., Ala., Miss.—Local thundershowers Sat. and probably Sun.

Tenn.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably occasional local thundershowers.

Ken., Ind.—Partly cloudy Sat., local thundershowers at night or Sun.

Lower Mich.—Fair Sat.; Sun. unsettled; probably local showers.

Upper Mich.—Fair Sat., warmer, except near Lake Mich.; Sun. probably showers.

Ohio—Fair Sat.; Sun. partly cloudy.

Ill.—Fair Sat.; Sun. unsettled; warmer.

Mo.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

Wis.—Fair with moderate temp. Sat., probably unsettled and warmer Sun.

Minn.—Unsettled Sat., with higher temp.; Sun. fair.

Iowa—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.; slightly warmer Sat. in e.

N. D.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sun.

S. D.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably unsettled in E. Sat.; not much change in temp.

Neb.—Partly cloudy Sat., scattered thundershowers; Sun. fair; not much change in temp.

Kan.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun.; warmer in e. Sat.

Mon.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sun.

Wyo.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Thundershowers continued in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and there were also local thundershowers in Southwestern Missouri, Western Arkansas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota and the Central Rocky Mountain region. Elsewhere the weather was fair. Temperature changes were irregular and unimportant.

Thundershowers will continue Saturday and Sunday in the South Atlantic, East Gulf States and Tennessee, and showers are also probable Saturday night or Sunday in the Lower Ohio Valley and on Sunday in the upper lake region, in the Upper Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States and New England. Fair weather will prevail Saturday and Sunday.

Temperatures will not change materially.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Western New York—Fair Saturday; Sunday, partly cloudy.

Eastern New York, New England—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	72	67	4 P. M.	76	71
6 A. M.	67	68	6 P. M.	76	70
9 A. M.	69	69	9 P. M.	74	77
12 M.	71	72	11 P. M.	72	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temprature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 71; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 65; at 8 P. M. it was 75. Maximum temperature 78 degrees at 3:50 P. M., minimum 65 degrees at 8:30 A. M. Humidity 73 per cent. at 8 A. M., 64 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.99 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.99 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
4:50—308 Broadway	Not given
10:25—76 Broad St.	Not given
10:50—11 Av. & 46 St.; Edison Co.	Not given
P. M.	
12:01—1,474 Broadway	Not given
2:33—547 8 Av.; Frederics Jewelry store	Slight
2:50—84 E. 3 St.; Bernard Stein	Slight
3:00—1,102 8 Av.; J. Krenzer	Slight
3:00—107 W. 136 St.; John Wohran	Slight
4:20—45 Essex St.; Fannie Singer	Slight
7:10—871 7 Av.; Hotel Wellington	Slight

Estates Appraised.

JOSEPHIE, GEORGE (July 31, 1919), gross estate $104,935, of which $33,420 is in real property; net estate, $97,973. The property is divided equally among two brothers, Isaac of 255 West 108th St., and Samuel of 285 St. Nicholas Av., and three sisters, Annie J. Zuns of 2,065 7th Av., Alvina Schale of 2,343 West 194th St., and Rose J. Lande of Chicago.

WITTENBERG, CHARLES J. (March 19, 1919), gross estate $208,146, all in personal property; liabilities, $144,600; net estate, $63,535. After several small bequests of $500 and $1,000 each, the residuary estate is divided among the widow and two daughters, Marguerite and Helene Wittenberg, all residing at 53 West 50th St.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion list is announced: Stenographer and typewriter, Grade 2—Cecilia M. Heffernan, 94.10; Anna F. Lichtenstein, 92.40; Bara Lichtenstein, 91.90; Mary E. O'Brien, 87.80

United States.

The commission announces for Aug. 24 an examination for mold maker (ceramics), man or woman, age above 20, for a vacancy at the Pittsburgh, Pa., laboratory, Bureau of Standards, at $1,600 a year. Competitors may be allowed the temporary increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 10; practical experience in mold making, 90. Applicants must have had at least two years' experience in ceramics and in making molds for pottery. To be entitled to retirement with an annuity employes in this position must reach their sixty-fifth birthday and have served fifteen years.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following navy orders today:

Regs. Comdr. A. S., to the Idaho.

McKinney, Comdr. S. B., to staff R. Adm. Andrews.

Woodson, Lt. Comdr. E. M., to the Frederici.

Zemke, Lt. Comdr. E. F., to the S-8.

Ceres, Lt. Comdr. E., to U. S. via the Princess Matoika.

Arrowsmith, Lt. Comdr. M., to the Black Hawk.

Hazlett, Lt. E. E., to command the H-2.

Teasley, Lt. W. A., to the O-2.

Wanner, Lt. E. M., to the Eagle 47.

Thompson, Lt. P. W., to the Galveston.

Polsbwich, Lt. I., to recruiting, Springfield (no State).

Harris, R. Adm. T. B. (retired), died at Southampton, July 13.

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Iron Steamboat Co.
Coastwise Steamer "TAURUS"
Will leave Pier, New No. 1, N. R., foot of Battery Place, N. Y., at 9:00 A. M. (Daylight Saving Time).
ON DATE OF EACH RACE.
TICKETS $10.00 Including War Tax
NOW ON SALE AT PIER 1, N. R.
Tickets limited to ONE-THIRD of STEAMER'S LICENSED CAPACITY.
MUSIC, BAR and RESTAURANT.

CONEY ISLAND

Lve. W. 129 St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Coney	Island.
9:30	9:50	10:15	10:25
10:30	10:45	11:15	11:00
11:15	11:30	12:00	11:45
12:15	12:30	1:00	12:45
1:15	1:30	2:00	1:45
2:00	2:20	2:45	2:30
3:45 P. M.	4:00	4:30	4:15 P. M.

Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.
Trip marked † does not stop at Pier 1, N.R.

ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30; Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A. M.; 3:15; Rockaway, 12:15, 5:30 P. M. Whitehall 1570.

International Yacht Races
From the Great Steel Steamer
Plymouth
OF THE FALL RIVER LINE
TICKETS $16.20 EACH RACE
(Including War Tax)
Capacity limited to afford maximum comfort.
The Plymouth will follow the yachts from start to finish.
Catering by the Company. Staterooms.
Music by the steamer's orchestra.
Steamer will make the trip each race day, leaving Pier 15, N. R., near Fulton St., 8:15 A. M., Eastern Standard Time; 9:15 A. M., Daylight Saving Time. Tickets and staterooms on sale at Ticket Offices, Pier 14, N. R.; 64 Broadway, 97 Chambers St., 31 W. 32d St., 114 W. 42d St., New York City; 366 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Tel. Cortlandt 6180.

Weekday and Sunday Trips Up the Hudson to
BEAR MOUNTAIN
Str. "Grand Republic" LVS. BATTERY 9, W. 129th St. 9.30 A.M.
ROUND TRIP Fare 60c CHILDREN 20c. (Incl. War Tax)
SAT. & SUNS. 85c. Children 35c
MUSIC—REFRESHMENTS—DANCING.
Telephone, Bowling Green 7075.

Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.
To BOSTON
METROPOLITAN LINE,
All the way by water, via
CAPE COD CANAL
Steamers leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St.
PHONE BARCLAY 5000
Daily at 5 P. M. (Daylight Time)

SIGHT SEEING YACHTS
"Tourist" "General" Around N. Y.
Lv. Battery Pier Daily, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 5873
TO THE OCEAN AND SANDY HOOK
Viewing the Great Gun Forts. 1:45 P. M. SPECIAL RATES TO PARTIES

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
High water	9:42	10:02	10:19	4:15	12:08	12:31
Low water	3:40	3:53	10:36	4:24	6:00	6:31

THE SUN.

Rises.	Sets.
A. M.	P. M.
5:30	8:25

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Tarantia	Naples	June 28
Lema	Palermo	June 23
Bellhaven	St. Nazaire	July 3
Bristol City	Bristol	July 3
Paloma	Vita	July 9
Halen	Ponce	July 9
Zulia	Mayaguez	July 10
Lake Kyrtle	Havana	July 9
Panama	Colon	July 9

DUE TODAY.

Celtic	Liverpool	July 9
Finland	Southampton	July 8
Mississippi	Havre	June 26
Vasari	Buenos Aires	June 26
New York	Cherbourg	July 7
East Chicago	Liverpool	July 1
Lake Farley	Rouen	July 1

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bovic	Manchester	July 4
City of Florence	Antwerp	July 4
France	Havre	July 10

DUE TOMORROW.

Mexico	Havana	July 14
New York	Southampton	July 8
Pastores	Havana	July 15

DUE MONDAY.

Fort Hamilton	Barmuda	July 17
Caronia	Liverpool	July 10

DUE TUESDAY.

Oscar II	Christiania	July 9
Monaba	Santos	June 25
Gen. G. W. Goethals	Colon	July 12
Vesta	Turks Island	July 17

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Belgium, Germany, &c.
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
Rochambeau	Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Switzerland, Spain, &c.
Regina d'Italia	Genoa	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Italy.
Coamo	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	West Indies.
Calamares	Cristobal	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Nicaragua, Ecuador, &c.
Rosalind	St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Michael	Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil and Iquitos.

SAIL MONDAY.

Lapland	Antwerp	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium, Luxemburg, &c.
Patras	Piraeus	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Greece.
Ottar	Savanilla	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Jamaica, Colombia.
Lake View	Haiti	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Cape Haiti, Port de Paix.

SAIL TUESDAY.

City of Benares	Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa.
Tivives	Santa Marta	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Colombia.
Stephen	Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Floridian	B'nos Aires	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Rhodesian	Transport			
	Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Princess May	Port Antonio	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Jamaica.
Tungua S'to	Domingo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Turks Island, Dominican Republic.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Rinourski, Liverpool	July 17	10:00 A.M.
Helen, San Juan	July 17	12:00 M.
Sudbury, Guantanamo	July 17	12:00 M.
Toronto, Antwerp	July 17	12:00 M.
Minnekahda, Hamburg	July 17	8:00 A.M.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Lake Festus, Malmo	July 17	10:00 A.M.
Rajah, London	July 17	12:00 M.
Mahomines, London	July 17	12:00 M.
Jackson, Gothenburg	July 18	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Olympic	Southampton	July 15
Careling	Berdeaux	July 11
Canopic	St. Michaels	July 13
Moonlite	Rio Janeiro	July 14
Martha Washington	Rio Janeiro	July 14
Trekrelr	Manchester	July 15
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	July 17

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Mar Blanco	Hamburg	July 11
Manchurian Prince	Santos	July 15
Antigua	Southampton	July 14
Endicott	Hong Kong	July 14
Vugelja	London	July 15
Baltic	Queenstown	July 15
Idaho	Hull	July 15
Wells City	Bristol	July 16

PASSED.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed only) via San Francisco	Tjikehang	July 17
Japan, Korea and specially addressed mail for China, via Seattle	Chicago Maru	July 18
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Russia	July 24

New Foreign Mail Regulations

Poland Parcel Post—Owing to poor packing and a lack of substantial wrapping, it is reported by the Warsaw office that many packages are received with the addresses torn away and with part of the contents missing. The Warsaw office has requested that notice be issued urging that packages be substantially packed in cloth, waxed paper or strong wrapping paper, and that the address of the addressee be marked upon the wrapper of the package as well as upon any address tag that

VEGETABLE DEALERS TAKE 1,400 PER CENT.

Farmers Sell Cabbage at Cent a Head, but Retail Price Is 7 Cents a Pound.

MARKETS HERE GLUTTED

Wholesalers Say Situation Is Due to Gouging by Retailers—Profiteering Unchecked.

With the market glutted with vegetables, many farmers at the Wallabout, Gansevoort and Harlem markets were unable to dispose of much of their produce yesterday, even at prices that would have been considered low in pre-war days. Many were forced to take their loads back home and some had to dump them. The consumer, however, paid virtually the same prices for vegetables as earlier in the season, reductions being noted only here and there.

Wholesale dealers in the Washington Street market section said present conditions were brought about by retailers who, by keeping up retail prices, cut down consumption, causing an overstock of a supply that ordinarily would just about meet the requirements of the consumers. The wholesalers argue that if the retail dealers should give the consumer the benefit of the lower prices, trading would be increased and all the products consumed instead of being wasted.

"The recent campaign of the Flying Squadron of the Department of Justice has had no effect on the profiteers in vegetables," said one consumer yesterday. "The margin of profit of 35 per cent. gross allowed by the department is certainly being exceeded in almost every item."

Herschel H. Jones, Director of the New York office of the State Division of Foods and Markets, said yesterday that the consumers should be able this morning to buy vegetables at every market in the city at prices far below what they have been paying. The housewives, he said, ought to be given the benefit of the change in the market on the day the change takes place. Although wholesale prices have been gradually falling all the week, there has been no material reduction in retail prices.

Cabbage One Cent a Head.

Mr. Jones said that in the Wallabout Market, fine Long Island cabbage actually sold for one cent a head. Cabbage were retailing yesterday in the Washington Market for 7 to 10 cents a pound. The average weight of cabbages, it is estimated, is about two pounds, and, on this basis, the retail price would be 14 to 20 cents a head, or an average of 15 to 16 cents. There were some places along Ninth Avenue, near Forty-second Street, where cabbage were selling for 3 and 4 cents a pound. At these stands also could be purchased large bunches of beets at 5 cents; three bunches of onions for 10 cents and other vegetables at correspondingly low prices, but in virtually every part of the city much higher prices prevailed. At the Washington Market one dealer was offering a bunch of three very small stalks of celery for 10 cents.

"Beets sold today at the farmers' markets," Mr. Jones continued, "for 2 cents a bunch; carrots, 1 cent to 1¼ cents a bunch; lettuce, 40 to 50 cents a barrel; peas, 75 cents to a bushel; romaine, 25 to 50 cents a barrel; radishes, ½ to 1 cent a bunch; spinach, 25 to 50 cents a crate. These low prices prevailed late in the morning, when farmers found themselves left with goods unsold. The early morning prices were somewhat higher. Even potatoes, which have been continually high for months, have dropped, and could be bought at wholesale for $8.50 to $9 a barrel. One dealer at one of the farmers' markets offered this morning to bet a suit of clothes that potatoes would go down to $5 a barrel in three weeks.

Wholesaler Blames Retailer.

"It is estimated that between 500 and 600 farmers from Long Island, Staten Island and New Jersey have been in to the Wallabout, Gansevoort and Harlem markets daily with their trucks, bringing an average of about 2,000 tons of fresh vegetables a day. At the same time great quantities of vegetables and fruits have come in to the Washington Street wholesale market by rail and boat from all over the United States and by truck from nearby. In spite of this large supply the demand seems to have been very light, which the wholesale men claim is due to the retailer not giving the public any benefit of the lower prices.

"Thousands of packages of vegetables of all varieties have arrived in the last few days from Western and Central New York, various sections of Orange County, Long Island, Staten Island, New Jersey and Virginia.

"Shipments of lettuce and green peas from up-State have been exceptionally heavy during the week. The demand for lettuce was so light that the market for it was almost at a standstill.

"Georgia peaches are in more liberal supply than last week, with the bulk of offerings arriving in very wasty and irregular condition. Several carloads were condemned by the New York City Department of Health. Owing to these conditions buyers have been indifferent about securing supplies of peaches. However, the trade expects that peaches will show marked improvement in quality and condition with receipts of the Alberta variety, which will regularly arrive here after this week.

Onion Prices Declining.

"Onions are arriving to the extent of thousands of baskets daily from New Jersey, but are not meeting a ready demand and causing stock to accumulate steadily on the market, with prices on the decline. Texas and California onions show practically no change, as both the common and cold storage warehouses are still full of these onions.

"Potatoes from Virginia arrived in lighter supply. The market for them was affected by steadily increasing receipts of immature stock from New Jersey and Staten Island. The best trade is giving preference to well-matured potatoes from the eastern shore of Virginia. Cucumbers are very plentiful and in very light demand, causing the market to be almost demoralized. Many sales were made at $1 a barrel.

JITNEYS GET DAY'S GRACE.

Bridgeport Court, Pending Decision, Bars City Council Order.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, July 16.—Shielded by an injunction granted by Judge John W. Banks of the Superior Court, jitney buses were running in Bridgeport today, despite the action of the Common Council on Monday night in passing an ordinance barring the jitneys from the streets of the city.

By the temporary injunction granted by Judge Banks, the police cannot molest the jitney buses until a decision in the case is handed down tomorrow. Many extra trolley cars were in operation today, but scores of them traveled up and down the lines almost empty.

Condemn Movie Type of Ministers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 16.—The New York State Christian Endeavorers, in convention here today, passed a resolution condemning the manner in which clergymen are generally portrayed in the movies. Officers were elected as follows: President, F. C. Collins of Syracuse; First Vice President, William H. Brown of Rochester; Second Vice President, John H. Post of Middletown; Recording Secretary, C. F. Lawrence of Katonah; Junior Superintendent, Agnes Baker of Buffalo; Intermediate Superintendent, the Rev. Dr. George F. Scofield of Highlands; Treasurer, H. E. Howe of Syracuse.

QUIZ FIGUEROA AGAIN IN ELWELL MYSTERY

Dooling Seeks Further Evidence of Turfman's Movements After Theatre Party.

John T. Dooling, Assistant District Attorney, investigating the murder of Joseph Bowne Elwell, had another interview yesterday with Octavio Figueroa, the South American journalist, who was in company with Elwell, Miss Viola Kraus and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, at the Ritz-Carlton and on the New Amsterdam Roof on the night before Elwell's death.

Mr. Dooling was anxious to add to his information about Elwell's movements and manner when he left the other members of the party shortly before 2 o'clock on the morning he was murdered. Reports that Elwell was attacked on the street a few minutes later and other topics were discussed with Figueroa, whose story was identical with that of his previous statements, Mr. Dooling said.

The Assistant District Attorney intends today to question Philip Bender, the chauffeur, who drove the Lewisohn party home on the morning of the murder and who asserted that he had only three passengers, not four as all the surviving members of the party assert. Bender is said to have become less positive in his assertion when requestioned by the police. The chauffeur had not been previously questioned by Mr. Dooling.

Mr. Dooling said he wanted to learn the identity of the man who was driven to Elwell's house at about 2:30 o'clock on the morning of the murder by Edgar Walters, a negro chauffeur. Walters insisted at first, after he had seen pictures of Elwell, that he had driven Elwell home. When asked to describe his fare, however, he was equally positive that the man wore a business suit. Elwell had worn a dinner jacket that night. When shown the picture of another tall man of light complexion, Walters became convinced that this man was his fare.

Despite his confused identifications, Mr. Dooling is convinced that Walters drove somebody to the Elwell home that morning.

The story of Walters has gained in interest, because of the statement of the young woman officially described as "Miss Wilson" who said she telephoned to Elwell that morning at about 11:30 o'clock and that she became convinced from Elwell's formal manner that another person was with Elwell and overhearing his telephone conversation.

"Elwell may have been killed by someone he met shortly after leaving the party," Mr. Dooling said, "or some occurrence between himself and the person he appears to have met later might have brought about the situation which resulted in his murder. It seems likely that there are other persons than the murderer who could aid us in explaining what occurred."

DRY ATTACK ON ROOSEVELT.

Anderson Classes Him with "Lawbreakers"—Demands Declaration.

Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was asked yesterday by William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, to declare his present attitude toward the 2.75 beer act passed by the last Legislature. He asks if he favors a repeal of the act or stands pat on the position he took in the Legislature.

Mr. Anderson, in his letter to Colonel Roosevelt, said that "silence now in the face of your wet nullification record constitutes continued defiance of the Federal Government and classifies you with the lawbreakers."

"For the sake of the memory of your father," the letter continues, "multiplied tens of thousands of people, not only in this State, but throughout the nation, now hope that you are big enough to recognize that the manly thing for a young man who has been misled into an untenable position is frankly to admit his error of judgment and do his utmost to make amends. Our emphatic manner of bringing this to your attention is adopted, not because of any desire to cause you any unnecessary embarrassment, but because of your silent contempt for them last Fall, and your contemptuous overt offense last Spring against that moral and law-abiding portion of the public which was the backbone and strength of the popular support of your illustrious father, has driven us to this drastic action. It has been your choice, and not ours, that we should deal with you publicly."

COMMITTEE SEES JAPANESE.

Representatives Resume Inquiry Into California Conditions.

STOCKTON, Cal., July 16.—The House of Representatives Committee on Naturalization and Immigration, having spent the past few days at Sacramento in hearing testimony on the Japanese situation in California, resumed its labors here today.

To date the committee has viewed numerous towns and country sections where, according to the evidence, Japanese merchants and farmers are in the majority. It has been the guest of George Shima, a leader among the Japanese in California, and reputed to be the wealthiest of the many colonists. It has also heard the evidence of numerous officials of the State of California, including Governor Stephens and members of the State Board of Control, who recently completed an extensive survey of immigration conditions here, with especial reference to Oriental problems.

The committee has not formulated any report yet, as its work is still in progress, but five of the members have said that they believe, from their investigations, that steps should be taken to curb the influx of Japanese and to regulate the social and economic life of those already here.

KING ALBERT THANKS LEGION

Sends Message of Praise on Chateau-Thierry Anniversary.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 16.—Admiration and gratitude for the American soldiers who gave their lives in the victorious battle of Chateau-Thierry two years ago today, was expressed by Albert, King of Belgium, in a message to The American Legion Weekly, the official American Legion newspaper.

"On the eve of the anniversary of the glorious American victory at Chateau-Thierry, the message said, "it is a great pleasure for me to send to The American Legion Weekly a token of the high admiration this heroic stand kindles in my heart, and to renew tribute of our everlasting gratitude for the heroes who fell on the fifteenth day of July, 1918, for the common cause.

"ALBERT."

COWS BETRAY LIQUOR STILL.

Two, Drunk on Mash, Lead to Discovery in North Carolina.

DURHAM, N. C., July 16.—John King, a farmer living near this city, last night found two of his cows lying on the ground of their pasture in a stupor, apparently suffering from some strange malady. A veterinarian was called and after lengthy examination pronounced both animals as merely "beastly" drunk.

A search for the cause led to the discovery of a big "moonshine" still in a secluded corner of the pasture. The cows had eaten a quantity of the mash used by the illicit whisky manufacturers.

Marietta Census Figures Revised.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Revised census figures give Marietta, Ohio, a population of 15,140 instead of 15,100, as previously announced. Council Bluffs, Iowa, shows a population of 36,162, an increase of 6,870, or 23.5 per cent. over 1910.

HYLAN, DISPLEASED, BARS A REPORTER

Brooklyn Writer Ousted from Press Seats at Board of Estimate Meeting.

OTHER MEMBERS PROTEST

Craig, Curran and LaGuardia Overruled by Mayor, Who Didn't Like Stories Published.

As a consequence of articles in The Standard Union, a Brooklyn newspaper, which were particularly displeasing to him, Mayor Hylan yesterday ordered Clarence Worden, the reporter who had written the stories, barred from the press seats in the Board of Estimate chamber.

When Mr. Worden attempted to enter the "well" where the reporters sit, yesterday morning, he found a uniformed policeman on guard. The policeman told Mr. Worden that he had been barred by the Mayor's orders. When Mr. Worden asked the Mayor why he had been excluded, the Mayor boomed: "You take a seat in the back of the room. Officer, put that man in a seat."

Controller Charles L. Craig, Henry H. Curran President of the Borough of Manhattan, and Fiorello H. La Guardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, came to the reporter's assistance.

"I protest against this misuse of a member of the press," said the Controller, "because one member of this board doesn't like what was said about him in a newspaper. If this were kept up, there would be no one in the 'well' in two weeks."

"I agree with you," said President Curran, turning to the Controller. President La Guardia started to protest, too, but Mayor Hylan shut him off with his gavel.

"He will stay outside," said the Mayor.

"I make a motion that he be allowed in the 'well'," said the Controller. "I second it," said President Curran. "Put him outside," repeated the Mayor. "You're out of order."

"I insist on a roll call," said the Controller.

"You're out of order," persisted the Mayor.

"But this idea of having a newspaper 'well' packed with those who are in the Mayor's favor will not be tolerated, if I can prevent it," said the Controller.

"When a man deliberately lies I am going to have the officer exclude him from the 'well'," said the Mayor. In the meantime a police sergeant and three patrolmen had appeared. The Controller gave up further attempts to have Mr. Worden's privileges restored, but members of the board intimated that they would bring the matter up before a meeting of the board and have it placed on the calendar. Mr. Worden, in a back seat, remained through the meeting.

EXPOSES SON AS SLACKER.

Aged Father Asks Arrest—Alleges False Oath to Draft Board.

While J. C. Hatcher, a representative of the War Department, was busy with the lists of men who had evaded military duty in the office of Deputy United States Attorney Henry D. Middleberger, yesterday, an old man walked in and asked when the slackers were to be arrested. Mr. Hatcher replied that he thought the work of picking them up would begin next week.

"Very well," replied the old man; "then I hope you will arrest my son."

"Is he a slacker?" Mr. Hatcher asked.

"He's worse," was the reply. "He swore falsely. He complied with the regulations and registered, but he misrepresented his condition and was placed in the deferred classification. So he escaped service and should be punished for it."

Mr. Hatcher, who asked him to tell his story, would not tell the name of the man, but summarized the story like this:

"This man has two sons. One enlisted and fought in France. He was gassed and maimed, and is still suffering from his wounds, with the chance that he never again will be normal. The other son escaped service by misrepresenting his condition to his draft board.

"The father was greatly incensed, and during the war tried to induce the recalcitrant son to put on a uniform. Failing in this, he wrote to the authorities in Washington, asking them to force his son into the army. Then began a correspondence that lasted many months, with no result. As a last resort the father came here."

An examination of the cards bearing the names of 7,672 slackers disclosed that the boy's name was not among them. This appeared to worry the old man, and he insisted that the name should be placed with the others who had evaded their duty. It was explained to him that the Statue of Limitation became operative in behalf of the slackers not listed last November, and that it was doubtful whether the son would be punished at all.

"But he swore falsely," said the father. "Cannot you punish him for that? That's perjury, isn't it?"

Finally it was arranged that the father should talk the matter over with Mr. Middleberger.

On the same day a minister called at the bureau to complain of a young man, a member of his flock, who had evaded service. The minister didn't know what artifice was used, but the man's name was not among the listed slackers, so it is likely that he, too, will go free. Asked why he had not reported the matter before, the minister replied:

"I wanted to be sure, first, that it was the right thing to do. So I waited, and now I am sure that it is my duty to report the matter."

Mr. Hatcher said that the work of rounding up the slackers would begin next week, or at the latest the following week, and that it might take many months to arrest all those who could be found at once. He explained that practically all of them were without settled homes or occupations, and that it would be easy for them to escape immediate arrest by frequent moving.

IDENTIFY MURDERED WOMAN

Body Found in Canaan That of Mrs. Farnum of Stamford.

NEW CANAAN, Conn., July 16.—The body of a young woman, found in the woods here April 14, 1919, was exhumed today and identified by Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Wood of Stamford as that of Mrs. Wood's sister, Mrs. Ernest Farnum.

The police theory was that the woman was murdered elsewhere and the body brought here. The grave was opened at the request of Mrs. Catherine Muller of 178 West Seventy-sixth Street, New York, who thought she detected a resemblance to her missing daughter, Mrs. Anna Waraday, in a photograph of the dead woman.

Several other persons who have been searching for a missing relative were also at the grave. After Mrs. Farnum's husband was drafted, while they lived at Stamford, she left the city and was not heard from again.

The body, unclothed and wrapped in a sheet, had been in the woods about six weeks when found.

The police tonight are seeking George Hankee, formerly of Stamford and Waterbury, in connection with Mrs. Farnum's disappearance. Mrs. Wood states that she saw them together on the last day Mrs. Farnum was seen in Stamford.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....8 per cent. for the best names.
Thursday .....8 per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Do Fairly Well.

Judged by recent trading standards gray goods did pretty well in this market yesterday. Spot deliveries of 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 19 cents, while for shipment in September the same goods brought a cent a yard less. Nineteen cents was also paid for spot lots of 38½-inch 64-60s. For shipment in September and October the same construction brought 17½ cents. Similar deliveries of 38½-inch 60-48s fetched 15 cents. July business was done in 56-60-4-yard sheeting at 19½ cents.

Look for Shoe Style Changes.

While the matter of shoe prices has reached a satisfactory point with most buyers, they appear to be a little skeptical regarding the permanent character of the present styles. Those who have canvassed the market have a feeling that the manufacturers may find it advisable to make some switch in shoe fashions in order to stimulate business. For this reason, the buyers are pursuing a "buy as you go" policy and keeping a sharp lookout for any indication of a change in style tendencies.

Sweaters May Go Up Again.

Although women's novelty sweaters for delivery this Fall are cheaper than they were a year ago, prices on them may have to be advanced again in the near future. Wool zephyr yarns have shown little reduction from last year's levels and, while worsted and fibre silk yarns are cheaper than they were at this time in 1919, they are higher now than they were thirty days ago. With stocks at most of the mills at a minimum and with labor about to strike for a shorter working week and subsequently higher wages, early buying is advised by the manufacturers.

Men's Body Hats Advance.

Men who favor the so-called body hats over the usual types of flat straw headgear are going to pay for their preference next year, as the lines that are now being opened for sale to the consumer early next Summer show average advances of about $6 a dozen over the prices retail buyers paid for them for this year's delivery. Not much has bene done in them as yet, but as really active buying of these goods rarely begins before September no anxiety is felt about it. In the business that has been done so far, however, Panamas have been running fourth to Bankoks, leghorns, and "ballbuntels."

Afraid of Bargains.

A rather novel angle of the present dullness in the clothing trade was furnished by the representative of one house. He stated that many buyers are unwilling to make purchases even though they might represent very good bargains, because no premium is put on such a transaction under the present Government regulations. By this he meant that the buyer, to avoid prosecution under the Lever act, had to sell for the regular percentage of profit no matter how low the cost of the merchandise. The lower the price the less profit in it for him, and consequently the less interested he would be in driving a bargain.

Effect of Automobile Slump.

Woolen mills selling to the automobile trade find that conditions in that field approximate those in the clothing and garment trades. The production of cars has suffered a slump, owing to the difficulty in getting materials required. Besides this, there is not the active demand for automobiles that existed only a short time ago. The mills are said to find some of the motor companies rather "slow pay," and ascribe this to the lack of money caused by delayed shipments. Ordinarily the mills, which get large orders from the automobile industry, have found this business a very good one to tide them over periods of slackness in the cutting-up trades.

Business in "Cuts."

Though the woolen mills can't claim to be receiving much business from regular channels, there is said to be quite a development in the direction of selling "cuts" or suit lengths. These are requested by individuals who want to be sure of getting real fabric value in their suits and who want at the same time to reduce their expenditure for clothing. Such requests have become so numerous that many of the mill agents have shut down on them. They can be turned down in a nice way by referring the customers to jobbers who will sell the material for less, at present, than the prices the mills can quote.

Credit Checking Hazardous.

Credit men connected with mill organizations foresee some difficult problems ahead of them in checking credits when Fall orders begin to come in. So far, there is a direct contrast between the work of the salesmen and the credit men. The former are finding themselves very busy, and the latter have practically nothing to do. In one quarter, the value of asking for July statements from clothiers and garment manufacturers was questioned. For the six months' period the full losses would not be shown. In lieu of the confusion of figures in the statements that might be obtained now, the credit men feel it is better to base their "lines" on the moral responsibility of the customer rather than on statements submitted.

Should Cut the Limb Off.

Discussing the latest demands of the workers in the knit goods industry yesterday, one of the manufacturers who may be affected seriously by the strike asserted that there is nothing left to do but "fight it out." "Much time," he said, "the union is asking more and more, and it will only be a question of time, if the manufacturers keep on 'giving in,' before they will be forced out of business. The trouble is that many of the smaller manufacturers cannot grasp this fact. They see only orders on their books that are not being filled because their employes are striking. For my part I am willing to sacrifice the present for the future, the same as a surgeon will cut off a gangrenous limb to save a patient's life. I would much rather lose a business leg now than my business life later on, much as I dread the operation."

Straw Hat Season Opens Slowly.

Although it is a little too early yet to get concerned about it, manufacturers of men's straw hats say that they are not yet getting the demand for their products for the 1921 season that was in evidence at this time last year and the year before that. At least a part of the holding off of buyers, who are normally due in the market at this time, is attributed to a desire on their part to bring prices down. Quotations on the new hats show advances over the current season that in some instances range as high as 75 per cent. The increases are due to the higher cost of everything going into the new goods, from the leather sweatband on the inside to the ribbon band around the outside. Straw braids, in particular, have advanced sharply, as has fancy labor in this country. As for styles, the new lines show very little variation from those now being offered at retail.

Worse Week in Dry Goods Road Sales

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods has been greater than during the corresponding week of last year or any preceding year. As road salesmen have completed their trips and returned to the house, the sales of both immediate and future delivery for the last week were much less than during the same period of last year. There have been fewer customers in the house. Collections during the week were satisfactory.

To Seek Canada's Aid on Paper.

NEW LONDON, N. H., July 16.—The need for international co-operation between the United States and Canada in regard to the shortage of print paper will be discussed at a New England forestry conference to be held at Colby Academy here Aug. 24 to 26, it was announced today.

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES OF THE WEEK—Bradstreet's reports 189 failures in the United States for the week, against 112 for the previous week, and 90, 172, 241 and 283 for the corresponding weeks, 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 15; Middle, 49; Western, 18; Northwestern, 15; Southern, 28; Far Western, 14. Canada had 21, against 19 for the previous week. In the United States about 85.6 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had less than $5,000 capital and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

KASINDORF & MEYERS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Kasindorf and Bernard L. Meyers, co-partners, trading as Kasendorf & Meyers, dealers in furs and skins, at 224 West 28th St., by these creditors: W. B. Sacks, $1,000; R. Friedman, $500, and G. Lindner, $1,000.

SOLOMON & BANGHART—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Daniel G. Solomon and Joseph Banghart, co-partners, trading as Solomon & Banghart, dealers in automobile tires and accessories, at 3,315 Broadway, by these creditors: Herman F. Rudiger, $592; Melville Michaels, $292, and Horseshoe Tire Co., Inc., $2,727. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $1,000, and it is alleged that, but for sales made by the firm, there would be over $20,000 worth of stock in the store. Judge Grubb has appointed Clifford G. Ludvigh receiver in $500 bond.

YORKE INN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Yorke Inn, of 2,120 Broadway, by these creditors: Gage Bros., $1,225; Aitken Son & Co., $347, and Brick & Bellerstein, $285. It was alleged that the corporation admitted in writing its willingness to be adjudicated.

ALEX ROSENGARTEN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Alex Rosengarten, Louis Bessemer and Isaac Haft, who composed the firm of Alex Rosengarten & Co., of 208 West 21st St., by these creditors: Besser Bros. & Schreibman Co., $2,150; Samuel Rosshardtler, $320, and Morris Besser, $183. Liabilities are stated to be $7,000 and assets $1,000.

ROY E. WELLER, milkman, of Middletown, has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $7,220 and assets $2,585, consisting of fixtures and two autos, $2,500; bob sleigh, $60; cash on hand, $10; cash in bank, $8, and accounts, $7.

HERMAN ROSENZWEIG, clerk, 347 East 57th St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $1,415 and no assets. Hallis M. Barnes of Manbakha Lake is the largest creditor, $1,000.

R. E. TAYLOR CORP.—Judge Grubb has appointed Louis Jersawit receiver for R. E. Taylor Corporation, dealer in automobiles, at 602 Seventh Ave., in $5,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities exceed $100,000 and that the assets are about $14,000, consisting of machinery, parts, fixtures, 1 2-ton Signal truck, money due and accounts receivable.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Albano, Rosina and Angelo—L. & Moore $5,337.27
Buchman, Joseph S.—N. Y. Telephone Co. 189.44
Byrd, Abraham R., Jr.—Madison Corey 2,315.20
Breckenridge, Geo. P.—M. E. Cary et al. 107.60
Culgin, Coy W.—B. Berenberg 235.40
Coli, Angelo—M. Coli 330.20
Dugan, John—J. Anderson 573.05
Domestic Cloak & Suit Co., Inc.—M. Di Marcoco et al 497.20
Dorson, Harry W.—Blue Ribbon Garage, Inc. 467.40
Same—Same 154.40
Dugus, Ernest L.—A. J. Freeman 148.07
De Castro, Manuel—J. Paradis 186.98
Dixon, Thomas B.—Western Union Telegraph Co., costs 193.56
D'Esterre, Louis—S. Atkins, Inc. 134.80
Farmer, Henry—People &c. 500.00
Fleming, John J.—Moran Towing & Transportation Co. 15,243.14
Flood, Thomas J. & National Surety Co.—People &c. 1,000.00
Fields, Lucy and Frank Tarno.—Same. 100.00
Funke, Charles—Morris Plan Co., N. Y. 372.97
Gutzki, Fred—F. A. Smith 121.30
Gilbroner, Joseph W. and National Surety Co.—People &c. 2,000.00
Hartman, Vera—S. Gerstein 488.60
Hochberg, Jack—Kimberley Phonograph Co., Inc. 395.00
Howe, Minnie L.—Park & Tilford 447.72
Hines, Walker D.—Takamine Laboratory, Inc. 844.70
McCall, Joby J.—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. 130.14
Jenks, Wm. P.—W. R. Craig 35,619.86
Kell, William—S. Kehrmann 186.37
Karminski, M.—MacLaren & Gentles, Inc., costs 119.87
Liebman, Morris—W. H. Leary 109.20
Le Roy, Helen and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People &c. 300.00
Myers, Oakley—E. S. Baldwin 302.20
Macomber, W. Sturgis—K. E. de Waal Malefyt 258.15
Metz, Nathaniel N. Bonnie 113.70
Merell Chemical Co. Inc.—Amity Warehouse Co. Inc. 210.40
Moffitt, Wm. H. and Wm. H. Moffitt Realty Co.—Ntl Nassau Bank, N. Y. 73,202.54
Perlman, Samuel—Nassau Finance Co. 118.51
Prichep, Charles—Fidelity & Casualty Co., N. Y. 1,000.00
Otto, Emil D. and American Surety Co. —People &c. 5,000.00
Quong, Sam and Ntl Surety Co.—People &c. 500.00
Ribby, Dennis and John Manion—People 500.00
Royalty Mfg Co. Inc., Morris Goldstein and Max Minoff—S. Hellinger 178.91
Rothstein, Selig and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People &c. 1,500.00
Reichert, Geo. L. and Maria F. Worme 632.50
Schwartz, Morris—M. Aronson 117.40
Stacey Canadian Skate Corp.—American Machinery Exchange Inc. 384.20
Scott, Wm. E. and Julius Rubenstein—N. Y. Telephone Co. 122.96
Sabsevitz, Meyer and Ida (Meyer Sabsevitz & Son)—Saart Bros Co. 243.80
Same—G. Tortelani 189.50
Sulsano, John—A. Klotz 174.70
Tong, Wong and Ntl Surety Co.—People &c. 500.00
Vander Beek, Rebecca M.—Commercial Trust Co. of N. J. 32,857.53
Washington Pleating & Binding Co. Inc. —J. Morris et al 617.08
Winfree, Douglas—O. O. Creighton 145.20

In Bronx County.

Bartlett, Eliza—W. W. Foster et al. $144.70
Bissell, Harold E.—C. Devine 707.43
Campbell, Alexander J.—J. G. Coburn 118.72
Fleischer, Louis—L. Sherman 185.72
Kreisel, Samuel—S. Stern 185.72
Lyons, Edward—F. Beltano 115.26
Lippman, Jacob—J. R. Lynch 32.72
Lawrence English, Inc.—Cisneros & Co., Inc. 373.20
Michaelson, David—H. Baer 205.39
McDonough, Lawrence—J. Carbone 146.82
Platelli, Ada—Point Realty Corp. 65.20
Russo, Francisco—M. C. Russo 4,320.00
Sivart, Lejo—S. Brill et al. 47.20
Stockman, Philip—M. R. Silverman 1,083.76
Zachar, Hyman—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp. 144.20

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Katz, Israel or Isaac—A. R. Peele, Feb. 6, 1920 ..... $948.70
Felix, Hugo—Franklin Simon & Co., July 14, 1919 ..... 174.04
Stewart, Lucius H.—A. H. Post et al., Feb. 5, 1919 ..... 1,534.66
Galvin, Chas. W.—A. W. Drubin et al., Feb. 27, 1920 ..... 159.86
Simon, Sam L.—Full Circle Towel Cabinet Co., Inc., Feb. 10, 1920 ..... 243.26
Lindenberg, Leo—R. M. Hull, July 9, 1920 ..... 156.33
Same—Travicek, Nov. 3, 1919 ..... 117.91
Feranger, Geo. A.—W. F. Oglesby, April 27, 1920 ..... 271.00
Wyckoff, B. Franklin, and Jack Drillich —J. Lavender, July 6, 1920 ..... 214.20
Beau-Site Co.—E. C. McCallum, July 14, 1920 ..... 15,242.44
Stolowitz, Samuel, and Jacob Kester Co.—G. Orlando, Dec. 1, 1919 ..... 1,121.53
Interborough Long Distance Moving Co. —Frederick Zittel & Sons, Inc., June 16, 1920 ..... 1,098.20
Fisher, Arthur H.—G. W. Kozmak, Oct. 8, 1919 ..... 114.91
Tilyou, Edw. J.—E. P. Hervey et al., Nov. 16, 1916 ..... 884.93

In Bronx County.

Reese, Max—Lawyers Mortgage Co., Aug. 24, 1915 ..... $734.84

CANADIAN FISHERIES GAIN.

Revenue for Year Ending in March Shows $25,000,000 Increase.

OTTAWA, Ontario, July 16.—Canadian fisheries for the fiscal year ended last March produced a total commercial revenue in excess of $60,000,000, or an increase of $25,000,000 as compared with the fiscal year ended March, 1917, according to an official announcement today. The export trade in fish for the last fiscal year was worth $40,687,172, an increase of over 100 per cent. in value as compared with 1914. The increase over the preceding year was in excess of $4,000,000.

The export trade with the United Kingdom increased from $6,726,389 in 1914 to $9,815,979 in the last year, while the trade with the United States jumped from $5,644,355 in 1914 to $17,180,250 last year. The great increase in fish sales to the United States has been due to the fact that the value of canned salmon sold to that country in 1914 was $115,380, while last year it was $12,067,319. During a span of six years there has been a jump of nearly 300 per cent. in the value of dry-salted cod, ling, hake and pollock exported to the United States.

Trade authorities look with some disfavor upon the increased fish trade with the United States, because a large quantity of salmon and other fish imported from Canada is exported again. Statistics indicate that the premium on American money is attracting Canadian trade to the exclusion of other markets.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Marked Excess of Advances Over Declines Shown This Week.

Commodities prices, according to Dun's list, continued to show a marked excess of declines over advances this week. However, the total number of changes this week was greater than last, and in the current total there was a larger proportion of advances than has been the case for some time. Actually, there were 30 advances in 73 revisions, whereas last week, in 60 changes, there were but 18 upward changes. Declines in foodstuffs nearly doubled the advance, although several of the former took place in the less important food items. Marked weakness in price was again shown by the combined lists for durgs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Beans, mar., c, 100 lbs.	$11.50	$11.50	$11.75
Butter, cream., ex., lb..	.55½	.57½	.52¾
Butter, S.D., c, to f., lb.	.44	.44	.46
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.50	2.00	1.50
Cheese, w. m., mpl., lb.	.27½	.27½	.32½
Codfish, Gd.Bks.,100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	13.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	†.13¾	†.13⅜	†.23½
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	†.19¾	†.19¼	†.28¾
Eggs, nearby, fcy., doz.	.63	.60	.62
Eggs, West'n, stds. doz.	.45	.43½	.43
Flour, patents, 156 lbs.	13.75	13.50	11.75
Onions, bag	2.00	2.00	4.00
Peas, Scotch, choice, 100 lbs.	5.50	5.75	7.00
Potatoes, new, bbl.	10.50	10.00	4.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.14½	.14½	.13
Sugar, f. gr., 100 lbs.	†22.00	†22.00	*9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.19	.22	.50
Tea, Japan, med. lb.	.65	.65	.50
Bacon, 140s down, lb.	.22¾	.22½	.32¾
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	11.00	10.75	11.35
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.31¾	.31¾	.35½
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	14.90	15.50	20.65
Lard, M. W., 100 lbs.	18.35	19.05	34.75
Pork, mess, bbl.	36.00	36.00	56.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.00	9.00	10.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.50	1.65	1.35
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bu.	1.76	1.79	2.09½
Hay, pr. tim., 100 lbs.	2.20	2.30	1.90
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	†1.20	1.26	.89½
Rye, No. 2, bu.	2.30	2.38	1.72¾
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	3.05	2.94	*2.36½
Aluminum, big, lb.	.32	.32	.33
Copper, electro, lb.	.19	.18¾	.22
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton.	48.15	47.15	29.10
Lead, lb.	.08	.08¼	.05½
Spelter, lb.	.08¼	.08¼	.08
Steel billets, Bess., ton.	60.00	60.00	38.50
Tin, lb.	.50½	.49	.70
Brown sheet, st. d., yd.	.26	.26	.26
Cloths (pr., 64x60, yd.	.18	.20	.18¾
Hides, pack., Chi., lb.	.30	.30	.50
Hides, cows, hvy., lb.	.34	.33	.45
Leath., h'lock sole, lb.	.52	.52	.60
Leath., un. bks., t.r., lb.	.75	.75	.90
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.34¾	.36¼	.55
Rub., p., int. latex cr., lb.	.33	.36	..
Silk, China, s. f. 1st, lb.	8.50	9.50	9.95
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 14, Shinshu, lb.	6.00	6.25	9.60

*Government maximum. †Nominal.

Of the twenty-two changes shown in the foodstuffs only eight were advances. In the local market a drop of $1 a barrel in Winter stra

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THE PHILADELPHIA NATIONAL BANK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Tired Holders of Stocks Sell, Furthering Decline—Wheat Falls Sharply.

Further selling pressure from professional sources, together with liquidation by tired holders of industrial shares, carried stock market quotations down yesterday. At the lowest figures of the day a number of issues were close to the levels from which they started the rise in the first week of the month. The movement was not accompanied by anything like a sharp break of active speculative issues, although a few specialties declined from 3 to more than 6 points, and the trading list continued rather narrow, but there was a paucity of demand which reflected unfavorably upon recent expectations of a sustained buying power of moderate proportions during the Summer. The decline this week has shown once again how market calculations may go astray in periods of a tense credit situation and of uncertainty over the longer aspects of business. Toward the close a rally occurred. The price front at the end of the day, however, displayed declines in the main, some reaching from 1 to 3 points in the stocks of the more prominent group, including steel, tobacco, automobile, and other manufacturing issues. The rails were unsteady without becoming generally weak.

A 9 per cent. renewal rate for call loans, the highest of the week, had considerable to do with the decline, making it more evident than before that, while the Street is seeking to become accustomed to rates higher than 6 per cent., the process is trying upon sentiment. The chances are, however, that whether speculators like stiff carrying charges or not when attempting to visualize substantial profits, they will have to accept them for some time to come. With commercial borrowers throughout the country ready to seize short-term loans at 6½ per cent., or even higher, it is hardly conceivable that lenders out of town or local will be willing to let substantial amounts of funds accumulate at New York if no more than 7 per cent., say, can be secured in the call loan market. As the money situation now stands, the only way the Street may expect to find adequate supplies of demand funds available is through rates which compete with time money and with the mercantile bill rate. That is considering normal conditions in the credit and money markets. The attitude of the banks against an expansion of the existing loan structure implies occasional intervals of advancing rates, when extra strain comes upon the market as was the case on Thursday incident to Treasury operations. After the demand for stock market loans to stand until Monday had been filled yesterday, the rate eased to 8 per cent.

That the wheat market is entering into renewed open trading in a state of great confusion and uncertainty was disclosed in yesterday's transactions. The December option broke 13¼ cents and the March option 10 cents per bushel at Chicago, leaving the quotations 7 to 13 cents lower than initial prices on Thursday. A price of $2.57 per bushel denotes a sharp change in the situation from the days last Winter when $3 was mentioned as a likely market value of wheat when it was freed from Government supervision. But it must be admitted that things are not what they were three or four months ago. Crop prospects have improved since May 1, and it is likely that the inability of railroads and ships to move the old crop fast enough has altered expectations about the old crop carry-over. Wheat is now moving out quite rapidly, and it may be that supplies will not be as large by Sept. 1 as are looked for. Bradstreet's reports exports of wheat and flour equivalent to 10,470,188 bushels in the week ended July 15, against 8,853,110 bushels last week and 7,830,095 bushels in the corresponding week last year.

In the light of these export figures reference may be made to yesterday's decline of the foreign exchanges. Sterling failed to carry forward the spurt of the preceding session, declining 1½ cents, to 3.83⅝, for checks. The Continental quotations were easier than on Thursday. Silver in the open market receded 2 cents per ounce, to 90¼ cents, at New York.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	94.22	93.56	93.86	— .22
25 industrials	110.60	109.92	110.18	— .22
50 stocks	92.41	91.34	92.02	— .27

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 15	93.33	92.17	92.99	—1.06
July 14	94.15	93.14	93.97	— .18
July 13	94.36	93.68	93.82	— .15
July 12	95.28	93.47	93.61	—1.55
July 10	95.81	94.80	95.22	— .12
July 9	96.06	94.85	95.34	+ .20

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

July.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	96.06	July 9	81.24	July 16	92.02
1919.	98.56	July 17	86.19	July 3	88.83
1918.	72.78	July 6	70.48	July 15	71.67
1917.	82.44	July 31	77.53	July 19	80.26
1916.	97.04	July 6	92.91	July 14	94.38

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	96.07	Apr. 8	75.45	Feb. 18	92.02
†1919.	98.56	July 17	69.75	Jan. 21	91.59

Full Years.

1919.	98.59	Nov. 3	69.73	Jan. 21	89.60
1918.	70.15	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	75.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	82.84
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	90.04	Apr. 22	96.23

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year
40 issues	87.00	—.03	July	10.46

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

July 15	87.03	—.05	July 7	86.80	+.09
July 14	86.98	—.07	July 6	86.51	+.06
July 13	86.91	+.03	July 5	Holiday.	
July 12	86.88	+.12	July 3	Holiday.	
July 10	86.76	+.09	July 2	86.15	+.19
July 9	86.67	+.13	July 1	86.05	+.07
July 8	86.54	+.34	June 30	85.98	+.04

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	72.61	Jan. 3	85.57	May 21	87.00
†1919.	78.05	June 2	76.00	Mar. 21	77.46

Full Years.

1919.	78.01	Jan. 3	71.08	Dec. 9	72.05
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	90.48	Jan. 26	74.94	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, JULY 16.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
9	9	9	9

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....6@5¾

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS
Sixty days 8¼	Sixty days 9
Ninety days 8¼	Ninety days 9
Four months 8¼	Four months 9
Five months.....8¼	Five months.....9
Six months 8¼	Six months 9

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7

Liberty Bonds. Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 5½

Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 30 to 90 days.....6¼@6¼

Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6¼

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @7

Commercial Paper.

Best Names.

4 to 6 months.....8

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....8 @8¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change
Demand	3.83⅝	3.83⅛	3.83⅝	— .01⅛
Cables	3.90¾	3.88⅞	3.89¼	— .01½
France—				
Demand	8.375	8.25	8.32	—0.10
Cables	8.39	8.265	8.335	—0.10

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch'ge	Demand or Checks.	Cables.	Yesterday's Close. Demand	Cables.
4.8665 London	73	73½	$3.88⅛	$3.88¼
19.30 Paris	8.82	8.835	14¾	15
19.30 Belgium	8.865	8.85	29½	30
19.30 Italy	5.80	5.917	52	54¼
China—			73	77
Hongkong	73.75	72.85	35¼	36⅝
Shanghai	103.00	103.50	53⅜	54
Peking	111.00	111.50	25½	25⅝
40.20 Holland	34.875	35.00	40	40½
19.30 Greece	12.90	12.95	78	80
19.30 Switzerland	17.66	17.73	78	79
43.66 India—			10⅝	11
Bombay	38.50	39.00	32½	33
Calcutta	38.50	39.00	32½	33
Straits Settlements	46.75	47.00	14⅝	15
49.83 Japan—			92	92½
Kobe	51.375	51.625	35	37
Yokohama	51.375	51.625	146½	147
19.30 Spain	16.04	16.08	51½	51½
50.00 Philippine Islands—			51½	52
Manila	49.50	49.00		
26.80 Scandinavia—			89	90
Copenhagen	18.60	18.70	196	200½
Stockholm	22.02	22.12	5¼	5½
Christiania	16.85	16.95	11	11½
South America—			9⅝	9⅞
Buenos Aires	$1.125	$1.25	8	10
Rio	23.00	23.125		
51.44 Russia (currency)—	Bid	Asked.	85	86½
100 rubles	1.90	1.95	12⅝	12¾
500 rubles	1.80	1.85	20	20½

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kroner. Checks.	Cables.
23.88 Germany	*2.61	2.62
23.83 Poland	.88	.90
20.26 Austria	.67	.68
20.26 Jugoslavia	1.70	1.72
20.26 Czechoslovakia	2.43	2.45
19.30 Belgrade	5.75	5.80
19.30 Finland	4.75	4.80
19.30 Rumania	3.00	3.05

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

	Bankers.	Commercial.
Sixty days	3.83⅝	3.81¾
Nominal	$3.83	$3.81¾

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $905,281,994; balance, $74,394,482; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $118,930; Federal Reserve credit balance, $55,430,559.

Domestic Exchanges.

Closing rates for New York funds in Montreal, $135.21 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $120 discount per $1,000.

Canadian Exchange.

Closing rates for New York funds in Montreal, $135.21 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $120 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 52½d; in New York, 90¼c domestic, 90¼c foreign; Mexican dollars, 68¾c.

REORGANIZATION DELAYED.

C. & E. I. Committee Tells Bondholders of Dispute with Government.

The Protective Committee for the 5 per cent. general consolidated and first mortgage bonds of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad issued a letter to the bondholders yesterday in regard to reorganization plans. Henry Evans heads the committee. The letter said that until a controversy with the Government over compensation during the period of Federal control had been settled the property could hardly be reorganized under either of two plans under discussion.

A Board of Referees appointed by the Interstate Commerce Commission reported that the compensation should be $4,450,000 a year, $1,170,000 more than the Government had offered as rental. The letter said the Railroad Administration had refused to accept this finding and until the matter was settled there would not be sufficient cash in the railroad treasury to go ahead with the reorganization.

"It is proper to state," the letter said, "that both the plans of reorganization considered by your committee contemplated the exclusion of the Chicago & Indiana Coal Railway Company, the operation of which, it is believed, has been a drain on the net income of your railroad, and that you should receive 5 per cent. bonds of the same principal amount as your bonds and either bonds or cash for your unpaid interest."

BROKERS AROUSED BY NEW TAX RULING

Apprehensive Lest Levy on Intra-Firm Short-Sale Borrowing is Retroactive.

ASK FOR INTERPRETATION

Confusion Results from Conflicting Decisions by Revenue Department.

Wall Street brokerage houses were aroused yesterday over a ruling by H. W. Williams, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, that intra-firm borrowing to effect a short sale was subject to tax. This applies to stock in possession of a brokerage firm which is lent to a customer. The chief concern was whether the ruling would be retroactive. Some were of the opinion that it would, in which case there might be a heavy charge against many firms on transactions in the last two years. No one was prepared to estimate what the amount of the back tax might be, though the opinion prevailed that it could not exceed $1,500,000.

All other provisions as to the stamp tax have been rigidly adhered to by brokerage firms. It was reported that no tax was placed on intra-firm borrowing because of a ruling by Commissioner Roper, when he was head of the Internal Revenue Department, that this was not necessary. The Association of Stock Exchange Firms, which includes only members of the New York Stock Exchange, yesterday gave out a letter sent by the revenue agent in New York to Commissioner Williams setting forth the reason for confusion over the intra-firm ruling. This letter reads as follows:

"Confusion has arisen from the notification given out recently by W. H. Edwards, Collector, New York City, with the reference to the borrowing of stock to effect a sale, he stating that the borrowing of stock to effect 'a short sale' is subject to tax.

"Uncertainty arises whether this is confined to a short sale and whether his notice is an authorized interpretation of Stamp Tax Reg. 40, Article 12, Clause L. Sales are frequently made by brokers for customers who ship the stock sold, but in many cases intervals of several days intervene between the date of sale and date of receipt of shipped stock, with the result that the broker in order to complete the same must borrow stock. The customer has really not sold short. On the other hand, as between the broker and customer, he is short until the stock actually reaches the broker's hands, and the question arises whether or not the borrowing of stock in such cases to effect a sale is subject to tax and likewise its return to the lender.

"The matter is of considerable and immediate importance to brokers, and I am going to put three examples, with the request that you wire me, at my expense, your reply, which I hope I may receive before the end of the week. The examples are as follows:

"1. A customer living in Denver, Col., wires his broker in New York to sell 100 shares U. S. Steel, advising broker that upon sale he will send forward the stock. The broker sells on Monday, borrows the stock to complete the sale and makes delivery on Tuesday. The following Saturday the stock arrives in New York. The broker returns the stock that same day to the lender. Are these two transactions of the borrowing and return of stock subject to tax?

"2. With facts identical as in question 1, except that the stock loaned to complete sale belonged to broker. Is the borrowing and return subject to tax?

"3. Order by customer from Denver to sell 100 shares of Steel. Broker makes sale and borrows stock to make delivery. Does not know whether Denver customer owns the stock or not; as a matter of fact, he has 100 shares of Steel, but does not ship it on. He stays short with the broker for a month, then buys it in, so returning the stock to the broker or lender. Is this borrowing and return subject to tax?"

The telegram from Commissioner Williams in reply reads:

"Proposition 1. The following are subject to stamp tax: Sale of stock by broker; transfer from the lender of stock to the person making the short sale; transfer of stock from the borrower to the lender of shares to replace those borrowed.

"Proposition 2. The following are subject to stamp tax: Transfer of stock from the broker personally, or as a broker for a third party, to himself as broker for the seller; sale of stock; transfer of stock from the customer to person lending the stock.

"Proposition 3—The following are subject to stamp tax: Sale of stock by person making the sale; transfer from the lender of stock to the person making the short sale; the purchase by the borrower of stock to return to the lender; transfer from the borrower to the lender of shares to replace those borrowed.

"In connection with intra-office borrowing, the following are subject to stamp tax: Transfer of stock from broker personally, or as broker for a third party, to himself as broker for the short seller; transfer of stock from broker as broker from the short seller to the purchaser; transfer of stock from the seller to the broker as broker for the purchaser to cover; transfer from the broker as broker for the purchaser to cover to himself, either personally or as broker for a third party."

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, July 16.—Bar silver, 52½d per ounce; bar gold, 106s 6d; money, 5 per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 6 per cent.; three months' bills, 6¼ per cent. Gold premium at Lisbon, 140.00.

PARIS, July 16.—Prices were active on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 58 francs 50 centimes; exchange on London, 46 francs 34 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 88 francs 50 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 11 francs 86½ centimes.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Gillette S. Razor.	$2.50	Q	Sept. 1	July 31
Kaufmann D. St.	$1	Q	Aug. 2	July 20

U. S. RUBBER ISSUES $20,000,000 LOAN

Ten-Year 7½ Per Cent. Notes Sold to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for Flotation.

SYNDICATE TO BE FORMED

Proceeds of Sale of Securities to be Used to Complete Plant Extensions.

The United States Rubber Company, it was announced yesterday, has sold to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. $20,000,000 ten-year 7½ per cent. notes, secured by $25,000,000 6 per cent. bonds issued under the rubber company's first and refunding mortgage of Jan. 2, 1917. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., it was announced, is organizing a banking syndicate for the flotation of these notes, a formal announcement regarding which probably will be made Monday or Tuesday. The offering price to the public is expected to be around par.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company, following a meeting yesterday afternoon, issued a statement which said, in part:

"Owing to the present time being unfavorable for the placing of long term bonds on advantageous terms, the Directors felt that it was in the interests of the company to borrow upon the bonds for a shorter period of time rather than to sell them under existing conditions, and, therefore, the $20,000,000 of ten-year notes, with the bonds as collateral, were issued. The bonds themselves run for thirty years from Jan. 2, 1917."

This is the first bond or note financing the company has undertaken since 1917, when, in January of that year, it sold $30,000,000 first and refunding "A" 5 per cent. bonds, due Jan. 1, 1947. Since then the company has confined its financing to stock emissions. In September last it offered to common stockholders $36,000,000 new common stock at par. This operation also was underwritten by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

In the official statement issued by the company yesterday it was said that the proceeds of the sale of the new notes, with the current surplus earnings, will give the company sufficient funds for the completion of the plant extensions now in progress at Detroit, Hartford, Providence and Indianapolis, for the increase in the company's tire production, which is said to be far below the demand.

It was also stated officially that the company does not contemplate any further financing, and it is not expected there will be another meeting of the Board of Directors before the middle of September.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

That Call Rate.

The call money market again fooled about everybody in the stock market. The rate, it was recalled, had opened and renewed at 8 per cent. on the first four days of the week, and had not varied therefrom until late on Thursday, when it rose to 11 per cent. Then at the opening and renewing time yesterday it went to 9 per cent., and when reports from the floor mentioned a more lively demand than on any previous day of the week most observers jumped to the conclusion that we were in for another flurry. But the flurry never eventuated. Instead the rate eased off to 8 per cent. in the afternoon, and there seemed to be an abundance of funds for all inquirers. The skeptics on the Exchange said this was because the relatively large demand at the opening of money had filled all the requirements—that there really wasn't a big demand but that it all came at once and made it appear big—and that the banks had been fooled into believing the demand would continue much longer than it did and that they would be able to mark up the rate late in the day. When the demand petered out the rate had to fall. There was nothing else for it to do.

***

Wheat Falls 10 Cents.

The new wheat futures market had rather a hectic time of it yesterday. Contracts were freely offered and the price of the December option lost about 10 cents net on the day. At one time it was down about 14 cents, to the basis of $2.56, and the market certainly did not have a robust appearance. One explanation for the decline was that the new market had been opened too high on Thursday and was seeking its proper level. First prices were in the neighborhood of $2.75, and more than a few practical wheat men were sure this was too high. Some of them had been talking of $2.50 as a fair price, and when the market opened on Thursday they came in for a lot of joshing from their more bullish associates. Yesterday, when the market was most pronouncedly weak, they had their turn to laugh.

***

Exchanges, New Way.

The quoting of Latin exchanges the new way of cents per unit occasioned some confusion to those who are not entirely familiar with the new system. For instance, it is quite a job for the average person to say whether francs at 8.375 cents each are higher or lower than they were on Wednesday, when the quotation was 11.96 francs to the dollar, and Italian lire at 5.93 cents each, look very different from the old quote of 16.86 to the dollar, even if the two do figure out at precisely the same thing. The greatest confusion comes when comparisons between current rates and rates at some specific past date are attempted. In time, of course, this will be corrected, but just now one has to do a lot of figuring to find out what's what.

***

The Times Averages.

Because of the fact that American Tobacco common will sell exdividend 75 per cent. in Class B stock on Aug. 1 it has become necessary to make certain alterations in THE TIMES list of stock market averages, and the changes are being made now, in anticipation of the changed status of American Tobacco. This stock, which on Thursday closed at 223½, and Texas Company, which closed at 46 the same day, have been withdrawn from the list of industrials, and in their places have been substituted Atlantic Gulf and West Indies, which closed Thursday at 156, and Royal Dutch (New York) at 113⅝. The aggregate of the two stocks withdrawn was 269½, while that of the two substituted was 269¾. The change became effective yesterday and is reflected in the average figures published today.

***

Silver Fluctuations.

The break of 2 cents in "foreign" silver, which is really the open market quotation, was one more disappointment to those who have been expecting a rise in the white metal on the theory that American official buying of American silver would take sufficient supplies out of the open market to allow of a substantial recovery. Yesterday's price was only ¼ of 1 cent an ounce above the price quoted on June 17, the day the working agreement between American producers and the Director of the Mint became operative. On Tuesday the price got up to 93⅛, the highest it has yet reached under the new conditions, but even that "new top" failed to mean anything. It was a new top, and nothing more, for the price promptly started to slip again, and has been going down ever since.

***

Stocks Have Off Day.

Prices on the Stock Exchange continued to move to lower levels during yesterday's trading. Also it was another session in which there was only a moderate degree of activity, the turnover running in the neighborhood of half a million shares. Since the number of active issues has been increased greatly, because of additional listings, the volume of business in any one group of stocks is relatively much smaller than the total turnover of the day would indicate to those who failed to keep track of the changing conditions. There is little disposition now to talk of a bull market. Those who were predicting a riproarer of the old type are a bit chagrined that their forecasts have gone astray. The inference to be drawn from the money market of the last few days has done much to upset their confidence. Not a few issues have gone back to somewhere near the level from which they started when the recent advance began. The rails continue to hold up well, but these issues too are beginning to reflect the heaviness in the industrial group which for several years has the place of prominence in speculation.

***

No Rallying Power.

The market yesterday showed little in the way of rallying power. Short selling was in evidence to a marked degree, and when raids were started they succeeded in loosening some long stock which was weakly held. The professionals who took the bear side several days ago have succeeded in rolling up some large paper profits, at least, and probably some that are of more tangible character.

***

The Chemical Merger.

There were reports yesterday that plans for a merger of several big chemical companies were nearing completion. The companies which have been mentioned in this connection are General Chemical, Barrett Company and National Aniline and Chemical. Semet Solvay, another large chemical company, has been associated with the consolidation plans in recent gossip in the financial district. Thus far there is nothing official on which to base a prediction of merger. However, none of the companies have taken the trouble to deny that a big merger is in contemplation. It is said that there has been some readjustment of the price at which the various companies will take part in the consolidation if it is completed. This was one of the stumbling blocks in the negotiations rumored about two weeks ago.

***

The Tobacco Stocks.

The tobacco shares have thus far failed to show any reflection of the possibility that American tobacco interests will acquire the French tobacco monopoly. Apparently there is a bit of skepticism as to whether France will consent to the sale. Also the endeavor to obtain the privilege has been in progress for something close to a year, and the lack of success thus far tends to create a doubt as to the ability of the American interest to close the transaction. Something definite on this point should be known before long, however, since the final play for the monopoly appears to be in progress now. Should it go through to the credit of the Whelan group of American tobacco men, it is considered probable that the stockholders in certain of the other Whelan companies would have valuable rights.

***

Steel Stocks Heavy.

The steel stocks were heavy yesterday. United States Steel going into new low ground, near 90, on the present movement. With the stock market declining, the effect of the Lackawanna statement for the second quarter of the year, showing earnings far in excess of what was generally expected, was lost. The statement of the Republic Iron and Steel Company for the second quarter is expected to appear next week, and probably will show good earnings, despite the car shortage.

For July Funds

Our July offering list contains a brief description of Industrial, Railroad and Public Utility Securities which we recommend for investment at this time.

Descriptive circular will be forwarded on request

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Nassau and Cedar Streets
New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston

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(Dominion of Canada)

6% Gold Bonds

Payable in New York

Due June 30, 1925

At 93 and interest to yield

7.75%

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Ground Floor, Singer Building
89 Liberty Street New York
Telephone Cortlandt 3183

American Water Works & Elect. 5s, 1934
Armour & Co. (when issued) 7s, 1930
Consolidated Ry. & Power 5s, 1921
Island Oil & Transport 7s, 1920
Island Refining 7s, 1929
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
Woodward Iron Co. 5s, 1952

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
42 Broad Street New York
CHICAGO DETROIT PHILADELPHIA PITTSBURGH

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New York Agency, 16 Exchange Pl.
Head Office—Toronto

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.		1920.	1919	1918
Day's sales	561,553	1,408,450	494,218	Year to date	129,893,959½	161,922,537	78,828,324

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
33¼	33	100	Advance Rumely	33	33	33	33	— ½
63	65	100	Advance Rumely pf	64	64	64	64	...
59½	61	100	Ajax Rubber	60¼	60¾	60¼	60¾	— ¼
1⅞	2	100	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	+ ⅛
36	36¾	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	35¾	36¾	35¾	36	...
84½	85¾	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	84¾	84¾	84½	84½	—1
89½	90	300	Am. Beet Sugar	89	89	88	88	—1
96½	97½	700	Am. Bosch Magneto	96½	97¼	96½	96½	— ½
52	54½	100	Am. Brake S. & F	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	...
85	88	200	Am. B. S. & F. pf	86	86½	86	88½	...
39	39½	2,000	Am. Can	39⅜	40	39¼	39½	— ⅝
134	135	2,500	Am. Car & Fdry	134	134¾	133¾	133¾	— 1¼
42¾	43	200	Am. Cotton Oil	42½	42¾	42½	42½	—1½
...	...	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	79	79	79	79	— ⅝
11	11⅛	200	Am. Druggists Syn	11¼	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
132½	140	400	Am. Express	136	135	134	135	+ ⅛
87	88	400	Am. H. & L. pf	87½	87½	87	87	+ ⅛
40⅜	44	100	Am. Ice	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	—1½
83¾	84	1,500	Am. International	84	84	82¾	83½	— ¾
77	78	200	Am. Linseed	78	78	77	77	—2
97	97½	7,300	Am. Locomotive	96½	97½	95½	97	— ½
15½	15¾	2,600	Am. Safety Razor	15½	15½	15	15¾	...
23½	24	1,300	Am. Ship & Com	24	24	23¼	23¾	+ ¼
39¾	40¼	1,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	40	40½	39½	40	+ ⅛
90	91	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	90½	90½	90¼	90¼	— ½
101	110	100	Am. Snuff	102	102	102	102	—4
37½	38	600	Am. Steel Fdries	38	38	37¾	37¾	— ¾
124	128	100	Am. Sugar Refin	123¼	124¼	124¼	124¼	—1¼
88	90	900	Am. Sumatra Tob	87¼	88½	87¼	88	—1½
93½	93¾	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	93¼	93¾	93¼	93¾	— ⅞
...	205	200	Am. Tob. class B	209	209	208	208	—2
85¾	86¼	4,400	Am. Woolen	85½	86¼	84½	85	—1½
14	14½	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14	14	14	14	—1½
53	55½	1,000	Anaconda Cop. x d	55½	55½	54¼	55	—1½
80½	81	2,100	Atch., Top. & S. F	80½	80½	79¾	80¼	...
133	136	1,300	At. Gulf & West I	133	135	131	135	—3
117¾	117¾	36,200	Baldwin Loco	116¾	117¾	114¾	117¼	+ ¼
31½	32	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	31½	32	31¼	31½	— ¼
42¼	43	400	Balt. & O. pf. ex d	43	43	43	43	— ⅝
40	43¼	200	Barnsdall, Class A	41	41	41	41	+1
140	140½	2,600	Barrett Co	142	142	139¼	140½	—1¼
21	21⅞	1,100	Bethlehem Motors	20¾	21¾	20¾	21¾	+ ⅞
85½	86⅞	600	Bethlehem Steel	85¾	87	85¾	87	+1½
85	85¾	6,000	Beth. Steel, Class B	87½	88¾	87¼	88¾	+1½
105	107	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	— ½
10¼	10⅝	1,400	Brook. Rapid Tran	10¾	11	10¾	10¾	— ⅛
7	7¼	500	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	—1½
6	6⅜	200	Bruns.Ter. & Ry. S	6¾	6¾	6	6	—1½
8½	9	400	Butte Copper & Z	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
22½	23	400	Butte & Superior	22¾	23	22½	22½	...
13	13½	100	Butterick Co	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	— ⅜
17¼	17¾	100	Caddo Cent. O. & R	17	17	17	17	— ¼
69	70¼	100	Cal. Packing	69½	69½	69½	69½	— ½
31	32	200	Cal. Petroleum	30½	31	30½	31	+1½
68	69½	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	68½	68¾	68½	68½	— ½
115½	119¾	600	Canadian Pacific	119½	120	119¼	119¼	—2¾
13	14	100	Case (J. I.) Plow	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾

BOMB PLOT SUSPECT ORDERED DEPORTED

Authorities Agree to Drop Trial of Roberto Elia for Criminal Anarchy.

HELD HERE IN NOTT CASE

District Attorney Lewis Denies Friction with Government Prosecutor.

District Attorney Harry E. Lewis, of Kings County, said last night that by agreement between him and Attorney General Newton, Roberto Elia, avowed anarchist, and suspected of having been one of the conspirators who sprinkled bombs throughout the country in the Spring of 1919, would not be brought to trial on charges of criminal anarchy. There is no evidence, Mr. Lewis admitted, upon which it might reasonably be expected a conviction could be secured. Therefore, both he and Mr. Newton were in accord with the view that Elia should be deported as an undesirable alien.

Mr. Lewis said that by direction of the Attorney General he had held Elia upon the charge of criminal anarchy. He explained that he had nothing to do with the case except to investigate it in order to decide whether or not there was sufficient grounds upon which to prosecute in Kings County. When he was unable to find sufficient evidence he so reported to Attorney General Newton. Orders for deportation followed. Mr. Lewis said he had nothing to do with those orders either, but that he and Mr. Newton were in perfect harmony so far as the case was concerned.

He denied a story that there was difficulty between him and Federal authorities. He said work had been done together, so far as he knew, and that the order for deportation was strictly the work of the Federal authorities. That did not come under his jurisdiction.

Two deaths resulted from the bomb plot in connection with which Elia was arrested. The plans apparently were to kill scores of prominent persons on June 2, 1919. General Sessions Judge Charles C. Nott was one of those marked for death. He and members of his household escaped, but a night watchman who discovered the bomb was slain. Attorney General T. Mitchell Palmer was another of those sentenced to death by the self-appointed executioners. The bomb intended for him exploded prematurely, blowing to pieces the messenger who was carrying it to its intended victim.

Elia and a fellow anarchist, Andrea Salsedo, were arrested by Attorney General Newton's detectives last spring. It will be recalled that Salsedo leaped to death from the Department of Justice offices in the fourteenth floor of the Park Row Building last May 4. Department of Justice agents said the leap to death was caused by fear that persons of whom he had "informed" would seek a terrible revenge. No further arrests in connection with the plots, however, have been made, so far as has been made public.

The gang who sent the bombs of June 2, 1919, is suspected to be the same that sent the bombs of May 1, of that year. Most of that May 1 bombs were discovered while still in the mails. One, however, blew off the hand of a maid in the home of Senator Thomas W. Harwick, in Georgia.

THE CHANGE IN GUATEMALA.

It Is of Vital Importance to the United States, Says South American.

The recent movement in Guatemala, which has taken the form of peaceful evolution instead of the usual Central American appeal to arms, has caused the downfall of a régime that during a career of twenty-three years has become stagnant, unprogressive, the very negation of all official activity and a hindrance to the investment of foreign capital and the development of Guatemala's extensive natural resources.

The press, says the South American, goaded on by the spectacle of the ruined city, caused by the recent earthquake and which the Government was impotent to rebuild, became more and more unified in a campaign of criticism that deeply undermined the system. Hand in hand, it worked with the Unionist Party, so-called not so much because it was the banner of the Central American Union as because it signified the union of all Guatemalans for the purpose of changing the system of Government by purely pacific and legal methods.

"The Unionist Party grew as if by magic and in a short while its adherents numbered thousands. Now made a definite issue and legalized by the Assembly, the popular movement was sweeping and irresistible. Trying to check it by force, by throwing people into prison, by having secret police make unwarranted attacks on groups of peaceable citizens was all in vain. The people, under the direction of the Unionists, adopted the rule of not carrying any weapons whatever. Their demonstrations were pacific, impressive and admirable. They only asked for free elections and free exercise of the civic rights, but these were refused.

"The National Legislative Assembly, acting upon the will of the populace and within the rights of the Constitution, removed the President from office and appointed a Provisional Government. Upon this, President Cabrera rebelled with his native troops and began to shell the city. A defense was organized, a net was drawn about the rebel, his few troops began to abandon him, he surrendered, resigned the Presidency, and is now being tried by due process of law for having shelled the city, endangering lives of defenseless women and children and for acts of rebellion.

"The new Government is a guarantee for the investment of American capital. All its members, from President Herrera down, are men from civil life and prominent in Guatemalan affairs. President Herrera is a great admirer of the United States, and has educated all his children in American schools, where they have been very popular.

"The change that has taken place in Guatemala is of great and vital importance to the United States," says the writer, "since there has been established in the richest and most important country in Central America, next door neighbor to Mexico, an orderly and liberal Government, one that is a sincere friend to the United States, and well fitted to lead the country into new paths which will enable it to fully develop its resources."

BURGLARY INSURANCE RATES

Advances, Caused by Increased Number of Thefts, Announced.

The Burglary Insurance Underwriters' Association announced yesterday their new schedule of rates, which have been raised because of the increasing number of thefts. The new rates are effective Monday. Flat and apartment house dwellers will be taxed $25 or $1.44 for each $1,000. Those living in private houses will pay twenty cents more than the prevailing rate for each $1,000.

These increases, which affect new applications for the present, follow advances made by the underwriters in December. Present policy holders will not be affected until renewals are made in September.

COMMAND OF FACTS.

One hour's perusal of the brief articles, condensed tables and graphic charts in The Annalist will give a business man command of the facts and a comprehensive survey of the development and trend of business the country over. Published Mondays by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy; $5.00 a year by mail.—advt.

RED AMSTERDAM OFFICE ATTACKED BY MOSCOW

Was Dissolved Because of Absolute Unfitness, Says Official Explanation.

What may be regarded as the official explanation by the Executive Committee of the Third (Moscow) International of the suspension several weeks ago of the functions of the Amsterdam bureau of that body is contained in a message sent out by the Secretariat of the Communist International on June 8 and found in copies of Dutch newspapers just received here. During the past few weeks detailed reports of the activities of the Amsterdam Communist bureau have been printed in the European and American press, and the charge made that it was the instrument through which the Bolshevist-controlled Third International had hoped to provoke a violent uprising in France on May Day. The original report of the suspension of the Amsterdam office is now supplemented by the official statement from Moscow, which reads as follows:

"The assertions in the Dutch Socialist newspaper, Het Volk, that the dissolution of the Amsterdam Bureau of the Communist International was the result of financial irregularities are absolutely devoid of truth. We do not need to explain that neither Comrade Roland-Holst, nor Comrades Wynkoop and Rutgers, are capable of allowing anything of that sort to be charged against them. The bureau was dissolved because it had followed a sectarian policy which was in opposition to that of the Executive Committee.

"The declaration of the Amsterdam bureau of May, 1920, from which it is apparent that it still tolerates Wolffheim and Laufenberg [German Communists accused of engineering a deal between the Extreme Left and the German Junker reactionaries for the purpose of starting a revolt against the present Government] in its ranks, although these persons, following the organizing convention of the Communist Labor Party, sent out in the name of their organization outspoken counter-revolutionary nationalistic appeals, clearly proves that the bureau is absolutely unfit to do the work entrusted to it. The fact that the bureau sent out circulars as late as in May can only be explained on the theory that at that time it had not yet been informed of its dissolution. If it should appeal to the authority of a special mandate given to it by a conference, the delegates to which were only able to attend through mere chance, it must be remembered that the Amsterdam bureau alone was responsible for the calling of the abortive conference, and that consequently from the moment of the withdrawal of the Moscow mandate it no longer has the right to act in the name of the Communist International."

The Secretariat of the Third International also reiterated a previous statement to the effect that the only thing the Communist Labor Party of Germany could do in order to enter the International would be to throw out the counter-revolutionaries and agree to submit to all the decisions of the coming congress of the Third International in Moscow.

AND THE EDITOR ATE.

He Also Stirred Up Debtors to a Sense of Delinquency.

The editor and publisher of a weekly newspaper in a small New England community did not always find it easy to meet expenses. It happened frequently that after he had paid off his three pressmen and his printer's devil that he was left with but a few dollars. He, however, was an optimist, and on such unpropitious occasions he would tell himself that things would be better. His difficulties were in a large measure due to the fact that advertisers were backward in paying their bills. On assuming ownership of the paper he made up his mind that if the time ever came when he was unable to pay his help promptly he would hang out a red auction flag and let his paper be knocked down to the highest bidder. Though he had had several close shaves he had always been able to weather the storm.

One afternoon after the paper had gone to press and he had settled with his employes he took stock of his wealth and he was appalled to find that he had but 30 cents. He smiled grimly. After all, he told himself, he was 30 cents ahead of the game. He was hungry and he hastened home to supper. His wife, as was her custom, met him at the garden gate.

"I'm as hungry as a bear," he cried with boyish enthusiasm; "is supper ready yet?"

"I'm really sorry, John," she replied hesitatingly, "but there isn't a thing in the house to eat. I have been waiting for your return so that you could give me some money for the marketing."

For a moment he was at a loss what to do or say. If he told her he was down to his last 30 cents he knew she would be distressed.

"The fact is," he stammered, "I'm a bit short this week. Had to have some repairs made to the press, and they were quite expensive."

He observed with regret that she was beginning to look anxious, and that tears started to come into her eyes. As he reflected what to do under the circumstances a happy thought came to him and he burst into laughter.

"What's funny at all?" he exclaimed.

"I'm wealthy and don't know it. The butcher, the grocer, the milkman and pretty much every storekeeper in this old town owes me for advertising—for advertising that should have been paid for a long time ago. If their credit is good with me mine should be good with them. Do we eat supper tonight? Well, I'll say we do."

He got the butcher on the telephone and ordered two pounds of his best porterhouse steak, telling him to deduct it from the bill for advertising which that worthy owed him. He then called up the grocer, the milkman and two other storekeepers, ordering in the same manner. A few minutes later errand boys appeared at his home with well filled baskets.

While his wife was preparing supper he sat down to rest in a rocker on the porch. The world had never looked so bright to him before. As he was chuckling over his resourcefulness the new pastor of his church, a lean and hungry looking man, happened along. The latter, a bachelor, made his home with two maiden ladies who were reputed to serve beans and flapjacks with tiresome frequency to their boarders. He invited the pastor to supper and the latter accepted with an expansive smile. The supper, which was blessed by the parson, proved unusually appetizing.

When he arrived at his desk on the following morning he was gratified to find a score of letters containing checks from the backward storekeepers. From that day the editor and his paper began to prosper.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.	
Alpha	.60
Alta	.35
Andes	.75
Crest & Belcher	.12
Caledonia	.86
Challenge	1.20
Con. Silver	.29
Vonsordia	.16
Confidence	1.80
Con. Virginia	1.70
Gould & Curry	.05
Hale & Norcross	.14
Imperial	1.00
Jacket	.40
Mexican	.11
New York	.09
Ophir	.37
Savage	.10
Scorpion	.06
Sierra Nevada	.12
Union	.12
TONOPAH.	
Belmont	1.50
Cash Boy	.06
Halifax	.10
Jim Butler	.12
MacNamara	.25
MacN. Crescent	.11
Midway	.03
Mizpah	.11
Monarch	.06
Montana	.11
North Star	.05
Oriental	.04
Rescue	.13
Tonopah Ex	1.50
West End	1.25
West Tonopah	.04
DIVIDE.	
Alto	.02

COLORADO SPRINGS.	Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	14¢	15¢
Elkton	2	2¼
El Paso	10	12¢
G. Cycle	70	75
Granite	11	12
Doctor	9¢	9¾
Belcher		.02
Belcher Ex		.03
Brougher		.07
Dividend		.03
Div. Tonopah		1.15
Extension		.14
Florence		.12
Gold Reef		.02
Hartnill		.42
Kernick		.60
Knox		.06
Myrtle		.04
Revert		.04
Victory		.03
West		.02
Wilson		.02
Zone		.12
GOLDFIELD.		
Booth		.03
Consolidated		.05
Crackerjack		.07
Development		.06
Fraction		.02
Florence		.15
Jumbo Ext		.04
Lone Star		.10
Silver Pick		.03
Spearhead		.03
OTHER DISTRICTS.		
Arrowhead		.08
Big Four		.02
Bullwhacker		.01
Climax		.19
Croesus		.02
Holly		.02
Packard		.04
Round Mountain		.09
Sandstorm		.03
Simon		1.25¼
Sterling		.08
White Caps		.10

CONFEREES PERFECT COAL RELIEF PLANS

"Roads to Break Necks Moving Fuel if Operators Will Break Necks Mining It."

DETAILS ARE WITHHELD

Committee Reports Big Improvement in Public Utility Situation in New York.

The sub-committee of the general group of coal operators and railroad executives, the former headed by Colonel D. B. Wentz of Philadelphia, President of the National Coal Association, and the latter by Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, yesterday presented to the full committee final details of the plan by which they expect to relieve the bituminous coal shortage. It will not be made public until approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

An official interested in the fuel situation thus summed up the plan unofficially: "The railroads propose to break their necks shipping coal if the operators will break their necks mining it."

Canada and the Northwest are to be supplied first. Then the tide of coal will be turned into New England. By that time it is expected the plan will be so frictionless that conditions here will approximate normal. Up to July 15 the shortage in the movement up the Great Lakes for the supply of the Northwestern States and Canada exceeded 5,000,000 tons. So serious is the Canadian situation that Chief Commissioner Frank B. Carvell and Commissioner McLean of the Canadian Railway Board are on their way from Ottawa to Washington to confer with the Interstate Commerce Commission.

A committee consisting of Daniel Willard for the Railway Executives, Colonel Wentz, C. P. White of Cleveland and J. D. A. Morrow, Vice President of the National Coal Association, for the operators, and H. N. Griggs, agent of the Interstate Commerce Commission, will go to Washington and submit the plan to Chairman Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission on Monday.

Operators' representatives will confer with J. J. Starrow of Boston, representing the consuming industries, regarding the plan for an immediate supply of coal to New England. The situation is such that the committee believes a minimum increase in shipments of 25 per cent., or 5,000,000 tons monthly, will be necessary.

The special committee of railroad executives, consisting of A. H. Smith, President of the New York Central lines; Samuel Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad and W. G. Besler of the Jersey Central Railroad, who have been engaged in special efforts to expedite the movement of coal on all lines, particularly of the public utilities of New York, yesterday announced a remarkable improvement in the situation.

TROOPS TO END COAL WAR.

West Virginia Governor Warns Local Officials of Action.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., July 16.—Mingo County officers today were notified by Governor John J. Cornwell that lawlessness in the Mingo County coal field must cease, and that with this end in view a detachment of fifty mounted men of the State police had been ordered into the district, where a strike of miners has been in progress for several weeks.

This information was contained in letters received by Judge James Dameron of the Circuit Court and Sheriff Blankenship, both of whom have been in close touch with the situation since ten men were killed in a fight at Matewan on May 19.

A number of miners have been attacked by skirmishing parties hidden in the woods along Tug River. The latest fatality in the region occurred near Panther on Wednesday, when B. H. Hatfield, a McDowell County Deputy Sheriff, was shot from ambush.

8,500 QUIT SCRANTON MINES

Coal Strikers Refuse to Lay Case Before Commission There.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 16.—Ten collieries of the Pennsylvania Coal Company in this district, having a yearly output of 2,200,000 tons of coal and employing 8,500 men and boys, were idle today as the result of a strike voted by the miners because the company refused to abolish the contract system, by which contractors or "pushers" receive charge of several chambers.

The miners allege that these contractors "get all the richest places to work" and that the ordinary miners get what is left, many of them being unable to make decent wages, they declare.

Although one of the miners' demands already under consideration by the Anthracite Mine Commission is the abolition of the contract system, the strikers refuse to lay their case before that body now in session here.

Cross-examination of the mine operators was begun at today's session of the commission. It is expected the public hearings here will conclude next week and the commission will then adjourn to Washington, where executive sessions will be held and an award framed.

Chairman W. O. Thompson said today he is hopeful that the award will be handed down within the sixty-day limit, as requested by President Wilson.

Most of the session was given over to cross-examination of the operators' committee relative to the negotiations in New York City with the Scale Committee of the mine workers. Expert accountants are to produce tables of wages paid to the miners and laborers for the commission's use.

WARNING TO RAILROADS.

Commerce Commission Issues Order Prohibiting Coal Confiscation.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Railroads were warned today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to refrain from confiscating coal consigned to Government departments, common carriers and other public utilities.

No indication of what action would be taken to put an end to the practice was given by the commission.

VOTE THIRD STOCK DIVIDEND

Crucible Steel to Increase Its Outstanding Common to $50,000,000.

Directors of the Crucible Steel Company of America yesterday declared a stock dividend amounting to $6,250,000 par value, which will be distributed to the owners of the $43,275,000 junior stock outstanding on Aug. 15. The payment will be made Aug. 31. This will be the third stock distribution to be voted this year, the others amounting to 50 per cent. and 16 2-3 per cent., respectively. When the new shares are added to the old the company will have outstanding approximately $50,000,000 common stock and $25,000,000 preferred.

The rapid expansion of Crucible company capitalization has occurred since R. S. Wilkinson became the head of the corporation and new interests came into control. Prior to the declaration in June of the 16 2-3 per cent. stock dividend the shares were on a 12 per cent. annual dividend basis. Since then the dividend in cash has been reduced to 8 per cent., which gives original holders of the $25,000,000 stock an income equivalent to 12 per cent. on the smaller number of shares. As far as is known the present dividend will be maintained after the latest expansion occurs.

DEACON'S WIFE WINS SUIT.

Gets $50 Alimony—Husband Kissed Another Woman—Married 33 Years

Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey in Brooklyn yesterday granted a decree of separation and $50 a month alimony to Mrs. Anna B. Newbury of 1,029 Bergen Street as a result of her suit against Charles E. Newbury, for fifteen years a deacon of the Bedford Heights Baptist Church. The Justice held that Newbury had been cruel to his wife by reason of the attentions he paid to Mrs. Isabel Griswold, a widow, of 1,023 Carroll Street, who was also a member of the Bedford Heights Church. Newbury and Mrs. Griswold admitted in court that they kissed each other, but asserted that they meant nothing by it. Justice Cropsey said the evidence was insufficient to warrant him in finding that they had been guilty of more serious indiscretion.

Newbury is 65 years of age and his wife, 64. They have been married thirty-three years.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	99½	99¾
Argentine 5s	70	71½
Belgium 7½s	103½	106¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	98¼	98½
Belgium 4s, 1925	95	95½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97½	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	94⅞	95⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	89¾	89¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	90¾	90¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	86½	86¾
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	84¾	....
Chinese Government 5s	43¼	43¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	90½	90¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	81½	82½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	72½	73
Dominican Republic 5s	87¾	....
City of Bordeaux 6s	84½	85¼
City of Copenhagen 5½s	74½	75
City of Lyons 6s	84½	85¼
City of Marseilles 6s	84½	85¼
City of Paris 6s	93¾	94
Japanese 4½s	74½	75
Japanese 4½s, second series	73¼	73¾
Japanese 4s	53½	55½
City of Tokio 5s	53½	55½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	96¼	96¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	92¾	92¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	88	88¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	85	85½
United States of Mexico 5s	37	37½
United States of Mexico 4s	20¼	20¾
Italy 6½s	91¾	93
Switzerland 8s	102¾	103

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930-1060	101½	
2s, c, 1930-1060	101¼	
4s, r, 1925-105	106¼	
4s, c, 1925-105	106½	
Pan 2s, r, 1936 ....100¾	101¼	
Pan 2s, c, 1938 ....100¾	101¼	
Pan 2s, r, 1938 ....100¼	101½	
Pan 2s, c, 1961	77	81
P 1 4s, '24-'36	78	85
P 1 4s, '25-'38	78	85
P 1 4s, '36-'38	78	85
Dist of C 3-65s	93	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex. 31	33	
Alask G M	1⅜	1¼
Alb & Sus. 120	140	
A A Cables 100	108	
Allis-Ch. M pf. 75	80	
Am Sug 1st pf. 102½	103	
Am Agr. Ch pf. 85½	85⅝	
Am Bk N. 43	44	
Do pf. 41	48	
Am B Sug pf. 80	85	
Am C pf. 91	96	
Am Car & Fy pf. 103½	107¼	
Am H & L 15¾	16	
Am Ice pf. 56	61	
Am La F Fire Ext. 11¾	11⅝	
Am Lin pf. 90	93	
Am Ice pf. 99½	102	
Am M & G. 32	37½	
Am Shipb.	125	
Am Sm pf.	94	
A. S. & R.	74	76
Am Sn pf. 77	97	
Am Steel Fdrs. pf. 86	90	
Am Sug R pf. 108	109	
Am S Teb pf. 91	94	
Am T & C. 87	90	
Am Teb. 210	220	
Do pf. 87	89	
Am Wh pf. 90	92	
Am Woolen pf. 92	95	
Am Wr. Pa pf. 45½	48½	
Am Zinc pf 45	49	
Ann Arbor. 14½	16½	
Do pf. 29	40	
Assets Real 2¾	4	
Asso D G. 65	34⅜	
Do 1st pf 58	67	
Do 2d pf. 57	67¾	
Assoc Oil 85	95	
B. R. T.	73	
pf. 1,145	1,200	
Do pf. A. 103	105	
Atl R pf. A. 7	8	
A G & W I pf. 63	66	
Auto Sales	16	
Do pf.	39	
Atl C L.	84	85
Aus Nich.	22¼	22¾
Bald L. pf.	96½	97½
B'dall B.	38	39
Bar Leath.	35	40
Do pf.	85	95
Bar. Co pf.	100	110
Batop Min.	1¼	....
B Coal	23	35
Beth Steel 7% pf.	90	100
Booth Fish	8	8½
Bklyn Ed.	94	96
B U Gas.	49	50
B. R & P.	35	....
Do pf.	75	....
Buff & S.	....	65
Do pf.	....	95
Burns Bros.	107	111
Do pf.	100	115
Bush Ter.	....	85
Cal & Ar.	56½	60
Can So.	40	50
Case (J I) pf.	93	94
Cent Leather	97⅛	100
C R R of N J.	195	220
Cl'ain-teed 49% pf	54⅞	....
Cob & Alt.	7¾	9
Do pf.	10	15
C & E Ill.	6	7½
C. F. & P. pf.	63½	63¾
Chi. St. P. M & Om.	59	63
Do pf.	80	90
C. C. C. & St. L pf.	60¾	66
Cl & Pitts.	57	62
Clu-P pf.	94	100¾
Col Fu & I.	31	32
Col South.	23	24
Do 1st pf.	46	49
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Col. Graph pf.	92	94½
Colo Gas	32	34⅜
Cons Cigar.	64½	65½
Cont Can.	83½	88
Cont Ins.	69	74
Corn P. R pf.	101	104
Crex Carp.	54	58
Cruc S. pf.	90	96
Cuba C Sug pf.	77¾	78¾
C-Am S pf.	100	....
Du B M.	31½	34⅜
D & Cle pf.	96	98
Norf So.	19	24
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	54	70
Do 2d pf.	40	54
N Y D pf.	48	51
N. Y. O. & W.	....	....
Nor Am.	14	18½
Nor. P. L. & W. pf.	74	76
Pac Coast.	25	40
Do 1st pf.	60	100
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac G & E	48	48¾
Pac Mail.	30	32
Penney (J. C.) pf.	91	94
Peo. Gas.	97	100
pf. x div.	50	60
Pett-Mull.	30	39
Do 1st pf.	85	....
Phelps D pf.	91	93
P Jones.	50	57
Do pf.	84	88
Pitts C pf.	84	87
P, Ft W & C pf.	115	120
Pitts S pf.	85	91
P & W va pf.	74	76
Pr Stl Car pf.	97	100
P S, N J.	63	....
R R Sec, I pf.	52	....
Ry St S pf.	98½	105
Rdg 1st pf.	42	45
Do 2d pf.	42½	45½
Rem. Type pf.	42	45
Do 2d pf.	88	99
Rens & S. pf.	95	105
Rep I & S pf.	95	97
R. Reis.	16	17
Do 1st pf.	80	82
St J Lead.	15½	16
St L S F pf.	87	89
Seab A L.	7	7½
Do pf.	12½	12¾
Sears-R.	140	142
Do pf.	105	112
Shat-Ariz.	9	10
Sl-S. & S. I pf.	87	89
So P R. S. pf.	270	280
Do pf.	103	108
St & T pf.	89	90¼
Stand Mill.	120	150
Do pf.	78	85
Stabler Co pf.	92½	95
Stern B pf.	86	90½
Do 1st pf.	90	95½
Temtor. A.	41	46
T P L Tr.	280	320
Tide W. pf.	165	215
Tob P pf.	88	90
Tol, St L & W. pf.	8	15
Do pf.	15	20
Do pf cfs.	17	20
T C R T.	34	38
Do pf.	65	75
Und Type.	165	170
Do pf.	105	117
Un Fac pf.	64½	65
Un Cig Sts.	170	175
Do pf.	96	107
Und Drug.	110	150
Do 1st pf.	43	46
Und Dyew.	56	60
U S Cl F pf.	45	48
U S Ind A pf.	93½	98
U S Sm pf.	43	44¼
Utah Sec.	8	9¾
Va-C C pf.	104½	107½
Va R & P.	16	45
W St S pf.	98½	103
W. F Exp.	51¼	57
West Md.	9½	9¾
Do 2d pf.	14	16
W Va Pa pf.	62½	66½
W E & M pf.	61	....
W & L Epf.	16	17½
W-Overpf.	81	83
Wis Cent.	26	28
Wor Pump pf.	85	....
Do pf.	85	90
N O T & M	34½	35

THIRD AV. RAILWAY ASKS BUS FRANCHISE

Would Extend Its Service from Dyckman Street Ferry to 207th Street.

$2,000,000 WALK FOR CONEY

Estimate Board Approves Plan for Beach Promenade from Ocean Parkway to Seagate.

The first move by a big traction company to extend its service in New York City by the use of motor buses, which Mayor Hylan advocates as the solution of the surface passenger traffic problem, was made yesterday, when the Third Avenue Railway Company sought permission from the Board of Estimate to run a bus line on Dyckman Street, Nagle Avenue and Tenth Avenues at a five-cent fare with a three-cent transfer charge to the Third Avenue Line.

The application for this franchise was made by Edward Maher, Jr., counsel for the Third Avenue Railway Company, in behalf of its subsidiary, the Dyckman Street Transportation Company. The franchise sought would confer on the company a right to run bus lines for twenty-five years, with the privilege of renewal, on Dyckman Street from the ferry to Nagle Avenue, north on Nagle to Tenth Avenue and north on Tenth Avenue to 207th Street.

Mayor Hylan apparently was surprised by the application from a street railway company whose interests were supposedly antagonistic to the Mayor's bus program. He sought the advice of Commissioner of Plant and Structures Whalen, who was not in his office, and the application was finally referred to the Committee on Franchises.

The Board of Estimate approved yesterday the plan of Borough President Reigelmann of Brooklyn for building a concrete "boardwalk" eighty feet wide, nine feet above the beach and 9,000 feet long from Ocean Parkway to Seagate.

This big "boardwalk" had been opposed on the ground that its cost would run from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, but Mr. Reigelmann insisted that the construction cost would not be more than $2,000,000. The cost of the condemnation of property required is uncertain, but it was stated that six per cent. of the property was involved in a pledge by property owners to cede their rights to the city in order to reduce opposition to the project.

The "boardwalk" project involves the maintenance of a public beach running parallel to it for most of its length. At points the beach is to be built up artificially under the walk. Bathers will have free access to the beach under the boardwalk, according to the plan.

The board granted the request of the Commissioner of Plant and Structures for the issue of $300,000 corporate stock for the purchase of trolley cars, extra parts, &c., constructing new car barns and for other equipment needed to operate the local trolley line on the Williamsburg Bridge. The Board of Aldermen has passed favorably on the application, provided the money was authorized by the Board of Estimate.

The board adopted a resolution directing the Park Commissioner of Manhattan to prepare plans and specifications and form of contract for repaving a strip forty feet wide on the Speedway from the beginning to 135th Street for the use of automobiles. It is estimated the improvement will cost $250,000.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

S. W. Straus & Co. have underwritten an amortized first mortgage 6 per cent. serial bond issue on the land, buildings and equipment of the Waring Hat Manufacturing Corporation of Yonkers.

Kennedy & McDermott, 123 Liberty Street, are offering stock of the Scharlin Snuff and Tobacco Corporation, successor to S. Scharlin & Son.

Solomon Brothers & Hutzler have prepared a circular discussing the advantages to individuals, merchants, manufacturers and corporations of investments in United States Treasury certificates of short maturities.

Henry Nightingale announces the opening of a foreign exchange department under the direction of Archibald C. Merrill.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$10,533,100	$15,291,500	$7,218,000
Year to date	2,131,723,100	1,761,155,889	823,704,000

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47: 91.... 91.02; 1.... 91.04; 1.... 91.00; 35.... 91.06; 7.... 91.08; 16.... 91.10; 61.... 91.12; 34.... 91.10; 3.... 91.02; 68.... 91.08; 62.... 91.06; 3.... 90.90; 28.... 90.94; 64.... 91.00; 44.... 91.14; 42.... 91.06; 25.... 91.00

$645,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-47: 9.... 86.10; 2d 4s, 1927-42: 1.... 85.20; 10.... 85.18; 10.... 85.02; 6.... 84.90

$27,000 1st conv 4½s, 1932-47: 1.... 86.38; 5.... 86.30; 20.... 86.38; 10.... 86.30; 10.... 86.24; 3.... 86.14; 1.... 86.28; 5.... 86.20; 1.... 86.40; 17.... 86.10; 10.... 86.06; 10.... 86.04; 6.... 86.00; 2.... 85.90

$170,500 2d conv 4½s, 1932-47: 10.... 96.10; 6.... 96.00

$19,600 2d conv 4½s, 1927-42: 25.... 85.36; 25.... 85.34; 70.... 85.30; 30.... 85.26; 55.... 85.24; 10.... 85.30; 63.... 85.28; 26.... 85.20; 60.... 85.16; 10.... 85.12; 20.... 85.18; 1.... 85.20; 10.... 85.18; 75.... 85.14; 71.... 85.10; 10.... 85.14; 20.... 85.12; 4.... 85.10; 20.... 85.08; 25.... 85.10; 106.... 85.16; 53.... 85.12; 43.... 85.10; 2.... 85.08; 24.... 85.10; 2.... 85.14; 25.... 85.12; 26.... 85.06; 2.... 85.08; 1.... 85.06; 2.5.... 85.08; 2.... 85.02; 1.... 85.06; 1.... 85.04; 20.... 85.02; 1.... 85.06; 2.... 85.08; 4.... 85.06; 5.... 85.04; 20.... 85.02; 1.... 85.04; 15.... 85.06; 9.... 85.04; 5.... 85.10; 2.... 85.08; 1.... 85.02; 80.... 85.06

$1,437,000 3d 4½s, 1923: 66.... 88.80; 12.... 88.78; 8.... 88.84; 1.... 88.84; 7.5.... 88.88; 5.... 88.90; 102.... 88.86; 1.... 88.80; 2.... 88.86; 9.... 88.82; 18.... 88.80; 2.... 88.80; 60.... 88.82; 10.... 88.78; 10.... 88.80; 18.... 88.78; 55.... 88.76; 20.... 88.78; 1.... 88.76; 132.... 88.74; 2.... 88.72; 122.... 88.66; 20.... 88.64; 28.... 88.70; 10.... 88.66; 10.... 88.70; 2.... 88.68; 24.... 88.66; 25.... 88.64; 2.... 88.62; 28.... 88.60; 12.... 88.64; 30.... 88.62; 10.... 88.64; 25.... 88.62; 155.... 88.60; 1.... 88.58; 10.... 88.52; 1.... 88.54; 9.... 88.52

$2,672,000 registered 10.... 85.10; 1.... 85.00; 10.... 85.06; 24.... 85.10; 2.... 85.14; 25.... 85.08; 2.... 85.10; 35.... 85.06; 2.5.... 85.08; 1.... 85.06; 2.... 85.08; 4.... 85.10; 16.... 85.08; 2.... 85.06; 2.... 85.04; 13.... 85.02; 40.... 85.04; 2.... 85.06; 1.... 85.08; 1.... 85.10; 2.... 85.12; 1.... 85.14; 1.... 85.16; 1.... 85.18; 1.... 85.20; 1....

BREAK IN WHEAT STIRS CHICAGO PIT

Hedging Sales Bring a Sharp Decline of 10 to 14¼ Cents in Futures.

BUYING RALLY AT THE END

Some Loss Regained — Corn and Oats Not Affected and Show a Gain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—A sharp break in wheat futures caused considerable excitement on the Board of Trade today. Hedging sales of cash wheat brought about a decline of 10 to 14¼ cents in futures, but this had little effect on coarse grains except for a brief period early. Buying orders at the last made a rally of 4 cents in December wheat without a trade on the way up, and the close was 10 to 12 cents lower. Corn and oats were bought freely by shorts and commission houses and corn closed ¾ to ⅞ cents higher, while oats closed ⅝ to 2¾ cents higher, while rye was 2¾ to 3¾ cents lower and barley ½ cent higher.

Trading in wheat broadened materially, around 1,250,000 bushels changing hands. Lack of speculative business was mainly responsible for the erratic fluctuations. Cash houses were the best sellers, while the buying was generally credited to seaboard account, part of it reflecting export business, as futures were exchanged here for the cash, showing that the trade is rapidly getting back to normal. A cash house bought December and sold March. A sharp break in cash wheat in the Southwest and a reduction of 8c in bids at the Gulf had some effect on futures.

Black rust reports were ignored, weather conditions being unfavorable for its spread.

Scattered liquidation was in evidence early in corn, and all deliveries dropped to a new level on the present downturn.

On the break two of the largest local shorts absorbed the surplus in the pit, and on the whole sentiment was less bearish than of late, due to the recent big decline. Rather general short covering was on at times through commission houses, but the rallies were not fully maintained, grain coming out freely on every bulge.

There was little in the news that was construed as bullish, although receipts have fallen off, and premiums in the sample market were firmer at 4 cents over for No. 2 mixed and 5 to 5½ cents over for No. 2 yellow.

FRANCE TO LIFT IMPORT BAN

Improvement in Exchange Said to Have Prompted the Decision.

PARIS, July 16.—The prohibition upon certain imports into France instituted by the decree of April 23 is about to be removed, except as it affects some articles of luxury, according to the Echo de Paris today. This action is to be taken, it says, because the decree is considered to have accomplished its purpose of bringing down exchange from its high point. With the abrogation of the decree the customs taxes on a number of articles will be raised, in keeping with the rise in prices.

J. E. Bosley, the Director General of Customs, told the newspaper that he did not believe that the withdrawal measure, which will probably be approved at the next Cabinet meeting, would have the effect of sending up the exchange rate again, in view of the fact that French exports continued to show a remarkable increase.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 21,'23	98	98¼	100
Am. Cot. Oil.6	Sept. 23	98¼	98¾	100
Am. T. & T..6	Oct., 1922	94	94½	97.75
Am. T. & T..6	Feb., 1924	92¾	93¼	96.15
Am. Thread..6	Dec. 15,'23	93½	96	98.00
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1921	100	100¼	6.70
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1921	99½	100	6.20
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Anacon. Co..6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	7.00
Am.-A.C.,Ltd.7¼	Apr., 1922	99¾	99¾	7.15
Armour & Co.6	1920-1921	99	99	7.90
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'22	99	99¼	7.85
Beth. S. Corp..7	July 15,'22	99	99½	7.95
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'21	93¾	97½	7.75
Cen. Arg. Ry.6	Feb., 1927	80¾	82¼	7.75
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1921	98	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1922	97	100	6.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1921	100	100	6.00
Cudahy Pack..7	July15,'23	99¼	100	6.00
Fed. Sug. Ref..6	Nov., 1924	91¼	93¼	7.75
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv.7	Apr., 1925	94¼	94½	8.35
Gt. Nor. Ry..5	Sept., 1920	99¾	99¾	6.00
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1921	96½	98	7.90
Hocking Val..6	Mar., 1924	88	90	9.00
Int. R. T. 6	Sept., 1921	95	98	
Jan. C. Ter..8	Nov., 1923	92¾	93½	8.50
Laclede Gas..7	Jan., 1920	88	90½	8.00
L. S. & M. S.4	Dec., 1921	97	97¾	8.80
N. Y. C. R.R.6	Sept.,1920	99¾	99¾	8.80
Penn. Co. 4½	June15,'24	97¼	97¾	6.00
Penn. Coal..6	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.80
Phila. Co. 6	Mar., 1921	99¾	99¾	6.50
Pub. S. Corp..6	Apr., 1922	93	9.95	
Pub. S. Corp..6	Aug., 1922	84½	15.60	
Reyn.T.6	May., 1922	95¾	96¼	8.50
Southern Ry..6	Mar., 1922	92¾	93¾	11.60
Swift & Co....7	May.15,'21	97¼	98	8.15
Texas Co....7	Aug. 1,'22	98¾	98¾	7.60
Tex. Elec. ev.7	Sept.15,'22	94¼	96	12.75
Tex. Elec. ev.7	Apr., 1925	91¾	93¼	7.45

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Argentine (unlisted)	.5	Sep., 1945	68¾	69¼
Belgium (Rest'n).....			1934	84
Belgium, 5-yr. loan of '20	.5		86	89
Belgium, 20-yr. year.....	.5	Jan., 1941	82¼	83¼
British Victory.....	.4		98¼	98¾
British Funding.....		1960-1990	1920	1930
Brit. Nat. W. L....	.5		1922	1928
Brit. Nat. W. L....	.5		1927	1933
Canada	.5¼	Dec.,	1922	1923
Canada	.3½	Nov.,	1923	1925
Canada	.5	Dec.,	1925	1926
French Victory.....	.5		1932	74
French loan, '17.....	.5		1937	59½
French loan, '18...4			1943	59
French loan, '20...5			1923	86
Italy, Treas., 5-yr..5			1923	59
Italy, Treas., 5-yr....			1925	59
Russia	.5½	Dec.,	1921	8
Russia, ruble, bds.	.5½	Feb.,	1926	30
Sweden	.6	June,	1930	83½
Switzerland.....	.5½	Aug.,	1929	85¼

*Par £100. †1,000 francs.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Rate	Bid.	Asked
Baltimore & Ohio..1920-'27	7¼	6.75	7.50
Bethlehem Steel....1920-'30	7	6.75	7.50
Cent. R. R. P.....1920-'23	4½	5.60	7.75
Canadian Pacific..1920-'32	4½@6	7.75	7.00
Chicago & North...1920-'23	4½@6	7.75	7.00
Chic., R. I. & P...1920-'27	4½@6	7.60	6.50
Chic. R. I. & N. O.1920-'24	5	8.50	7.40
C. C. C. & St. L.1920-'22	5	7.85	7.10
Del. & Hudson.....1922	4½	8.00	7.00
Erie Railroad .....1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
Gt. Steamship...1920-'24	6	8.75	7.50
Illinois Central...1920-'27	4½@6	7.60	6.50
Int. Fred. S. S....1920-'32	5	7.60	6.50
Louis. & Nash.....1920-'22	5	8.37	7.50
Michigan Cen.....1920-'32	5 @6	7.75	6.75
Minn. & St. L.....1920-'32	5 @6	8.00	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.....1920-'27	5 @6	8.50	7.50
N. Y. Central.....1920-'35	4½, 5@7	7.50	6.75
Norfolk & West....1920-'22	5	7.10	6.90
Northern Pacific..1921-'30	7	7.50	6.75
P. L. N. H. & H.1920-'25	4½, 5@6	8.50	7.50
Pac. Fruit Exp....1920-'35	7	7.50	6.75
Pere Gen. Frt....1920-'23	4	@4½	7.40
Reading Co.....1920-'37	4½	7.50	6.75
Seaboard A. L. ....1920-'26	4½@6-8	8.50	7.50
Sinclair Refining.1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific..1920-'25	4½@7	7.40	6.75
Union Pacific .....1920-'28	4½@6	8.00	7.00
Virginian Ry. .....1920-'36	6	6.90	6.50
White Oil Corp. ..1920-'23	6	7.37	7.00
		8.75	7.50

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Aluminum	7.75	7.87½	7.62½	
Quicksilver	$90.00	$92.00		
Palladium	82.00	*83.00		
Platinum, ex. pf.	97.00	98.00	49.00	50.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday.		Wednesday.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Copper, spot.....	90	0 0	90	0 0
Copper, futures ..	82	10 0	82	10 0
Tin, spot.....	267	15 0	265	5 0
Tin, futures.....	270	15 0	271	10 0
Lead, spot	40	10 0	41	0 0
Lead, futures	42	15 0	42	10 0
Zinc, spot.....	53	0 0	54	0 0
Zinc, futures.....	55	0 0	55	10 0

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	2.66	2.36	2.37	2.50¾
Mar.	2.74	2.64	2.64	2.74

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.50¾	1.46	1.49¼	1.48¾	1.89½
Sept.	1.50¾	1.47	1.49¾	1.49¾	1.90½
Dec.	1.39¾	1.36	1.38	1.37¾	1.60¾

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.80½	.86¾	.89¼	.86¾	.75¾
Sept.	.77¼	.75¼	.77	.76¼	.78¾
Dec.	.76	.74¾	.75¾	.75	.80¼

Oats in the local market were quoted as follows: No. 2, $1.18@$1.20; No. 3, $1.18@$1.20; No. 4, $1.18@$1.20; fancy, $1.22.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
July	2.13¾	2.10	2.12	2.21¼	1.59¼
Sept.	1.92	1.86¾	1.88¼	1.92¼	1.61

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	19.15	18.65	19.02	18.55	33.62
Oct.	19.52	19.00	19.35	19.10	33.75
Ribs—					
Sept.	16.85	16.65	16.80	16.55	27.75
Pork—					
Sept.	28.00	27.65	27.97	27.57	50.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close	Closing Bid.
Spot				12.00
July				12.00
August				12.00
September	12.70	12.70	12.70	12.90
October	13.35	12.85	13.05	13.05
November	13.60	12.80	13.25	13.30
December	13.22	13.18	13.20	12.85
January	12.90	12.85	12.90	12.90
February	13.15	13.00	13.05	12.85
Total sales.....				12.90
				11,600

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.28	12.75	12.78	12.35
September	11.90	11.49	11.60	11.90
December	11.80	11.60	11.60	11.90
March	12.12	11.60	11.75	11.97
May	12.25	11.75	11.80	11.90

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Yesterday's receipts were 12,927 packages. The market was a little more active, higher and firm, considerable quantities going into storage.

Creamery advanced ½c, and ladies and packing stock showed an equal improvement. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 57@57½c; extras, 92 score, 56¼c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 54½@56c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 52¾@53¾c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 48@51½c; lower grades, 46@47c; unsalted higher than extras, 60@60¼c; extras, 59@59½c; firsts, 57@58c; seconds, 56@53½c; State, dairy tubs, firsts, 55@56c; good to prime, 52@54c; common to fair, 46@49c; renovated extras, 49@50c; firsts, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 42½@43c; lower grades, 41@42c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43@43½c; No. 2, 42c; lower grades, 38@41c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 13,374 cases. The market was steady to firm on the leading grades of Western. The medium grades drooped, but the cheaper clean grades met a very fair demand. Fancy nearby fresh firm. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 48c; extra firsts, 49@51c; firsts, 45@47c; seconds, 42@44c; poorer, 32@40c; dirties, 34c; checks, fair to choice, 26@32c. State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, 63@65c; extra firsts, 61@62c; firsts, 55@60c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 55@62c; undergrades, 50@54c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 55@56c; extra firsts, 51@52c; undergrades, 50@54c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 47@ 53c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery browns, 54@57c; brown and mixed colors, gathered grades, extras, 52@ 53½c; firsts to extra firsts, 45@51c.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Friday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Ark. Natl. Gas.....July 31		1	1¼	1
Caracas Sugar.....July 31		1	1¼	1
Elec. Storage Bat.Aug. 16		¾	1	1
Franklin Co.....July 21		...	...	¾
Irving Nat. Bank..July 21		34	36	34
Nat. Park Bank.....Aug. 8		170	173	170
Nat. City Bank....Oct.		88	90	89
N. Y. Zinc.....Nov. 15		12¼	12¾	12¾
Royal Dutch.....July 20		31½	32	31½
Shell Transport....Aug. 14		21½	22	21½

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—Revenue receipts and expenditures.

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$10,096,339	$10,096,339
Internal revenue:.....		
Income and profits tax	9,579,628	
Miscellaneous	52,945,707	52,945,707
Misc. revenue	15,039,842	15,039,842
Total	88,561,518	88,561,518
Excess of cred. disb.		
over. ord. receipts..	54,119,566	54,119,566
Expenditures	142,681,084	142,681,084

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 16.—Thirty-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $4,245,000, were chartered today. They include:

Venice Art Film Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; O. E. Lessay, R. Demaria, J. S. Pisciotta, 4,466 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Sanatus Water Co., Brooklyn, bottling waters, $10,000; J. J. and J. A. Holfelder, H. Watterson, 707 East 10th St., Brooklyn.

Lamaur Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. A. Christal, M. C. Weinstein, 1,465 Sternberg, 505 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Palace Garage, Brooklyn, $10,000; M. Cohen, W. Knecht, L. I. Gerber, 256 Broadway.

Edward T. Holmes, Manhattan, building and contracting, $100,000; M. R. and M. R. Lawton and L. Montgomery, 58 West 68th St.

Woods National Sales Co., Manhattan, auto and advertising, $100,000; L. I. Barst, C. F. Beeks, L. G. Woods, Hotel Pennsylvania.

Elf Dee Ess, Manhattan, ladies' and children's garments, $15,000; I. Fisner, L. Danielson, 27 East 125th St.

Laces and Embroidery Import Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; H. T. Hale, R. H. Loughborough, W. E. Moore, 130 Water St.

Thompson-O'Keefe, Carthage, contractors, $16,000; J. Thompson, J. Coughler, F. D. O'Keefe, Carthage.

Arthur J. Blumenthal Corp., Manhattan, commission merchants, $25,000; S. L. Samuels, L. S. Adams, A. J. Blumenthal, 366 Madison Av.

Fen-Klein Realty Corp., Bronx, $100,000; A. E. Gutgsell, F. A. Stroh, B. P. Ryan, 41 Park Row.

Dingwall Oil Corp., Manhattan; 25,000 shares preferred stock, $10 each; 50,000 common, no par value; active capital, $5,000,000; T. A. Desmond, L. D. Childs, W. D. Dingwall, 594 First St., Brooklyn.

Sheridan Clothing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. L. Cherurg, I. D. Neustein, A. Boselman, 8 West 29th St.

G. and N. Realty and Construction Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. L. Grubel, J. Napolitano, E. Myers, 3 Beekman St.

E. W. Trading Corp., Manhattan, liquors, $30,000; E. and A. Wolf, M. Nadel, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

Poughkeepsie Tire Sales Co., Poughkeepsie, $20,000; R. C. Ward and J. Seevers, J. F. Snyder, 245 West 55th St.

Industrial Commerce Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; L. F. Bedford, M. L. Orr, H. Avendano, Freport, L. I.

Biltmore Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Brune, O. S. Kimberly, C. A. Dunham, 10 West 44th St.

Quality Drug Co., Buffalo, manufacturing pharmaceuts, $5,000; J. W. and E. J. Rickley, L. Segel, Buffalo.

Keystone Yarn Corp., Manhattan, silk yarns, $90,000; I. and J. and J. Schiffer, 1,013 Bryant Av.

R. Tomby, Manhattan, china and glassware, $200,000; L. A. Dreyfus, F. J. Peters, R. Chittenden, 71 West 25th St.

Rayson Laboratories, Manhattan, chemists and druggists, $5,000; M. J. and G. and M. W. Stern, 61 Beekman St.

Yangtsin Corp., Manhattan, mercantile, $250,000; L. A. Pfeiffer, M. Dvorkin, I. J. Kurz, 27 Cedar St.

David Fox Corp., Manhattan, realty and merchandise, $25,000; J. Baum, L. Benedict, D. Fox, 15 Port Washington Av.

Fray Candy Co., Manhattan, $25,000; J. G. Gordon, M. L. and E. W. Fray, 2,318 Broadway.

Expert Machine and Tool Co., Manhattan, $7,500; S. A. Shapiro, J. Hollander, M. Sacks, 101 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.

Wall Garage, Bronx, $26,000; L. Kirschbaum, N. and M. Wronker, 1,960 Madison Av.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Modern Letter Co., Manhattan, $4,000 to $20,000.

E. R. Mosher Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Brown and White Taxi Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Farmers and Mechanics' Bank of Jamestown, Jamestown, $200,000 to $600,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Giant Finance Corp., New York, to Reserve Finance Corp., Delaware.

Moriches Lumber and Coal Co., Centre Moriches, to Arthur B. Halleck & Co.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

General Optical Co., Mount Vernon, $2,750,000 to $2,500,000.

DESIGNATIONS.

Nykey Sales Co., Del., stocks and bonds, $500,000; rep., F. A. Norman, Rochester.

Baldwin Cutlery Co., Tidioute, Pa., capital not given; rep., W. F. Watson, Jamestown.

SURRENDER OF CHARTER.

Ford Roofing Products Co., Del.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Victor M. Kramer, Manhattan.

Paper Trading Co., Manhattan.

White Star Trading Co., Brooklyn.

Essex Glass Co., Manhattan.

Chelsea Electro Plating and Polishing Co., Manhattan.

Baltic Street Apartment Co., Manhattan.

Westchester County Incorporations.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16.

Metal Mining and Brick Manufacturing Co., Port Chester, $200,000; William and Sperberg, Thomas F. J. Connelly, Samuel La Rosa, Rose Tunick, Regina Bills, Port Chester.

Croton Beach Incorporation, Ossining; the purpose is an amusement park at Croton Point and rent sites, $10,000; Leon J. Quick, Taylow Wilson, Mount Kisco, Ossining; W. Heidemark Pharmacy, Yonkers, $20,000; W. and F. Heidemark, John C. Wallace, Yonkers.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 16.—New charters:

Monoequum Realty Co., Manasquan, $5,000; A. A. Sutterly, E. C. Bates, J. W. Vanheuten, Manasquan.

Getzoph Realty Co., Hoboken, $100,000; Louis Gottlieb, Samuel Teppman, Joseph Teppman, all of Hoboken.

Libby Welding Co., Newark, to do electric and other welding of metals, $50,000; Clifford S. Libby, East Orange; Louis K. Schwarz, F. R. Russell, Newark.

DELAWARE CHARTERS.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 16.—Charters filed today:

Motor Finance Corp., $11,000,000; Irving B. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Lincoln-Union Theatres, $2,000,000; Irving B. Holles, Charles D. Rankin, Helen P. Smith, New York.

Maumee Oil Refining Co., $1,000,000; Robert K. Walker, John T. McGovern, M. E. Nolan, New York.

Mutual Building and Loan Association of Newark, $1,000,000; Francis A. Cooch, Frank Collins, Joseph J. Daugherty, Newark, Del.

Revenue Mines, $1,000,000; C. M. Bruce, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Southern Oil Syndicate, $2,000,000; J. M. Frere, Wilmington; A. A. Frere, Newark, N. J.; J. W. Arnold, New York.

T. M. G. Chemical Co., $800,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Sam Davis Storage Co., $600,000; C. M. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Security Service Corp., $250,000; Wm. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberie, Wilmington.

Liquidating and Financing Corp., $100,000; J. M. Frere, Wilmington; A. A. Frere, Newark, N. J.; J. W. Arnold, New York.

Howe Motor Mfg. Co., $12,000,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Leonard Kennedy Co., $1,000,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

General Machinery Foundations Co., $500,000; Albert A. Grant, Phila.; Jos. M. Adams, Fred G. Hachey, Brradford, Conn.

Jasonella Textile Corp., $1,000,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

J. L. C. Connell Corp., $2,000,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Mid-Wyoming Petroleum Co., $250,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Louisiana Celotex Co., $500,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Georgia Soap Co., $500,000; W. Wallace, George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberie, Wilmington.

Shubert & Hicks Corp., $205,000; James E. Glass, Adolph Schwartz, James N. Glass, Jr., Phila.

Colombia Products Exploitation Corp., $200,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Pennsylvania Automatic Sales Co., $100,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberie, Wilmington.

Corbin & Boling, $100,000; C. P. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Automobile Training School of Pittsburgh, $10,000; John Robinson, Frank E. Kalsch, Harold L. Cleed, Pittsburgh.

FOREIGN BUYING AIDS RISE IN COTTON LIST

Good Trade Demand Also Helps Overcome Bearish Weather and Condition News.

EXPORTS AT LOWEST EBB

Week's Total Only 29,900 Bales, Smallest for Any Similar Period of Year.

There was very little activity and only moderate strength at the opening of yesterday's cotton market, but immediately after the opening the market began to improve, and with the exception of a few setbacks, which did not amount to much, it continued to move forward steadily thereafter. Weather reports were again favorable, on the whole, but there was good trade buying and more than the usual amount of purchasing for foreign account, and these two latter factors more than counterbalanced whatever bearishness may have been contained in the weather and the private condition reports.

In the first hour the list moved forward 30 points or so. Then there was a reaction which by noon had carried the list back to substantially where it had left off the previous night. But in the afternoon there was another material advance, and, especially in the last hour, the market was quite strong. The net gains at this time ranged from 50 to nearly 65 points, and most of this was held to the closing.

July, the spot option, was strong early in the day, advancing to 42.06, another high record, but later the month showed reactionary signs and the contract sold back to 41.80, where it closed. Spots were unchanged and very quiet at 42.50 for middling.

The foreign demand was said to come mainly from Japanese sources and from Liverpool. Liverpool spots continued to advance, moving up 43 points to 26.65d. The Manchester reports of goods and yarns spoke of a firmer tone and more demand.

Exports for the day were 1,800 bales, making the total for the full week only 29,900 bales, the smallest weekly total for any week this year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	41.60	42.05	41.50	41.80@41.88	41.73
Oct.	34.30	34.60	34.25	34.45@34.47	34.20
Dec.	32.26	32.80	32.20	32.62@32.64	32.26
Jan.	31.45	32.05	31.40	32.02@32.04	31.42
March	30.72	31.30	30.72	31.25@31.26	30.76
May	30.50	30.90	30.50	30.40	29.90

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged at 42.50c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 39.25c; New Orleans, 39.50c; Savannah, 41c; Augusta, 41c; Memphis, 39.50c; Houston 39c; Little Rock, 39.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	5,106	3,147	28,000
Exports	1,800	12,632	15,632
Exports, season...	6,258,663	6,224,467	5,311,840
New York stocks...	58,096	54,986	60,382
Port stocks	844,156	874,156	1,200,513
New York arrivals	150	1,068	...

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was firm at 26.65d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, of which 2,000 were American. Imports, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 were American. Futures opened steady, 10 to 11 points up, and closed firm at gains of 31 to 40 points. Prices: July, 25.16d; Oct., 23.49d; Dec., 22.25d; March, 21.20d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were firmer and in better demand.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext...	2	3	Mex. Metals.	30	70
Ariz. Silver..	13	14	Midway	10	20
Black Hawk..	60	67	Mojave Tung.	..	8
Boston Mex..	61	63	Monarch	30	40
Calaveras ...	1¼	1¾	Nat. & Z. ..	3	5
Chief Con...	3¼	3¾	New Baltic..	3	...
Crown Res..	10	13	New. Doug..	12	16
Crystal, new.	32	33	Nixon	5	7
Denbigh	17	20	Nipiger Pete.	18	20
Eagle B. B..	21	22¼	Rainier	1¾	2
Fenelon	50	75	Seven Metals	12	14
Gadsden	50	75	S. W. Miami.		
Homa	25	50	Full paid...	4	5
Iron Blossom.	35	50	Silver Reef..	4	5
Iron Cap.....	8	9	Texanna ...	6	7
Jerome	30	40	U. V. Ext...	31	32
La Rose	30	40	Yukon	1	1¼
Majestics	16	19			

CROP OUTLOOK AIDS TRADE.

Price Question, However, Still Retards Business, Reviewers Say.

The weekly trade surveys note that an improved crop outlook is affecting business in constructive fashion, but the price situation continues to retard operations in many lines. The prevalence of congestion on the railroads still tends to check industrial expansion.

"Important as the element of railroad transportation is, however," says Dun's Review, "the price question remains the overshadowing feature and now has an increasingly potent influence in shaping current and future business operations. With the conviction growing stronger among buyers that the main price movement will be downward until more normal levels are established, hesitation in entering upon forward commitments has become practically general, and considerable machinery is idle in textile mills and elsewhere because of lack of orders. Not only are price declines this week again in the majority, but openings of new lines of some goods for advance seasons have been announced at appreciable reductions in quotations, thus demonstrating the changed attitude of sellers, and predictions of higher prices to follow in certain quarters do not obscure the fact that many markets are now yielding. Reflecting the price readjustments and the shrinkage in the volume of business, bank clearings at different points now disclose a narrowing of the margin of increase over last year's figures, while the recent rise in the commercial mortality has been such as to compel attention."

Bradstreet's says: "In financial lines the leading features are the continued stringency of money, the raising of call rates, the apparent fizzling out of the short-lived mid-year boom in the stock market, and the lowering of exchange rates, led by sterling, apparently on large offerings of grain bills, German backing and filling on the treaty and uncertainties as to the action to be pursued in the matter of the French half of the Anglo-French loan, due in October. In fact, the entire business situation might be likened to that of a ship at anchor, with a tide change due but still undefined. Especially is this true of both buyers and sellers of goods in raw and manufactured apparel lines at wholesale, price uncertainties still governing, and the situation as July wanes is that Fall trade lacks form and a definite trend is yet to be discerned."

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
900	‡Acme Coal	2¾	2¼	2¼
500	‡Aetna Expl	11¼	10¾	11
100	‡Alumin pf.	97	97	97
100	‡Am Cashmere	40	40	40
100	‡Am Chic pf	65	65	65
300	Armour L....	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	‡ Do pf....	94	94	94
100	‡Borden	102	102	102
25	‡ Do pf....	90	90	90
300	‡B-A pf....	94¾	94¾	94¾
100	‡Bucyrus	27	27	27
1,600	‡Buick Card	11¼	10¾	11
100	‡ Do pf....	74	74	74
100	‡Car Sup....	37	37	37
7,900	‡Chi Nipple	12¾	10¾	...
100	‡Conley Foil	34	34	34
200	‡Cont M....	39	39	39
100	‡Dom Sug old	85	83	85
100	‡Empire Stl.	30	30	30
100	‡ Do pf....	70	70	70
400	‡Emp Pow A	8¾	8¾	8¾
600	‡Farrell C..	20	20	20
100	‡Firestone T	145	144	144
1,600	‡Gardner M.	27	26¾	...
6,000	‡Gen Asph..	77	69¾	70¾
900	Grape-Ola....	2¾	2¼	2¼
1,500	‡ Do pf....	24¾	24¾	24¾
250	‡I W Grif....	15	15	15
600	‡Guantana $	23¾	22¾	22¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

800	‡Ajax Oil....	22	21¾	22

MISCELLANE

CALLS CITY PAY RISE 'STUPID, DIRTY WORK'

Alderman Falconer Denounces 20 Per Cent. Increase to High-Salaried Employes.

SEES REPUBLICAN MISTAKE

Believes They Should Have Fought Finish Fight with "Tammany Plunderers."

Alderman Bruce M. Falconer, Republican, in a statement yesterday, characterized the 20 per cent. increase for city workers which was passed by the Board of Aldermen as "the stupidest and dirtiest day's work that Tammany Hall has done in the open for many years." Alderman Falconer asserted that it was a "burning shame" to allow the highly paid city employes receiving from $6,000 to $10,000 a year to receive an increase which would amount to more than the total salary paid to many workers.

"The unjust basis for this distribution of over $5,000,000 is so grave and pronounced that I personally should have been willing to have sat with the Board of Aldermen in session a good while longer and to have fought a finish fight with the Tammany Hall plunderers on that principle," said Mr. Falconer. "In my opinion, the Republicans should have stood together and fought to the last against the rotten resolution which was passed on Tuesday, and I say rotten advisedly, because it is rotten in its principle and it will be rotten in its effect.

"The Democratic leader dared the Republicans to vote against the resolution and hold it up. That, in my opinion, is exactly what they should have done, since the Republicans had it in their power to hold the revenue bond resolution up because of its requiring fifty-five votes, three-fourths of the board. I believe that the Republicans should have exercised their power and should have 'passed the buck' back to the Democrats, where it rightly belonged, and let them take the responsibility of deciding what course of action they would choose. Instead of that, the Democratic position was openly conceded in advance as being impregnable, and after the Republican amendment fixing a maximum of $600 increase had been defeated there wasn't the slightest effort to put up a fight against the resolution for the appropriation itself, on which I was the only one to vote in the negative, and the resolution fixing the unjust salary schedule, on which Alderman Allyn and myself cast the only negative votes.

"It was urged that to hold up the resolution would have the effect of endangering the salary increase for the entire number of employes, but there is absolutely no foundation for this argument for the reason that under the terms of the official resolution itself the salary increase was not to take effect until Aug. 20, which left a period of at least five and one-half weeks more in which the whole matter could be considered.

"I agree with the statement of President LaGuardia, who said, according to THE TIMES of June 24, that he would 'fight to the last ditch the unequitable 20 per cent. plan,' though I would not go so far as to prevent the resolution from taking effect on Aug. 20 according to its own terms, which a negative vote last Tuesday could not conceivably have done.

"Only the poor employes, the struggling $600 telephone operators and $1,000 clerks, harassed and worried by the hard, unequal fight for a decent, self-respecting existence, can fully realize what a veritable godsend an additional $100 would have meant. One of these poor employes said to me in a recent letter: 'There must be a hell hereafter for those who work such an injustice.' I believe there will be, but that it will come in November, 1921."

Dwelling Buyers.

The American basement dwelling at 48 East Fifty-second Street on lot 19 by 100.5 has been sold by Douglas L. Elliman & Co. for Mrs. Arthur H. Hahlo. It was held at $125,000. Dr. George Grey Ward is said to be the buyer.

The three-story dwelling at 132 West 132d Street on lot 16.8 by 99 has been sold for Mark Ansorge by Isidore Brown.

The four-story dwelling at 682 Lexington Avenue on lot 16.6 by 58 has been sold through Moe Wilson's Renting Company for Dr. James A. McCreery to Robert Ersko who will alter it into stores and small apartments.

The Wood-Dolson Company has sold for Miss Mary Butler a four-story dwelling at 139 West Ninety-seventh Street to Harry Bailey of the Riverside Ice Company, who will use it for business purposes after alterations are completed.

New Jersey Sales.

The ten-acre estate known as the Anchorage, with residence and outbuildings, facing the Atlantic Ocean at Long Branch, has been sold by Dr. Antonio Stella.

Joseph V. Keating has sold for Samuel A. Gruver the dwelling at 7 Prospect Street, Madison, to Frederick A. Dempsey.

The Newark property at 38 and 40 Essex Street, plot 39.7 by 136.6, has been purchased by Matthew W. Brady of the plumbing firm of Brady & Schall from the Fidelity Trust Company and has been leased to Peter Sabatino for stable use. The firm of Louis Schlesinger was the broker.

Operators Sell Three Parcels.

Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum, operators, sold to the present tenant the three-story building at 350 East Eighty-fourth Street, on a lot 20 by 100. They have also sold to John Lederer, the tenant, the three-story house at 150 East Seventy-fourth Street, a lot 18 by 100; also sold through Daniel H. Kempner & Son the four-story dwelling at 41 West Ninty-fourth Street, on a lot 20 by 100, to E. S. Horan, the tenant.

Hospital Adds to Its Site.

The Harlem Eye and Ear Hospital has added to its realty holdings at the scutheast corner of Lexington Avenue and 127th Street by the purchase of the three-story dwelling, 16.3 by 99, at 148 East 127th street from P. J. McLiney. Its frontage on the street is increased from 53.3 feet to 69.3 feet by the purchase. The consideration was $10,000.

Buys Staten Island Home.

The Oliver Johnson estate on Bement Avenue, West New Brighton, consisting of a large dwelling with acreage has been sold by W. S. E. Hall to John C. Crane, who will alter it for occupancy. The house is one of the landmarks of West New Brighton and has been the home of the Johnson family for generations.

PROFESSORS BUY APARTMENT HOME

New York University Syndicate Acquires Building on Morningside Heights.

OPPOSITE COLUMBIA CAMPUS

New Owners Will Occupy When the Existing Leases Expire—West Harlem Deal.

An apartment house purchase for occupancy by several professors and their families of New York University figured as an interesting feature in the realty transactions yesterday. The building is the seven-story structure at 520 West 114th Street, in the Morningside Heights section. It overlooks the campus of Columbia University, covering a plot 75 feet front by 100 in depth. The building was erected a few years ago by Paterno Brothers, who were the builders of many of the finest apartment structures in that vicinity.

The buyers comprise a syndicate headed by Professor L. R. Schuyler of the New York University, and it was purchased through Dwight, Archibald & Perry, as brokers, representing Myers & Myers, attorneys acting for the former owners. Title will be taken in the name of the 520 West 114th Street Company and as soon as the present leases expire the members of the syndicate will occupy the greater part of the building.

In the immediate vicinity Columbia University has recently purchased several apartment houses for use as dormitories and homes for students and members of the Faculty.

West Harlem Sale.

In the West Harlem section the two five-story flats at 262 and 264 West 144th Street, covering a plot 59.6 feet by 100, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, have been purchased by J. Thomas Phillips. The buildings have accommodations for forty families. The property was bought from Arthur Lyon of Philadelphia. James O. Wright acted as broker in the transaction.

Westchester Activity.

Fish & Marvin have sold for Mrs. James F. Briggs her property in the Heathcote section of Scarsdale, consisting of a brick Colonial residence and five acres of land, to Mrs. Owen C. Torrey. It was held at $60,000. The same brokers also sold for James Sheegreen his property at Riverview Manor, Dobbs Ferry, to M. Edgar Thomas.

J. Clarence Davies has sold a plot 50 by 100 on Kent Avenue, Hastings-on-Hudson, for the Hudson P. Rose Co. to Arthur A. Jeffery.

F. K. Mays, Treasurer of the Bradford Draft Gear Company, has purchased from William A. Siewers a new Colonial dwelling on Walworth Avenue, White Plains. Maxwell Smith was the broker.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By J. H. Mayers.

12th St. 705 East, n s, 260 ft w of Dry Dock St, 23.10x108.8, five-story brick tenement and stores; Wm. R. Wilder et al. against Rose Hamburger et al.; Wm. H. Patterson, attorney; Harry Bijur, referee; due on judgment, $12,795.45; taxes, &c., $668.73. Sold to the plaintiff for $12,000.

122d St. 421 East, n s, 254.7 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story and basement stone dwelling; Gilbert A. Robertson Home against Martin B. Hofman et al.; Zabriskie, Sage, Kerr & Gray, attorneys; Harry Bijur, referee; due on judgment, $9,530.25; taxes, &c., $500. Sold to the plaintiff for $6,500.

BUSINESS DEALS.

Gerry Estate Sells Park Row Building—Warehouse Purchase.

Among the commercial property deals was the sale of a four-story storage warehouse at 413 and 415 West 150th Street, sold for George D. Sherman. The plot is 50 by 100 feet. The Duff & Brown Company acted as brokers.

In the downtown section Charles Solomone took title from the Gerry estate to the five-story building at 178 Park Row, plot 38.6 by 85. The consideration was $48,000.

D. Kempner & Son have sold for the estates of Isaac Lowenfeld and Nathan Kempner, and for Fisher Lewine, the three-story building with stores at 736 Ninth Avenue.

The five-story building at 699 First Avenue, southwest corner of Fortieth Street, has been sold by William Lie to the Henlee Manufacturing Company.

Mrs. Wilson's Renting Company sold for Stephen C. Clark to Mrs. Merriweather Post Close, the private garage at 107 East Eighty-second Street on plot 25 by 102.2 feet.

Bronx Borough Deals.

Samuel Rubin sold to an investor the five-story apartment house on the west side of Clay Avenue, 112 feet south of 167th Street, on a plot 50 by 100. It was held at $70,000. Walter L. Brown negotiated the sale.

George McCafferey has sold to a client of J. S. Maxwell for the De Voe estate the two-family dwelling on plot 32 by 100 at 1,829 West Farms Road.

Cahn & Cahn have sold to Samuel Robin 973 Teller Avenue, a two-family dwelling on lot 24 by 100. A. F. Barros was the broker.

A. D. Rockwell, Jr., has sold for the estate of Patrick Martin the dwelling at 473 East 137th Street to John Burns for occupancy.

Samuel Singer has sold for the Kissler Realty Company 763 East 165th Street, a three-story store and dwelling, to a client of A. Henecksberg.

Brooklyn Transactions.

The three-story apartment house at 2,411 Clarendon Road, near Bedford Avenue has been sold by Charles Partridge for Jacob Goldberg.

The two-story brick building at 90A Ross Street has been sold by the B. F. Knowles Company for M. Siegel to a Mr. Marcus.

The F. C. Sauter Agency has sold the four-story double apartment house at 496 Eleventh Street, near Eighth Avenue for the Witte estate.

The Martin Company has sold for John B. Hoecker, Jr., to Lillian M. Provencher a three-story business building at 326 Livingston Street; to Larry Lombardo for Thomas Carroll the three-family dwelling at 74 Statg Street, and to Mary C. Doyle for Ben H. Sanders the four-story dwelling at 131 Gates Avenue.

The Realty Associates sold 224 Forty-ninth Street, a four-story double brick apartment house, to Albert Haseloff.

Business Leases.

Frederick H. Allen of Frederick Zittel & Sons has leased for Lizzie R. George 319 West Eighty-sixth Street, a five-story building, on a lot 19 by 100, for ten years at a net rental of about $60,000 to a builder for alteration.

Henry Brady has leased for Peter Piegari the store at 139 West Thirty-third Street to William Lippe for an art store and for Kleinman & Schwartz to Ryan & Guilfoyle the store at 243 West Twenty-seventh Street.

E. A. Turner and Garstein & Linniken were the brokers in the twenty-one-year lease recently closed on the Daly Theatre plot, Broadway, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth Streets. Mr. Turner represented the lessee, the Phillips-Jones Company and Carstein & Lenniken represented the owners, the Scheffiin estate.

More Land for Rex Beach.

Anson F. Robinson has sold for the Dobbs Ferry Land and Improvement Company an acre of land on the corner of Columbia and Myrtle Avenues, Ardsley Park, to Rex Beach. It adjoins other land belonging to Mr. Beach.

PLAN MIDTOWN SKYSCRAPER

West Fortieth Street Structure Leased for $95,000 a Year.

Edward Raymond and others have leased from the plans the projected sixteen-story office building at 58 to 64 West Fortieth Street from the 58-64 Fortieth Street Corporationfor twenty-one years, from May 1, 1921, with a privilege of a renewal for a similar term.

The lessee is to pay a net yearly rental of $95,000, or $1,995,000 during the first twenty-one years.

Necarsulmer & Lehlbach, architects, recently filed plans for the proposed building, which is to cover a plot 74 by 98.9, and is expected to be completed early in 1921. The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company has made a building loan of $650,000 to the 58-64 Fortieth Street Corporation, which acquired title to the property in 1916. An additional loan of $150,000 has also been secured from F. Schumacher & Co.

Pelham Lot Sale Today.

At public autlon today, on the premises, Joseph P. Day will sell eighty-five home building sites in the residential section of North Pelham, Westchester County. The lots are located in Fourth and Fifth Avenues, Sixth and Seventh, Streets and Maple Avenue, within three blocks of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad station at Pelham.

New Dwelling Plans.

Harry Allen Jacobs, as architect, has filed plans for a five-story dwelling at 12 East Seventy-third Street, on a lot fronting 22.6 feet, for the Bolton Realty and Construction Company. The cost is placed at $120,000.

Plans have been filed to alter the four-story residence at 27 West Eighty-first Street, at an estimated cost of $40,000. B. Mandell is the owner and W. S. Bessell the architect.

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For sale, new two story summer cottage, 7 rooms; porch; electricity; bathing, boating, fishing; West End bus from station, Alabama Street; house nearest bay. Call premises, or phone Petersen, 681 President Street, Brooklyn; South 8629W.

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$2,000 Cash and up $45 and up Monthly
Buys beautiful new suburban house, 30 minutes from New York; 6, 7 and 8 spacious rooms, breakfast room, sleeping porch, sun parlor, butler's pantry, Colonial open fireplace, tiled bathroom with low built-in porcelain tub, overhead shower, finished with hard wood parquet floors, artistic plugs for floor lamps, steam heat, up-to-date electric light fixtures, large porch, sewers, gas and electricity.
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These lots have been held under single ownership for a long term of years. Cement sidewalks and curbs have been installed.
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$11,000—Six rooms and bath; tapestry brick; heated garage with private driveway; near subway station; 5-cent fare; five minutes to waterfront park with bathing; $3,000 cash.

$13,000—Corner house, seven rooms and bath; garage; hardwood floors, white enamel trim, tiled bath and kitchen; fifteen minutes from Grand Central subway station; $3,500 cash.

$14,000—Beautiful white and green cottage; first story stucco; seven rooms and bath; large trees; hedges; plot; near station and water; $4,500 cash.

$15,000—Eight rooms and two baths; tapestry brick and stucco; two-car garage; hardwood floors, white enamel trim; steam heat, gas, electricity; 15-year mortgage; $5,000 cash.

$16,000—Dutch Colonial, eight rooms and bath; porch 10 by 26, living room 14 by 25, polished oak floors; 26 minutes out on North Shore, near Long Island Sound; $5,000 cash.

$18,000—Eight rooms and two baths; glass-enclosed sun room; corner plot; five minutes from station; 100 feet above Long Island Sound; plenty of shade; hedge; $6,000 cash.

$20,000—Eight rooms and two baths, large roomy house; 44 feet front; centre hall, 24 foot living room; open fireplace; large glass-enclosed porch; flower boxes; $6,500 cash.

$27,500—Nine rooms and three baths, ten closets; porch 10 by 40; corner plot 100 by 150; five minutes from Broadway Flushing Station; twenty minutes from Penn. Station; beautiful trees and shrubbery; ready for immediate occupancy; $7,500 cash.

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$3.50 to $4.50 per Sq. Ft.
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Building can be bought at price that will make space figure less than twenty cents a square foot per year—or, will rent, possession 60 days. Mill construction, three floors and basement, approximately 35,000 sq. ft.; heavy floor carrying capacity; good light on all sides, 100 horse power boiler, 60 horse power engine, wired for electric power, room in driveway for eight automobiles, good labor neighborhood, one and one-half blocks from Erie Freight Station, four blocks from Pennsylvania Freight Station. GRAIN ROAD CORPORATION, 804-810 Ninth Street, Jersey City, N. J. Phone Montgomery 92.

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Factories-factory sites with or without R. R. sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queensboro and vicinity.

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HANDSOME LARGE ROOMS
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SIX ROOMS & TWO BATHS
TEN ROOMS & THREE BATHS
A Few Apartments to Lease from Oct. 1st.
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Open for Inspection
3-4-5-6 Room Apts.
LARGE, LIGHT & AIRY
with every conceivable improvement
Location restricted & countrified
University & Andrews Ave.
Block front Cor. 183rd St.
5 minutes' walk from 183rd St. Station of the Jerome Ave. Subway and the Sixth and Ninth Ave. L.
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109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
4 rooms and bath $110
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Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Five-story and basement single brick apartment house, 7 rooms each apartment; in first-class condition and near 104th St. and Central Park; this is a first-class investment and a very low price, $30,000 (thirty thousand dollars), all or part cash. Address, for information, P. O. Box 212, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

CLOSE ESTATE—Ordered to sell at once; three-story single flat, 20x102; two 6-room, one 7-room apt.; fine location; 86th St.; no leases; sacrifice $15,000; no less. J. Clarence Davies, 33 Nassau St. John 1171-5.

NEAR 86TH, BROADWAY SUBWAY.
Modern, commodious dwelling; costly furnished, all conveniences, three baths; private family only; immediate possession. P 445 Times.

$3,000 cash buys corner house damaged by fire; will bring $6,000 rent; price only $17,000; big sacrifice. Wolff, 1,152 Lexington Av. (61st St.).

$29,500—Corner residence with private garage, opposite Mount Morris Park, 19x100, 17 rooms, parquet floors, electric lights, &c. 1,881 Madison Av.

A 23-foot single flat, near West End Av. and 99th St.; asking $40,000; easy terms. M. M. Hayward, Broadway and 100th St.

APARTMENT FOR SALE.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, in new building, on 55th St. H. G. Knowles, 56 West 58th.

EAST 61st ST: $20,500;
17x80 feet 4-story and basement; near 3d Av. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Greene St. loft building, $52,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2,768 Briggs Av., near 196th St., 9-room private dwelling; parquet floors, electric light; plot 50x100; all newly decorated; convenient to Jerome Av. subway or 3d, 6th and 9th Av. "L." Call at premises any day, 1-5, or ALEXANDER SELKIN, 882 Prospect Av.

NEAR CONCOURSE.
Ten rooms, lot 50x100; two blocks from Jerome Av. subway or 6th or 9th Av. "L," at Kingsbridge Road; garage. Call 2,641 Creston Av., near Kingsbridge Road.

11-room stucco house, 3½ baths, ideally located, beautifully furnished, exceedingly cool, from Aug. 1 to Oct. 1; $175 per month. Phone Fordham 4350.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

1,360 Ocean Parkway—Ideal house for large family; 60 feet front on Ocean Parkway; 12 large rooms; porch 90 feet long; 4 fireplaces; wood mosaic floors, electric lights, instantaneous water heater, copper screens; lot 8,400 square feet; garage; open plumbing; newly painted and decorated; $25,000, terms. K 793 Times Downtown.

For sale, a few very attractive houses, 8 rooms and bath, all modern improvements; plot 60x100, garage; near Rapid Transit, in restricted residential section. Inquire 11 L. Prentice, Oriental Boulevard, office Joseph P. Day, Manhattan Beach. Phone Coney Island 920.

2,500 DOLLARS
will buy new stucco 6-room and enclosed porch one-family house; all improvements, parquet throughout; independent runways for garage; 1,157-1,159 East 18th St., Brooklyn; balance on easy terms; caretaker on premises, or phone Cortlandt 5062.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Two new all-year houses, Ellingville, S. I.; 50 feet from beach; fully improved; reasonable. John Missall, 197 Jewett Av., Port Richmond, S. I.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Chester Hill—Exceedingly attractive home, with lot 175x175; large garage; three baths; very choice section and near station; shown by appointment; price $40,000. L. T. Carroll, Broker, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Mt. Vernon—New seven-room stucco house and garage; restricted; plot 50x98; very convenient to New Haven & Boston and Westchester R. R. stations; every improvement; ready Aug. 1; price $14,000; $5,000 cash, balance terms. Martin, Hill Av., N. Y. C. Tel. Woodlawn 1336.

For Sale—An unusually attractive nine-room home in best section of White Plains; convenient to station; modern in every respect; large flower, vegetable gardens and shade trees; price reasonable; terms to suit. 18 Mamaroneck Road. Phone 127 W-White Plains.

Price $20,000, worth $25,000; splendid buy in a Chester Hill house; fine condition and very choice section of Mount Vernon; lot 50x100; two baths; shown by appointment only. L. T. Carroll, Real Estate, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

Chester Hill—8 rooms and bath; beautiful parquet floors, electric lights, with new fixtures; room for driveway and garage; lot 50x100; price $14,250; shown by appointment. L. T. Carroll, Real Estate, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon. Tel. 274.

Mt. Vernon—Two beautifully located restricted lots, near Columbus Av. Station, 50x98; price, including set plans and specifications, $1,000; if desired will build to suit. Builder, 4,083 Hill Av., N. Y. C. Tel. Woodlawn 1336.

One-family house, for sale, new, seven rooms, bath, sun parlor, garage; all modern improvements; open fireplace; ten minutes from Westchester village, Throgs Neck, N. Y.; lot 50x100; price $10,500; easy terms. Telephone Westchester 1506.

New Rochelle—Immediate possession; eleven-room house; $6,000 cash; balance ($7,500), easy terms; convenient to trolleys, both railroad depots, schools and churches; all improvements; no agents. F 917 Times Downtown.

Hastings-on-Hudson—7 rooms, stone house, hot water heat, hardwood floors, open fireplace, large plot; river view; bargain if sold at once. R. M. Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson, Phone 701.

Larchmont Manor—Year round home; ten rooms, two baths; exceptional location, near Sound; garage; ready to show; 75 per cent. can remain mortgage. 4 Larchmont Av.

Exceptionally well-built house; 11 unusually large rooms, 2 bathrooms, extra lavatories; grounds 100x125; biggest bargain in Mount Vernon. Apply Owner, 37 East Lincoln Av. Phone 2615 Mount Vernon.

Part of furnished house, modern, near trains, trolleys; convenient to beaches; two adults preferred; references; can be seen by appointment. Suite 203 Proctor Bldg., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle—New two-family house; pays for itself in seven years; $8,000 cash, balance terms; sixteen rooms, sleeping porches; all improvements; double garage; no agents. F 918 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Owner will sacrifice 9-room house, all improvements, residential section, 3 minutes to Harlem Station; immediate possession. Tel. 844R White Plins.

Seven rooms, bath, hot water heat; large amount of fruit; one-half acre; stable; high location; $12,000. Both, Scarsdale. Tel. 587.

Bargain—38 minutes from Grand Central; fine stucco house; modern improvements; 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; garage; $14,000, quick sale. G 348 Times.

Yonkers—Sale, new house, 7 rooms; shade trees; restricted property; school near by. Hall, 185 Lee Av. Yonkers 4737. Will build six-room house; reasonable.

Many good buys in Westchester County real estate. L. T. Carroll, 6 North 2d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Mount Vernon 274.

Colonial home, 9 rooms, 3 baths; solidly built; well situated; a bargain; terms. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

Attractive homes in Pelham Manor. D. F. Murphy, 660 Wolf's Lane, Pelham Manor. Tel. Pelham 1152.

PELHAMS—Desirable dwellings in Pelhams my specialty. Peter Cedar, Pelham. Telephone 1386 Pelham.

Chester Hill house, stucco; garage; bargain. Phone Mt. Vernon 661J.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Well-built 2-story cottage, 43 miles from Pennsylvania Station, on main line of L. I. R. R.; 43 ft. x 25 ft., with screened porch, 8 rooms and pantry; ceilings 12 ft. high; perfect condition; unfinished addition 25 ft. x 30 ft., 2 stories and attic; outbuildings; about 75 acres pine belt; property extends from main road to Motor Parkway; 10 minutes' walk from railroad station, school, churches, stores; free and clear; price $18,000. Address Mrs. M. E. Sherman, Suffolk Av., Central Islip, L. I.

For sale, between Garden City and Greater New York, 90 building lots, running from Long Island Railroad to within 200 feet of Jericho Turnpike; bounded on south by Herkimer Street, on north by Plattsdale Road; intersected by two streets; concrete sidewalks on Plattsdale Road, Herkimer Street, Plaza Avenue and Park Avenue; town water; twenty minutes from Pennsylvania Station; new Hyde Park express station within 200 feet; school and church on Jericho Turnpike adjoining property; $36,000 for entire tract. Address P. O. Box 1383, Providence, R. I.

Freeport water front bargain—Facing on the bay with riparian rights, 10 rooms, tiled bath; two extra toilets and lavatories, billiard room, hot water heat, every modern improvement, hardwood throughout; garage for three cars, with quarters; plot 200x200 with private canal for boat; beautiful lawn; shrubs and a sacrifice at $25,000, worth $50,000; open Sundays. George E. Wheeler, opposite depot, 15 R. R. Av. Phone 438 Freeport.

BEAUTIFUL NEW HOMES, with garages; one-half hour Manhattan; nine to twelve rooms, three baths and extra lavatory; $25,000 up, terms to suit. Central Av. and Pine St. WM. K. MACDONALD, Woodmere. L. I. Phone Woodmere 3128 or 3226.

Long Beach, L. I.—7-room furnished cottage for rent by the season; also four-room apartment and bath, completely furnished; room by week or season. For information write to Long Beach Market, Long Beach, N. Y., or phone from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. to Long Beach 95.

Beautiful home in Freeport—6 large rooms, sun room, tiled bath, every modern improvement, hardwood floors, garage, for two cars; near shopping and depot; bargain at $12,500; reasonable terms; open Sundays. George E. Wheeler, opposite depot, 15 R. R. Av., Phone 438 Freeport.

Flushing—Beautiful hollow tile and brick Colonial, eight rooms, two master's baths, large inclosed living porch, open fireplace in living room; garage; large plot; near trolley, station, schools; price $18,000; $5,000 cash. William C. Hencken, 141 West 36th St. Telephone Greeley 2904.

Garden City—Beautiful Colonial stucco house, seven rooms, two baths, glazed living and sleeping porches, laundry, extra toilet and lavatory; unique garage, copper screens throughout; large plot; $19,000; must be seen to appreciate. J 171 Times.

Beautiful new California bungalow; 5 rooms, bath; all improvements; ideal surroundings and environment; near station; 43 minutes' from Broadway; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms; opportunity of season. John, 174 Times.

For Sale—One of the most attractive, centrally located houses with large grounds in Forest Hills Gardens; 10 rooms, 3 baths; garage; house has been recently redecorated. Inquire Burt, 29 Slocum Crescent. Telephone 6112J Boulevard.

$1,500 cash secures possession of real home; 6 rooms, bath, extra lavatory; semi-bungalow construction; every modern convenience; surrounded by beautiful homes; 40 minutes' out by electric trains; occupancy Aug. 1; investigate this. Gem, 131 Times.

DUTCH COLONIAL STUCCO, $13,000.
Eight rooms, two tiled baths, sleeping porch; large plot; five minutes from station, thirty minutes New York; immediate occupancy; small cash payment. Arthur Dean, 437 5th Av. Murray Hill 4857.

Cedarhurst, L. I.—Three-story stucco corner dwelling; plot 100x100; ten rooms, two baths, parquet floors; all improvements; garage; immediate possession. Miller, Cedarhurst, L. I. Phone Rockaway 1050 R.

Bargain—White stucco house, 6 rooms and bath, electric light, steam heat, 40x100; just completed; $6,500; St. Mark's Av. and Amhurst St., St. Albans, L. I. Keefe Bros., owners and builders.

Freeport bargain—6 fine rooms, steam heat; every improvement; plot 50x135; on trolley and convenient for commuting; open Sundays; $6,500. George E. Wheeler, opposite depot, 15 R. R. Av. Phone 438 Freeport.

Lynbrook—Modern seven-room house, convenient to station; every improvement; copper screened throughout; glass enclosed porch; plot 40x120; asking $9,000. 23 Langdon Place.

Douglaston—Seven minutes' walk from station; eight rooms, three baths; two-car garage, bedroom and bath; one acre waterfront; fine trees, vegetables, flowers; for sale. Tel. 20 Bayside.

FOREST HILLS—KEW GARDENS.
Attractive suburban homes in best colonies near New York; prices $15,500-$50,000. MRS. DOWD. MURRAY HILL 1439.

Beautiful corner plot, 100x100 feet, in Floral Park, L. I., ten minutes walk from railroad station; owner will sell cheap to settle estate. N 764 Times Downtown.

BELLE HARBOR.
House, 11 rooms, 2 baths, modern improvements and conveniences, hot water heat, large garage. 548 Beach 131st St.

For Sale—Forest Hills; eight-room house; every modern convenience. Madison Square 8479.

HOMES—$6,500 upward; easy terms. HYDE & BAXTER, Port Washington, L. I.

Bungalow, Westholmes, Long Beach—Six rooms, bath and lot, 45 Grand Boulevard.

Edgemere—Ocean rooms; near beach; near station. Phone 45C, 72 South Beach Drive.

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Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 58th St., just east of Park Ave.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Fourth Church, 176th St. and Fort Washington Ave.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1935 Anthony Ave., Bronx.
Seventh Church, 119th St., east of Broadway.
Sunday, 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Eighth Church, 108 East 77th St.
Ninth Church, Park Avenue Hotel, 4th Ave. at 33d St.
Tenth Church, 57th Street, just east of Broadway.
Eleventh Church, 2562 Briggs Avenue, 11 A. M.
Twelfth Church, Anderson Galleries, Park Ave. and 59th St.
Christian Science Society, 547 West 146th St., Sundays, 11 A. M.
FREE READING ROOM, 33 West 42d St.

TWELFTH CHURCH,
Anderson Galle

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SPRINGFIELD GARDENS.

Model houses, eight rooms, two baths, attic ranging from $12,500 to $16,500; built upon lots 60 x 100 feet, providing garden plots and ample space for garage and playgrounds. Property restricted. Railway stations at Springfield and Hillside Av., nearby; 27 minutes to Manhattan. Established community, New York public school and churches. Telephone 2163 Laurelton. Superintendent, Mr. Cooney, on the premises. Inspection invited.

Immediate possession, 9 rooms, all improvements, Hollis bungalow, 50x100, beautiful shrubbery; sacrifice $12,750; splendid condition; vacant. Lowndes, 386 Fulton St., Jamaica; 2977W Jamaica.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Haines Falls, N. Y., Catskill Mountains—Cheap, attractive seven-room bungalow, furnished or unfurnished, wonderful mountain views; ready for immediate occupancy. Phone, or write Kindred, Rivercrest, Astoria, L. I. Phone Astoria 820.

Camp; equipped for 100; 500 acres; Adirondack Mountains, surrounding lake, mile long; mile from State road; rent $2,500; sell $50,000. E. Johnson, 66 West 107th.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

LOVELY, well built 7-room home; newly decorated; fine large corner; 4 minutes station, stores, schools; heat; gas; electric; sewers; garage; hedge; lawn; trees; grapes; cherries; ½-hr. to Manhattan; 8c commutation; two railroads; $2,500 cash, balance very easy terms; a big bungalow, $6,500. CLARA EISENSCHEL, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones 940J Hackensack, 5758 Rector. Make appointment.

Telephone Me Now—Beautiful six-room and bath bungalow, glass-enclosed sun parlor, verandas, open fireplace in living room, electric fixtures, gas range, all improvements; concrete basement, furnace; large plot, fine shade trees; $2,000 cash, balance monthly; 30 minutes N. Y. City; near station, schools, etc. John A. Baldwin, 23 West 43d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 780.

CALDWELL, NEW JERSEY.

Modern, colonial seven-room houses, exceptionally well built, now ready for occupancy; located Mark and Samuel Avs.; all improvements, including electricity, steam heat, open fireplaces, hardwood floors, sun porches. See agent, on premises, or call Caldwell 419R.

Newarn, N. J.—Bargain, 11-room house, all modern improvements, including 3 screened porches and sleeping porch; plot 100x200; 45 minutes from Broadway on N. J. Central R. R.; 3 minutes' walking distance railroad station and two trolley lines; reasonable terms. Telephone Perth Amboy 700, or write Philip P. Costello, Perth Amboy, N. J.

For Sale—Modern house, ten rooms, two baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, large living room, ten minutes to New York; immediate possession; terms easy. Lemmon, Dearborn Road, Palisade, N. J.

BARGAIN.

Eight-family brick flat, bringing about $2,700 annually; A1 condition; price $18,500; easy terms to responsible party; act quick. X 335 Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J.

Two-family house and garage; corner property; centrally located; all improvements. Address Dr. Phelps, Ocean Grove, N. J.

Mountain Station, South Orange—Nine rooms and bath, stucco; all improvements; hardwood floors; plot 50x150; price $10,000. Phone Rector 1602 or Orange 2504M.

At Mountain Station, South Orange—Two houses, all improvements, $12,000 and $15,000; terms easy. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., N. Y. Telephone Gramercy 3163.

Houses for Sale,

from $6,500 up; all improvements; terms to suit. Reardon & Todd, Broad Av., Palisades Park, N. J.

Westfield, Fanwood, Plainfield houses; $5,500, $8,200, $9,000, $15,000; choice. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Rutherford—Seven-room house, improvements; terms and price reasonable. Tel. Midwood 6636.

Greenwood Lake, New York—45 miles out; beautiful 16-room house; all improvements; $15,000. G. W. Cahen, 331 West 86th.

West Orange—New 7 rooms and garage; modern; price $13,500; corner 107x150. Furman, Birch St., West Orange.

Six-room dwelling; all improvements; $5,500, one-half cash. Louis Honeck, Englewood, N. J.

Westfield improved plot, 80x125; $800; terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For rent, furnished, five-room cottage at Cosey Beach; one hour and ten minutes from Grand Central. Tel. 94. Mrs. Stanley Watts, Westport, Conn.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

We have a lot, 268x150, in the heart of the business district of Akron, Ohio; this is a suitable location for any business; will build to suit responsible tenant. Write for information to Swirsky & Miller, Akron, Ohio.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Will exchange equity in new single detached house on Long Island for free and clear Long Island acreage. M. M., Box 86 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—To rent unfurnished modern house in Riverdale or Fieldston or similar location, situated near subway and other city railways; four bedrooms, two baths, maid's room and bath, garage. Box 109, Woodmere, L. I.

WANTED, HOUSES IN WESTCHESTER. We have number of clients ready to purchase; send particulars. J. Clarence Davies (Homes Within One Hour), 51 East 42d St. (83). Vanderbilt 9744.

Wanted—Lease or rent house, good condition, west side, 50th-90th, over 11 rooms. Lawrence, 218 West 50th.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, 50-acre one-piece farm, North Guilford, Conn.; house, barns, river, &c.; $6,000. Shepard, 72 Fairmont Av., New Haven, Conn.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted, small farm or estate on or near Hudson River, in Rockland or Westchester Counties. X 2041 Times Annex.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Long Island.

Only 5 more to rent; new furnished bungalows for rent at Neponsit, L. I.; large plot of ground; 6 rooms, bath, separate shower. Apply Neponsit Av., cor. 147th St.; 5 minutes' ride from Rockaway Park station, via trolley, or Brooklyn office, 153 Remsen St. Phone Main 1075.

Cottage of seven rooms and bath, furnished, between ocean and bay, at Neponsit, L. I.; rent from July 20 to Oct. 1; reasonable. W 338 Times.

Long Beach, West—Large furnished bedroom; use of living room, kitchen; $125 month, $225 until October. Box 418, Long Beach. Phone Long Beach 372.

Long Beach—Bargain, for sale, 5-room furnished bungalow, $2,950; easy terms. Bus at station to New York Av., Beech St. Ask for Lawlor.

Long Beach—Five-room furnished bungalow, $450; bus at station to New York Av., Beech St. Ask for Lawlor.

Sublet, furnished, 4-room bungalow, Beach 23d St., Edgemere Station, Rockaways. Hayman.

Airy rooms, private cottage; season; gentlemen preferred. 2,429 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y.

Edgemere—Furnished apartment, four rooms, between ocean, bay; until October, $200. 2,096 Atlantic Av. Phone Far Rockaway 293.

Richmond.

Sale, rent, four-room bungalow, running water, electricity; near beach; reasonable. Hermanowitz, 25 Maple St., New Dorp Beach.

Westchester County.

Sublet, beautiful bungalow, 3 rooms, furnished and sleeping porch, until Oct. 15 for $125; Bungalow No. 2, next to Mountain House, Valhalla, N. Y., 45 minutes from Grand Central.

New York State.

Long Lake, Adirondacks—Nine-room completely furnished cottage; ice house; boat house; altitude 1,800 feet. Mularky, 613 Rugby Road, Brooklyn. Phone Mansfield 6704, evenings.

New Jersey.

Long Branch—Will rent part of my furnished cottage to small family; suitable light housekeeping; reasonable; modern improvements; near boardwalk. 114 Cottage Place.

SPRING LAKE, N. J.—TWO FURNISHED HOUSES, ONE 16 ROOMS, OTHER 10 ROOMS; MODERN. APPLY OWNER, CIRCLE 1810.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

New Jersey.

Attractive, furnished home, Shrewsbury River, 8 large bedrooms, wide porches, double garage; kitchens, 2 families, $225 each; would sell. Weimer, Portanpeck, Long Branch.

Rustic bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, electricity, sleeping porch, near water. Phone 203W Atlantic Highlands. Balance of season $250. Mrs. Quaid.

Connecticut.

Attractive furnished home on Sound, 11 rooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, wide piazzas, shady grounds, beach, large garage; 50 minutes Grand Central; rent to Sept. 25, $750. Wilson, Beach Haven, Shippan Point. Telephone Stamford, Conn., 3426.

Miscellaneous.

Eight rooms, attractively furnished, water frontage, $400 balance season or sell, $5,000, terms. H. Rowayton, Conn.

Summer Homes Wanted.

Cottage wanted, north shore, Westchester; reasonable rental; full description. X2091 Times Annex.

Ocean front cottage wanted, near New York; moderate rental. X2080 Times Annex.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Light loft to sub-let; 50x80, equal to 3,000 square feet; rental $5,000 per year (37 West 28th); also showroom and fixtures; suitable for manufacturing or jobbing in ready-to-wear line; will also sell showroom and fixtures; immediate possession. Inquire Ratinowitz, 33 West 32d.

Private furnished or unfurnished office $50; very good light; also desk room $20; switchboard operator will take your messages; drinking water and towels furnished; no charge for service; every convenience; immediate possession; rent starts Aug. 1. Duane, 59 4th Av. (opposite Wanamaker's).

STORE AND BASEMENT COMPLETE WITH FIXTURES IN BEST LOCATION ON MADISON AV.; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; REASONABLE. Z 2380 TIMES ANNEX.

STORE AND BASEMENT NEAR HUDSON TERMINAL ON FULTON ST.; LONG LEASE. INQUIRE WOLLINS & BULL, 214 FULTON ST. CORTLANDT 521.

Store and basement, 18 Warren St., near Broadway, size 25x100; electric elevator and steam heat; immediate possession. Cross & Brown Co., 409 Broadway. Telephone Canal 8296.

5TH AV. CORNER, ABOVE 27TH ST., OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS TO LET; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. EXCLUSIVELY. DIRK GRIMM, 50 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 2846.

Small office to rent for desirable tenant; telephone and stenographic service. Room 1204, 280 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 738.

South side of 57th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., store and show rooms; ready for occupancy Sept. 1. American Home Builders, 26 Cortlandt St., N. Y. Phone Cortlandt 722.

Basement to let, 25x100; principals only. Sloane & Moller, 316 East 65th. Rhinelander 128.

Furnished, two or three light, front offices; telephone; immediate possession. Room 310-B, 47 West 42d St.

Small private office space in financial district, near Wall St., for rent. Tel. John 1304.

Desk, private office, showroom, stenographer, telephone; modern bldg. Broadway, 33d. Penn. 125.

STORES, LOFTS, BUILDINGS.
Send for complete list.
AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST.

Two lofts together, 137 Grand St.; each 58x80; immediate possession; manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Rhinelander 9837.

First loft to let; light and airy. Improve store, 43 Eldridge St.

Will divide private office, fully furnished; rent reasonable. Arlin, 5 Beekman St.

Offices near Custom House, about 475 feet each. Sellers, 34 Stone St.

145 West 45th.—Offices for rent. Inquire 503 World Bldg. Beekman 8386.

Choice offices, 400 to 1,500 sq. ft.; principals only. Apply 305 5th Av.

Small office to sublet on 42d St. Telephone Stuyvesant 7080.

Furnished desk room; corner airy office; telephone; service; Broad St. Broad 1828.

Office to rent, furnished; 220 sq. feet. Apply Supt., 1,133 Broadway.

Bronx.

Stores to rent, corner stores, 945 East 163d, corner Kelly. Supt. or Philip Meyrowitz, 198 Broadway, Cortlandt 3661.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—Loft 5,000 sq. ft., between 26th and 34th Sts. Stockroom only, long term. Lease expires Feb. State particulars. W 149 Times.

Loft, $20-$30 or up wanted for automobile body business; location from 57th to 66th St. West. Write R. Hirsch, 152 East 87th St., City.

Office in financial district, 100 to 300 sq. ft. F. B. Spellman & Co., 55 Broadway, Room 14.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., near 29th St. (4TH AV. HOTEL)—2 sunny rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; parquet floors; hotel service. SUMMER RATES: $15 weekly, $60 monthly.

27TH ST., 35 EAST—(HOTEL SENTON)—APT'S 2 ROOMS AND BATH, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; BLOCK FROM SUBWAY; $17.50 WEEKLY.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel exclusively for women; corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

32D, 34 EAST—Delightfully cool, 2-room suites; $21 up; 3 rooms, $27 up weekly. Hotel Regent.

48TH ST., 8 EAST—Unusually furnished 3-room apartment, open fireplace, large closets; full cuisine service; long lease if desired. Can be seen 2 to 4 P. M. 9491 Murray Hill.

51ST ST., 40 EAST—Two, three room apartments, by month or year.

58TH ST., 47 EAST—Seven rooms and two baths for rent cheap until Oct. 1st; completely furnished. Phone Waterbury, Murray Hill 8923, or see Superintendent on premises.

63D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments; beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; $65 per month. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS FOR HOTEL ASHTON, Madison Av. southwest corner of 63d St. Newly decorated apartments; 1 room and bath, $50 up; 2 rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENTS IN ALL SIZES; PRICES RIGHT; SUMMER BARGAINS; OCTOBER LEASES. RAILING REALTY CO., 270 PARK AV. TEL. MURRAY HILL 7014.

FIFTH AV., (Bet. 49th and 50th Sts.)—Furnished apartment; parlor, bedroom and bath; elevator and maid service; to sublet for 3 months; rent reasonable. Apply Miss Weiner, 10 East 46th St., Phone Murray Hill 988.

MADISON AV., near 80th — Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; light, cool. Lenox 5840.

Park Av., 19 (corner 35th)—Two comfortable rooms; restfully furnished; bath Steinway; windows three ways; summer or longer.

PARK AV., 885, 78th St.—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; August, $100; Sept. if desired; seen before 12, after 8. Graham.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH, WEST—Three rooms, spacious, cool; Steinway grand, Victrola; August-September; possibly longer; $125. Willcox, Chelsea 4160.

12TH ST., 13 WEST—Well appointed one-room and bath apartment, large closets, telephone, to Oct. 1 or longer.

12TH, 82 WEST—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath; $100; quiet, airy, comfortable. Apt. K.

13TH, 128 WEST—Attractive, completely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator, telephone; subway, elevated one block; immediate. Allyn.

39TH ST., 36 WEST.
Two rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; immediate possession; see any time.

42D ST., 229 WEST—Luxurious furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, showers; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $50-$125 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

56TH, 206 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

57TH, 340 WEST — Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service, 2-3 rooms and bath; $25 per week and up; reference required.

57TH, 52 WEST—Two large rooms, kitchenette and bath; elegantly furnished; immediate possession. Mr. House, 52 West 57th St. Phone Circle 3089.

57TH, 53, WEST—Gentleman owning studio apartment wishes a man to share same; reasonable rent.

58TH, 57 WEST—Two rooms; kitchen, bath, furnished; maid service. 5th floor.

58TH, 65 WEST—Two rooms, well furnished, private bath, kitchenette. Ring. Watkins 473.

68TH, 71 WEST—Handsome apartment, one large room, bath, kitchenette; $75-$100.

68TH, 140 WEST—Beautifully furnished two bedrooms, bath and living room; maid service; Steinway-Aeolian piano. Apartment $1.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

71ST, 37 WEST.
Attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity.

72D, 240 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; Summer rate, $100.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; $115 monthly up; $30 weekly up.

73D, 143 WEST (Hotel Hamilton)—Sublet two or four-room apartment, corner, to October; reasonable. Inquire desk, Apt. 716-717, or phone 7296 Stuyvesant.

75TH ST., 314 WEST—Fully furnished 8-room apartment (living room 25x19 feet), with large, inclosed, tile roof garden; open fireplace; automatic electric elevator; excellent chef in building; also maid service; all hotel conveniences, with the privacy and comfort of an apartment. Inquire on premises.

76TH, 171 WEST—Exclusive apartment, 3 rooms, private shower bath; bachelor only; $125 per month. Schuyler 2825.

77TH ST., 50 WEST—Will sublet at most reasonable terms and considerable sacrifice for months of August and September, 4 rooms and bath suite at Hotel Manhattan Square; elegantly situated. Telephone or write J. A. Voice, 1,013 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Stagg 5085.

79TH (West End)—Beautifully furnished 7-room apartment; baby grand piano; Summer months $125, or lease for one year $300. Cathedral 5825.

80TH, 109 WEST—Three-room furnished apartment to sublet. Mrs. Bels.

81ST ST., 123 West—One, two rooms, kitchen conveniences; furnished or unfurnished.

87TH, 328 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful, large, cool, front suite; bath, kitchen; $85.

87TH, 8 WEST—Beautiful, cool apartment; service, bath, kitchenette; summer rates.

89TH, 332 WEST—Unusually attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; river view; October or longer; $-5.

92D, 306 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; excellently furnished; Aug. 1; references.

96TH—Beautifully furnished three rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire second floor; electricity, silver, linen; $125 month. Phone Riverside 5464.

96TH, 305-311 WEST (Hotel Schuyler Arms)—Newly furnished suites, consisting of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchen, by the day, week or month as arranged for; complete hotel service included; apartments rent from $70 monthly up.

100TH, 219 WEST—Furnished, complete, 3 or 5 room apt.; $100 and $150 monthly. Phone 589 Riverside, Barr.

104TH, 244 WEST—Two gentlemen share bachelor apartment; references. Wadsworth 9250.

106TH, 107 WEST—Sublet 2 or 3 room apartments, elegantly furnished in elevator building; rate $65 to $100 per month; also weekly rates; open Sunday and evenings; references essential. Academy 1611.

110TH-RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, overlooking river; year lease, from Oct. 1; $325. Cathedral 5825.

111TH, 536 WEST—Three-room kitchenette, southern and western exposure; all outside rooms, beautifully furnished; will sublet, immediate occupancy; complete furnishings can be purchased; lease obtainable Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent.

111TH-BROADWAY — Beautifully furnished 2-room apartment, kitchenette, bedroom in every; 8th floor; year lease; $130 Cathedral 5825.

111TH, 52 WEST—Sell completely furnished six-room apartment; lease. Apt. 2.

112TH-BROADWAY — Beautifully furnished, all outside; 6-room apartment, unusual; year lease from Oct. 1; $250. Cathedral 5825.

113TH, 542 WEST—For one year or longer, 2 unusually large rooms, bath and kitchenette; possession Aug. 1; $165. McIntyre, Cathedral 9170.

115TH, 610 WEST—Ninth floor, southwest; two bedrooms, living room, kitchenette; cool.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—Just vacated, 1 and 2 room apartments, with or without kitchen; special weekly, monthly rate; full hotel service.

119TH, 419 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; high-class building. Phone Morningside 7700, Apt. 8F; rent till Oct. 1; $75 monthly.

121ST, 619 WEST—Living room, bedroom, bath and kitchen; every convenience; lease to October, 1920, or October, 1921. Telephone Morningside 18, or see Superintendent.

122ND, 405 WEST—Four beautiful outside rooms, sale or rent; $65. Supt.

160TH (Riverside Drive) — Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, overlooking river; southern exposure; year lease, $135. Cathedral 5825.

170TH ST., 620 WEST—Four rooms, bath, completely furnished; Summer. Wadsworth 4600.

Airy studio apt., double bedroom, bath, kitchenette; elevator; six weeks. Murray Hill 2027.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF APARTMENTS 2 to 6 rooms; elevator, non-elevator; $60-$100 month; weekly rates; open Sundays, evenings; references essential. 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Immediate or October occupancy. Mrs. Dingelman, specialist, 128 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS, Summer bargains, furnished; $125 upward; long leases. Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 73d St. Columbus 3944.

Apartment, four rooms, furnished; player piano. Call Bryant 4620. Mr. Dromey.

ATTRACTIVE Housekeeping Apartments. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 1 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St. bet. Amsterdam and Columbus Avs.; fully furnished apartment, rented monthly; 2 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $70 and up; 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $90 and up. Telephone Academy 613 for information regarding vacancies. Linen and maid service at moderate rates. Two blocks east of Broadway subway; 2 blocks west of 8th Av. "L"; 5th Av. bus lines stop at door; references essential; special rates by the week.

Beautiful, complete furnishings of 8 room elevator apartment, facing Central Park, for sale, including piano, Victrola, Havilland china, $2,700; rent $125 month, from October $155, lease. Riverside 1098.

COLUMBUS AV., 885 (103d)—Bedroom, kitchen, sitting, bath; $100; all conveniences. Waters.

CONVENT AV., 340—Large room, dressing room, bath, kitchenette, for two; private dwelling.

COR. 81ST AND WEST END—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, artistically furnished; will sell furniture. Phone Columbus 8981 for appointment.

FOR APARTMENTS OF THE BETTER CLASS Phone, write or see Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th. Pennsylvania 1074.

High-class furnished apartment renting specialist; 2 to 10 rooms; short or long lease; always pleasing. Telephone Academy 1611.

HOTEL ALBEMARLE (54th St., near Broadway) — Suite four rooms and bath, two rooms and bath, one room and bath; attractive rates to permanent guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640—5 rooms attractively furnished, $225 month from October.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 827—Seven furnished rooms; $225 month; long lease.

WEST END AV., 512—Large one-room apt., suitable for Dr. or other profession. Duael. Telephone Schuyler 1786.

WEST END AV., 572.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $90 to $135; maid service; every improvement.

WEST END AV., 285—Attractively furnished suite of 3 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping.

4-7 rooms, 2-3 baths, Oct. 1 to June 1, west of Broadway, between 65th and 100th Sts.; family 5 adults. Write full particulars, F. K. 178 2d St.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

Seven rooms, location one block from Clark St. subway; harbor view; immediate occupancy to Sept. 15; moderate rental. Phone Main 3509-J.

Two or four rooms, bath; maid service; furnished and unfurnished; restaurant; transient or permanent. Colonna, South 122.

Furnished—Westchester County.

A charming five-room apartment, completely furnished; pleasant outlook, desirable location; 35 minutes to Grand Central; rent $135; references required. Telephone Yonkers 3389J.

Furnished—Long Island.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Two rooms, kitchenette; private residence; reasonable till October. 420 Beach 120th St.

Far Rockaway—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms; private family; Summer season and all year. 2051 Far Rockaway.

Forest Hills—Four-room apartment, furnished complete, from Aug. 8. Phone 6396 Boulevard, 9-12.

Furnished—New Jersey.

5-room, furnished apt., all conveniences, 3 porches; excellent commutation; adults only; boating, fishing, house open Friday, Saturday. 114 North Av., Cranford, N. J.

SOUTH FULLERTON AV., 20 (Montclair, N. J.)—Furnished apartment, best location, near station; roof garden; now until Nov. 15. Mrs. Boyd.

Unfurnished—East Side.

89TH ST., 22 EAST—Four-room elevator apartment, non-housekeeping.

93D, 56 EAST—Four rooms, basement, yard. In private home. Lenox 3317.

124TH ST. AND MADISON AV. (northwest corner)—5, 7, and 8 room apartments to lease from Oct. 1; annual rental $1,200 to $1,800. Apply 25 East 124th.

LEXINGTON AV. (63d St.)—Five story; $5,000 nat; also East 60th, 3 rooms, bath; $150. Phone Plaza 2974.

ST. JOHN'S AV., 920—Five rooms in high-class apartment; $80.

STUDIO APARTMENTS on "The Block Beautiful," Gramercy Park section; two, three, four rooms; elevator; ready Oct. 1. Apply C. L. Bohanan, 126 East 19th St., or C. S. Rindsfoos, 30 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

87TH ST., 27 WEST—Studio apartment, three large rooms, bath, kitchenette; high ceilings. Stuyvesant 2995 or 717.

92ND ST., 264 WEST—Five rooms, bath; electric lights, &c.; newly renovated; rents $70 up; leases; immediate possession. Apply Janitor.

96TH, 37 WEST—Two rooms and bath, non-housekeeping. See agent, on premises.

97TH ST., 66 WEST—High grade two rooms, bath, non-housekeeping apartment; immediate possession.

97TH, 242 WEST, near Broadway—To rent for doctor or dentist; apartment main floor; two entrances; will subdivide.

100TH ST., 17 WEST—Studio and bath, north light, $1,800 per year; possession; no elevator; open fireplaces. See Superintendent.

100TH ST., 29 WEST—Two rooms, bath. Apply premises, 2 to 5.

100TH, 155 WEST—Broadway subway, five rooms; tiled bath; $65; light, attractive.

103RD, 45 WEST—Attractive 2 and 3 room apartments, with baths and kitchenettes, all modern improvements; one-half block to Central Park, two to Broadway subway; elevator; rents $1,200 to $1,700. Agent on premises.

103RD, 71 WEST—Handsome apartment, one large room, bath, kitchenette, $75-$100.

103RD, 18 WEST—Two rooms, alcove, roof garden, kitchenette, elevator; southern exposure; near Park; special inducement immediate rental.

105TH, 314 WEST—Two and four room fully equipped housekeeping apartments; extra large rooms; elevator; chef in building; also maid service, if desired; all conveniences; finest residential location; rent $1,800 and up. Inquire on premises.

107TH, 232 WEST—Magnificent large two rooms, bath, entire floor, electricity; steam heat; parquet floors; furnished, unfurnished. Owner.

108TH AND WEST END—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, immediate occupancy, long lease or will sublet furnished to Oct. 1 or sell furniture. Phone Columbus 2861 for appointment.

83D, 58 WEST—Entire floors, two-three rooms, bath, $1,000-$1,500; lease.

86TH, 331 WEST—Two rooms and kitchen, including small service, gas, electricity; concession to October; rent $120.

97TH, 176 WEST—4 rooms and bath, front apartment, new building, immediate possession; Apartment 6D; rent $2,300 per annum. Apply on premises or Mark Rosskiff & Co., 21 East 40th. Phone Vanderbilt 2027.

98TH, 309 WEST—Non-elevator apartment, 4 rooms, bath; large and sunny; open fireplace; immediate possession; rent $2,100; concessions until Oct. Phone Columbus 4454.

WEST 98TH STREET, 72.
Completely renovated 7-room and bath walk-up apartment; new hardwood floors, tiled bathroom, modern electric fixtures; high-grade plumbing; for immediate occupancy; rent $1,800 annually with summer concessions. Apply on premises or phone Hanover 793.

98TH ST., 628 WEST—Two upper floors in private house, together or separately; 5 rooms, 2 bathrooms; references essential.

93D, 317 WEST—Five or seven rooms and bath; possession immediately and Oct. 1. Apply Apt. 3C.

93D, 300 WEST (corner West End Av.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 large rooms, kitchenette and bath; $90 to $100.

102D ST., 253 WEST—One extra large room, alcove, kitchen, bath; $80; lease if desired. Ring Iden bell.

108D ST., 143 WEST—Four rooms, bath; near subway; lease $1,200 annually.

105TH ST., 220 WEST.
Five rooms and bath, $1,200 per annum.
Immediate possession.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

109 WEST 114TH ST.
3 rooms, kitchenette.
Rental, $1,300 per annum.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

124TH, 534 WEST—Four beautiful, large rooms, elevator, telephone; modern improvements.

136TH, 538 WEST—7-8 rooms; elevator; also doctor's apartment; subway, bus.

142D, 627 WEST—Large room, bath; private house; all improvements; Hudson-Riverside views; $45; lease; electricity, gas free.

149TH, 557 WEST, at Broadway—Six rooms, bath; electricity; tiled halls; marble stairs; $90-$100; attractive; apply premises.

163D ST., 544 WEST—5 rooms, $75; all latest improvements.

164TH, 601 WEST—Choice four-room front elevator apartment; immediate possession.

174TH (corner Broadway), 15 Wadsworth Av.—6 rooms and bath; immediate possession or August; responsible adult family; $75. Phone Mr. Hofmann, Murray Hill 40.

180TH, 602 WEST—Attractive 4-room apartment; bath; $70 per month; also 5-room apartment from Aug. 1, $90 per month; outside light rooms; one block from 181st St. Broadway subway station. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 W. 72d St.

181ST, 736 WEST—3 to 6 rooms, $65 up; possession. Wadsworth 9250.

182D, 514 WEST (near 181st St. station)—4 outside, light rooms; same as corner; up-to-date; immediate occupancy; $75 per month.

183D, 512 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, bath; new building. Apply premises.

Beautiful duplex apartment for rent; nine rooms; also seven-room apartment; immediate possession. Rhinecliff Court, 788 Riverside Drive (corner 149th St.).

2,489 BROADWAY.
4 rooms and bath.
Rental, $1,020 per annum.
SHARP & CO., ON PREMISES.

385 CENTRAL PARK WEST.
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, 7TH FLOOR; excellent layout; fireproof; $2,400; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 2 and 5 room apartments, all modern improvements.

CLAREMONT AV., 130—Four rooms, front, $1,200. Apply on premises.

Dentist desires to share office with physician; best residential neighborhood. Schuyler 6420.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale, 181st)—High-class, elevator; 7 rooms, available for physician, $175; 9 rooms, newly decorated, $200; possession. Wadsworth 9220. Cortlandt 3661.

HAMILTON PLACE, 61, corner West 140th St. (near Broadway)—4 beautiful rooms, elevator, all modern improvements, immediate possession; rent $125.

MANHATTAN AV., 510 (cor. 121st)—Seven large rooms, improvements, newly decorated; $100.

575 RIVERSIDE DRIVE (COR. 135TH).
Possession now; six-room apartment, all rooms, including kitchen and bath, facing river and Drive, and seven rooms, $2,100 year; very attractive.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th)—Suitable physician; six rooms, ground floor, $175. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240 (97th St.)—High class apartment hotel, 2 rooms, $135; 3 rooms, $170.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452—Three rooms, elevator apartment. See Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528 (opposite Grant Monument)—Five rooms, $110. Apply Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 560 (corner 98th—8 rooms, 3 baths, $4,250. Apply Supt.

SHERMAN AV., 821, cor. West 207th—8 outside rooms, kitchenette, modern improvements, elevator. Wadsworth 3230.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 484—5 beautiful rooms, facing park, improvements, $45.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 795 (corner 150th St.)—8 rooms, $150; immediate possession.

WADSWORTH AV., 358 (West 191st St.), Apartment 44—Large, unfurnished front room, bath, share furnished apartment privileges; all improvements; beautiful scenery; suitable for business couple.

250 WEST 78TH ST.
3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, corner apartment. Rental, $1,600.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

57 WEST 80TH STREET.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette.
Rental, $1,200 to $1,500.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

WEST 86TH ST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette.
Rental, $1,200.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th), 4 rooms, bath, kitchen, entire fourth floor, newly decorated, fireplaces; lease; $150; open for inspection. Phone Lenox 5317.

WEST END AV., 611 (cor. 90th)—eight and ten rooms; $3,500 to $4,000; apply on premises.

WEST END AV., 738 (90TH).
6 outside rooms, all light and airy; electricity, telephone; express subway; $125.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
Four rooms and bath, every modern improvement; rents $34 to $90 monthly.
2,274 GRAND CONCOURSE.
S. E. CORNER, 183D ST.

SHAKESPEARE AV., 1,388 (Near Lexington Av. Subway and 170th)—Four rooms, bath; all improvements; sunny, cool. Inquire janitor.

163D, 945 EAST (Intervale Av.)—Elevator apt., 6 rooms; possession; $100. Intervale 8232. Cortlandt 3661.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

Montague St., 62—Only housekeeping apartment in high class apartment hotel; seven rooms, $2,500.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

Apartment for rent, Aug. 1, 4 large rooms, second floor; every improvement, heat, and janitor service, 7 minutes East Orange Station; rent $84 month. Phone Orange 4174.

Attractive 5-room apartment; immediate possession. Inquire Supt., 150 Harrison St., East Orange, or phone Mansfield, 5788 (Brooklyn).

PARK AV., 484 (East Orange)—Apt. 104, 3 rooms; immediate possession; $60.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

LIST YOUR APARTMENTS AND HOUSES for sale or rent with us for quick results. Reliable tenants waiting. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 483.

WANTED BY COUPLE
3 or 4 rooms, bath, kitchen or kitchenette, west side, below 80th; prefer owner's home. Phone Vanderbilt 1054.

Pianist desires small apartment or room in studio building or private house. Miss Livingston, 338 North Fullerton Av., Montclair, N. J.

Wanted to rent high class elevator eight-room, unfurnished apartment; four bedrooms, two baths; maid's room and bath. Box 109, Woodmere, L. I.

Wanted—Three or four-room apartment from Sept. 1, west side. K 723 Times Downtown.

Three rooms and bath, west side, for Sept. 1 occupancy. Z 2439 Times Annex.

Wanted—Apartment in two-family house in Newark or vicinity, for family of 3 adults. W 331 Times.

Wanted—Apartment, 5 rooms, by family of 3 adults. W 332 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

11TH ST., 10 EAST—Pleasant, large room, suitable 1-2; gentlemen only.

15TH, 105 EAST—Delightful outside suite, breezy. Apartment 93.

16TH, 206 EAST—Medium size room, private house, gentleman with best references.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $9 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $11 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 46 EAST—Single rooms, Summer rates; newly remodeled building. Vanderbilt 5915.

36TH ST., 12 EAST—Attractive small rooms; elevator.

68TH, 239 EAST—Comfortable large back parlor, twin beds; running water; telephone.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 143 East 39th St., offers to business and professional men the wholesomeness of a home, the service of a hotel and the sociability of a club at a fraction of

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

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HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced double entry bookkeeper and stenographer for real estate office; state experience and salary desired. Write Domestic Realty Co., 38 West 21st.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST; full charge; double entry, controlling accounts. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and references; salary $25. W 600 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, RAPID AND ACCURATE. HARRY BERGER SHINT CO., 76 6TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER, evening work for Summer, stenographer preferred; hours 6 to 10; cool place; write in longhand, stating salary, experience, &c. L 315 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, to check accounts in fire insurance company. Apply M. E. Lowndes, 128 William St., 6th floor.

CASHIERS—CASHIERS.

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA

requires experienced restaurant cashiers. Apply to Mr. Smith, Employment Manager.

ENTRANCE ON 33D ST. BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.

CASHIER—One of the largest theatres in New York requires a young woman of refinement and good appearance as ticket seller. W 367 Times.

CASHIER; hotel dining room; experienced; $50. R & B. Apply at once, 447 Lexington Av.

CLERKS

in accounting department; several positions in office of large publishing house, offering congenial surroundings, good hours, and advancement; some experience in bookkeeping or commercial school education essential; state age, education and experience. Box 19, 1628 St. James Building.

CLERK—Permanent position with Christian firm for young lady, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; must be willing, accurate at figures, neat and a good penman; state age, experience, references and salary desired. M 438 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, 3, wanted by large downtown corporation; speedy adders and good penmanship essential; reply, stating age, experience, salary desired; will be when services are available. N., 932 Tribune Building.

COOK TO DO PLAIN COOKING FOR W. & J. SLOANE'S EMPLOYES PRIVATE CAFETERIA; ONE MEAL PER DAY ONLY; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; GOOD PAY; HOURS 8 A. M. TO 4 P. M. CALL MONDAY A. M., 6 EAST 47TH.

COOK and general housework, experience, for seashore; best wages to right party. Apply Marlborough Studio, 1,438 Broadway.

COOK'S ASSISTANT for high class tea room. Mary Elisabeth Tea Room, 392 5th Av.

DESIGNER, HIGH CLASS, for smart, chic-looking charmeuse and silk dresses; good salary. Glasser & Weinstein, 38 West 32d.

FILE CLERK.

Opportunity for experienced file clerk in excellent surroundings and a good location; publishing house, offering pleasant hours, requires competent young woman familiar with correspondence, filing and capable and handling growing department. Apply L. A. Hough, 239 West 39th, 8th floor.

FILE CLERK wanted; young woman with some experience in filing department of Christian concern. Reply, stating references and salary desired, W 327 Times.

FILE CLERK, with some experience for statistical files, stock brokers; salary about $16. Call 5 Morris St., northwest corner Greenwich, one flight up.

GIRLS.

SCHOOL GIRLS.

When choosing a vocation upon which to enter when you have finished your school work, you should consider that one which offers you the best future.

LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE OPERATING

OFFERS

PERMANENT POSITIONS.

STEADY ALL YEAR ROUND WORK.

PROMOTION.

Rapid expansion and increase in business create positions of responsibility, which are filled by promotion from the ranks on the basis of merit.

PAY.

The rate of pay is $18 at the start, with frequent and regular increases for merit and length of service; additional pay is given for special hours. In a short time an operator can earn from

$20 TO $25 PER WEEK.

(MINIMUM AGE, 18 YEARS.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,

MAIN FLOOR, 24 WALKER STREET.

Two streets below Canal, near Broadway.

GIRLS.

We have positions open in several departments. They are permanent.

The work is interesting. No experience is required; $15 a week to start.

Industrious girls can soon reach earnings of $35 to $100 a month.

Apply at

1,158 Broadway, Manhattan, corner 27th St.

370 East 160th St., Bronx.

81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

Above offices also open evenings till 8 P. M., Saturdays to 4 P. M., Sundays 1 P. M. to 5 P. M.

193 Broadway, Manhattan, corner Dey St.

1,336 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Or telephone MADISON SQUARE 12000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL OVER 18 YEARS, clerical experience; state education, experience, &c. Apply by letter to L. J., TECHNOLA PIANO, 455 E. 147th.

GIRLS, must have slight knowledge of typewriting. Mr. Hamkin, Times Square Auto Supply Co., 226 West 50th St.

GIRLS for light, clean factory work. Apply Dictograph Products Corp., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

GIRLS, bindery, general work. McGraw-Hill, 10th Av. and 36th St., 1st floor.

HOUSEWORKER, mother's helper, light housework, assist in caring for child 2½ years old; other help kept. Mrs. H. Atlas, Hazelhurst Park, New Rochelle, N. Y. Telephone New Rochelle 3092-W.

HOUSEWORKER, general; good cook, no washing; good pay, small family. Mrs. H. Cohen, 600 West 113th St. Apt. 9A. Cathedral 9636.

INVENTORY CLERK, Christian firm, experienced in phonograph line preferred, but not essential; state age, experience and salary desired. J. M., 14 Times.

MAILING CLERK wanted for law office; high school graduate. F. H. Pease, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE SIZE 16; LONG SEASON. SIEGEL LEVY CO., 95 WEST 25TH.

MODELS TO TRY ON MISSES' DRESSES, SIZE 16. FASHION BILT DRESS, 236 5TH AV.

MODELS; SIZE 16, FOR SUITS AND DRESSES; $35 PER WEEK; LONG SEASON. PHIL KATZ CO., 11 EAST 26TH ST.

MODELS—Smart looking young ladies wanted to act as hat models in show room. Frankel Frank & Co., 411 5th Av., 8th floor.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODEL, SIZE 16, FOR SUITS AND COATS. LONG SEASON; ATTRACTIVE POSITION. MORRIS W. HAFT, 104 WEST 27TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE; LONG SEASON. MAJESTIC COSTUME CO., 45 WEST 25TH.

MODEL—Size 16, on suits; steady position. Linker Klein, 38 East 30th.

MOTHER'S HELPER.

Girl to assist mother in taking care of baby; good Summer home, city in Winter; good opportunity. Harry Stoll, 33 East 33d St.

NURSE, registered, for floor duty moderate sized hospital; state qualifications, age, salary expected. Nurse 200, 2,119 3d Av.

NURSE to take care of two children; competent and experienced. Apply between 9-10 A. M. Kastel, 308 West 86th St.

NURSES—Graduates, $90 monthly, night; $85 day; full maintenance free. Melrose 3285.

OFFICE GIRL wanted by physician; typist preferred; must be refined. Phone Plaza 5136.

OPERATORS—Hollerith Key Punch; experienced or inexperienced. Address P. O., Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

SECRETARY to General Manager of large publishing house; must have good appearance, excellent stenographer, and a general knowledge of clerical duties. Salary $30.00 per week. Splendid permanent connection for a young woman desiring a future. Address V 978 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER to plant superintendent; must be experienced, capable, tactful, knowledge of pharmaceutical or chemical nomenclature desirable. State experience, salary desired and nationality; permanent. S T, 245 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

DESIRABLE POSITION OPEN FOR A CAPABLE AND EXPERIENCED YOUNG WOMAN; SALARY DEPENDS ON ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE.

E. C. McWATTY CO., INC., 53 WEST 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHER—Available vacancy for competent worker. Apply in writing to John H. Pynchon, Manager, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 67 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position; pleasant office surroundings; hours 9 to 5, Saturday half day; good salary to capable and loyal worker; no others need apply. Interview can be arranged between 1 and 2 Saturday afternoon. Hauck Manufacturing Co., 126 10th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER FOR FRENCH AND ENGLISH DICTATION, AMERICAN-BORN PREFERRED; PERMANENT, PLEASANT POSITION IN PITTSBURGH; STATE SALARY REQUIRED AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS EXPORT MANAGER, P. O. BOX 1124, PITTSBURGH, PA.

STENOGRAPHER for local office of suburban gas company. Address, with full particulars as to experience and salary required, H. A. Baker, Assistant Auditor, Nassau & Suffolk Lighting Co., Hempstead, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping for permanent position in Brooklyn office; convenient to Clark St. subway station and Brooklyn Bridge entrance; answer in own handwriting, stating salary. L 92, N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, ONE.

TWO TYPISTS.

Above openings in downtown company; short Summer hours; advancement; permanent; write experience, salary, age. G. S., 952 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHER, expert woman stenographer; none but the best need apply; good salary and chance for advancement; apply in own handwriting, stating age, full resume of experience and salary expected. W 344 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, English, active and intelligent, with broad knowledge of Italian language; excellent salary to right party; experience. Call between 2 and 5 P. M. Room 421, 405 Lexington Av. Murray Hill 1333.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, for music studio; good appearance, capable worker; answer in own handwriting stating nationality, age, experience, qualifications and expectations. Masonic Hall, 23d St., Room 1521.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, who can take and transcribe dictation rapidly and accurately; amateurs need not apply; give telephone address; apply by letter. L. W., Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, permanent position, Brooklyn office of large manufacturing company; ideal conditions; write, stating experience, references and salary desired. G. G., 38 N. Y. Times Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced young lady, by a large manufacturing company for stenographic work; please give age, salary expected and other particulars. W 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER of refinement and education wanted for general manager's department; experience required. Apply in person, 16th floor, Vacuum Oil Company, 61 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; a very desirable opening is offered to a capable and thoroughly experienced stenographer with theatrical organization. Apply in person between 11 and 12 A. M., Klaw, 1,451 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY wanted at once by English importing firm; refined; commercial experience preferred; $30 to start. Call for appointment, Madison Square 4432.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; permanent position one who will stick; good chance for thoroughly capable woman. Milton Piano Co., 542 West 36th.

STENOGRAPHER and office worker, Christian firm; good position and salary; state age and full particulars in your application. Box 93, 209 Cable Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian firm, salary $25; splendid opportunity for advancement; give particulars. X 2093 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Law firm desires stenographer; speed and accuracy essential; previous legal experience unnecessary. W 688 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by compensation claim division of large casualty company; speed and accuracy necessary. Apply Room 506, 54 Maiden Lane.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be well experienced; salary $25-$30. W 715 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted with knowledge bookkeeping by Christian firm; state qualifications by letter only to G 363 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted temporarily. Mr. Ponce, Bush Terminal Building, 130 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER. Apply Wilson Welder & Metals Co., 233 36th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, possessing initiative. Elevator Supply Co., Inc., 18th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, by large steamship company; good chance for advancement. Apply 2622 Equitable Building.

STENOGRAPHER—Neat, young lady familiar with office routine; state experience and salary. W 389 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; permanent position. Apply Exide Battery Depot, 101 West End Av.

STENOGRAPHER for office work; hours 9 to 5. Apply Room 1204 at 1,270 Broadway, city.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desiring position for part time, morning or afternoon. Apply Engelke Antique Co., 576 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER; Christian firm; quick and accurate; salary $25. G 336 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and clerical worker; salary $15 start; experienced. W 341 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted to substitute; must be A1; $25. Phone Worth 137.

STENOGRAPHER in law office. Apply Room 904, 9 West 20th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, with knowledge of typing, but not essential; salary $16-$18. Call Room 1813, 19 Cedar St., 9:30 A. M. Saturday.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; must be able to operate 15 trunk line boards; only thoroughly experienced need apply. Call Monday morning, Brooklyn Chapter American Red Cross, 165 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

TELEPHONE RELIEF OPERATOR, export house; clerical or typing spare time; state age, salary, experience. P 919 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR required immediately for downtown hotel; previous hotel experience preferred; steady position; $18 a week. Apply Manager, 2 East 29th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. Bright girl for permanent position with reliable concern; state experience and salary. Brannan Deane Co., 261 West 38th.

TYPIST, must have some experience in stencil cutting; congenial surroundings; excellent opportunities for advancement; salary $20 to start; in applying state age education, experience and religion. P. O. Box 206, City Hall Station.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER—Bright, accurate, good typist; splendid opportunity for advancement; stenography not essential; salary to start $20. Apply today Miss Van Heest, The Business Builders, 630 5th Av.

TYPIST—Temporary work; $3 to $4 a day. Houston, Haverbeck & Co., 32 Broadway, New York.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPIST, young lady, some experience, desired by old established Christian firm; excellent opportunity; pleasant surroundings. W, and H., 106 Lafayette St.

TYPISTS, experienced; insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address P. C., Box 368, City Hall Station, New York.

TYPISTS, several; experience unnecessary. Central Fire Office, 80 Maiden Lane.

TYPIST, accurate, pleasant working conditions; $15; chance to advance. J 188 Times.

TYPISTS, 10, circular work; $4 per day. Apply 547 West 110th St., Room 1.

WAITRESS—Experienced (white), high-class boarding house. Call 260 West 72d St.

WOMEN, 21-35 YEARS OF AGE FOR NIGHT WORK AS TELEPHONE OPERATORS. HOURS 9:30 P. M. TO 7:00 A. M.

Opportunity to earn $90 to $100 a month in six months.

$18 a week in two weeks when assigned to night hours; $15 a week during instruction in the day time.

Rapid advancement.

Higher salaries for more responsible positions.

If interested call at

1,158 Broadway, New York City. (Cor. 27th St.)

or telephone Madison Square 12000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WOMAN, colored, to cook and do light laundry; only experienced, settled woman, good worker with best references considered; two in family; country Summer, city Winter. Telephone Miss Freud, Franklin 5327.

YOUNG LADY, dictaphone operator; large, downtown, Christian firm; pleasant working surroundings and good salary with advancement. W. & H., 106 Lafayette St.

YOUNG LADY, in office of large manufacturing concern; one who is good at figures; state age, experience, salary desired. W 339 Times.

YOUNG LADY for clerical position. Apply by letter only, stating age, education and salary expected. Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY for filing position. Apply by letter only, Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN to take charge of a small lunchroom for girls; some training or practical experience desirable; advancement to better positions. Address V 614 Times Downtown, stating age, experience and salary expected.

YOUNG WOMAN, part time, as cashier in girls' lunchroom; salary to start, $12, including hot lunch. Apply at 24 Walker St., Room 2326.

Employment Agencies.

BARKER & MacCOLL, VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS, 30 Church St. Secretaries; stenos; correspondence checkers; bookkeepers; ledger, file and general clerks; typists; comptometer and Elliott-Fisher oprs. Registry free.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, Seniors—We have several vacancies on our permanent staff; only those who have had several years of actual senior accounting and are qualified by experience to undertake responsible work will be considered; apply by letter only, giving full details of experience, salary, desired, &c. Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, 55 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper; competent young man with experience in accounts payable and voucher distribution department of large industrial organization; state age, experience and salary expected. X 2088 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS, one semi-senior and one junior, by firm of public accountants; state religion and salary. V 967 Times Downtown.

AGENT, assistant purchasing, wanted; one who has had automobile experience; must be familiar with shop supply buying, follow-up and price recording system; also a good correspondent; position in Pennsylvania town of 75,000; give full details, references, when available and salary expected. X 2071 Times Annex.

ARTIST-COPYWRITER.
COPYWRITER-LAYOUT MAN.

Technical monthly publication has an opening for two men with the above qualifications; both must be copywriters; one in addition must be good all-around artist; the other capable of making good layouts. Address T 378 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, for one week starting Monday, expert at trial balances; salary $20. Apply today, Saturday, 3-4 P. M. only. Emil Klee, 132 3d Av.

AUTOMOBILE WORK.

Wood worker, experienced, on all kinds of detail work and alteration; good all-around man required. Apply Carvan Court Works, 12 West 62d, 3d floor.

AUTOMOBILE FOREMAN—First-class mechanic, one who understands handling men in large service station, handling medium priced car in volume. W 662 Times Downtown.

AUTO—Night foreman wanted in garage; must be capable of handling men and records in large garage; state references and salary. T. B., 111 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS — Four good men who can do motor and rear end work. Apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BANK CLERK

wanted by a large Newark bank; a man to work on night force; a man experienced in general bank work preferred; state experience and salary requested. Address Bank Clerk, Box 580, Newark, N. J.

BANK CLERK WANTED BY BROOKLYN BANK AS PAYING AND RECEIVING TELLER; STATE AGE, SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. A. B. C., STATION S, BROOKLYN.

BLACKSMITH'S HELPERS.
SWITCHBOARD WIRE MEN.
HARDWEEDEL POLISHERS.
MACHINISTS.
PACKERS.

APPLY ELEVATOR SUPPLIES CO., 15TH ST. AND WILLOW AV., HOBOKEN, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER-CLERK, bookkeeping department, club, vicinity 42d St., also assist in front office; state salary, reference, experience. M 22 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced in double entry. Apply Saturday, 9 A. M., Room 506, 90 Nassau St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; Christian firm. J. H. Bode, Inc., 407 East 31st St.

BOY wanted in downtown office of established concern; good opening with bright prospects; salary to begin $60 per month; apply in person. Locomotive Superheater Co., 30 Church St.

BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR; ONLY ONE WITH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY. CLOSED SATURDAY AND SUNDAY DURING SUMMER. CALL SUNDAY MORNING, 10 A. M., FOR SPECIAL INTERVIEW. BERG BROS., 450 BROADWAY.

CABINET SHOP SUPERINTENDENT.

Man as assistant to superintendent cabinet shop; experienced in manufacturing and finishing small cabinet work; familiar with modern production methods; state age, experience. Box 50, 226 9th St., Brooklyn.

CANVASSERS, experienced, to solicit trade for ice business; commission. J. H. Bode & Co., Inc., 407 East 31st St.

CARPENTERS' HELPERS—Energetic young men with one or two years' experience; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. W 909 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR

to drive Dodge delivery car; excellent opportunity to connect with progressive concern; state experience and salary. Box H. H. L., 30, 1628 St. James Building.

CHAUFFEUR, competent, polite, for private family; must have good references and take pride in keeping his car right; salary $35. Apply 8 to 9:30 A. M., J. Bohm, 313 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, commercial car, married man preferred; good salary and steady position for right man. Write or call, Robert A. Keasbey Co., 445 West St.

CHAUFFEUR—Experienced man to drive Ford truck; must be mechanic. J. Adler, 55 W. 17th.

CHECKER, in storage warehouse; must have railroad experience; state age, nationality, experience, salary expected, references. F 408 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERKS—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. has available vacancies for clerks and assistant bookkeepers in its Long Island City office. Apply in writing to John H. Pynchon, Manager, 67 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

CLERKS,
PLATFORM MEN,
WEIGHTMASTERS
AND VEHICLE HELPERS.
POSITIONS OPEN FOR WORK IN NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY, HOBOKEN OR LONG ISLAND CITY. GOOD PAY.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS, 67 MADISON AV., N. Y.

CLERK wanted by Christian firm in their credit department; bright young man, high school education, with knowledge of bookkeeping, quick and accurate at figures; one who will use his brains and be tactful; salary not at interview; apply by letter only. W 329 Times.

CLERK, price record, wanted; one familiar with card system and who has had experience in shop supplies, automobile parts; give full information concerning experience, reference and salary expected; position in Eastern Pennsylvania. X 2070 Times Annex.

COLLECTOR, credit department wholesale dry goods house; state age, experience, references and salary wanted. Future, 793 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER—Wanted, a first-class designer and sample maker for ladies hat manufacturing concern in Toronto, Canada; will pay good wages and steady work to the right man. Apply by letter to Harry Clavir, care of McAlpin Hotel, giving name, address and telephone. If application satisfactory will interview on July 17 and 19.

DRAFTSMEN.

ELECTRICAL DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN; LARGE MANUFACTURING PLANT; EAST CENTRAL NEW YORK STATE. CALL FOR INTERVIEW

TODAY—SATURDAY, 10 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

GENERAL EMPLOYMENT DEPT., GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. 50 WEST ST. NEW YORK.

DRAFTSMEN.

We need three or four thoroughly experienced mechanical draftsmen for layout work and checking; only those looking for a permanent connection will be considered; an assured future for the right men; best working conditions; state age, experience and salary expected. Address D. L. Sawhill, Engineering Dept., Westinghouse Electric & M. Co., East Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRAFTSMEN FOR PATENT WORK IN CONNECTION WITH A LARGE ELECTRICAL CONCERN; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW TO SUITABLE APPLICANTS. P 2128 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN—PATENT OFFICE DRAFTSMAN WANTED; GIVE EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW GIVEN IF DESIRED. X 2127 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMEN, TOOL.

Several first-class, experienced on designs, jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York.

BOX 67, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

DRAFTSMAN, JUNIOR—An established New York industrial organization requires two men of two years or more experience on varied plant work. W 334 Times.

DYER, first-class; one having experience with silk jersey cloth preferred; out-of-town position; excellent opportunity for right man; write full particulars, former experience and salary desired. Chiffre, X 2087 Times Annex.

ELECTRICIANS' HELPERS — A limited number of positions are open to energetic young men with one or two years' mechanical or electrical experience to learn electrical construction work; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 910 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL CONSTRUCTION WORKERS. Experienced men for generating and substation construction work; state age, experience, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 908 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER AND FIREMAN, (white), high-class apartment house, low pressure; must understand electrical equipment pumps, elevators, filters, &c.; salary $100 per month; state qualifications and experience. N. H., 366 Times.

EXPORT—Young man, about 25 to 30, either American or foreign born, knowledge of Spanish essential; thoroughly familiar with export shipping, preferably acquainted with chemical and allied industries; must have at least three or four years' practical experience in export business in and about New York market and harbor; very satisfactory position with bright future; moderate starting salary; state all particulars in first letter. W 685 Times Downtown.

FURRIER wanted; all around man for retail fur store in large city about 100 miles from N. Y. C.; state age, experience and salary wanted. Times Annex.

HEAD STOREKEEPER—A large manufacturing concern located about 200 miles from New York have a vacancy for a high grade man; must be thoroughly experienced in handling a large variety of bar and sheet stock in brass and steel, as well as a large line of miscellaneous stores; only men whose character and ability will bear the closest investigation will be considered. Reply giving full particulars, experience, age, &c. All replies will be treated strictly confidential. W 671 Times Downtown.

INDORSEMENT CLERKS wanted for insurance broker's office; only those having held similar positions need apply, stating experience and salary expected. W 714 Times Downtown.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

MACHINISTS, PERMANENT POSITION WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY. H. WOLFF, 518 WEST 26TH.

MACHINIST—Set-up man for Brown & Sharpe automatic and hand screw machine. M. K., 285 Times.

MAN wanted to take charge of maintenance of good-size manufacturing firm; must be good executive with thorough knowledge of electrical and mechanical work. Habirshaw Electric Cable Co., Yonkers, N. Y.

MAN for general clerical work; hours 12 noon to 10 P. M. For particulars see E. F. Curtiss, 78 19th St., Brooklyn, after 12 noon. Phone South 7100.

MANAGER, who thoroughly understands the hotel business; must be active and be able to produce results; splendid opportunity for right man. Apply Mr. McIntyre, Hotel Colonial, 81st St. and Columbus Av.

MECHANICS.

AUTOMATIC OPERATORS AND SET UP MEN.

HAND SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS, ALSO SET UP MEN.

LATHES MILLING AND GRINDER AND ALL AROUND MACHINISTS

AND TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.

ONLY FIRST CLASS MEN NEED APPLY.

OPEN SHOP CONDITIONS.

APPLY 140 EAST 25TH ST.

MEN, laborers for paint factory. Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK. 44-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; DAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT; WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO., PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

MILLWRIGHT or general handy man. W. K. Jahn Co., Bush Terminal No. 10, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, attractive position for man experienced on 4 and 36 machines; good hours and pay. Apply J. A. Kavanaugh, Chevrolet Motor Co., 224 West 57th St.

OFFICE BOY, experienced, wanted in law office. L 17 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted for law office. F. H. Pease, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

PACKERS.

MEN EXPERIENCED PACKING MECHANICAL GOODS OF ANY KIND; MUST BE 5 FEET 8 INCHES TALL OR OVER AND WEIGH AT LEAST 160 LBS.; POSITIONS OUTSIDE OF CITY; TO RESPONSIBLE APPLICANTS, FARE ADVANCED; POSITIONS PERMANENT. FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL

General Employment Dept., GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., 50 WEST ST. NEW YORK CITY.

PACKER—Experienced man for packing china and able to take care of stock room. Apply Monday, 10 A. M., Josiah Wedgwood & Sons, Inc., 135 5th Av.

POLICY EXAMINERS wanted for insurance broker's office; only those having held similar positions need apply, stating experience and salary expected. W 716 Times Downtown.

PORTERS wanted for bindery work; good pay, steady work. McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th, 1st floor.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PORTERS,
WHITE.

SEVERAL MEN AS DAY PORTERS FOR GENERAL INSIDE STORE WORK.

GOOD PAY AND GENEROUS AMOUNTS MONTHLY UNDER OUR CO-OPERATIVE SHARING PLAN.

SATURDAY OFF, WITH PAY, DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

HEARN,
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 4TH FLOOR, ENTRANCE 18 W. 14TH ST., NR. 5TH AV.

RETOUCHERS—Photographic proof and finished retouchers on high class portrait work. Underwood & Underwood, 417 5th Av.

RIVETING GANGS,
RIVETERS,
HOLDERS-ON,
HEATERS,
PASSERS.

Also good husky helpers for all classes of work.

Apply ready for work at Employment Office.

FEDERAL SHIPBUILDING CO.,

Situated on Lincoln Highway between Newark and Jersey City.

SALESMAN.

MANUFACTURER OF HIGH-GRADE LADIES' SILK HOSIERY DESIRES REPRESENTATIVE TO SOLICIT TRADE OF LARGE DEPARTMENT STORES IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY; APPLICANTS WILL ONLY BE CONSIDERED WHO HAVE HITHERTO CALLED ON THIS CLASS OF TRADE WITH HOSIERY; STRAIGHT COMMISSION; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN YOUR REPLY. T 255 TIMES.

SALESMAN.

A salesman to represent America's largest CLOTH HAT AND CAP AND STRAW HAT MANUFACTURER for the following territory:

Greater part of Ohio,
Greater part of Indiana,
Greater part of West Virginia,
Greater part of Kentucky.

Drawing account and commission basis.

Must have strong selling personality and clean sales record; exceptional opportunity for high-class man; state your qualifications fully, including experience, age and average annual earnings; only those having traveled in above territory and visiting the hat and cap trade will be considered.

"CONFIDENTIAL," BOX 194, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN WANTED BY A LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT JOBBER; MUST HAVE THE RIGHT CONNECTIONS AND BE A BIG PRODUCER; CAPABLE OF EARNING FROM $10,000 UP; NO OTHER NEED APLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS. V 975 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, SPECIALTY.

ONE OF THE LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF A HOUSEHOLD ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF TWO SPECIALTY SALESMEN TO TRAIN AS CREW MANAGERS; DON'T APPLY UNLESS YOU CAN HOLD THE JOB; REFERENCES REQUIRED; SALARY AND EXPENSES. X 2035 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN—Wanted, an experienced traveling salesman, well trained in specialty selling preferred; young man who knows how to cover small towns properly; this is a permanent connection with an old-established manufacturer of automobile accessories, whose products have been on the market for many years; liberal commission, drawing account. Telephone Saturday morning for appointment, Mr. Levin, Salesmanager, Mount Vernon 3300-I.

SALESMAN—Brooklyn and New Jersey territory already established by a concern producing a high-class branded line of gloves, hosiery and underwear have an opening for a hard worker and producer to call on their trade; preference given to one who has following in territory; salary, commission basis; rare opportunity. Call or write, stating age, experience and references. Office, Room 410, 40 East 17th St., N. Y.

SALESMAN,

high-grade, thoroughly experienced man, to sell our line of bathing suits; must have following of jobbers; all territories; commission basis. Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SALES MANAGER WANTED.

A high-grade executive, experienced in building and managing a force of 100 men or more; permanent business connection and big pay for right man; send references and detailed statement of your experience (confidential) for appointment. D 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Well-known cloth hat and cap manufacturer is open for first class salesmen to represent him in the Middle Western territory; only those that have a good following among the better class of trade will be considered; none others need apply; commission and suitable drawing account. X 2091 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Wanted, high-grade salesman, calling on clothing and haberdashers' trade, to handle on commission a side line; New England, Middle West and Southern territory open; splendid opportunity; application strictly confidential. X 2123 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—AUTOMOBILE.

Broadway agency desires to secure the services of two or three energetic salesmen to sell four and six cylinder popular-priced cars and follow up prospects furnished; drawing account against commission. V 121 Times.

SALESMAN wanted with experience on aluminum cooking utensils and flatware, to call on wholesale and jobbing trade; commission basis. Call Room 1,426, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMAN, HIGH GRADE, EDUCATED OR GOOD APPEARANCE; POSITIVELY NO OTHERS; ENDOWMENT FUND CAMPAIGN; COMMISSION. SEE MR. PHELPS, 261 MADISON AV., 47TH FLOOR.

SALESMEN—Corporation of highest standing requires competent high-class salesmen to handle educational courses; splendid opportunity to make $300 weekly; commission basis. Apply W 900 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced only, with following in shoe trade, to carry side line of improved shoebuckles and imitation jewelry; commission basis. L 353 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for wholesale butter and egg house, one with a following; salary and commission. Lily Butter & Egg Co., 221 West 116th St.

SALESMAN, with knowledge of hand and electric cranes. Write full information, age and salary desired, P. O. Box 590, New York City.

SALESMAN, clinical, chemical thermometers; good commission. H 787 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for medium line shirts; salary and commission; only experienced men need apply. W 886 Times.

SALESMAN—Experienced woolens, dress goods, calling on cutting up trade; salary or commission. 1031 Times Building.

SECRETARY and stenographer for busy executive; prefer young college man; must furnish unquestionable reference; give age and salary desired. A 1003 Times Annex.

SHEET METAL worker wanted at once; non-union; first class; $1 per hour. 90 Jefferson St., Perth Amboy, N. J.

SHIPPING CLERK—Must have wide experience in domestic retail, wholesale and export shipping. Apply Mr. Mitchell, Times Square Auto Supply Co., 56th St. and B'way.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, American, permanent position, with excellent chance for advancement; must be active and ambitious young man; answer, giving salary expected; also references. W 307 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man with experience, high school graduate; neatness and accuracy essential. Apply C. A. Willey Co., 14 Hancock St., Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to cashier; state salary, age, experience. G 335 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young man; must be high school graduate; export department large textile house; knowledge of Spanish preferred but not essential; good stenographer; must be clean-cut and have initiative; excellent opportunity for right party. Apply in person not before 1 P. M. today, Taylor, Clapp & Beall, 109 North St., Export Department, 3d floor (see stairs).

STOCK CLERK—LARGE WOOLEN HOUSE, SALARY $18 WEEK. REPLY, GIVING AGE AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. B. W., 90 TIMES.

SUPERINTENDENT. Wanted—First-class, technical, for weaving, spinning and printing mill in State of Sao Paulo, Brazil, South America; excellent climate, good salary, use of house free. Fullest references required; will make contract for three years, subject to terms. Address communications to Byington & Co., 141 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT, assistant, energetic and experienced, for supervision small plant; knowledge of mixing asphalts and pitches desirable, but not imperative; highest references; $50 per week and bonus. V 603 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT for small elevator apartment house; own tools and good mechanic. M 26 Times.

TEACHERS—Give private instructions English to foreigners in the vicinity of their home residents all boroughs; splendid opportunity for the desiring permanent evening positions; give complete details. W 321 Times.

TOOL DESIGNERS, men with practical shop training in addition to designing experience; about three years' excellent opening in growing organization; reply in detail. F. O. Box 296, Madison Square Station, New York.

TRANSLATORS FOR SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE.

Permanent; only those with long translation experience need apply; state salary expected and give full

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Four certificates for two hundred and eleven shares of Common Stock of the United States Rubber Co., standing in the name of Halle & Stieglitz and bearing the following numbers: A-57018 for five shares, 86505 for six shares, 41653 and 41654 for one hundred shares each. Liberal reward for the return of said certificates. Transfer of the certificates has been stopped and the public is cautioned against negotiating or using same in any manner. Reply to W 890 Times Downtown.

LOST—Gentleman's black leather wallet, on Thursday evening, between Rialto Theatre and West 69th St., containing bills, checks and two automobile licenses in name of R. J. Oppenheimer. Liberal reward for return to J. H. Herts, 14 Stone St. Phone Bowling Green 2930.

LOST—Leather brief case, containing photographs, paper, addressed George S. McMartin, lost in B. R. T. subway between Cortlandt and 34th Sts. Thursday, about 6 P. M. Liberal reward if returned to Room 830 76 William St. Telephone John 8400.

LOST—Small roll of business correspondence papers on subway train between 25th St. station, Elmhurst and 34th St. station, New York City. Reward if returned to owner, C. B. Clinton, Room 1121, Marbridge Building, New York City.

LOST—Billfold marked D. A. Helbing, with money, tickets for California and check for $100, left in taxicab taken at Hotel Claridge to Grand Central R. R. station; liberal reward. Hotel Claridge.

LOST—Wallet, between 93d, Amsterdam and 91st and Broadway, July 14, 8-8:30 P. M.; suitable reward. Kimata, care Mitsui & Co., Ltd., 65 Broadway, 15th floor.

LOST—Thursday evening on Hudson Tube train, brown leather pocket book containing money and commutation ticket. Reward if returned to W 893 Times.

LOST, at Long Island depot, Penn station, package containing sword; liberal reward will be paid finder by G. H. Buek, 52 East 19th St., N. Y. C.

LOST—Small pair aluminium opera glasses near corner 5th Av. and 10th St., Thursday morning, July 15, about 8 o'clock; return, get reward. 33 5th Av.

LOST—Green parrot, yellow crest, wings tipped with red, vicinity 146th St.; reward. S. K. Wolfson, 720 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—In taxi, Monday night, silver-handled umbrella. Initial C.; reward. Raphael Weill & Co., 16 East 26th St.

LOST—On train from Arverne to city, parcel containing books of no value to the finder. Will pay liberal reward. J 92 Times.

LOST—A brown case with library and private books, on Fulton St. station. Phone Beekman 6496; reward.

LOST — Black silk bag, containing money, keys, &c., 110th St. subway station; reward. C 846 Times.

LOST—From West 77th to Chambers, via subway, bunch of keys. Reward for returning to Liebrecht, 118 West 77th St.

LOST—Glasses, case marked Gall & Lambke, subway train, Times Sq. Vanderbilt 5681.

LOST—Salesman's leather brief case. Party holding same phone Cortlandt 4225; reward.

LOST—Small black silk umbrella, hook handle; reward. Address 260 West 44th.

LOST—Bunch of keys with Van Cortlandt fob tag. Reward, 245 West 72d.

Jewelry.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, 3 inches long, ½ inch wide, 6 small and one large diamond in platinum setting, between Woman's Hospital, 110th St., Claremont Av., and 116th St.; liberal reward to finder; no questions asked. B. H. Steinberg, 25 Claremont Av. Morningside 4834. Watkins 4175.

LOST—Thursday, between 3-6, gold wrist watch, monogram H. H.; between 30th St. and Lexington Av., 97th St. and Broadway; liberal reward to finder; watch valued to owner. 768 West End Av.

LOST—Black velvet neckband, rhinestone clasp, onyx and pearl ornament, between Bendel's, 57th and 53d, by way of 5th Av., Wednesday afternoon; property working woman. W 350 Times.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of diamond and emerald bar pin, lost July 16, between 42d St and Broadway, vicinity McAlpin-Gimbel Brothers. Lost and Found Dept., Hotel McAlpin.

LOST—Diamond and onyx bowknot brooch, July 13, between Ritz and West 56th St.; $200 reward; no questions asked. Return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

LOST—Ring, old fashioned platinum and gold setting, diamonds and rubies; on Thursday, probably in Stern's or sale store in 46d St.; reward. Govett, 152 West 57th St.

LOST—Gold open-faced watch, engraving in circle on back case; also wallet containing cards and money. Reward if returned; no questions asked. Address W 301 Times.

LOST—Diamond and pearl bar pin, Wednesday, 1-2 P. M.; 5th Av. between Maillard's and Bonwit-Teller or on bus; reward. Return to Room 815, 29 Liberty St.

LOST—Cort Theatre, Wednesday evening, July 14, pair of platinum lorgnettes with black ribbon and diamond buckle; reward. C. L. Lawrance, 644 West 44th.

LOST—Gold open-face watch, engraving in circle on back case; also wallet containing cards and money; reward if returned; no questions asked. W 302 Times.

LOST—Ladies' plat. dia. ring, about karat and one-half, vicinity of West 23d ferry; J. to S. on inside; liberal reward. Tel. 5580 Madison Square.

LOST—Tuesday, July 13, in Biltmore ladies' room, aqua marine ring set in chased gold; liberal reward. Notify X 2095 Times Annex.

LOST—Emerald ring, surrounded by eight diamonds; platinum setting; liberal reward. Call Gramercy 5460.

LOST—Sapphire ring, surrounded by diamonds; liberal reward. F 944 Times Downtown.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, between White Plains and Rye Beach, July 10; $20 reward. White Plains 844-R.

$50 REWARD,

man's gold watch, double case, old-fashioned style, with initials C. H. T. in blue letters on outer cover, lost Wednesday night, July 14, probably in the vicinity of 73d and Madison Av. Kindly return to Chas. F. Hoffman, 49 Wall St.; no questions asked.

$100 REWARD,

bar pin of diamonds, set in platinum, lost Wednesday evening, between 83d St. and York Av. and the Stadium, 138th St. and Amsterdam Av., or that vicinity; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$20 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of large gold aluminium and leather opera glasses, Lemaire make, lost on B. R. T. subway between 50th and Cortlandt Sts. Room 1701, 49 Church St.

$5,000 REWARD.

Return of platinum bracelet containing 12 marquise diamonds and 12 round diamonds, lost July 14 vicinity of Madison Av. and 45d St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$1,000 REWARD

for return of 2 solitaire diamond rings and diamond bar pin, lost July 11, vicinity of Richter's Halcyon Casino Baths, Arverne, L. I. L. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$500 REWARD

for return of pearl earrings set in platinum lost July 12 between Spring St. and West 46th St. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Black traveling bag, containing wearing apparel and other articles, road Great Kills to St. George, S. I., July 13, between 9:45 and 10 P. M. Please communicate with William M. Lorens, 82 Argyle Road, Brooklyn, N. Y., or Willard Storage Battery Co., 618 West 125th St., New York City.

LOST.

Silver fox fur neckpiece, either at the Folies, New Amsterdam Theatre, 42d St., Thursday evening, or between the theatre and Hoboken by way of Jersey tube. Reward, phone 3436 Barclay, or write W. M. Brooks, 68 Park Place, New York City.

LOST—On the road between Rye Beach and Purchase, a yellow leather handbag containing bathing suit. Finder please return 40 Hamilton Av., Yonkers, or phone Yonkers 2039 and bag will be called for; reward.

LOST—TWO-SKIN HUDSON SABLE SCARFS, MILLER'S SHOE STORE, 42D ST. AND 5TH AV., OR IN 5TH AV. BUS; LIBERAL REWARD. FRANK, 43 WEST 37TH ST. WATKINS 394.

LOST—Lady's brown overcoat labeled Bower Brothers in upper level waiting room or telephone room, Grand Central Station, Wednesday morning; reward. Phone 2100 Tremont.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White English Bulldog with yellow spot on head and left side; reward. U. S. S. Tennessee, Brooklyn Navy Yard.

$100 REWARD—Black Pomeranian dog, no hair on back; child ill over loss. Thompson, 103 West 55th St.

Found.

FOUND—Gold cigarette case, Tuesday night, on Ziegfeld roof. Owner apply to management, afternoons or evenings.

FOUND—Friday morning, diamond and emerald bar pin. X 2142 Times Annex.

PERSONAL.

EDDIE C.—WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE ME; very important; full loyalty; protection guaranteed. Bill, 119 South Elliott Place.

GOVERNOR COOLIDGE A FARMER.

Tomorrow's edition of The New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section will reproduce interesting photographs taken at Plymouth, Vt., of Governor Coolidge, Republican nominee for Vice President, working on his father's farm.—Advt.

PLATINUM 'PIRATES' TRACKED BY SCIENCE

Chemical Analysis of Metal Found on Prisoners Reveals Theft from Government.

COMPOSITION GIVES CLUE

Bureau of Standards' Method of Pursuit Disclosed After Indictment in $65,000 Robbery.

Following the indictment of three men by the Middlesex (N. J.) County Grand Jury in connection with the theft of $65,000 worth of platinum at the Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Company's plant, New Brunswick, N. J., the American Chemical Society yesterday disclosed how Government chemists had aided in the pursuit of platinum "pirates" by chemical analysis of platinum stocks.

The men indicted were Louis and Ernest Tonghini, brothers, of 354 Laurie Street, Perth Amboy, N. J., and a third man, as yet not arrested. The Tonghinis were arrested on May 12, released on bail and rearrested yesterday. They pleaded not guilty to a charge of grand larceny and were held in $15,000 each. Prosecutor Joseph E. Stricker in New Brunswick, N. J., said that the indictments were returned after the authorities had received information which, in his opinion, would lead to the recovery of more than half of the platinum which had disappeared from the chemical plant's laboratory.

The scientific pursuit of platinum thieves was done by the United States Bureau of Standards and disclosed in a report made to the American Chemical Society.

Work Hampered by Thefts.

"The Bureau of Standards," said the society's account of the pursuit, "as well as industrial plants and universities, had been much hampered by the stealing of its platinum, worth intrinsically four times its weight in gold, to say nothing of its importance in scientific work. Two men were arrested last April while attempting to dispose of 280 troy ounces of platinum 'sponge,' the porous state of the metal. They had left small lots with two firms who, having circulars concerning various thefts, notified the authorities. The remainder of the sponge was found in two rubber hot water bottles which the accused men had been carrying in a satchel.

"Immediately on learning of the arrests the Bureau of Standards assigned Dr. E. Wichers of its staff, a member of the American Chemical Society, to assist the United States Attorney General and the Department of Justice. Dr. Wichers concluded there must have been still larger losses than had been reported, judging from the amount of the element in the possession of the prisoners.

"The bureau itself last March had lost seventy-three ounces in the form of laboratory ware and valued at nearly $11,000, while in December, 1919, the Roessler & Hasslacher Company, Perth Amboy, N. J., had missed metal in the form of sponge. The Universities of Missouri and Louisiana had complained of platinum thefts also. But the grand total was less than the amount found in the luggage of the suspected men.

General Round-Up Ordered.

"A general round-up was therefore ordered and inventories of all Government platinum in various bureaus and in munitions manufacture were made. The exact composition of definite consignments of platinum is fairly well known to chemists. The slight variations are due to traces of other substances, such as iridum. Just as dealers in gems declare that important diamonds are so registered that it is difficult to dispose of stolen ones, so the Bureau of Standards used the same principle in solving the mysteries of platinum piracy.

"Chemical analysis indicated that the seized supply had come neither from the New Jersey plant nor from the laboratory of the Bureau of Standards. The Government agents did not believe the story of one of the men that he and a friend had obtained the metal by placer mining about 100 miles north of Parry Sound, Ont., because there had never been any of the metal found there, and the whole annual output of platinum from Canada does not exceed twenty-five troy ounces.

"In its quality the captured consignment closely resembled the stocks at the War Department Plant at Nitro, W. Va., where the inventory showed there should be 5,000 ounces of sponge, and also the stock at a Government military plant at Jacksonville, Tenn. As some of the platinum at Nitro was known to contain a large percentage of palladium, that in the satchel seemed to have come from Jacksonville.

Clue in "Southern Drawl."

"One of the men, although he said that he was a Canadian, spoke with a marked Southern drawl, which suggested that he had been born not far from the Blue Ridge. He had a certain indolence of manner which made the detectives think he would not work his imagination any more than he was compelled to do. When it was found that there was at Perry Sound no such hotel as the Maxwell House, at which he said he stopped, they reasoned that he had used the name of a hotel somewhere else rather than go to the trouble of inventing a name. Finally they located a Maxwell House in Nashville, Tenn., about fifteen miles from Jacksonville."

Government agents immediately were dispatched to this hotel and working from it there discover that one of the men arrested had been employed in the Old Hickory Powder Plant at Jacksonville. The investigation led from the powder plant to the Government reservation and resulted in the arrest of an assistant chemist who was implicated in a confession as the man who had abstracted the precious metal from the Government's reserve stocks.

According to the chemical society's account, investigation disclosed that the chemist had abstracted the platinum sponge and in its place put mercury and ordinary moist dirt. The Government agents declared that the plan was to steal eighty-six cans, each containing twenty-five ounces of platinum, selling the metal for $100 an ounce.

WIRELESS STRIKE HELD UP.

No Action to be Taken Until After Conference with Benson.

Benjamin Beckerman, President of the National United Radio Telegraphers' Association, said yesterday that no further consideration would be given to the threatened strike of wireless operators until after a conference with Rear Admiral William S. Benson, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, which will be held in Washington.

Mr. Beckerman said the association insisted that the United Shipping Board, which controls 90 per cent. of the shipping affected, should deal with the unions independent of the attitude taken by the American Steamship Owners' Association.

The attention of Admiral Benson will be called, Mr. Beckerman said, to a contract existing between the Shipping Board and private wireless companies by which the companies are paid three quarters of a million dollars for overseeing the wireless equipment of the boats of the Shipping Board. He said that he believed a more economical arrangement could be made and some of the money diverted to giving the operators a living wage.

HOLD UP HANSON'S WITNESS

Seattle Testimony Objected To in Chicago Socialists' Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Activities of the Reds whereby a Soviet form of government was to be implanted on American soil were to have been described today by Henry J. Wilson when the trial of William Bross Lloyd and nineteen other alleged disloyalists was resumed before Judge Hebel. Wilson served in the high councils of the Reds, in reality gathering evidence against them and aiding Mayor Ole Hanson in suppressing the Seattle strike.

The defense objected to his testimony being admitted and the attorneys spent hours presenting arguments to the court after the jury was excluded. On the decision of the court, which will be given tomorrow, depends whether the testimony of Wilson and Mayor Hanson will be heard. The prosecution asserted the strikes at Seattle and Winnipeg, Canada, were indorsed by the local Communists.

A photographic copy of an envelope in which William Bross Lloyd mailed a letter to Milwaukee was introduced.

On it was the inscription:

"Postmaster: I belong to the secret service department of the social revolution and am collecting evidence of the arbitrary and autocratic acts of the United States Post Office under the imperial ukase number V 423, more commonly known as the espionage law. Please stamp this, as is your custom with mail to this address, and return."

The letter was forwarded to Judge William H. Lamar, solicitor for the Post Office Department at Washington. The solicitor, who was called as a State's witness, said he had ordered it returned because it was seditious matter.

Radical banners from the book shop of Arthur Proctor, one of the defendants, were introduced in evidence. "Prepare for Class War," one sheet was inscribed. Another forecast the "Red Tide of Revolution," and a third the "Triumph of Bolshevism."

Acting Sergeant Patrick H. Bonner, attached to the office of the State's Attorney, told of seizing the banners, along with red flag buttons.

G. A. Engelken, a former member of the Communist Party, who has denounced it and is under separate indictment, identified the defendants as men he had met at Communist rallies.

CARS RUNNING AGAIN IN CHICAGO STRIKE

50 Per Cent. Rush-Hour Crowd Handled on Surface Lines After Complete Tieup.

MAY INDICT LEADER DOYLE

"Umbrella Mike" and Car Company Head May Meet Today—State Board for Grand Jury Action.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—With both sides standing pat in the walkout of electrical workers employed in power houses of the Chicago street car lines, transportation today was improved and was free from the accidents which had marked the first day of the strike and its complete tie-up of cars.

Sixty per cent. of Chicago's surface car riders went to their homes during the rush hour tonight on street cars. The remaining 40 per cent. found ample transportation on the elevated and suburban railway lines and in truck-buses provided by the larger firms.

Company officials declared that their hitherto crippled sub-stations were now fully manned. A statement from their transportation department said that the number of cars in service had jumped from 838 in use Thursday evening to 1,564 in use tonight. Normally 2,800 cars are in operation in rush hours.

President Henry A. Blair of the surface lines explained that most of the employes now operating the stations, although skilled electricians, were as yet unfamiliar with the giant types of the machines used. He said another twenty-four hours would see but little curtailment in normal service.

Both the company and the strikers' continued their non-committal attitude as to a possible settlement of the controversy. Both affirmed their determination to yield no point to the opposition.

After a long conference with the city officials this afternoon, "Umbrella Mike" Boyle, the leader of the Electrical Workers' Union, who called the strike, indicated that he might be induced to call tomorrow morning upon President Blair to discuss the situation. Mr. Blair said he would receive Boyle if he called.

Two developments outside of the increase in service appeared today. The first was the announced plan of the State Utilities Commission to take immediate action toward forcing a Grand Jury inquiry into the cause of the walkout.

The second was a persistent rumor, as yet without confirmation, that Boyle, the leader of the "one-man strike," had been reinforced by "Bosco" Knott, of Electrical Workers' Union No. 9, the linesmen's organization, and that the two were laying plans to spread the strike into industrial and commercial building trades.

Eleven hundred of the 1,200 trackmen employed on the surface lines and members of a union more or less affiliated with the Building Trades Council walked out in a body just before noon. This walkout was planned as a demonstration of the Boyle strength. Company officials declared it did not alter the situation.

The first cognizance by State officals of the tieup came in a statement from James H. Wilkerson, Chairman of the Public Utilities Commission.

"This tieup has no resemblance whatever to a legitimate strike," he said. "It is a plain holdup, engineered by one unscrupulous labor leader, and the proper way to end it is to send that labor leader back where he came from—the Bridewell.

"The situation has reached the point where it warrants action by this commission, and we shall probably take it soon. One part of that action is going to be a recommendation to the Attorney General and the State's Attorney that immediate efforts be made to bring about the indictment and prosecution of 'Umbrella Mike' Boyle on charges of conspiracy.

"I cannot find words too severe to denounce the action of Boyle in calling this strike or of the power house men in obeying his mandate. The strike itself is nothing except an attempt to blackmail the public."

Assurance of Payment

Speculators perhaps have made more money in investing in other things than in Guaranteed Mortgages, but they also make heavy losses in them.

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To state their former prices as $22.50, $20, $18, $16.50 and $15 merely hints at their superb quality and beauty. A high class custom shirt maker could not duplicate them for less than $30.

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